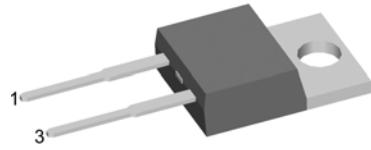
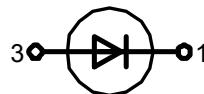


advanced

**Sonic-FRD**

High Performance Fast Recovery Diode  
 Low Loss and Soft Recovery  
 Single Diode

**V<sub>RRM</sub> = 1200 V**  
**I<sub>FAV</sub> = 20 A**  
**t<sub>rr</sub> = 75 ns**

**Part number****DHG 20 I 1200PA**

Backside: cathode

**Features / Advantages:**

- Planar passivated chips
- Very low leakage current
- Very short recovery time
- Improved thermal behaviour
- Very low I<sub>rm</sub>-values
- Very soft recovery behaviour
- Avalanche voltage rated for reliable operation
- Soft reverse recovery for low EMI/RFI
- Low I<sub>rm</sub> reduces:
  - Power dissipation within the diode
  - Turn-on loss in the commutating switch

**Applications:**

- Antiparallel diode for high frequency switching devices
- Antisaturation diode
- Snubber diode
- Free wheeling diode
- Rectifiers in switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)

**Package:**

- TO-220AC
- Industry standard outline
  - Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
  - RoHS compliant

**Ratings**

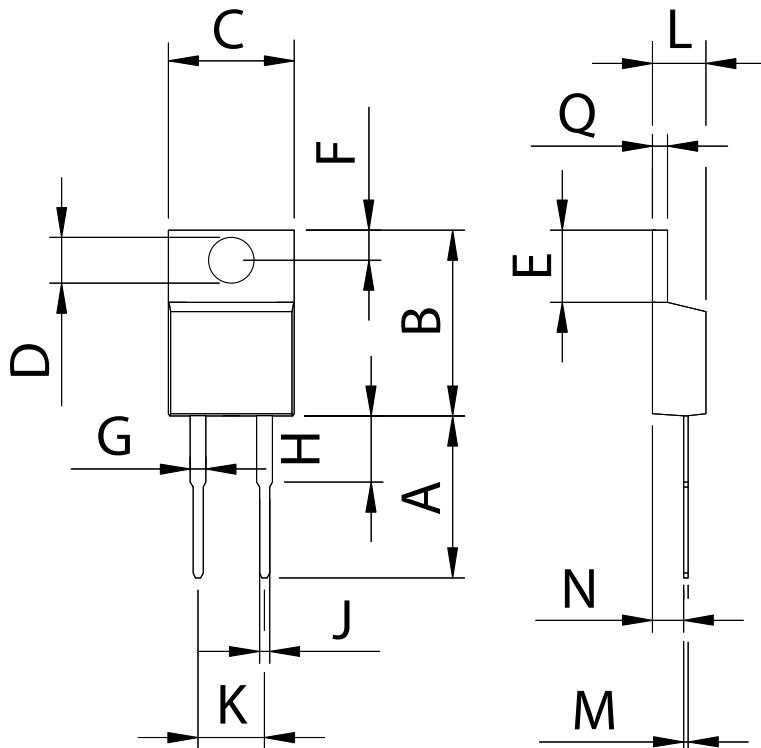
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V <sub>RRM</sub>	max. repetitive reverse voltage	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25 °C			1200	V
I <sub>R</sub>	reverse current	V <sub>R</sub> = 1200 V T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25 °C			30	µA
		V <sub>R</sub> = 1200 V T <sub>VJ</sub> = 125 °C			3	mA
V <sub>F</sub>	forward voltage	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 A T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25 °C			2.70	V
		I <sub>F</sub> = 40 A			3.54	V
		I <sub>F</sub> = 20 A T <sub>VJ</sub> = 125 °C			2.37	V
		I <sub>F</sub> = 40 A			3.32	V
I <sub>FAV</sub>	average forward current	rectangular, d = 0.5 T <sub>C</sub> = 90 °C			20	A
V <sub>F0</sub>	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only T <sub>VJ</sub> = 150 °C			1.60	V
r <sub>F</sub>	slope resistance				34.5	mΩ
R <sub>thJC</sub>	thermal resistance junction to case				0.80	K/W
T <sub>VJ</sub>	virtual junction temperature		-55		150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C			155	W
I <sub>FSM</sub>	max. forward surge current	t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine T <sub>VJ</sub> = 45 °C			135	A
I <sub>RM</sub>	max. reverse recovery current	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 A; T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25 °C			19	A
		-di <sub>F</sub> /dt = 750 A/µs T <sub>VJ</sub> = 125 °C				A
t <sub>rr</sub>	reverse recovery time	V <sub>R</sub> = 800 V T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25 °C		75		ns
		T <sub>VJ</sub> = 125 °C				ns
C <sub>J</sub>	junction capacitance	V <sub>R</sub> = 600 V; f = 1 MHz T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25 °C			tbd	pF
E <sub>AS</sub>	non-repetitive avalanche energy	I <sub>AS</sub> = tbd A; L = 100 µH T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25 °C			tbd	mJ
I <sub>AR</sub>	repetitive avalanche current	V <sub>A</sub> = 1.5 · V <sub>R</sub> typ.; f = 10 kHz			tbd	A

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per pin*			35	A
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.50		K/W
$M_D$	mounting torque		0.4		0.6	Nm
$F_c$	mounting force with clip		20		60	N
$T_{sta}$	storage temperature		-55		150	°C
Weight				2		g

\*  $I_{RMS}$  is typically limited by: 1. pin-to-chip resistance; or by 2. current capability of the chip.

In case of 1, a common cathode/anode configuration and a non-isolated backside, the whole current capability can be used by connecting the backside.

### Outlines TO-220AC



Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	12.70	14.73	0.500	0.580
B	14.23	16.51	0.560	0.650
C	9.66	10.66	0.380	0.420
D	3.54	4.08	0.139	0.161
E	5.85	6.85	0.2300	0.420
F	2.54	3.42	0.100	0.135
G	1.15	1.77	0.045	0.070
H	-	6.35	-	0.250
J	0.64	0.89	0.025	0.035
K	4.83	5.33	0.190	0.210
L	3.56	4.82	0.140	0.190
M	0.51	0.76	0.020	0.030
N	2.04	2.49	0.080	0.115
Q	0.64	1.39	0.025	0.055