

# SKM150GAR12T4



**SEMITRANS®2**

## Fast IGBT4 Modules

SKM150GAR12T4

### Features

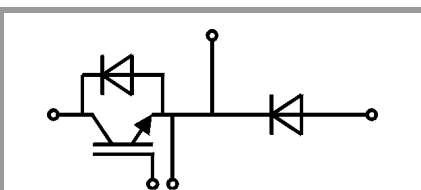
- IGBT4 = 4. Generation (Trench)IGBT
- VCEsat with positive temperature coefficient
- High short circuit capability, self limiting to 6 x I<sub>CNOM</sub>
- Soft switching 4. Generation CAL diode (CAL4)

### Typical Applications

- DC/DC – converter
- Brake chopper
- Switched reluctance motor
- DC – Motor

### Remarks

- Case temperature limited to T<sub>c</sub> = 125°C max, recomm. Top = -40 ... +150°C, product rel. results valid for T<sub>j</sub> = 150°



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### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Conditions	Values	Unit	
<b>IGBT</b>				
V <sub>CES</sub>		1200	V	
I <sub>C</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 175 °C	T <sub>c</sub> = 25 °C	232	A
		T <sub>c</sub> = 80 °C	179	A
I <sub>Cnom</sub>		150	A	
I <sub>CRM</sub>	I <sub>CRM</sub> = 3xI <sub>Cnom</sub>	450	A	
V <sub>GES</sub>		-20 ... 20	V	
t <sub>psc</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 800 V	T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	10	µs
	V <sub>GE</sub> ≤ 15 V			
	V <sub>CES</sub> ≤ 1200 V			
T <sub>j</sub>		-40 ... 175	°C	
<b>Inverse diode</b>				
I <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 175 °C	T <sub>c</sub> = 25 °C	189	A
		T <sub>c</sub> = 80 °C	141	A
I <sub>Fnom</sub>		150	A	
I <sub>FRM</sub>	I <sub>FRM</sub> = 3xI <sub>Fnom</sub>	450	A	
I <sub>FSM</sub>	t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms, sin 180°, T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C	900	A	
T <sub>j</sub>		-40 ... 175	°C	
<b>Freewheeling diode</b>				
I <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 175 °C	T <sub>c</sub> = 25 °C	189	A
		T <sub>c</sub> = 80 °C	141	A
I <sub>Fnom</sub>		150	A	
I <sub>FRM</sub>	I <sub>FRM</sub> = 3xI <sub>Fnom</sub>	450	A	
I <sub>FSM</sub>	t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms, sin 180°, T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C	900	A	
T <sub>j</sub>		-40 ... 175	°C	
<b>Module</b>				
I <sub>t(RMS)</sub>		200	A	
T <sub>stg</sub>		-40 ... 125	°C	
V <sub>isol</sub>	AC sinus 50Hz, t = 1 min	4000	V	

### Characteristics

Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
<b>IGBT</b>					
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = 150 A V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V chipelevel	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C	1.8	2.05	V
		T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	2.2	2.4	V
V <sub>CE0</sub>		T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C	0.8	0.9	V
		T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	0.7	0.8	V
r <sub>CE</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C	6.7	7.7	mΩ
		T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	10.0	10.7	mΩ
V <sub>GE(th)</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 6 mA	5	5.8	6.5	V
I <sub>CES</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V V <sub>CE</sub> = 1200 V	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C	0.1	0.3	mA
		T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C			mA
C <sub>ies</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 25 V	f = 1 MHz	9.3		nF
C <sub>oes</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V	f = 1 MHz	0.58		nF
C <sub>res</sub>		f = 1 MHz	0.51		nF
Q <sub>G</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = - 8 V...+ 15 V		850		nC
R <sub>Gint</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C		5.0		Ω

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### Features

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- Soft switching 4. Generation CAL diode (CAL4)

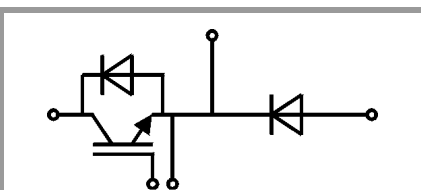
### Typical Applications

- DC/DC – converter
- Brake chopper
- Switched reluctance motor
- DC – Motor

### Remarks

- Case temperature limited to  $T_c = 125^\circ\text{C}$  max, recomm.  
Top =  $-40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ , product rel. results valid for  $T_j = 150^\circ$

Characteristics						
Symbol	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		180		ns
$t_r$	$I_c = 150\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		42		ns
$E_{on}$	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		19.2		mJ
$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{G\ on} = 1\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		410		ns
$t_f$	$R_{G\ off} = 1\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		72		ns
$E_{off}$	$di/dt_{on} = 3400\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		15.8		mJ
	$di/dt_{off} = 1750\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$				
$R_{th(j-c)}$	per IGBT				0.19	K/W
Inverse diode						
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 150\text{ A}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.14	2.46	V
	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.07	2.38	V
	chip					
$V_{F0}$		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.3	1.5	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.9	1.1	V
$r_F$		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		5.6	6.4	m $\Omega$
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		7.8	8.5	m $\Omega$
$I_{RRM}$	$I_F = 150\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		120		A
$Q_{rr}$	$di/dt_{off} = 3100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		31.3		$\mu\text{C}$
$E_{rr}$	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		13		mJ
	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$					
$R_{th(j-c)}$	per diode				0.31	K/W
Freewheeling diode						
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 150\text{ A}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.14	2.46	V
	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.07	2.38	V
	chip					
$V_{F0}$		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.3	1.5	V
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$E_{rr}$	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		13		mJ
	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$					
$R_{th(j-c)}$	per Diode				0.31	K/W
Module						
$L_{CE}$					30	nH
$R_{CC+EE'}$	terminal-chip	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.65		m $\Omega$
		$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1		m $\Omega$
$R_{th(c-s)}$	per module			0.04	0.05	K/W
$M_s$	to heat sink M6			3	5	Nm
$M_t$		to terminals M5		2.5	5	Nm
						Nm
$w$					160	g



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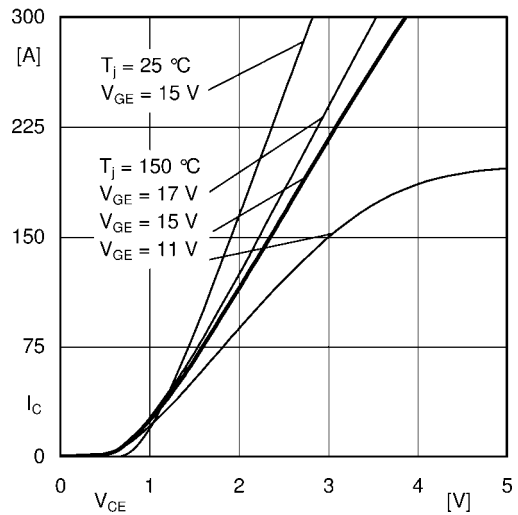


Fig. 1: Typ. output characteristic, inclusive  $R_{CC'+EE'}$

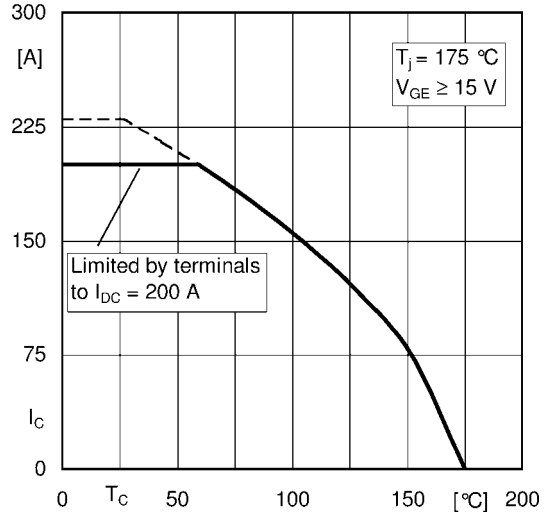


Fig. 2: Rated current vs. temperature  $I_C = f(T_C)$

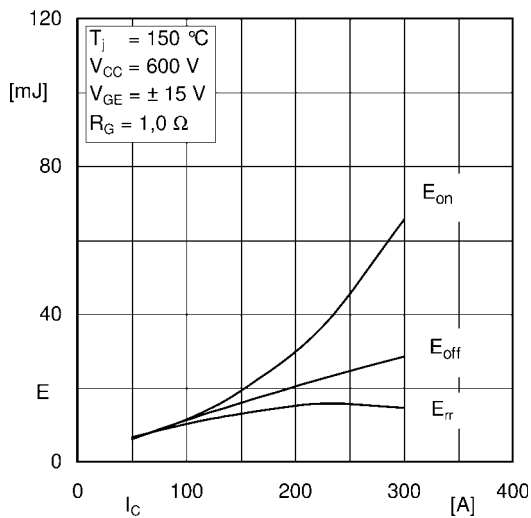


Fig. 3: Typ. turn-on /-off energy =  $f(I_C)$

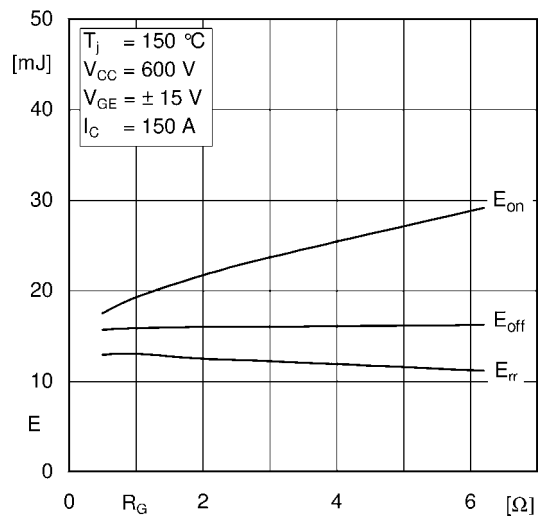


Fig. 4: Typ. turn-on /-off energy =  $f(R_G)$

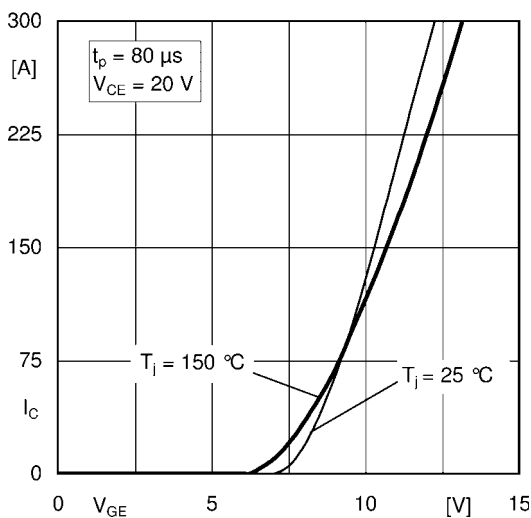


Fig. 5: Typ. transfer characteristic

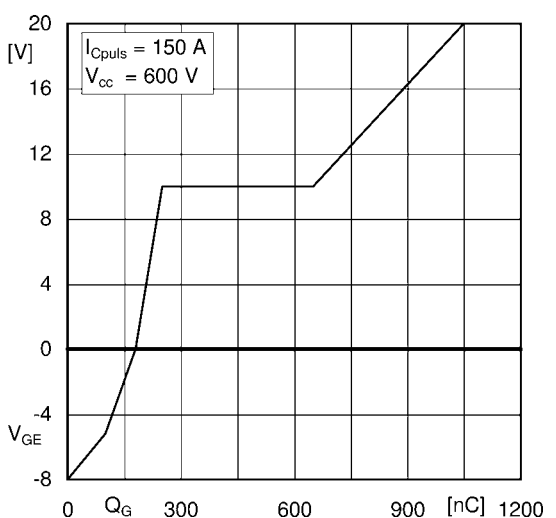


Fig. 6: Typ. gate charge characteristic

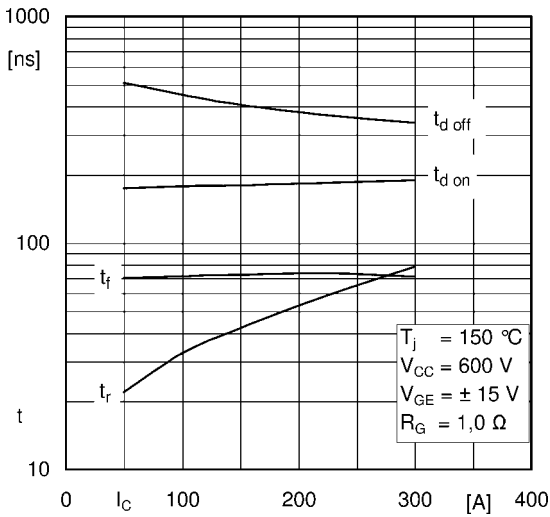


Fig. 7: Typ. switching times vs.  $I_C$

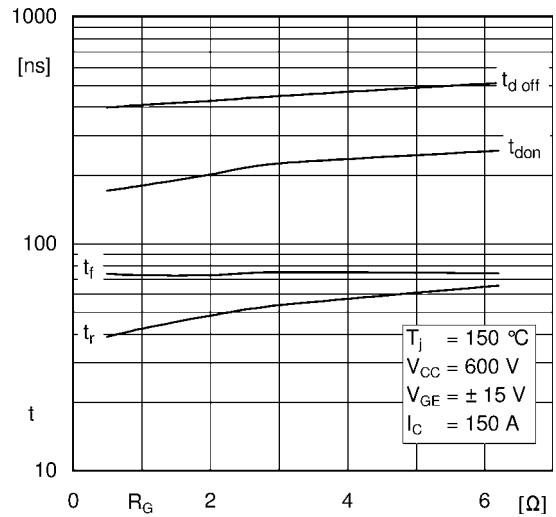


Fig. 8: Typ. switching times vs. gate resistor  $R_G$

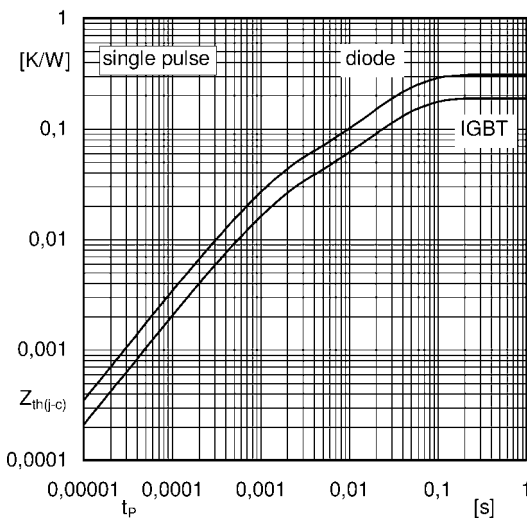


Fig. 9: Transient thermal impedance

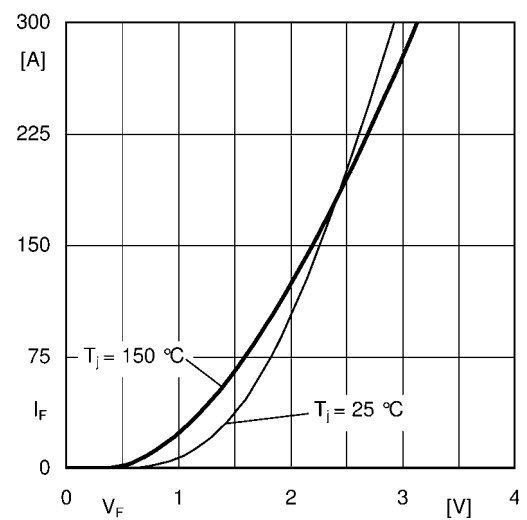


Fig. 10: CAL diode forward characteristic

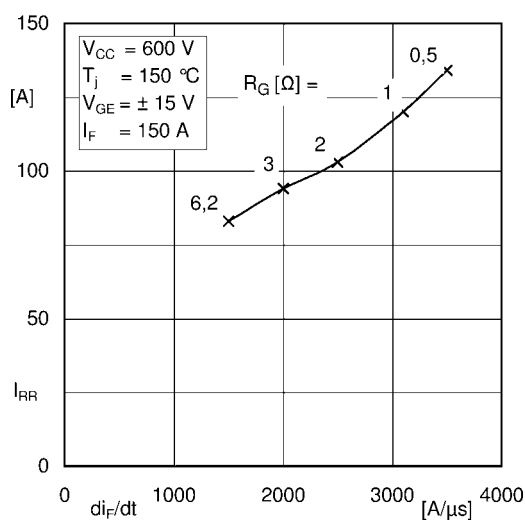


Fig. 11: CAL diode peak reverse recovery current

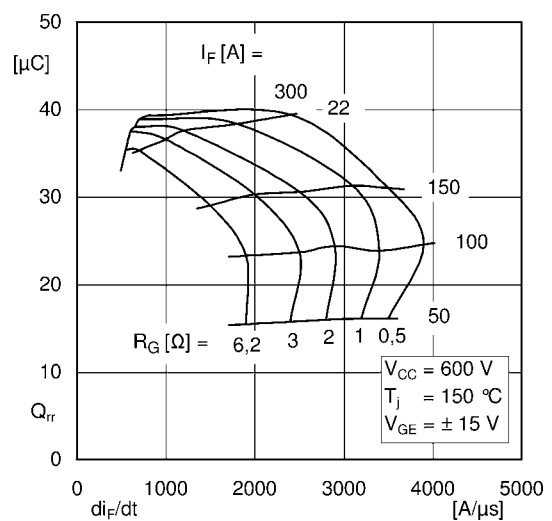
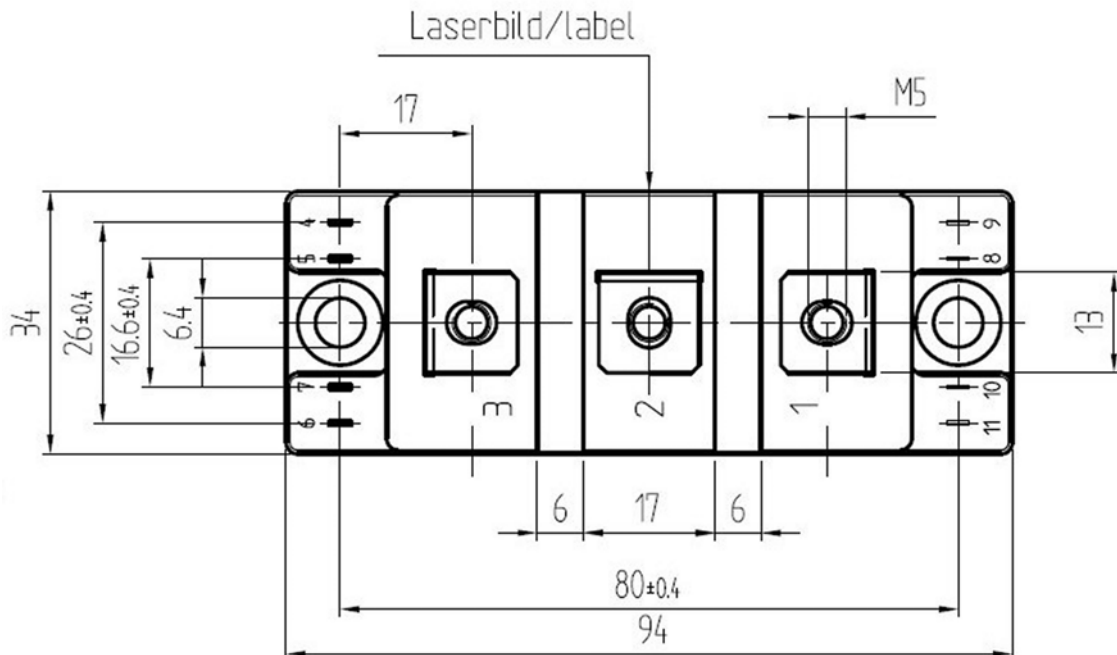
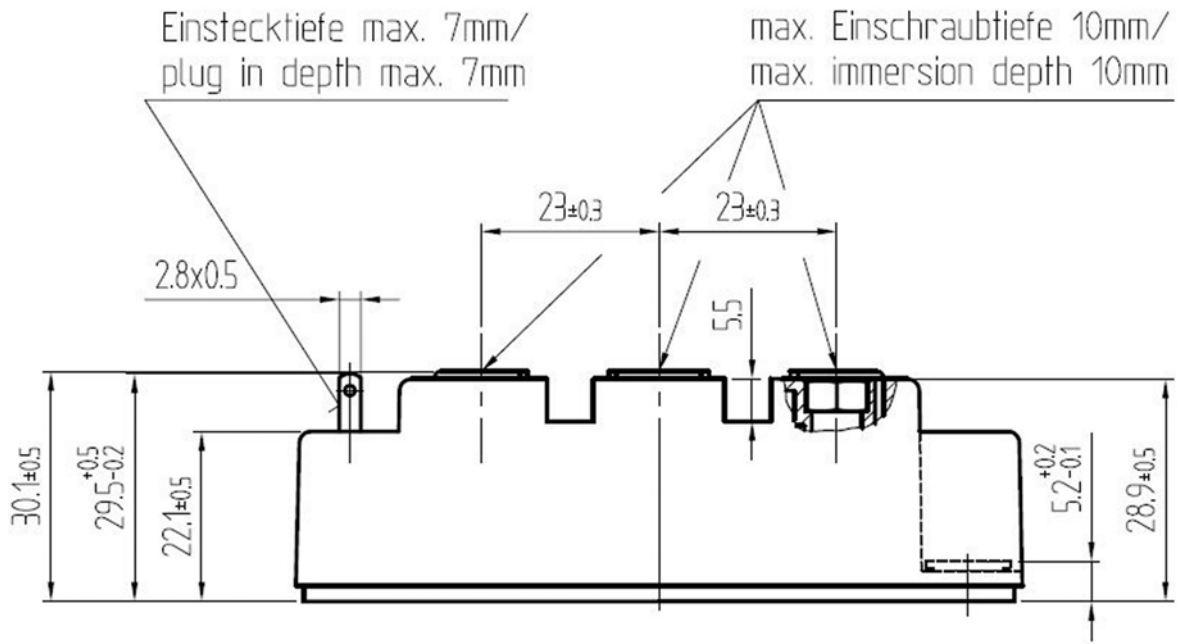
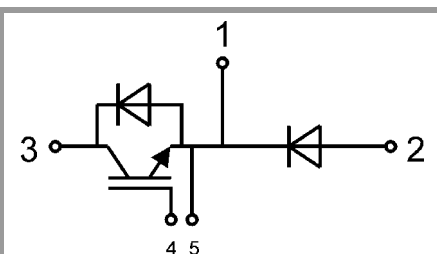


Fig. 12: Typ. CAL diode peak reverse recovery charge

# SKM150GAR12T4



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This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX.

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