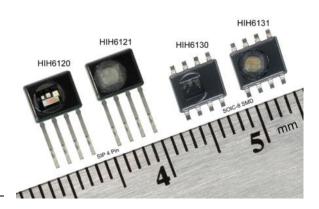
# Honeywell

# Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6130/6131 and HIH6120/6121 Series

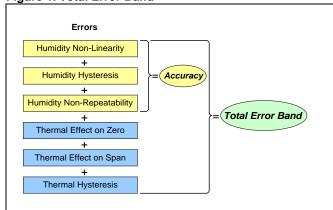


#### **DESCRIPTION** ( $\star = competitive differentiator)$

Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6130/6131 and 6120/6121 Series is a digital output-type relative humidity (RH) and temperature sensor combined in the same package. These devices offer several competitive advantages, including:

- Industry-leading long-term stability
- Industry-leading Total Error Band
- Industry-leading reliability
- Lowest total cost solution
- True temperature-compensated digital I<sup>2</sup>C or SPI output
- Energy efficiency
- Ultra-small package
- ★ Industry-leading long term stability (1.2 %RH over five years): Competitive humidity sensors need to go through a 12 hour at 75 %RH rehydration process (which requires special equipment chambers) to correct reflow temperature offset. Honeywell's sensor also experiences an offset after reflow; however, it only requires a five hour rehydration under ambient conditions (>50 %RH). Honeywell's industry-leading long term stability provides the following benefits to the customer:
  - Minimizes system performance issues
  - Helps support system uptime by eliminating the need to service or replace the sensor during its application life
  - Eliminates the need to regularly recalibrate the sensor in their application, which can be inconvenient and costly
- Industry-leading Total Error Band (TEB) (±5 %RH) (See Figure 1): Honeywell specifies Total Error Band—the most comprehensive, clear, and meaningful measurement—that provides the sensor's true accuracy of ±5 %RH over a compensated range of 5 °C to 50 °C [41 °F to 122 °F] and 10 %RH to 90 %RH. TEB includes all errors due to:
  - · Humidity non-linearity
  - Humidity hysteresis
  - Humidity non-repeatability
  - Thermal effect on zero
  - Thermal effect on span
  - Thermal hysteresis

Figure 1. Total Error Band



Total Error Band should not be confused with "Accuracy", which is actually a component of Total Error Band. Many competitors simply specify the accuracy of their device; however, the specification may exclude hysteresis and temperature effects, and may be calculated over a very narrow range, at only one point in the range, or at their absolute best accuracy level. It is then up to the customer to calibrate the device to make sure it has the accuracy needed for the life of the application.

Honeywell's industry-leading Total Error Band provides the following benefits to the customer:

- Eliminates individually testing and calibrating every sensor, which can increase their manufacturing time and process
- Supports system accuracy and warranty requirements
- Helps to optimize system uptime
- Provides excellent sensor interchangeability—the customer can remove one sensor from the tape, remove the next sensor from the tape, and there is no part-to-part variation in accuracy

For more information about Total Error Band, please see the related Technical Note "Explanation of the Total Error Band Specification for Honeywell's Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors"

- ★ Industry-leading reliability: Honeywell's new HIH6130/6131 and HIH6120/6121 Series sensors use a laser trimmed, thermoset polymer capacitive sensing element. The element's multilayer construction provides resistance to most application hazards such as condensation, dust, dirt, oils, and common environmental chemicals which help provide industryleading stability and reliability.
- Lowest total cost solution: Offers customers the lowest total cost solution due to the sensor's industryleading Total Error Band and its being a combined humidity/temperature sensor.
- ★ True, temperature-compensated digital I<sup>2</sup>C or SPI output: Typically allows the customer to remove the components associated with signal conditioning from the PCB to free up space and reduce costs associated with those components (e.g., acquisition, inventory, assembly). Often eliminates problems that could occur from having multiple signal conditioning components across the PCB. Simplifies integration to the microprocessor, eliminating the need for customerimplemented, complex signal conditioning.

#### ★ Energy efficient

- Low supply voltage: Can operate down to 2.3 Vdc, which allows use in low energy and wirelesscompatible applications to enhance energy savings and prolong system battery life.
- Low power consumption: The sensor goes into sleep mode when not taking a measurement within the application, consuming only 1 μA of power versus 650 μA in full operation in a battery operated system. Sleep mode helps maximize battery life, reduces power supply size, and reduces the application's overall weight.
- ★ Ultra-small package: SOIC-8 SMD (Surface Mount Device) and SIP 4 Pin packages are ultra small, including the condensation-resistant versions with hydrophobic filter on-board (HIH6121 and HIH6131). Allows for flexibility of use within the application, occupies less space on the PCB, and typically simplifies placement on crowded PCBs or in small devices.
- Combined humidity and temperature sensor: The humidity and temperature sensors are co-located in the same package. This allows the RH measurement to be temperature compensated and provides a second, standalone temperature sensor output. This allows the user to purchase one sensor instead of two.
- Tape and reel packaging: Cost-effective tape-and-reel packaging allows for use in high volume, automated pickand-place manufacturing, eliminating lead misalignment to the PCB and helping the customer to reduce manufacturing costs.

 High resolution: High 14-bit humidity sensor resolution and 14-bit temperature sensor resolution within the application help the user's system detect the smallest relative humidity or temperature change.

#### **FEATURES AND BENEFITS**

- Wide operating temperature range: -25 °C to 85 °C
   [-13 °F to 185 °F] allows for use in many applications
- Optional one or two %RH level alarm outputs (HIH6130/6131 only): Provide the user the ability to monitor whether the RH level has exceeded or fallen below pre-determined and critical levels within the application
- Multi-function ASIC: Provides flexibility within the application by lowering or eliminating the risk and cost of OEM calibration
- Industry-standard package: Provides easy design-in
- RoHS and WEEE compliant; halogen-free
- Two configurations: Increase flexibility of use:
  - HIH6120 and HIH6130: no filter, non-condensing
  - HIH6121 and HIH6131: hydrophobic filter and condensation-resistant allow use in many condensing environments
- Optional I<sup>2</sup>C or SPI digital communication formats:
   Provide the user with flexibility in integrating the sensors into existing system level architecture

#### POTENTIAL APPLICATIONS

- HVAC/R: May be used to provide precision RH and temperature measurement in air conditioning/air movement systems, enthalpy sensing, thermostats, humidifiers/de-humidifiers, and humidistats to maintain occupant comfort and ideal storage humidity/temperature while achieving low energy consumption, supporting system accuracy and warranty requirements, maximizing system uptime, and improving overall system quality.
- Respiratory therapy: May be used to provide precision RH and temperature measurement in sleep apnea machines and ventilators, enhancing patient comfort, safety and treatment effectiveness with warm and humidified air.
- Incubators/microenvironments: May be used to provide optimal temperature and RH levels to support critical processes and experiments, enhancing process efficiency with desired climate conditions.
- Air compressors: May be used to provide precision RH measurement in compressed air lines, allowing the system to remove any condensation; dry compressed air is critical for customer process control measurement.
- Weather stations: May be used to provide precision RH and temperature measurement in ground-based and airborn weather stations, allowing real time and highly accurate monitoring/reporting of actual weather conditions.
- Telecom cabinets: May be used to provide precision RH and temperature measurement in the telecom cabinet HVAC system; maintaining proper temperature and humidity levels in the cabinet provides maximum system uptime and performance.

**Table 1. Environmental Specifications** 

Characteristic	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Operating temperature range	-	-25 [-13]	ı	85[185]	°C [°F]		
Storage temperature range	_	-40 [-40]	ı	85[185]	°C [°F]		
Storage humidity	_	30	ı	50	%RH		
Soldering:							
automated	IPC/EIA/JEDEC J-STD-020D	_	_	260 [500]	°C [°F]		
manual	apply heat for 4 s max. for manual soldering	-	-	350 [662]			
ESD	MIL-STD 883H, Method 3015.7	-	-	±4	kV		
Latch-up immunity	_	ı	ı	±100	mA		
Shock	MIL-STD 202G, Method 213D, Test Condition C, half-sine, 6 ms ±3 perpendicular axis, 3 shock pulses per axis	ı	1	100	g		
Vibration	MIL-STD 202G, Method 204D, Test Condition D, 10 Hz to 2000 Hz	1	-	20	g		
Light sensitivity	exposed to 50 lumens yellow light; exhibited no change in output						

**Table 2. Humidity Performance Specifications** 

Characteristic	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage variation	2.3 Vdc to 5.5 Vdc	_	0.1	0.5	%RH
Compensated humidity range <sup>1</sup>	_	10	_	90	%RH
Compensated temp. range <sup>1</sup>	_	5 [41]	_	50 [122]	°C [°F]
Resolution	14 bit ADC resolution	-	_	0.04	%RH
Accuracy <sup>2</sup>	_	1	_	±4	%RH
Total error band <sup>3</sup>	<del>-</del>	-	_	±5	%RH
Response time	airflow minimum 20 l/min	-	6	8	s
Operating range	non-condensing	0	_	100	%RH
Long term stability	50 %RH for 5 years	_	±0.05	±1.2	%RH
Impact of soldering	IPC/EIA/JEDEC J-STD-020D, peak temp. of	_	_	±2.5	%RH
-	260 °C [500 °F]				

#### Notes:

1. Conversion formulas:

Conversion formulas.	
14 bit ADC output for humidity to %RH:	14 bit ADC output for temperature conversion to °C:
$Humidity(\%RH) = \frac{Humidity_14\_bit_ADC\_output}{2^{14}-2} \times 100$	Temperatue(°C) = $\frac{\text{Temperatue}\_14\_\text{bit}\_\text{ADC}\_\text{output}}{2^{14}-2} \times 165-40$

- 2. Accuracy is specified at the typical supply voltage of 3.3 Vdc and at 25 °C [77 °F]. It is the maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function of relative humidity measured over the humidity range of 10 %RH to 90 %RH and includes all errors due to humidity non-linearity, humidity hysteresis and humidity non-repeatability.
- 3. Total error band is the maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function of relative humidity over the compensated range of 5 °C [41 °F] to 50 °C [122 °F]. It includes all errors due to humidity non-linearity, humidity hysteresis, humidity non-repeatability, thermal effect on zero, thermal effect on span and thermal hysteresis.

**Table 3. Temperature Performance Specifications** 

Characteristic	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage variation	2.3 Vdc to 5.5 Vdc	-	0.5	1.0	°C
Compensated temp. range	_	5 [41]	_	50 [122]	°C [°F]
Resolution	14 bit ADC resolution	-	_	0.025	°C
Accuracy (BFSL) <sup>1</sup>	_	-	_	±1.0	°C
Response time	1/e slow moving air	5	_	30	S
Long term stability	25 °C for 5 years	_	_	±0.05	°C/yr
Impact of soldering	IPC/EIA/JEDEC J-STD-020D, peak temp.	_	_	±0.1	°C
	of 260 °C [500 °F]				

#### Note:

**Table 4. Current Consumption** 

Characteristic	<b>V</b> <sub>DD</sub>	Abbr.	Condition	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Sleep current	3.3	ISLEEP	_	0.6	1	μA
Supply current:						
I <sup>2</sup> C	3.3	loo	14 bit fastest update, no sleep	0.65	1	mA
SPI	3.3	IDD	14 bit fastest update, no sleep	0.75	1	mA

**Table 5. Input and Output Characteristics** 

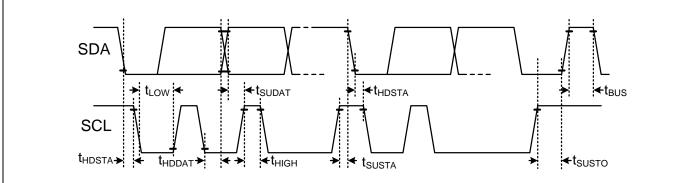
Characteristic	Abbr.	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage	VDD	<del>-</del>	2.3	3.3	5.5	Vdc
Low level output voltage	Vol	IoL = 2.8 mA min.	_	_	20%	VDD
High level output voltage	Voн	Iон = -2.8 mA min.	80%	_	_	V <sub>DD</sub>
Low level input voltage	VIL	_	_	_	20%	V <sub>DD</sub>
High level input voltage	Vін	_	80%	_	_	VDD
Pull-up resistor:						
I <sup>2</sup> C	R₽	_	_	2.2	_	kOhm
SPI (for SS only)	Rss	_	_	10	_	kOhm

**Table 6. Measurement Timing** 

Characteristic	Abbr.	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Start-up time (Power-On to data	TSTA	14 bit TH and 14 bit humidity	_	50	60	ms	
ready)		resolution					
Update rate	application dependent: measurements are taken only when the application requests them						

<sup>1.</sup> Accuracy is specified over the compensated temperature range.

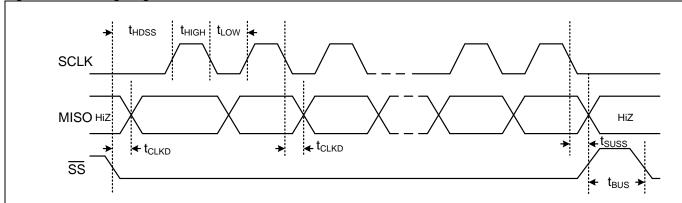
Figure 2. I<sup>2</sup>C Timing Diagram



Characteristic	Abbr.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
SCL clock frequency	FscL	100	ı	400	kHz
Start condition hold time relative to SCL edge	<b>t</b> hdsta	0.1	ı	_	μs
Minimum SCL clock low width <sup>1</sup>	tLOW	0.6	ı	-	μs
Minimum SCL clock high width <sup>1</sup>	thigh	0.6	ı	-	μs
Start condition setup time relative to SCL edge	<b>t</b> susta	0.1	ı	_	μs
Data hold time on SDA relative to SCL edge	<b>t</b> hddat	0	ı	0.5	μs
Data setup time on SDA relative to SCL edge	<b>t</b> SUDAT	0.1	ı	_	μs
Stop condition setup time on SCL	<b>t</b> susto	0.1	ı	-	μs
Bus free time between stop and start condition	<b>t</b> BUS	1	ı	_	μs

Note 1: Combined low and high widths must equal or exceed minimum SCL period.

Figure 3. SPI Timing Diagram



Characteristic	Abbr.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
SCLK clock frequency	f <sub>SCL</sub>	50	ı	800	kHz
SS drop to first clock edge	t <sub>HDSS</sub>	2.5	ı	_	μs
Minimum SCLK clock low width <sup>1</sup>	t <sub>LOW</sub>	0.6	İ	_	μs
Minimum SCLK clock high width <sup>1</sup>	t <sub>HIGH</sub>	0.6	I	_	μs
Clock edge to data transition	t <sub>CLKD</sub>	0	ı	0.5	μs
Rise of SS relative to last clock edge	tsuss	0.1	ı	_	μs
Bus free time between rise and fall of SS	t <sub>BUS</sub>	2		_	μs

Note 1: Combined low and high widths must equal or exceed minimum SCLK period.

Table 7. HIH6130/6131 and HIH6120/6121 Series Maximal Accuracy<sup>1</sup> (Performance is specified between 10 %RH and 90 %RH.)

	90	±1	±2	±2	±2	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±2
		±1	±2	±2	±2	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±2
	80	±1	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2	±1
		±2	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2
$\overline{}$	70	±2	±3	±3	±3	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2
(%RH)		±2	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±2
8	60	±2	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±2
<u>~</u>		±2	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±2
<u> </u>	50	±2	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±2
트		±2	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±2
Relative Humidity	40	±2	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±2
۸e		±2	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±2
<u>ati</u>	30	±2	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±2
Re		±2	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±2
_	20	±1	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±1
		±1	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±1
	10	±1	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±1
	0		10		20		30		40		50
					Tem	oerature	e (°C)				

Note 1: Maximal accuracy is the mean value between rising and falling RH points.

Figure 4. HIH6130/6131 Series Typical Application Circuits

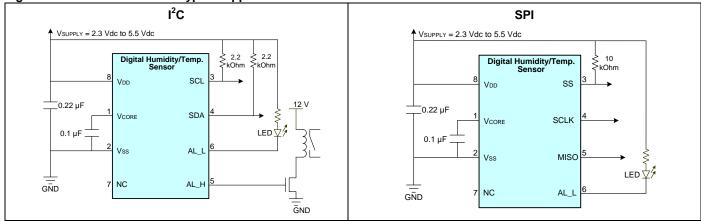
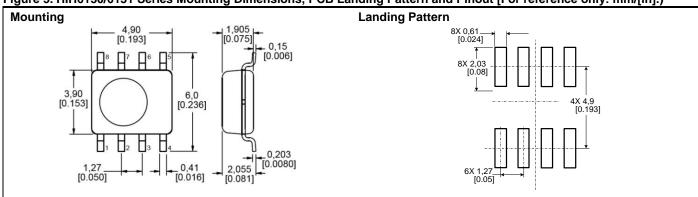


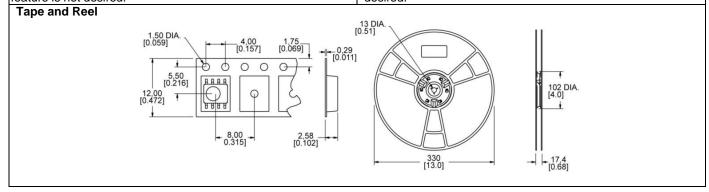
Figure 5. HIH6130/6131 Series Mounting Dimensions, PCB Landing Pattern and Pinout [For reference only: mm/[in].)

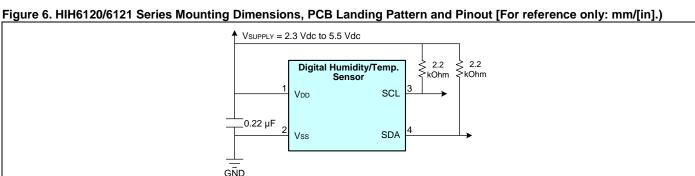


		Pinout for I <sup>2</sup> C Versions			Pinout for SPI Versions		
Pin	ASIC Pad	Description	Pin	ASIC Pad	Description		
1	Vcore	connect via 0.1 µF to ground	1	Vcore	connect via 0.1 µF to ground		
2	Vss	supply ground	2	Vss	supply ground		
3	SCL	I <sup>2</sup> C clock	3	SS	slave select (Input)		
4	SDA	I <sup>2</sup> C data	4	SCLK	serial clock		
5 <sup>1</sup>	AL_H	alarm output high	5	MISO	master-in-slave-out		
6 <sup>1</sup>	AL_L	alarm output low	6 <sup>1</sup>	AL_L	alarm output low		
7	NC	not connected externally	7	NC	not connected externally		
8	VDD	supply voltage, connect via 0.22 µF to ground	8	V <sub>DD</sub>	supply voltage, connect via 0.22 µF to ground		
Note 1	Note 1: Do not connect Pin(s) 5 and/or 6 if the built-in alarm.						

**Note 1:** Do not connect Pin(s) 5 and/or 6 if the built-in alarm feature is not desired.

**Note 1:** Do not connect Pin 6 if the built-in alarm feature is not desired.

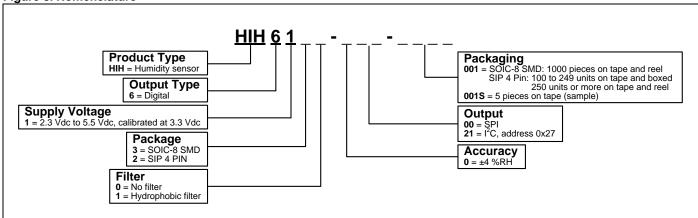




GND Figure 7. HIH6120/6121 Series Typical Application Circuits Mounting Pin **ASIC Pad** Description 1,905 [0.075] \_ 4,90 \_ [0.193] 1  $V_{DD}$ connect via 0.22 µF to ground 2 Vss supply ground L 0.063 [0.0025] 3 SCL I<sup>2</sup>C clock 3,90 [0.153] 4 SDA I<sup>2</sup>C data **Landing Pattern** 8,9 [0.35] 1,20 <sub>-</sub> [0.047] 1,05 DIA. [0.040] 0,65 DIA PCB [0.197] 1,2 - 2,0 [0.05 - 0.08] 1,27 [0.050] \_\_0.41 [0.016] \_0,203 [0.0080] Tape and Reel<sup>1</sup> 13 DIA [0.51] 1.50 DIA [0.059] \_4,00 [0.157] 1,75\_ [0.069] \_ 0,32 [0.013] 0 5,00 [0.197] 102 DIA [4.0] 16,00 0.630 2,61 <sub>-</sub> [0.103] 330 [13.0]

Note 1. For orders of 250 to 1000 units.

Figure 8. Nomenclature



#### **Order Guide**

Catalog Listing	Description
HIH6130-000-001	Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6130/6131 Series, SPI, ±5 %RH total
	error band, SOIC-8 SMD, no filter, non-condensing, 1000 units on tape and reel
HIH6130-000-001S	Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6130/6131 Series, SPI, ±5 %RH total
	error band, SOIC-8 SMD, no filter, non-condensing, five units on tape (sample)
HIH6131-000-001	Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6130/6131 Series, SPI, ±5 %RH total
	error band, SOIC-8 SMD, hydrophobic filter, condensation-resistant, 1000 units on tape and reel
HIH6131-000-001S	Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6130/6131 Series, SPI, ±5 %RH total
	error band, SOIC-8 SMD, hydrophobic filter, condensation-resistant, five units on tape (sample)
HIH6130-021-001	Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6130/6131 Series, I <sup>2</sup> C, ±5 %RH total
	error band, SOIC-8 SMD, no filter, non-condensing, 1000 units on tape and reel
HIH6130-021-001S	Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6130/6131 Series, I <sup>2</sup> C, ±5 %RH total
	error band, SOIC-8 SMD, no filter, non-condensing, five units on tape (sample)
HIH6131-021-001	Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6130/6131 Series, I <sup>2</sup> C, ±5 %RH total
	error band, SOIC-8 SMD, hydrophobic filter, condensation-resistant, 1000 units on tape and reel
HIH6131-021-001S	Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6130/6131 Series, I <sup>2</sup> C, ±5 %RH total
	error band, SOIC-8 SMD, hydrophobic filter, condensation-resistant, five units on tape (sample)
HIH6120-021-001 <sup>1</sup>	Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6120/6121 Series, I <sup>2</sup> C, ±5 %RH total
	error band, SIP 4 Pin, no filter, non-condensing, 100 units on tape
HIH6120-021-001S	Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6120/6121 Series, I <sup>2</sup> C, ±5 %RH total
	error band, SIP 4 Pin, no filter, non-condensing, five units on tape (sample)
HIH6121-021-001 <sup>1</sup>	Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6120/6121 Series, I <sup>2</sup> C, ±5 %RH total
	error band, SIP 4 Pin, hydrophobic filter, condensation-resistant, 100 units on tape
HIH6121-021-001S	Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors: HIH6120/6121 Series, I <sup>2</sup> C, ±5 %RH total
	error band, SIP 4 Pin, hydrophobic filter, condensation-resistant, five units on tape (sample)

Note 1: Orders of 250 units or more are packaged on tape and reel.

#### SENSOR REHYDRATION

#### **NOTICE**

#### SENSOR REHYDRATION

- Exposure to elevated temperatures, such as those experienced during solder reflow, may dry out the sensing element. It is recommended that the sensor be allowed time to rehydrate after soldering or other high temperature/dry exposures.
- Exposure to these conditions will not permanently damage the sensor. It will generally return to its factorycalibrated value after rehydration.
- If rehydration is not performed, the sensor may read a slight offset that slowly disappears over time as the sensor becomes exposed to ambient conditions.
   Conversely, extended exposure to condensing and high humidity environments (>90 %RH) may cause a revisable shift in readings which will generally return to normal after the sensor has been allowed to dry off.

To rehydrate the sensor, expose it to room temperature under ambient conditions (>50 %RH) for a minimum of five hours.

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

The following associated literature is available on the Web:

- · Product installation instructions
- Product application note
- Application sheets:
  - Humidity Sensor Performance Characteristics
  - Humidity Sensor Theory and Behavior
- Humidity Sensor Moisture and Psychrometrics
- Humidity Sensor Chemical Resistivity
- Thermoset Polymer-based Capacitive Sensors
- Technical Notes:
- I<sup>2</sup>C Communication with the Honeywell HumidIcon™
   Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors
- SPI Communication with the Honeywell HumidIcon™
   Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors
- Using Alarms on the Honeywell Humidlcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors
- Entering and Using Command Mode on the Honeywell HumidIcon™ Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors
- Total Error Band Specification for Honeywell Digital Humidity/Temperature Sensors

### WARNING

#### **MISUSE OF DOCUMENTATION**

- The information presented in this product sheet is for reference only. Do not use this document as a product installation guide.
- Complete installation, operation, and maintenance information is provided in the instructions supplied with each product.

Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury.

#### WARRANTY/REMEDY

Honeywell warrants goods of its manufacture as being free of defective materials and faulty workmanship. Honeywell's standard product warranty applies unless agreed to otherwise by Honeywell in writing; please refer to your order acknowledgement or consult your local sales office for specific warranty details. If warranted goods are returned to Honeywell during the period of coverage, Honeywell will repair or replace, at its option, without charge those items it finds defective. The foregoing is buyer's sole remedy and is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, including those of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. In no event shall Honeywell be liable for consequential, special, or indirect damages.

While we provide application assistance personally, through our literature and the Honeywell web site, it is up to the customer to determine the suitability of the product in the application.

Specifications may change without notice. The information we supply is believed to be accurate and reliable as of this printing. However, we assume no responsibility for its use.

### WARNING

#### **PERSONAL INJURY**

DO NOT USE these products as safety or emergency stop devices or in any other application where failure of the product could result in personal injury.

Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury.

#### SALES AND SERVICE

Honeywell serves its customers through a worldwide network of sales offices, representatives and distributors. For application assistance, current specifications, pricing or name of the nearest Authorized Distributor, contact your local sales office or:

E-mail: info.sc@honeywell.com

Internet: www.honeywell.com/sensing

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