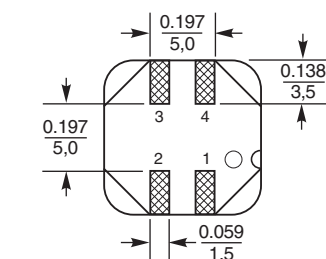
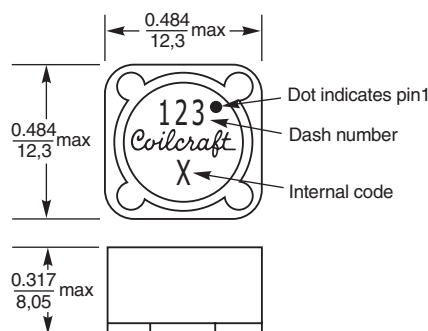


**NEW!**

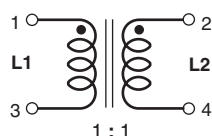
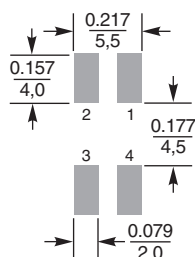
Coupled Inductors – MSC1278

For SEPIC Applications



Dimensions are in $\frac{\text{inches}}{\text{mm}}$

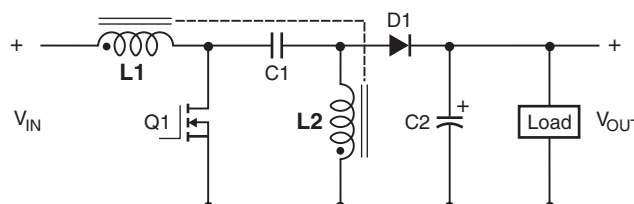
Recommended Land Pattern



The MSC1278 coupled inductors are designed with high leakage inductance for use in SEPIC applications. The loosely coupled windings ($K \approx 0.8$) improve SEPIC efficiency by reducing circulating current and provide twice the ripple current reduction of separate inductors.

These inductors offer high efficiency and excellent current handling in a rugged, low cost part. They are well suited for use as a VRM inductors in high-current DC-DC converters and VRM/VRD controllers.

They can also be used as two single inductors connected in series or parallel.



Typical SEPIC schematic

Refer to Application Note, Document 639,
"Selecting Coupled Inductors for SEPIC Applications."
Visit http://www.coilcraft.com/apps/sepic/selector_2.cfm
for the Coilcraft on-line SEPIC Inductor Selector tool.

Core material Ferrite

Terminations RoHS compliant matte tin over nickel over phos bronze. Other terminations available at additional cost.

Ambient temperature -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ with I_{rms} current, $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ with derated current

Storage temperature Component: -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$.
Packaging: -40°C to $+80^{\circ}\text{C}$

Winding to winding isolation 500 Vrms

Resistance to soldering heat Max three 40 second reflows at $+260^{\circ}\text{C}$, parts cooled to room temperature between cycles

Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) 1 (unlimited floor life at $<30^{\circ}\text{C}$ / 85% relative humidity)

Failures in Time (FIT) / Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF)
38 per billion hours / 26,315,789 hours, calculated per Telcordia SR-332

Packaging 500/13" reel; Plastic tape: 24 mm wide, 0.4 mm thick, 16 mm pocket spacing, 8.1 mm pocket depth

PCB washing Only pure water or alcohol recommended


NEW!

Coupled Inductors for SEPIC – MSC1278 Series

Part number ¹	Inductance ² (μ H)	DCR max ³ (Ohms)	SRF typ ⁴ (MHz)	Coupling coefficient typ	Leakage inductance ⁵ typ (μ H)	Isat (A) ⁶			Irms (A)	
						10% drop	20% drop	30% drop	both windings ⁷	one winding ⁸
MSC1278-103ML	10 \pm 20%	0.058	20	0.80	2.75	8.80	10.0	10.66	2.56	3.62
MSC1278-223KL	22 \pm 10%	0.096	12	0.82	5.85	6.00	6.80	7.26	1.99	2.81
MSC1278-333KL	33 \pm 10%	0.15	9.5	0.85	10.1	5.50	6.10	6.52	1.59	2.25
MSC1278-473KL	47 \pm 10%	0.18	7.8	0.83	14.5	3.70	4.34	4.60	1.45	2.05

1. When ordering, please specify **termination** and **packaging** code:

MSC1278-473KLD

Termination: L = RoHS compliant matte tin over nickel over phos bronze

Special order:

T = RoHS tin-silver-copper (95.5/4/0.5) or

S = non-RoHS tin-lead (63/37).

Packaging: D = 13" machine-ready reel. EIA-481 embossed plastic tape (500 parts per full reel).

B = Less than full reel. In tape, but not machine ready. To have a leader and trailer added (\$25 charge), use code letter D instead.

- Inductance shown for each winding, measured at 100 kHz, 0.1 Vrms, 0 Adc on an Agilent/HP 4284A LCR meter or equivalent. When leads are connected in parallel, inductance is the same value. When leads are connected in series, inductance is four times the value.
- DCR is for each winding. When leads are connected in parallel, DCR is half the value. When leads are connected in series, DCR is twice the value.
- SRF measured using an Agilent/HP 4191A or equivalent. When leads are connected in parallel, SRF is the same value.
- Leakage inductance is for L1 and is measured with L2 shorted.
- DC current, at which the inductance drops the specified amount from its value without current. It is the sum of the current flowing in both windings.
- Equal current when applied to each winding simultaneously that causes a 40°C temperature rise from 25°C ambient. See temperature rise calculation.
- Maximum current when applied to one winding that causes a 40°C temperature rise from 25°C ambient. See temperature rise calculation.
- Electrical specifications at 25°C.

Refer to Doc 639 "Selecting Coupled Inductors for SEPIC Applications."

Refer to Doc 362 "Soldering Surface Mount Components" before soldering.

Temperature rise calculation based on specified Irms

Winding power loss = $(I_{L1}^2 + I_{L2}^2) \times \text{DCR}$ in Watts (W)

Temperature rise (Δt) = Winding power loss $\times \frac{52.6^\circ\text{C}}{\text{W}}$

$\Delta t = (I_{L1}^2 + I_{L2}^2) \times \text{DCR} \times \frac{52.6^\circ\text{C}}{\text{W}}$

Example 1. MSC1278-223ML (Equal current in each winding)

Winding power loss = $(1.99^2 + 1.99^2) \times 0.096 = 0.76 \text{ W}$

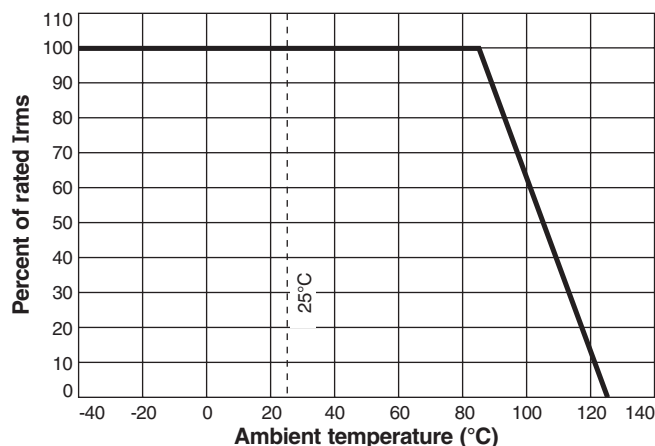
$\Delta t = 0.76 \text{ W} \times \frac{52.6^\circ\text{C}}{\text{W}} = 40^\circ\text{C}$

Example 2. MSC1278-223ML ($I_{L1} = 2.0 \text{ A}$, $I_{L2} = 1.0 \text{ A}$)

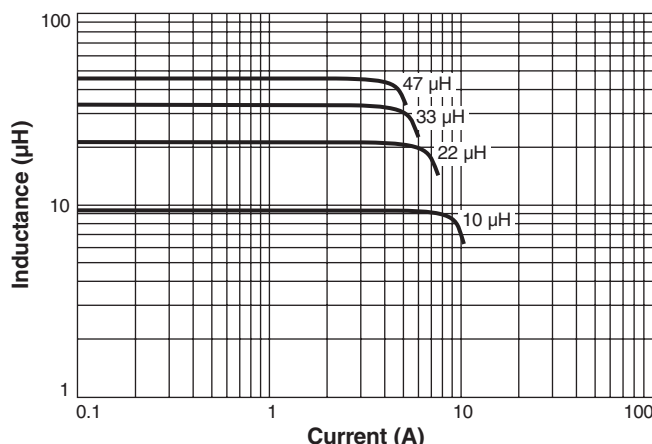
Winding power loss = $(2.0^2 + 1.0^2) \times 0.096 = 0.48 \text{ W}$

$\Delta t = 0.48 \text{ W} \times \frac{52.6^\circ\text{C}}{\text{W}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$

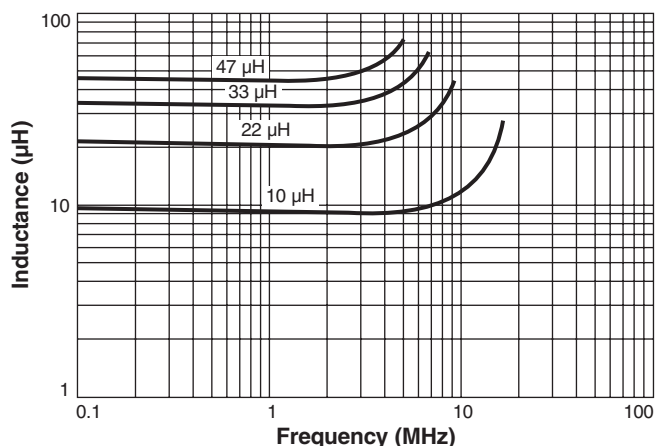
Current Derating



L vs Current



L vs Frequency



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