

Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006

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sds no.: 221840 V003.0

60EN 309 5C 0.7MM 0.5KG RLR Revision: 30.04.2012 printing date: 15.05.2013

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

60EN 309 5C 0.7MM 0.5KG RLR

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Solder Wire

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ireland Operations and Research Limited Tallaght Business Park Dublin 24

Ireland

Phone: +353 (14046444) +353 (14519926) Fax-no.:

ua-productsafety.uk@uk.henkel.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (DPD):

The product is not subject to classification according to the calculation methods of the "General Classification Guideline for Preparations of the EC" as issued in the last version.

2.2. Label elements

Label elements (DPD):

The product is not subject to classification according to the calculation methods of the "General Classification Guideline for Preparations of the EC" as issued in the last version.

Additional labeling:

Safety data sheet available for professional user on request.

Contains Rosin. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3. Other hazards

Flux fumes emitted during reflow will irritate the nose and throat and may cause an asthmatic type reaction.

This product contains modified rosin.

Regulations forbid the use of lead solder in any private or public drinking water supply system.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components	EC Number	content	Classification
CAS-No.	REACH-Reg No.		
Rosin	232-475-7	>= 0,1-< 1 %	Skin sensitizer 1
8050-09-7			H317
Tin	231-141-8	>= 50-< 100 %	
7440-31-5	01-2119486474-28		
Lead	231-100-4	>= 25-< 50 %	No data available.
7439-92-1	01-2119513221-59		

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

Declaration of ingredients according to DPD (EC) No 1999/45:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	EC Number REACH-Reg No.	content	Classification
Rosin 8050-09-7	232-475-7	>= 0,1 -< 1 %	R43
Tin 7440-31-5	231-141-8 01-2119486474-28	>= 50 - < 100 %	
Lead 7439-92-1	231-100-4 01-2119513221-59	>= 25 - < 50 %	

For full text of the R-Phrases indicated by codes see section 16 'Other Information'. Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact:

Rinse with running water and soap.

Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Eye contact:

Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 5 minutes. If irritation persists seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting.

Seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Flux fumes may irritate the nose, throat and lungs and may after prolonged/repeated exposure give an allergic reaction (asthma).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Combustion behaviour:

The product itself does not burn. Any fire extinguishing action should be appropriate to the surroundings.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Carbon dioxide, foam, powder

Fine water spray

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Do not use water on fires where molten metal is present.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

High temperatures may produce heavy metal dust, fumes or vapours.

The flux medium will give rise to irritating fumes.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Scrape up spilled material and place in a closed container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in chapter 8

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Extraction is necessary to remove fumes evolved during reflow.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

See advice in chapter 8

Avoid breathing fumes given out during soldering.

Hygiene measures:

Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

After handling solder wash hands with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Store in a cool, dry place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Solder Wire

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient	ppm	mg/m ³	Type	Category	Remarks
TIN (INORGANIC COMPOUNDS AS SN) 7440-31-5		2	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
INORGANIC LEAD AND ITS COMPOUNDS 7439-92-1		0,15	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EU_OEL
LEAD AND ITS IONIC COMPOUNDS 7439-92-1			Biological Limit Value:		EU_OEL_II
LEAD AND LEAD COMPOUNDS, OTHER THAN LEAD ALKYLS (AS PB) 7439-92-1		0,15	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
ROSIN-BASED SOLDER FLUX FUME 8050-09-7		0,05	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
ROSIN-BASED SOLDER FLUX FUME 8050-09-7		0,15	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		EH40 WEL

Colophony (Rosin) and derivatives: Rosin-based flux fume as total resin acids.

8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls:

Extraction is necessary to remove fumes evolved during reflow.

Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area

In case of aerosol formation, we recommend wearing of appropriate respiratory protection equipment with ABEK P2 filter. This recommendation should be matched to local conditions.

Hand protection:

Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

The use of chemical resistant gloves such as Nitrile are recommended.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing.

Skin protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance solid grey
Odor None

pH not applicable
Initial boiling point Not determined

Flash point No data available / Not applicable Decomposition temperature No data available / Not applicable

Vapour pressure not applicable Density 8,5000 g/cm3

Bulk density
No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity
No data available / Not applicable

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Viscosity (kinematic) No data available / Not applicable Explosive properties No data available / Not applicable

Solubility (qualitative) Insoluble

Solidification temperature

Mo data available / Not applicable

Melting point

183,0 - 188,0 °C (361.4 - 370.4 °F)

Flammability

No data available / Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature

Explosive limits

No data available / Not applicable

No data available / Not applicable

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not applicable

Evaporation rate
Vapor density
No data available / Not applicable
No data available / Not applicable
Oxidising properties
No data available / Not applicable
No data available / Not applicable

9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Solder alloy will react with concentrated nitric acid to produce toxic fumes of nitrogen oxides.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None if used properly.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

General toxicological information:

The preparation is classified based on the conventional method outlined in Article 6(1)(a) of Directive 1999/45/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

Oral toxicity:

This material is considered to have low toxicity if swallowed.

Inhalative toxicity:

Fumes evolved at soldering temperatures will irritate the nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or repeated exposure to flux fumes may result in sensitisation in sensitive workers.

Dermal toxicity:

This product is considered to have low dermal toxicity.

Skin irritation:

Fumes emitted during soldering may irritate the skin.

May produce an allergic reaction.

Eye irritation:

Fumes emitted during soldering may irritate the eyes.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General ecological information:

The preparation is classified based on the conventional method outlined in Article 6(1)(a) of Directive 1999/45/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

Ecotoxicity:

May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Mobility:

The product is insoluble and sinks in water.

Persistence and Biodegradability:

The product is not biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential:

Octanol/Water distribution coefficient: Not applicable

12.1. Toxicity

Hazardous components	Value	Value	Acute	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		Toxicity	time		
			Study			
Rosin	LC50	> 1.000 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline
8050-09-7						203 (Fish, Acute
						Toxicity Test)
Rosin	EC50	911 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline
8050-09-7			_			202 (Daphnia sp.
						Acute
						Immobilisation
						Test)
Rosin	EC50	> 100 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new	
8050-09-7					name: Desmodesmus	
					subspicatus)	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

	Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Degradability	Method
Ì	Rosin 8050-09-7		aerobic	36 - 46 %	OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric
	8030-07-7				Respirometry Test)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Wherever possible unwanted solder alloy should be recycled for recovery of metal.

Otherwise dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

Dispose of as unused product.

Waste code

06 04 05 - wastes containing other heavy metals

SECTION 14: Transport information

General information:

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADNR, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC content < 5,0 %

National regulations/information (Great Britain):

Remarks The Health & Safety at Work Act 1974.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations. L5:General Approved Code of Practice to the COSHH Regulations. HS(G)97:A Step by Step Guide to the COSHH Regulations. HS(G)193:COSHH essentials: Easy steps to control chemicals.

IND (G)248L:Solder fume and you. IND(G)249L:Controlling health risks from rosin (colophony) based solder fluxes.

The Control of Lead at Work Regulations. L132:Control of Lead at Work: Approved Code of Practice and Guidance.

Employees should be under medical surveillance if the risk assessment made under the Control of Lead at Work Regulations indicates they are likely to be exposed to significant concentrations of lead, or if an Employment Medical

Advisor or appointed doctor so certifies.

A woman employed on work which exposes her to lead should notify her employer as soon as possible if she becomes pregnant. The Employment Medical

Advisor / Appointed Doctor should be informed of the pregnancy.

SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Further information:

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

This safety data sheet was prepared in accordance with Council Directive 67/548/EEC and it's subsequent amendments, and Commission Directive 1999/45/EC.