

Global Positioning System (GPS) Shield for Arduino[™] and Raspberry-PI[™]

Technical Data

Features

- ArduinoTM UNO Shield standard form factor for simple integration into any Arduino project.
- I²C interface for simple connection to Arduino or Raspberry-PI
- Give your robot the ability to know where it is, how fast its moving and in what direction*.
- Fast <u>56-channel</u> position acquisition with battery backup for fast < 1 second hot start and < 30 second warm start.
- Simple register based data retrieval of latitude, longitude, heading, altitude, speed, time, date & satellites in view.
- Integral low power antenna.
- Built in fully programmable 4 line IO and 8 bit ADC input port for local sensors.

Description

The Designer Systems DS-GPM.S is a highly integrated Global Positioning System allowing your robotic application to determine its location on the earth's surface. Specifically targeted at the Arduino UNO board user [MEGA and NANO boards also supported] and the Raspberry-PI the GPM.S features I²C communication to leave the serial [TX/RX] port free for other functions eg. wireless communication.

GPS data received by the DS-GPM.S is stored within internal registers which are updated once per second and include:

- Latitude (i.e. vertical)
- Longitude (i.e. horizontal)
- Altitude (metres)
- Time & date (UTC)
- Heading (True & Magnetic)
- Speed (kilometres per hour)
- Satellites detected

In addition the DS-GPM.S features an on-board fully configurable four line programmable IO and analogue input port with automatic measurement.

DS-GPM.S Firmware version 1



Applications

The DS-GPM.S has many applications in robotics, security and timing. For example the module could be used to send a rover to a particular position or be used to form a vehicle security solution in-conjunction with an embedded controller and GSM modem. Application notes for the UNO controller are provided.

Selection Guide

PM.S
)

* Note: GPS information cannot be collected without a clear view of the sky. Raspberry-PI, Arduino, UNO, NANO, UNO & MEGA are trademarks

GPS basics

The heart of the DS-GPM.S is a Global Positioning System receiver module and antenna that receive signals from satellites orbiting the earth.

There are 32 of these satellites, each sending its own unique signal to the earth's surface for pickup by any GPS receiver, which searches the sky for available satellites.

Upon detecting the satellites in view and their current position the receiver uses the satellites with highest signal strength to calculate, using triangulation, the receiver's latitude, longitude & altitude** (position).

Latitude is measured in degrees and minutes either North or South of the equator.

Longitude is measured in degrees and minutes either West or East of an imaginary line drawn vertically through Greenwich in the UK.

Altitude is measured in metres above sea level.

For example the offices of Designer Systems in Truro, UK are located 50 degrees, 15.817 minutes North latitude and 5 degrees, 3.549 minutes West longitude.

Should the receiver also be moving, speed in kilometres per hour, and heading, in degrees true north and magnetic north, can also be determined.

To gain the best reception the GPM should be used outside with a good view of the sky. Trees and buildings will cause the GPS signals being received to degrade and positional/speed information may be lost. To greatly improve reception the GPM should be mounted above a metal base.

** LLA format to WGS-84 ellipsoid.

Operation

When power is applied to the GPM the unit immediately starts to search for satellites. The GPM can start in one of three (3) modes, as follows:

Cold start mode:

This mode only applies when the GPM has been powered-up for the first time after being removed from its packaging. As the GPM does not know where it is on the earth's surface, it starts to hunt for groups of satellites to determine its location. This process may take up to 30 minutes before positional information is available; it is suggested that a battery be connected and the unit left in the open air until the STATUS indicator starts to flash.

Warm start mode:

This mode applies to a GPM that has already been 'cold-started' and whose location has not changed significantly when powered up again or has been powered down for at least one (1) hour. Positional information is normally available again within 45 seconds of power re-application.

Hot start mode:

This mode applies when the GPM has been powered off for less than 60 minutes. Positional information is normally available again within 1-10 seconds of power re-application.

The warm and hot start power-up modes are possible due to an internal backup battery which powers the Real Time Clock (RTC) and almanac memory when external power is removed.

STATUS indication...

The STATUS indicator is used to provide visual feedback of the current GPM condition. There are three (3) conditions as follows:

ON Steady	Power applied and
	no positional infor-
	mation.
Flashing slowly	Positional infor-
	mation received.
Flashing fast	GPM in motion.

These conditions will change as the GPM moves around its location and under objects that may block the satellite signals.

Power requirements

The DS-GPM.S takes the power necessary for operation (approx. 30-90mA) from an external battery or power adaptor or power from the Arduino UNO board. The GPM provides three PCB pads, two marked 'GND' and one marked 'Vin' in the same format as that present on the UNO board, which should be connected to negative and positive battery/power supply terminals respectively. The input voltage range is 7 - 16VDC with the internal circuitry being protected against power supply reversal.

IO port

The DS-GPM.S features a fully programmable four line CMOS input/output or 8bit Analogue to Digital Converter port 'I/O' '1' to '4'. Each IO is configurable as an output, an input or an analogue input by configuring the registers R0-3. When an IO is configured for a normal input the applied voltage 0 or 5V is read and stored in an input register which can be read by the connected I²C device. When an IO is configured as an output the output state will be 0 or 5V dependant on the output register contents written by the connected I²C device. When an IO is configured for analogue input** it is automatically updated every 100mS from an external input voltage of 0 - 5V and the result stored in internal registers which can be read by the connected I²C device (see register details further on in this datasheet). The port also incorporates a ground and Vin bus that allows sensors to be directly connected (see Fig. 3.0) Warning: These inputs are not overvoltage protected and should not be subjected to voltages over 5V.

I²C connection

The I²C connections are marked 'SDA' and 'SCL' and allow connection to the Arduino UNO board 'ANALOG IN' pins 4 and 5 or the Rasperberry-PI GPIO port pins 3 and 5 (see Fig. 2.0) or another I²C Master device.

The DS-GPM.S is fitted with pullup jumpers that can be configured to provide the source current necessary for I^2C communication. The following jumpers should normally be set when using the UNO board, as long as the I^2C bus does not have existing pull-up's provided by another device. These jumpers <u>MUST</u> be removed when using the Raspberry-PI:



I²C communication

Up to four DS-GPM.S modules may be connected to the same UNO / Raspberry-PI board or I^2C bus and

accessed individually using their own individual address. The address is configured with the following jumpers:



The following table shows how the jumpers are placed for the different binary addresses:

Address xx	A0	A1
00 (default)	ON	ON
01	OFF	ON
10	ON	OFF
11	OFF	OFF

The binary address (xx) above is used in conjunction with the device ID 11010xxD to form the complete device address i.e. if both jumpers are left connected (default) then the device address would be 1101000D_{binary}.

The 'D' bit determines if a read or a write to the GPM is to be performed.

If the 'D' bit is set '1' then a register read is performed or if clear '0' a register write.

To access individual registers a device write must be undertaken by the I²C Master which consists of a Start condition, device ID ('D' bit cleared), register to start write, one or more bytes of data to be written and a stop condition (see Figure 1.0 for I^2C write protocol).

There are 3 individual registers that can be written within the GPM that control local IO port setup and output as follows:

> N₇ N₆ Ns N₃ N_4 N₂ N₁ N_0

GPM I2C address
 1.
 1
 1
 0
 1
 0
 X
 X
 0

 XX = Address select pins A1 & A0
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X

Register address 2. U U U U U B B B.B = 0 to 2

U.U = unused on this implementation

 Local
 I/O port direction register

 R0
 U
 U
 U
 X
 X
 X
 X

 X = 1 or 0 (1 = I/O is input, 0 = I/O is output)
 U/O is output)
 U/O is output)
 U/O is output)
 U/O is output)
 U..U = unused on this implementation

 Local I/O port input type register**

 R1
 U
 U
 U
 Y
 Y
 X
 X

 X = 1 or 0 (1 = input pair is ana, 0= input pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is ana, 0 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 or 0 (1 = leput pair is level)
 Y = 1 U..U = unused on this implementation

 Local I/O port output data register

 R2
 U
 U
 U
 X
 X
 X

 X = 1 or 0 (1 = output pin is high, 0 = output pin is low)
 U
 U
 U
 V
 X
 X
 X
 U..U = unused on this implementation

© 1997-2013 Designer Systems COMMS23.04.11 Revision 1.03 To read individual data and status registers a device write then read must be undertaken by the OOPic / I²C Master.

The write consists of a Start condition, device ID ('D' bit clear), register to start read and a Stop condition. This is followed by a read, which consists of a Start condition, device ID ('D' bit set), followed by data from the register specified and terminated with a Stop condition. The GPM also auto increments the register specified for every additional read requested by the Master I²C device, which allows more than one register to be read in one transaction. This allows for example Register 0 to Register 5, current UTC time, to be read in one transaction (see Figure 1.1 for I^2C read protocol). There are 112 individual registers that can be read within the GPM as follows

N₄ GPM Address 1. 1 1 0 1 XX = Address select pins 1 0 1 0 X X 1

N₂ N₁ N₀

N₃

 Hours tens register

 R0
 X
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H

 H..H
 Tens of hours (24 hour clock UTC time)
 H
 H
 H
 H
 X..X = not used

 Hours units register

 R1
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H

 H...H = Units of hours (24 hour clock UTC time)
 X..X = not used

N-N₆ Ne

 Minutes tens register

 R2
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M

 M..M = Tens of minutes (UTC time)
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M
 X...X = not used

 Minutes units register

 R3
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M

 M..M = Units of minutes (UTC time)
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M
 X..X = not used

 Seconds tens register

 R4
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S
 S

 S..S = Tens of seconds (UTC time)
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 X..X = not used

 Seconds units register

 R5
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S
 S

 S.S = Units of seconds (UTC time)
 X
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S
 S
 X...X = not used

 Day of month tens register

 R6
 X
 X
 X
 X
 D
 D

 D...D = Tens of day of month
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 X..X = not used

X..X = not used

 Month tens register

 R8
 X
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M

 M..M = Tens of months
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 X..X = not used

 Month units register

 R9
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M

 M..M = Units of months
 M
 M
 M
 M
 M
 X..X = not used

 Years thousands register

 R10
 X
 X
 X
 X
 Y
 Y

 Y...Y = Thousands of years
 X..X = not used

Years hundreds register

R11 X X X X Y Y Y Y Hundreds of years X...X = not used

Years tens register
 R12
 X
 X
 X
 Y
 Y
 Y

 Y..Y = Tens of years
 X
 X
 X
 Y
 Y
 Y

X..X = not used

Years units register R13 X X X X Y Y Y Y Y..Y = Units of years X X = not used

 Latitude degrees tens register

 R14
 X
 X
 X
 D
 D
 D
 D

 D. D
 Tens of degrees
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 X..X = not used

 Latitude degrees units register

 R15
 X
 X
 X
 D
 D
 D

 D..D
 = Units of degrees
 X..X = not used

Latitude minutes tens register R16 X X X M M M M M..M = Tens of minutes X..X = not used

 Latitude minutes units register

 R17
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M

 M..M = Units of minutes
 M
 M
 M
 M
 M
 X..X = not used

 Latitude minutes tenths register

 R18
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M

 M..M = Tenths of minutes
 X..X = not used

 Latitude minutes hundredths register

 R19
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M

 M..M = Hundredths of minutes
 X X = not used

 Latitude minutes thousandths register

 R20
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M

 M..M = Thousandths of minutes
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M
 X.X = not used

Latitude minutes ten thousandths registe R21 X X X M M M M M.M = Ten thousandths of minutes X.X = not used

 Latitude direction character

 R22
 X
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 <td X X = not used

 Longitude degrees hundreds register

 R23
 X
 X
 X
 X
 D
 D

 D..D = Hundreds of degrees
 D
 D
 D
 D
 X..X = not used

X..X = not used

 Longitude degrees units register

 R25
 X
 X
 X
 D
 D
 D

 D..D = Units of degrees X X = not used

 Longitude minutes tens register

 R26
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M

 M..M
 = Tens of minutes
 X..X = not used

 Longitude minutes units register

 R27
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M

 M..M = Units of minutes

 X..X = not used

 Longitude minutes tenths register

 R28
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M

 M..M = Tenths of minutes
 X X = not used

 Longitude minutes hundredths register

 R29
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M

 M..M = Hundredths of minutes

 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M
 M
 M

 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 <

X..X = not used

X..X = not used

 Longitude minutes ten thousandths register

 R31
 X
 X
 X
 M
 M
 M

 M..M = Ten thousandths of minutes

 X...X = not used

 Longitude direction character

 R32
 X
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 D
 <t X..X = not used

GPS quality indicator D...D = 0 - 2 (0 = No GrS, 1 = GrS, 2 = DGrS) X..X = not used Satellites in use tens register R34 X X X X X X S S S..S = Tens of satellites in use X..X = not used
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 X X = not used
 HDOP tens register

 R36
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H
 H

 H...H = Tens of HDOP
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 X..X = not used
 HDOP units register

 R37
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H
 H

 M..M = Units of HDOP

 X
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H< X..X = not used
 HDOP tenths register

 R38
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H
 H

 M..M = Tenths of HDOP
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H X X = not used
 Altitude metres thousands register

 R40
 X
 X
 X
 A
 A
 A
 A

 A...A = Thousands of metres
 X
 X
 X
 A
 A
 A
 A
 X..X = not used
 Altitude metres hundreds register

 R41
 X
 X
 X
 A
 A
 A
 A

 A...A = Hundreds of metres
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 X X = not used
 Altitude metres tens register

 R42
 X
 X
 X
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 <t X.X = not used
 Altitude metres units register

 R43
 X
 X
 X
 A
 A
 A

 A...A = Units of metres
 A
 A
 A
 A
 A
 X..X = not used
 Keading degrees (true North) hundreds register

 R44
 X
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H

 H..H = Hundreds of degrees
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 X X = not used
 Keading degrees (true North) tens register

 R45
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H
 H

 H...H = Tens of degrees
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H
 H
 X.X = not used
 Heading degrees (true North) units register

 R46
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H

 H...H = Units of degrees
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 X..X = not used
 Keading degrees (true North) tenths register

 R47
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H
 H

 H...H = Tenths of degrees
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 X..X = not used
 Keading degrees
 (Magnetic North) hundreds register

 R48
 X
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H

 H...H
 = Hundreds of degrees
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 X.X = not used
 Keading degrees (Magnetic North) tens register

 R49
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H
 H

 H...H = Tens of degrees
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 X..X = not used
 Keading degrees (Magnetic North) units register

 R50
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H
 H

 H...H = Units of degrees
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 X X = not used
 Keading degrees (Magnetic North) tenths register

 R51
 X
 X
 X
 H
 H
 H

 H...H = Tenths of degrees
 H
 H
 H
 H
 H
 X..X = not used
 Speed hundreds register

 R52
 X
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S

 S...S = Hundreds of kilometres per hour
 X..X = not used

 Speed tens register

 R53
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S
 S

 S..S = Tens of kilometres per hour

 X..X = not used

© 1997-2013 Designer Systems COMMS23.04.11 Revision 1.03

Speed units register R54 X X X X S S S S S..S = Units of kilometres per hour X..X = not used Speed tenths registe R55 X X X X S S S S S.,S = Tenths of kilometres per hou X..X = not used R56 X D D D D D D D D..D = ASCII character (A = Autonomous Mode, D = Differential Mode, E = Estimated (dead reckoning) Mode, M = Manual Input Mode, S = Simulated Mode, N - Data Not Valid Satellites in view tens register R57 X X X X S S S..S = Tens of satellites in view X..X = not used Satellites in view units register R58 X X X S S S S S.S = Units of satellites in view X.X = not used S S S S S S Satellite 1 ID number tens register R59 X X X X S S S.S = Tens of satellite ID number X X - not used Satellite 1 ID number units register R60 X X X S S S S S..S = Units of satellite ID number X.X = not used S S S S S S X X X L <thL</th> L <thL</th> <thL</th> X..X = not used Satellite 1 signal level units register R62 X X X L L L L L..L = Units of satellite signal level L L L L L L X X – not used Satellite 2 ID number tens register R63 X X X X S S S.S = Tens of satellite ID number X..X = not used Satellite 2 ID number units register R64 X X X X S S S S S..S = Units of satellite ID number X..X = not used Satellite 2 signal level tens register R65 X X X L L L L L.L = Tens of satellite signal level X..X = not used X < X X X L X..X = not used Satellite 3 ID number tens register R67 X X X X S S S..S = Tens of satellite ID number X.X = not used X X S S Satellite 3 ID number units register R68 X X X S S S S..S = Units of satellite ID number X X – not used X X = not used X X X L <thL</th> L <thL</th> <thL</th> X...X = not used Satellite 4 ID number tens register R71 X X X X S S S.S = Tens of satellite ID number X..X = not used X X S S

 Satellite 4 ID number units register

 R72
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S
 S

 S..S = Units of satellite ID number

 X.X = not used

 X
 X
 X
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 <thL</th>
 L
 <thL</th>
 <thL</th>
 X..X = not used

Satellite 4 signal level units register R74 X X X X L L L L L L X..X = not used
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S

 R75
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S

 S.S = Tens of satellite ID number
 ID numbe

X X = not used
 Satellite 5 ID number units register

 R76
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S

 S.S = Units of satellite ID number
 X.X = not used
 X.X = not

 X
 X
 X
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 <thL</th>
 L
 <thL</th>
 <thL</th>
 X..X = not used

 X
 X
 X
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 <thL</th>
 L
 <thL</th>
 <thL</th>
 X X = not used

 Satellite 6 ID number tens register

 R79
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S

 S.S = Tens of satellite ID number
 X.X = not used
 S
 S
 S

 Satellite 6 ID number units register

 R80
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S
 S

 S..S = Units of satellite ID number

 X.X = not used

 X
 X
 X
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 <thL</th>
 L
 <thL</th>
 <thL</th>
 X X = not used

 Satellite 6 signal level units register

 R82
 X
 X
 X
 L
 L
 L
 L

 L..L = Units of satellite signal level
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 X..X = not used

 Satellite 7 ID number tens register

 R83
 X
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S

 S..S = Tens of satellite ID number
 X X - not used

 Satellite 7 ID number units register

 R84
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S
 S

 S...S = Units of satellite ID number

 X X = not used

 X
 X
 X
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L

X..X = not used

 X
 X
 X
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 <thL</th>
 L
 <thL</th>
 <thL</th>
 X..X = not used

 Satellite 8 ID number tens register

 R87
 X
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S

 S...S = Tens of satellite ID number
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 X.X = not used

 Satellite 8 ID number units register

 R88
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S
 S
 S

 S.S = Units of satellite ID number
 X.X = not used
 X.X = not used
 X.X = not used
 X.X = not used
 X.X = not used

X.X = not used

 Satellite 8 signal level units register

 R90
 X
 X
 X
 L
 L
 L

 L...L = Units of satellite signal level
 V
 V
 V
 V
 V
 X X = not used

 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S

 S...S = Tens of satellite ID number
 ID number

X.X = not used

 Satellite 9 ID number units register

 R92
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S
 S

 S..S = Units of satellite ID number
 X..X = not used

 Satellite 9 signal level tens register

 R93
 X
 X
 X
 L
 L
 L
 L

 L..L = Tens of satellite signal level
 X
 X
 X
 L
 L
 L
 L

X X = not used

 X
 X
 X
 X
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L

X..X = not used

Satellite 10 ID number tens register R95 X X X X X X S S

0.0 Tens of satellite ID number X.X = not used

 X
 X
 X
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 X..X = not used

Satellite 10 signal level tens register X.X = not used

 Satellite 10 signal level units register

 R98
 X
 X
 X
 L
 L
 L

 Units of satellite signal leve X..X = not used

 Satellite 11 ID number tens register

 R99
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S

 S.S = Tens of satellite ID number
 X..X = not used

Satellite 11 ID number units register R100 X X X S S S S..S = Units of satellite ID number

X.X = not used

Satellite 11 signal level tens register R101 X X X L L L L..L = Tens of satellite signal level X..X = not used

X.X = not used

Satellite 12 ID number tens register
 R103
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 S
 S

 S..S = Tens of satellite ID number
 X..X = not used

 X
 X
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 S
 X..X = not used

 X
 X
 X
 X
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 L
 X..X = not used

Satellite 12 signal level units register R106 X X X L L L L..L = Units of satellite signal level X..X = not used

Local analogue input AN0 value R107 D D D D D D D D D D..D = 0 to 255 (Analogue input value for AN0 input) D = 0 if IO line is configured for a normal input

Local analogue input AN1 value R108 D D D D D D D D D

D..D = 0 to 255 (Analogue input value for AN1 input) D = 0 if IO line is configured for a normal input

Local analogue input AN2 value R109 D D D D D D

D..D = 0 to 255 (Analogue input value for AN2 input) D = 0 if IO line is configured for a normal input

Local analogue input AN3 value R110 D D D D D D D D D D.D = 0 to 255 (Analogue input value for AN3 input) D = 0 if IO line is configured for a normal input

Local I/O port input value R111 X X X X D D D D D

= 1 or 0 (1 = input pin is high, 0= input pin is low) D = 0 if IO line is configured for analogue input

DS-GPM S Status B A V V V R112 U U B A V V V V..V = Firmware version number 1-15 A = Position found bit (0 = Not found, 1 = Found)B = Motion bit (0 = Standstill, 1 = Moving)

Registers R0 to R106 may contain invalid data until satellite information has been gained and stored.

** Note: Analogue inputs can only be configured in pairs IO1&2 and IO3&4.

Register restoration...

All received data is formatted into decimal units (i.e. hundreds, tens & units) and stored in individual registers to facilitate either value or character restoration.

Value restoration can be undertaken by multiplying the required register by its multiplier e.g. to restore the value of register R0 'Hours tens' the register contents are multiplied by ten (10).

Character restoration, to allow the output to a PC via. RS232 or display of data on a LCD panel etc., can be undertaken by the addition of the constant value 48_{decimal}, 30_{hex}.

UTC Time format...

The standard GPS time coordinate system is called Universal Coordinated Time or UTC.

This time format replaced Greenwich Mean Time (GMT) in 1986 and is of the same value. Time zones relative to GMT should add or subtract a standard value to gain the correct time.

Example.

To read the complete time from registers 0 to 5 (Current time = 14:32:56, Device address = default) write:

'Point to register 0	
Byte 1 (GPM Adr)	11010000 _{binary}
Byte 2 (Set register)	$0_{decimal}, 00_{hex}$

'Read register 0 - 5 Byte 1 (GPM Adr) 11010001_{binary} Byte 2 Hours tens $1_{\text{decimal}}, 01_{\text{hex}}$ Byte 3 Hours units 4_{decimal}, 04_{hex} Byte 4 Minutes tens $3_{decimal}, 03_{hex}$ Byte 5 Minutes units 2_{decimal}, 02_{hex} Byte 6 Seconds tens 5_{decimal}, 05_{hex} Byte 7 Seconds units 6_{decimal}, 06_{hex}

Battery replacement

The DS-GPM.S backup battery needs replacing if the real time clock resets to the year 2006 or time to first fix is significantly long. The CR1220 type lithium battery can be replaced by removing the four screws in the base of the module, removing the cover, sliding out the old battery, sliding in a new battery [positive uppermost] and replacing the cover and screws. Please dispose of the exhausted battery responsibly.

See the website at

www.designersystems.co.uk for sample Arduino and Raspberry-PI applications.

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Notes
Supply Voltage (7-16V)	7	16	V	1
Supply Current	30	90	mA	4
I ² C speed	-	400	kHz	
I ² C pull-up resistance	-	4700	Ω	3
GPS positional accuracy	1	2.5	Metres	
GPS frequency band	-	1575.42	MHz	2
GPS channels	-	56		
ADC input voltage	0	Vcc	V	
ADC measurement cycle	-	100	mS	
IO line output voltage	0.3	Vcc-0.8V	V	
IO line output current	-	20	mA	
IO line input voltage	0	Vcc+0.3V	V	

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
Supply Voltage (7-16V)	-0.5	+18	V

Environmental

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
Operating Temperature	0	70	°C
Storage Temperature	-10	80	°C
Humidity	0	80	%
Dimensions	Length 56.25mm, Width 53.5mm, Height 20mm		
Weight	28g		
Immunity & emissions	See statement on page 11		

Notes:

1. Supply voltage is supply rail from Arduino board or any other 7-16V supply.

2. L1 frequency, C/A code (Standard Positioning Service)

3. Value given is to Vcc when activated with appropriate jumpers.

4. Maximum value is only during initial acquisition.

Figure 1.0 (I²C write protocol)



Multiple bytes may be written before the 'STOP' condition. Data is written into registers starting at 'REGISTER ADDRESS', then 'REGISTER ADDRESS' +1, then 'REGISTER ADDRESS' +2 etc.

Each byte transfer is acknowledged 'ACK' by the GPM until the 'STOP' condition.

Figure 1.1 (I²C read protocol)



'DATA BYTE 1 & 2' are register values returned from the GPM. Each byte written is acknowledged 'ACK' by the GPM, every byte read is acknowledged 'ACK' by the I^2C Master. A Not-acknowledge 'NACK' condition is generated by the I^2C Master when it has finished reading.

Figure 2.0 (Connection Schematic for Arduino UNO or Raspberry-Pi I²C communication)





Mechanical Specifications – Units millimetres



Revision History:

1.00 Release version

1.01 Release version (Updated IO registers and HDOP registers, added battery recycling statement)

1.02 Release version (Added UNO board)

1.03 Release version (Added Raspberry-PI information)



WEEE Consumer Notice

This product is subject to Directive 2002/96/EC of the European Parliament and the Council of the European Union on Waste of Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) and, in jurisdictions adopting that Directive, is marked as being put on the market after August 13, 2005, and should not be disposed of as unsorted municipal/public waste. Please utilise your local WEEE collection facilities in the disposition and

otherwise observe all applicable requirements. For further information on the requirements regarding the disposition of this product in other languages please visit www.designersystems.co.uk



RoHS Compliance

This product complies with Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and the Council of the European Union on the Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) which prohibits the use of various heavy metals (lead, mercury, cadmium, and hexavalent chromium), polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) and polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE).



Battery Recycling

The DS-GPM features an internal lithium coin cell that must be recycled at end of life. To access the cell remove the four (4) screws in the bottom of the product and lift off the plastic cover. Using the end of a paper clip, screw driver or other form of pointed tool slide the coin cell from its holder. To preserve natural resources, please recycle the battery properly.

Declaration of Conformity	Copyright © 1997-2010 by Designer Systems Ltd		
Apparatus name / model number DS-GPM.S	Manufacturer Designer Systems, 11 Castle Street, Truro, Cornwall		
Conformity via Generic Standard EN50081-1	TR1 3AF, United Kingdom		
Generic Standard EN50082-1	Description of apparatus Robotic interface peripheral		
Conformity criteria For use only within commercial, residential	and light industrial applications		
We certify that the apparatus identified above conforms to the	e requirements of Council Directive 2004/108/EC & 2006/95/EC		
Signed. Date 14/5/10			
Having made this declaration the CE mark is affixed to this product, its packaging, manual or warranty.			
The information appearing in this data sheet is believed to be accurate at the time of publication. However, Designer Systems assumes no responsibility arising from the use of the infor- mation supplied. The applications mentioned herein are used solely for the puppose of illustration and Designer Systems makes no warranty or representation that such applications will be suitable without further modification, nor recommends the use of its products for application that may present a risk to human life due to malfunction or otherwise. Designer Systems reserves the right to alter its products without prior notification.			