

Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006

Page 1 of 10

X33-12i LIQUID FLUX

sds no. : 182789 V004.2 Revision: 03.05.2012 printing date: 12.08.2013

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

X33-12i LIQUID FLUX **1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** Intended use: Liquid Flux

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ireland Operations and Research Limited Tallaght Business Park Dublin 24

Ireland

Phone:	+353 (14046444)
Fax-no.:	+353 (14519926)

ua-productsafety.uk@uk.henkel.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (DPD):

F - Highly flammable

R11 Highly flammable.

Xi - Irritant

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

2.2. Label elements

Label elements (DPD):

F - Highly flammable

Xi - Irritant





Risk phrases:

R11 Highly flammable.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Safety phrases:

S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

- S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
- S51 Use only in well-ventilated areas.

2.3. Other hazards

Fumes evolved at soldering temperatures will irritate the nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or repeated exposure to flux fumes may result in sensitisation in sensitive workers.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	EC Number REACH-Reg No.	content	Classification
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	200-661-7 01-2119457558-25	80- 100 %	Flammable liquids 2 H225 Serious eye irritation 2 H319 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure 3 H336

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

Declaration of ingredients according to DPD (EC) No 1999/45:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	EC Number REACH-Reg No.	content	Classification
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	200-661-7 01-2119457558-25	80 - 100 %	Xi - Irritant; R36 F - Highly flammable; R11 R67
Dimethyl succinate 106-65-0	203-419-9	1 - 5 %	Xi - Irritant; R36

For full text of the R-Phrases indicated by codes see section 16 'Other Information'. Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact:

Rinse with running water and soap. Seek medical advice.

Eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical advice.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed See section: Description of first aid measures

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Carbon dioxide. Alcohol-resistant foam. Dry powder.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Can form explosive gas/air mixtures. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove all sources of ignition. For small spills wipe up with paper towel and place in container for disposal. For large spills absorb onto inert absorbent material and place in sealed container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in chapter 8

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Keep away from sources of ignition - no smoking. Avoid skin and eye contact. See advice in chapter 8 Take measures to prevent the build-up of electrostatic charges.

Hygiene measures:

Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed. Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ensure good ventilation/extraction. Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Liquid Flux

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient	ppm	mg/m ³	Туре	Category	Remarks
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0	500		Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		EH40 WEL
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0	400	999	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL

Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):

Name on list	Environmental Compartment	Value				Remarks	
			mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	aqua (freshwater)		140,9 mg/l				
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	aqua (marine water)		140,9 mg/l				
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	sediment (freshwater)				552 mg/kg		
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	sediment (marine water)				552 mg/kg		
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	soil				28 mg/kg		

Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	worker	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		888 mg/kg	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	worker	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		500 mg/m3	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	general population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		319 mg/kg	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	general population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		89 mg/m3	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	general population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		26 mg/kg	

8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls:

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Extraction is necessary to remove fumes evolved during reflow.

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation. An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly

ventilated area

Filter type: A

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing.

Skin protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

colourless alcohol-like

liquid

Odor

pН Initial boiling point Flash point Decomposition temperature Vapour pressure Density 0 Bulk density Viscosity Viscosity (kinematic) Explosive properties Solubility (qualitative) Solubility (qualitative) (Solvent: Water) Solidification temperature Melting point Melting point Flammability Auto-ignition temperature Explosive limits lower upper Explosive limits lower upper

Not determined 82,0 °C (179.6 °F) 14,00 °C (57.2 °F) No data available / Not applicable 66,0000000 mbar 0,8090 g/cm3

No data available / Not applicable Soluble Soluble

No data available / Not applicable Not determined No data available / Not applicable 399,0 °C (750.2 °F)

2 %(V) 12,7 %(V)

2,00 %(V) 12,00 %(V) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Evaporation rate Vapor density Oxidising properties Not determined No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable

9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Dissolves aluminium and zinc slowly with formation of hydrogen. Reacts with strong oxidants.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None if used properly.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

General toxicological information:

The preparation is classified based on the conventional method outlined in Article 6(1)(a) of Directive 1999/45/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

Oral toxicity:

May cause irritation to the digestive tract. Ingestion of large quantities may cause liver or kidney damage.

Inhalative toxicity:

Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Fumes evolved at soldering temperatures will irritate the nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or repeated exposure to flux fumes may result in sensitisation in sensitive workers.

Skin irritation:

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

Eye irritation:

Irritating to eyes. Liquid may cause conjunctival irritation.

Acute toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Propan-2-ol	LD50	5.338 mg/kg	oral		rat	
67-63-0	LC50	72,6 mg/l	inhalation	4 h	rat	
	LD50	12.870 mg/kg	dermal		rabbit	

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	slightly irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
Dimethyl succinate 106-65-0	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Serious eye damage/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	moderately irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Dimethyl succinate 106-65-0	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	not sensitising	Buehler test	guinea pig	

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Propan-2-ol	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		
67-63-0		mutation assay (e.g			
		Ames test)			

Repeated dose toxicity

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	NOAEL=1500	inhalation	13 weeks 6 hours/day, 5 days/week	mouse	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General ecological information:

The preparation is classified based on the conventional method outlined in Article 6(1)(a) of Directive 1999/45/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

Ecotoxicity:

May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Mobility:

The product evaporates readily.

Persistence and degradability:

Degradation of surfactants

The product does not contain surface-active substances as defined in the EU Detergent Regulation (EC/648/2004).

Bioaccumulative potential:

Octanol/Water distribution coefficient: Not determined

12.1. Toxicity

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Acute Toxicity Study	Exposure time	Species	Method
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	LC50	9.640 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	EC50	13.299 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	EC50	> 1.000 mg/l	Algae	96 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Dimethyl succinate 106-65-0	LC50	50 - 100 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Brachydanio rerio (new name: Danio rerio)	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Degradability	Method
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	readily biodegradable	aerobic		OECD Guideline 301 E (Ready biodegradability: Modified OECD Screening Test)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential / 12.4. Mobility in soil

Hazardous components CAS-No.	LogKow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Species	Temperature	Method
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	0,05					OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n- octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)
Dimethyl succinate 106-65-0	0,35					

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and national regulations. Incineration under controlled conditions is recommended.

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

Dispose of as unused product.

Waste code

14 06 03 - other solvents and solvent mixtures

SECTION 14: Transport information

Road transport ADR:

Class:	3
Packaging group:	II
Classification code:	F1
Hazard ident. number:	33
UN no.:	1219
Label:	3
Technical name:	ISOPROPANOL (solution)
Tunnelcode:	(D/E)

Railroad transport RID:

Class: Packaging group: Classification code: Hazard ident. number: UN no.: Label: Technical name: Tunnelcode:	3 II F1 33 1219 3 ISOPROPANOL (solution)
Inland water transport ADN:	
Class: Packaging group: Classification code: Hazard ident. number: UN no.: Label: Technical name:	3 II F1 1219 3 ISOPROPANOL (solution)
Marine transport IMDG:	
Class: Packaging group: UN no.: Label: EmS: Seawater pollutant: Proper shipping name:	3 II 1219 3 F-E ,S-D - ISOPROPANOL (solution)
Air transport IATA:	
Class: Packaging group: Packaging instructions (passenger) Packaging instructions (cargo) UN no.: Label: Proper shipping name:	3 II 353 364 1219 3 Isopropanol (solution)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture VOC content 80,00 - 90,00 %

National regulations/information (Great Britain):

Remarks

The Health & Safety at Work Act 1974. The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations. L5:General Approved Code of Practice to the COSHH Regulations. HS(G)97:A Step by Step Guide to the COSHH Regulations. HS(G)193:COSHH essentials: Easy steps to control chemicals. HS(G)51:The Storage of Highly Flammable Liquids in Containers. HS(G)140:The Safe Use and Handling of Highly Flammable Liquids EH9:The Spraying of Highly Flammable Liquids.

SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

R11 Highly flammable.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Further information:

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

This safety data sheet was prepared in accordance with Council Directive 67/548/EEC and it's subsequent amendments, and Commission Directive 1999/45/EC.