

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET / SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION I – PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION					
Product Description	9V Lithium Manganese Dioxide Batteries (Lectro Style)				
Product Identification					
Manufacturer	Ultralife Corporation	24 Hour	ChemTrec		
Name/Address	2000 Technology Parkway	Emergency	800-424-9300 (US)		
	Newark, NY 14513	Contact	703-527-3887 (International)		
Technical Contact	800-332-5000	Issue Date	03 NOV 99		
Prepared By	John Diggory	Revision Date:	07 DEC 11		

Section II - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION				
Hazard	This Ultralife battery product meets the definition of an article. Under the			
Classification	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals			
	(GHS), "Articles" as defined in the Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR			
	1910.1200) of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the United			
	States of America, or by similar definition, are outside the scope of the system.			
	[Rev. 2 (2007) Part 1.3.2.1.1]			
Hazard/Caution	Do not open or disassemble.			
Statements	Do not expose to fire or open flame.			
	Do not mix with batteries of varying sizes, chemistries or types.			
	• Do not puncture, deform, incinerate or heat above 85°C (194 °F).			
The materials con	The materials contained in this product may only represent a hazard if the integrity of the			
cell or battery is compromised; physically or electrically abused.				

SECTION III - COMPOSITION - INGREDIENTS/IDENTITY INFORMATION

Under normal use conditions, cells and batteries do not emit hazardous or regulated substances. CAS Number Component EINECS Number % by Wt. Manganese Dioxide, MnO₂ 1313-13-9 215-202-6 35-40 1-4 Lithium Metal, Li 7439-93-2 231-102-5 Propylene Carbonate, $C_4H_6O_3$ 108-32-7 203-572-1 8-10 1,3 Dioxolane, C₃H₆O₂ 646-06-0 211-463-5 5-9 Lithium Hexafluoroarsenate, LiAsF₆ 29935-35-1 249-963-0 1-4 Depending on product configuration, components used to assemble battery packs (e.g. housings, electronic components and wiring) may contain additional hazardous materials.

ANY PHOTOCOPY MUST BE OF THIS ENTIRE DOCUMENT

SECTION IV	- FIRST AID MEASURES
Inhalation	 Avoid inhaling any vented gases. Beneve to fresh cir immediately.
IIIIalation	Remove to fresh air immediately.If breathing is difficult, seek emergency medical attention.
Ingestion	Consult a physician or local poison control center immediately
Skin Contact	• Exposure to materials from a ruptured or otherwise damaged cell or battery may cause skin irritation.
	Flush immediately with water and wash affected area with soap and water.
Eye Contact	• Exposure to materials from a ruptured or otherwise damaged cell or battery may cause eye irritation.
	 Flush immediately with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes; consult a physician immediately.

SECTION V	- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES
Extinguishing	Copious amounts of cold water or water-based foam may be used to cool burning
Media	cells or batteries. Do not use warm or hot water.
	• A carbon dioxide (CO ₂) extinguisher is also effective.
	• For fires involving exposed, raw lithium metal (characterized by deep red flames),
	use only metal (Class D) fire extinguishers.
Special Fire	Use a positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) if cells or
Fighting	batteries are involved in a fire.
Procedures	Full fire fighting protective clothing is necessary.
	During water application, caution is advised as burning pieces of flammable
	particles may be ejected from the fire.
Unusual Fire	Colle or betteries that are demograd, around ar exposed to executive best/fire may
and Explosion	Cells or batteries that are damaged, opened or exposed to excessive heat/fire may
Hazard	flame or leak potentially hazardous organic vapors.

SECTION VI - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- In the event a cell or battery is crushed; releasing its contents, rubber gloves must be used to handle all battery components.
- Avoid inhalation of any vapors that may be emitted.
- Damaged batteries that are not hot or burning should be placed in a sealed plastic bag or container.

ANY PHOTOCOPY MUST BE OF THIS ENTIRE DOCUMENT

SECTION VII -	HANDLING AND STORAGE
Precautions for Safe Handling	 Batteries are not designed to be recharged. Charging a primary cell or battery may result in electrolyte leakage and/or cause the cell or battery to flame. Never disassemble a battery or bypass any safety device. More than a momentary short circuit will generally reduce the battery service life. Batteries with fuses will no longer be functional after being shorted. Extended short-circuiting creates high temperatures in the cell. High temperatures can cause burns in skin or cause the cell to flame. Avoid reversing battery polarity within the battery assembly. To do so may
	cause cell to flame or to leak.
Conditions for Safe Storage and Incompatibility	 Batteries should be separated from other materials and stored in a non-combustible, well ventilated structure with sufficient clearance between walls and battery stacks. Do not place batteries near heating equipment, nor expose to direct sunlight for long periods. Do not store batteries above 60°C (140°F) or below -40°C (-40°F). Store batteries in a cool (below 25°C (77°F), dry area that is subject to little temperature change. Elevated temperatures can result in reduced battery service life. Battery exposure to temperatures in excess of 130°C (266°F) will result in the battery venting flammable liquid and gases. Do not store batteries in a manner that allows terminals to short circuit.

SECTION VIII:	SECTION VIII: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION				
Engineering	• Under conditions of normal use, batteries do not emit hazardous or regulated				
Controls and	substances.				
Work Practices	No engineering controls are required for handling batteries that have not been				
	damaged.				
Personal	Personal protective equipment for damaged batteries should include chemical				
Protective	resistant gloves and safety glasses.				
Equipment	• In the event of a fire, SCBA should be worn along with thermally protective outer				
	garments.				

ANY PHOTOCOPY MUST BE OF THIS ENTIRE DOCUMENT



SECTION IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES					
Appearance	Rectangular pack	UEL/LEL	Not Applicable		
Odor	None	Vapor Pressure	Not Applicable		
Odor Threshhold	Not Applicable	Vapor Density	Not Applicable		
рН	Not Applicable	Relative Density	Not Available		
Melting Point	Not Available	Solubility	Not Applicable		
Boiling Point	Not Available	Partition Coefficient	Not Applicable		
Flash Point	Not Applicable	Auto-ignition Temperature	Not Available		
Evaporation Rate	Not Applicable	Decomposition Temperature	Not Available		
Flammability	Not Applicable	Viscosity	Not Applicable		

SECTION X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY				
Stability	Stable	Stable Hazardous Polymerization Will Not G		
Conditions to Avoid It is not recommended that this product		ommended that this product be	stored above 85°C (194°F).	
Hazardous Decomposition Carbon Monoxide (CO), Hydrogen Fluoride (HF) and other VOC's		(HF) and other VOC's		

SECTION XI – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- No toxicological impacts are expected under normal use conditions.
- The electrolytes contained in this cell or battery can irritate eyes with any contact.
- Prolonged contact of electrolytes with lung tissue, skin or mucous membranes may cause irritation.
- The electrolytes contained in this cell or battery contain inorganic arsenic compounds. Detailed information regarding sensitization, carcinogenicity, mutagenicity or reproductive toxicity related to internal cell or battery components has not been included in this document.

Carcinogen References

National Toxicology Program (NTP): No

IARC Monographs: No

OSHA: See 29 CFR 1910.1018 - Inorganic Arsenic

California Proposition 65 Warning

Electrolytes contained in this cell or battery contain inorganic arsenic compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

SECTION XII – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- No ecological impacts expected under normal use conditions.
- The electrolytes contained in this cell or battery contain inorganic arsenic compounds which are very toxic to aquatic organisms; may cause long-term damage in the environment.
- Detailed information regarding the ecological impact of internal cell or battery components has not been included in this document.

ANY PHOTOCOPY MUST BE OF THIS ENTIRE DOCUMENT

MSDS001 Rev.: <u>R</u> Date: <u>07 DEC 11</u>



SECTION XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Do not dispose in fire. Battery disposal regulations vary on national, state/provincial and local bases. **Disposal must be conducted in accordance with the applicable regulations.**

These batteries contain recyclable materials and recycling is encouraged over disposal.

SECTION XIV. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Ultralife's lithium metal primary cells and batteries and lithium-ion cells and batteries are classified and regulated as Class 9 dangerous goods (also known as "hazardous materials" in the United States) by the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO), International Air Transport Association (IATA), International Maritime Organization (IMO) and many government agencies such as the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT). These organizations and agencies publish regulations that contain detailed packaging, marking, labeling, documentation, and training requirements that must be followed when offering (shipping) Ultralife's cells and batteries for transportation. However, small cells and batteries are not subject to certain provisions of the regulations (e.g. Class 9 labeling and UN specification packaging) if they meet specific requirements. The regulations are based on the UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations and the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria. These regulations also apply to shipments of cells and batteries that are packed with or contained in equipment. Failure to comply with these regulations can result in substantial civil or criminal penalties.

The dangerous goods regulations require that each cell and battery design be subject to tests contained in Section 38.3 of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria prior to being offered for transport..

Approved, production level cells and batteries manufactured and assembled by Ultralife have been tested to Section 38.3 of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria and passed T1 through T8.

Batteries or battery packs constructed by other parties using Ultralife's cells must be subjected to the tests contained in Section 38.3 of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria.

Important Note Regarding Prototype Cells and Batteries

Ultralife is permitted to ship prototype cells and batteries as Class 9 hazardous materials/dangerous goods in accordance with the requirements contained in Competent Authority Approval #CA2003030003; provided by the USDOT Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA). Recipients of these prototype cell and battery shipments are prohibited from reshipping unless they have obtained a similar Competent Authority approval.

For more detailed information, refer to the Transportation Regulations Page on Ultralife's website: http://www.ultralifebatteries.com/engineers.php?ID=137

ANY PHOTOCOPY MUST BE OF THIS ENTIRE DOCUMENT

MSDS001 Rev.: <u>R</u> Date: <u>07 DEC 11</u>



SECTION XIV. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION (continued)

Air, Sea and Surface Classification	UN 3090, Lithium metal batteries
	UN 3091, Lithium metal batteries, contained in equipment
	UN 3091, Lithium metal batteries, packed with equipment

These cells and batteries must be identified as above on the Bill of Lading (or other shipping documentation) and properly packaged with their terminals protected from short circuit.

Air shipments of lithium metal cells and batteries must be packed and marked according to IATA/ICAO Packing Instruction 968 (batteries only); 969 (with equipment) or 970 (contained in equipment).

Sea shipments of lithium metal cells and batteries must be packed and marked according to IMDG Packing Instruction P903.

Hazard Class	9	Packing Group	=	Tunnel Code	E
Stowage Location	А	Marine Pollutant	No		

SECTIO	ON XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION	
	Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)	Article
	CERCLA SECTION 304 Hazardous Substances	NA
	EPCRA SECTION 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance	NA
US	EPCRA SECTION 313 Toxic Release Inventory	Yes
	EPCRA SECTION 312	NA
	Components Listed on US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
EU	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)	Article
	European RoHS2 Directive 2011/65/EU	Not Applicable
	European WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC	
	Note: Applies to cells and batteries incorporated into electrical and electronic	See Note
	equipment, when that equipment becomes waste.	

SECTION XVI. OTHER INFORMATION

If returning product to any division of Ultralife, consult the relevant regulations regarding handling, packaging, labeling and transportation.

Disclaimer

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Users should consider this data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of the suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of employees and customers.

ANY PHOTOCOPY MUST BE OF THIS ENTIRE DOCUMENT

MSDS001 Rev.: <u>R</u> Date: <u>07 DEC 11</u>

Page 6 of 6