

Page: 1 of 8

Version: 1.3 Revision Date: 2011/02/24

DOW CORNING(R) SE 4422

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Dow Corning Corporation

South Saginaw Road

Customer Service: (989) 496-5900

Midland, Michigan 48686

Product Disposal Information: (989) 496-6315

roduct Disposal Information: (989) 496-6315 CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

MSDS No.: 02507544 Revision Date: 2011/02/24

Generic Description: Silicone Sealant Physical Form: Viscous Liquid

Color: Gray Odor: Slight odor

NFPA Profile: Health 1 Flammability 1 Instability/Reactivity 0

Note: NFPA = National Fire Protection Association

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Acute Effects

Eye: Direct contact may cause mild irritation.

Skin: No significant irritation expected from a single short-term exposure.

Inhalation: Irritates respiratory passages very slightly.

Oral: Low ingestion hazard in normal use.

Prolonged/Repeated Exposure Effects

Skin: Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Inhalation: Inhalation overexposure may aggravate pre-existing lung disorders.

Oral: No known applicable information.

Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure

No known applicable information.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

No known applicable information.



Page: 2 of 8 Version: 1.3

Revision Date: 2011/02/24

DOW CORNING(R) SE 4422

The above listed potential effects of overexposure are based on actual data, results of studies performed upon similar compositions, component data and/or expert review of the product. Please refer to Section 11 for the detailed toxicology information.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

None present. This is not a hazardous material as defined in the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye: Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes

while holding the eyelid(s) open. Obtain medical attention.

Skin: No health effects expected. If irritation does occur flush with lukewarm, gently flowing water

for 5 minutes. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.

Inhalation: Remove from the source of contamination or move to fresh air. If irritation persists, obtain

medical advice.

Oral: If irritation or discomfort occur, obtain medical advice.

Notes to Physician: Treat according to person's condition and specifics of exposure.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: $> 212 \,^{\circ}\text{F} / > 100 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (Closed Cup)}$

284 °F / 140 °C (Cleveland Open Cup)

Autoignition Temperature: Not determined.

Flammability Limits in Air: Not determined.

Extinguishing Media: On large fires use dry chemical, foam or water spray. On small fires use carbon dioxide

(CO2), dry chemical or water spray. Water can be used to cool fire exposed containers.

Fire Fighting Measures: Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing should be worn in fighting large

fires involving chemicals. Determine the need to evacuate or isolate the area according to

your local emergency plan. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool.

Unusual Fire Hazards: None.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES



Page: 3 of 8 Version: 1.3

Revision Date: 2011/02/24

DOW CORNING(R) SE 4422

Containment/Clean up: Determine whether to evacuate or isolate the area according to your local emergency plan.

Observe all personal protection equipment recommendations described in Sections 5 and 8. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbant. Clean area as appropriate since spilled materials, even in small quantities, may present a slip hazard. Final cleaning may require use of steam, solvents or detergents. Dispose of saturated absorbant or cleaning materials appropriately, since spontaneous heating may occur. Local, state and federal laws and regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which federal, state and local laws and regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this MSDS provide information regarding certain federal and state requirements.

Note: See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment for Spills. Call (989) 496-5900, if additional information is required.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Use with adequate ventilation. Product evolves flammable methyl alcohol when exposed to water or humid air. Provide ventilation during use to control exposure within Section 8 guidelines or use air-supplied or self-contained breathing apparatus. Avoid eye contact. Avoid skin contact. Avoid breathing vapor, mist, dust, or fumes. Keep container closed.

Keep container closed and store away from water or moisture.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Component Exposure Limits

Methyl alcohol forms on contact with water or humid air. Provide adequate ventilation to control exposures within guidelines of OSHA PEL: TWA 200 ppm and ACGIH TLV-skin: TWA 200 ppm, STEL 250 ppm.

Engineering Controls

Local Ventilation: Recommended. General Ventilation: Recommended.

Personal Protective Equipment for Routine Handling

Eyes: Use chemical worker's goggles.

Skin: Washing at mealtime and end of shift is adequate.



Page: 4 of 8 Version: 1.3

Revision Date: 2011/02/24

DOW CORNING(R) SE 4422

Suitable Gloves: Avoid skin contact by implementing good industrial hygiene practices and procedures. Select

and use gloves and/or protective clothing to further minimize the potential for skin contact. Consult with your glove and/or personnel protective equipment manufacturer for selection of

appropriate compatible materials.

Inhalation: Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure

assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. IH

personnel can assist in judging the adequacy of existing engineering controls.

Suitable Respirator: General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below

recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29

CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators.

Personal Protective Equipment for Spills

Eyes: Use full face respirator.

Skin: Washing at mealtime and end of shift is adequate.

Inhalation/Suitable

Respirator:

Respiratory protection recommended. Follow OSHA Respirator Regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MHSA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate

protection.

Precautionary Measures: Avoid eye contact. Avoid skin contact. Avoid breathing vapor, mist, dust, or fumes. Keep

container closed. Use reasonable care.

Comments: Product evolves flammable methyl alcohol when exposed to water or humid air. Provide

ventilation during use to control exposure within Section 8 guidelines or use air-supplied or

self-contained breathing apparatus.

When heated to temperatures above 150°C (300°F) in the presence of air, product can form formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential cancer hazard and a known skin and respiratory sensitizer. Vapors irritate eyes, nose, and throat. Safe handling conditions may be maintained by keeping vapor conditions within the OSHA permissible exposure limit for

formaldehyde.

Note: These precautions are for room temperature handling. Use at elevated temperature or aerosol/spray applications may require added precautions. For further information regarding aerosol inhalation toxicity, please refer to the guidance document regarding the use of silicone-based materials in aerosol applications that has been developed by the silicone industry (www.SEHSC.com) or contact the Dow Corning customer service group.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Form: Viscous Liquid



Page: 5 of 8 Version: 1.3

Revision Date: 2011/02/24

DOW CORNING(R) SE 4422

Color: Gray

Odor: Slight odor

Specific Gravity @ 25°C: 2.15

Viscosity: 500 Poise

Freezing/Melting Point: Not determined.

Boiling Point: > 100 °C

Vapor Pressure @ 25°C: Not determined.

Vapor Density: Not determined. Solubility in Water: Not determined.

pH: Not determined.

Volatile Content: Not determined.

Flash Point: > 212 °F / > 100 °C (Closed Cup)284 °F / 140 °C (Cleveland Open Cup)

Autoignition Temperature: Not determined. Flammability Limits in Air: Not determined.

Note: The above information is not intended for use in preparing product specifications. Contact Dow Corning before writing

specifications.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable.

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

Polymerization:

Conditions to Avoid: None.

Materials to Avoid: Oxidizing material can cause a reaction. Water, moisture, or humid air can cause hazardous

vapors to form as described in Section 8.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal breakdown of this product during fire or very high heat conditions may evolve the following decomposition products: Carbon oxides and traces of incompletely burned carbon compounds. Silicon dioxide. Metal oxides. Formaldehyde.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Toxicology Information

This material may liberate methanol upon exposure to moisture or humid air. Overexposure to methanol can result in blindness and nervous system effects.

Special Hazard Information on Components



Page: 6 of 8 Version: 1.3

Revision Date: 2011/02/24

DOW CORNING(R) SE 4422

No known applicable information.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Fate and Distribution

Complete information is not yet available.

Environmental Effects

Complete information is not yet available.

Fate and Effects in Waste Water Treatment Plants

Complete information is not yet available.

Ecotoxicity Classification Criteria

Hazard Parameters (LC50 or EC50)	High	Medium	Low
Acute Aquatic Toxicity (mg/L)	<=1	>1 and <=100	>100
Acute Terrestrial Toxicity	<=100	>100 and <= 2000	>2000

This table is adapted from "Environmental Toxicology and Risk Assessment", ASTM STP 1179, p.34, 1993.

This table can be used to classify the ecotoxicity of this product when ecotoxicity data is listed above. Please read the other information presented in the section concerning the overall ecological safety of this material.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

RCRA Hazard Class (40 CFR 261)

When a decision is made to discard this material, as received, is it classified as a hazardous waste? No

State or local laws may impose additional regulatory requirements regarding disposal. Call (989) 496-6315, if additional information is required.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Road Shipment Information (49 CFR 172.101)

Not subject to DOT.

Ocean Shipment (IMDG)

Not subject to IMDG code.

Air Shipment (IATA)



Page: 7 of 8 Version: 1.3

Revision Date: 2011/02/24

DOW CORNING(R) SE 4422

Not subject to IATA regulations.

Call Dow Corning Transportation, (989) 496-8577, if additional information is required.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Contents of this MSDS comply with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Status: All chemical substances in this material are included on or exempted from listing on the TSCA

Inventory of Chemical Substances.

EPA SARA Title III Chemical Listings

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 355):

None.

Section 304 CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302):

None.

Section 311/312 Hazard Class (40 CFR 370):

Acute: No Chronic: No Fire: No Pressure: No Reactive: No

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372):

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Note: Chemicals are listed under the 313 Toxic Chemicals section only if they meet or exceed a reporting threshold.

Supplemental State Compliance Information

California

Warning: This product contains the following chemical(s) listed by the State of California under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65) as being known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

None known.

Massachusetts

No ingredient regulated by MA Right-to-Know Law present.

New Jersey



Page: 8 of 8 Version: 1.3

Revision Date: 2011/02/24

DOW CORNING(R) SE 4422

CAS Number	<u>Wt %</u>	Component Name
None	70.0 - 90.0	Treated aluminum oxide
68037-58-1	15.0 - 35.0	Dimethyl siloxane, methyldimethoxy-terminated
1333-86-4	<1.0	Carbon black
Pennsylvania		
CAS Number	<u>Wt %</u>	Component Name
None	70.0 - 90.0	Treated aluminum oxide
68037-58-1	15.0 - 35.0	Dimethyl siloxane, methyldimethoxy-terminated

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: Dow Corning Corporation

These data are offered in good faith as typical values and not as product specifications. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate.

(R) indicates Registered Trademark