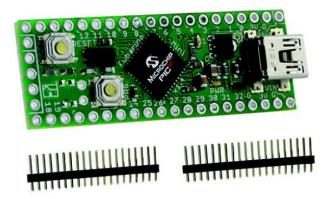
chipKIT Fubarino Mini Development Board

Part Number. TCHIP011





The Fubarino® Mini is a prototyping-friendly platform for developing Arduino compatible 32-bit applications. Compact size (5.1 cm x 1.9 cm) and low cost allow the Mini to fit almost anywhere. (It's actually much smaller than a stick of gum!) Includes a USB bootloader that works with the chipKIT/MPIDE platform. Connect directly to your application using solder pads, or add the male expansion headers and plug into a breadboard.

- PIC32MX250F128D-50I/ML microcontroller, which includes 128KB Flash and 32K RAM
- MPIDE (Multi Platform IDE a fork of the Arduino IDE) supports Fubarino Mini board out of the box
- Max 33 I/O pins (normally 27)
- Pads for 32 KHz crystal
- CPU runs at 48MHz
- Comes with headers (not installed) for easy mounting on a breadboard
- USB connector for power, programming, and connection to PC (serial, mass storage, etc.)
- Two buttons: RESET for resetting the board, and PRG for getting into bootloader mode and user application use
- USB bootloader pre-programmed at the factory no other hardware needed to program board
- Separate ICSP connector for hardware programming/debugging with PICKit3 or other ICSP programmer (not needed for use with MPIDE environment)
- USB cable included

Fubarino™ Mini Reference Manual

Last Revision: April 7th, 2014

Introduction:

The Fubarino™ Mini is a small microcontroller board that uses a powerful PIC32 microcontroller. It is chipKIT™/MPIDE compatible and can run the same sketches that run on an Arduino™. It is designed to have all I/O pins on either side of the board in a traditional DIP pattern so that it can easily be plugged into a breadboard. It has a USB connector for power, programming, and a connection to a PC.

Features:

- PIC32MX250F128D-50I/ML microcontroller, which includes 128KB Flash and 32K RAM
- Supported as development target from within MPIDE
- Max 33 I/O pins (normally 27)
- Pads for 32 KHz crystal
- CPU runs at 48MHz
- USB connector for power, programming, and connection to PC (serial, mass storage, etc.)
- Two buttons: RESET for resetting the board, and PRG for getting into bootloader mode and user application use
- USB bootloader pre-programmed at the factory no other hardware needed to program board\
- Separate ICSP connector for hardware programming/debugging with PICKit3 or other ICSP programmer (not needed for use with MPIDE environment)

Fubarino Mini v1.5 pins **GPIO** Analog In I2C PPS mini B USB Vin Vout GND GND 3.3V 3.3V N.A 32 Power LED - Red User LED - Green (pin 1) 29 5 26 PIC32 Microcontroller 25 24 23 Program Button (pin 16) 22

PPS = Peripheral Pin Select
This includes SPI/UART/INT/OC/PWM/etc.
Note that each periperhal can not be mapped to any PPS pin, but only 8 of the possible 31.

ICSP Connection

21

20 19

18

 Default configuration uses these pins (for USB, crystal, PRG button, etc.) and they are not available for general purpose GPIO unless the confugration is changed.

Figure 1 : Fubarino™ Mini Pin Map

13

15

Entering Bootloader Mode

Reset Button

To enter bootloader mode (also called programming mode) simply press the PRG button while pressing and releasing the RESET button. As long as the PRG button is held down when the RESET button is released, the bootloader will start waiting for a new program to be downloaded over USB. It will wait indefinitely.

The bootloader on the Fubarino™ Mini implements the avrdude STK500 v2 protocol, just like the other chipKIT™/MPIDE boards. For Windows users, you may need to install the drivers\Stk500v2.ini file so that the Fubarino™ Mini is recognized by the PC. Mac and Linux users do not have to install any drivers.

Programming in MPIDE

To program the Fubarino Mini board from within MPIDE, simply download the <u>latest MPIDE version</u>, http://bit.ly/getmpide, unzip and run it, and select "Fubarino Mini" from the Tools->Boards->Fubarino

menu. Then, put the Fubarino Mini into bootloader mode (see above), and then select the proper serial port in the Tools->Serial Port menu.

After you enter your sketch and click the Upload button, MPIDE will compile your sketch and upload it to the Fubarino Mini. After the upload is complete, the Fubarino Mini will automatically reset and immediately begin running your sketch code. This includes sending information to the USB serial, UART1, and UART2.

Serial communications

The Fubarino Mini board has two hardware serial ports: UART1 on pins 17 (TX) and 18 (RX), and UART2 on pins 26 (TX) and 25 (RX). It also has a USB serial port that operates as the default serial port. See the Code Examples wiki page on the Fubarino Mini website for example sketch code on how to uses the three serial ports. Note that UART1 and UART2 can be configured (using PPS) to appear on multiple different I/O pins – the pins listed below are simply the defaults that are applied at boot.

- USB serial init: Serial.begin()
- UART1 pins 17 (TX), 18 (RX): Serial0.begin()
- UART2 pins 26 (TX), 25 (RX): Serial1.begin()

Power

The Fubarino Mini can be powered in a number of different ways.

- 1. USB: When 5V is present on the USB connector (from a PC or a powered hub for example), the Fubarino Mini will use this power source. This power source has a reverse protection diode connection to the 3.3V regulator. If both USB and Vin are powered, whichever is higher will end up providing the power to the regulator.
- 2. Vin pin: You can also place 2.8V to 13.2V on the Vin pin to power it from an external power source. This power source has a reverse protection diode connection to the 3.3V regulator. If both USB and Vin are powered, whichever is higher in voltage will power the device.
- 3. 3.3V pin(s): You can power the Fubarino Mini by connecting a 3.3V source to either 3.3V pin. You must be careful not to exceed 3.6V on these pins or the PIC32 will be destroyed.

Fubarino Mini Versions

Fubarino Mini versions 1.0 to 1.3 were not produced in any number and were not widely distributed.

Fubarino Mini version 1.4 made its way into several users' hands, and is functionally identical to version 1.5 except that it uses a 40MHz rated PIC32 part and only runs at 40MHz. Thus the bootloader is slightly different, and the "Fubarino Mini (dev)" board should be chosen in the MPIDE Boards->Fubarino menu.

Fubarino Mini v1.5 was the first version Microchip built, and uses a 50MHz rated PIC32 part. Its internal clock speed is set to 48MHz, and thus uses a slightly different bootloader than the v1.4 and earlier

boards. Make sure to select "Fubarino Mini" from the MPIDE Boards->Fubarino menu for version 1.5 boards.

Peripheral Pin Select

The PIC32MX250 part used on Fubarino Mini has a Peripheral Pin Select function for almost all of its I/O pins. When writing sketches for the Fubarino Mini, you must remember to connect an internal peripheral (like SPI or UART) to a particular set of I/O pins using the PPS functions (ppsInputSelect() and ppsOutputSelect()) before trying to use the peripheral. See the example code on the Fubarino Mini Github site for more detailed information.

Pin Reference

This table provides a cross reference of all functions and labels for each pin of the Fubarino Mini. Note that the 'Fubarino Pin' is the pin number of the whole board (as if the whole thing were one large DIP chip), starting with pin 1 = Vout, and correspond to the J1 and J2 pin numbers in the schematic. The 'Arduino Pin' is the pin number you use in your code, and is what is listed on the silk screen of the board. (Note that the Mini is too small for all pins to have numbers printed next to each pin – so use the diagram above to see the pin number for every pin on the board.) Make sure to never put more than 3.3V into any pin that is not 5V tolerant, as that will damage the PIC32 CPU.

The Arduino pins 14, 15, 16, 23, 31 and 32 are taken up with existing functions in the default configuration and are not available for GPIO use unless the configuration is changed.

Fubarino Pin	Arduino Pin	Analog	PIC32 Pin	Silk Name	Alt functions	5V tolerant?
J1-1	-	-	-	Vout	-	-
J1-2	-	-	-	G	GND	-
J1-3	-	-	-	3V	-	-
J1-4	Pin 0	Yes	RB13	0	AN11/RPB13/CTPLS/PMRD	No
J1-5	Pin 1	-	RA10	1	PGED/TMS/PMA10 (LED)	Yes
J1-6	Pin 2	-	RA7	2	PGEC/TCK/CTED8/PMA7	Yes
J1-7	Pin 3	Yes	RB14	3	CVREF/AN10/C3INB/RPB14/VBUSON/	No
					SCK1/CTED5 (used – USB)	
J1-8	Pin 4	Yes	RB15	4	AN9/C3INA/RPB15/SCK2/CTED6/PMCS1	No
J1-9	Pin 5	Yes	RA0	5	PGED3/VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/	No
					RPA0/CTED1/PMD7	
J1-10	Pin 6	Yes	RA1	6	PGEC3/VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/ CTED2/PMD6	No
J1-11	Pin 7	Yes	RB0	7	PGED1/AN2/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/ RPB0/PMD0	No
J1-12	Pin 8	Yes	RB1	8	PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/RPB1/ CTED12/PMD1	No
J1-13	Pin 9	Yes	RB2	9	AN4/C1INB/C2IND/RPB2/SDA2/ CTED13/PMD2	No
J1-14	Pin 10	Yes	RB3	10	AN5/C1INA/C2INC/RTCC/RPB3/SCL2/ PMWR/CNB3	No

J1-15	Die 11	Vac	DCO	11	ANC/DDCO	No
	Pin 11	Yes	RC0		AN6/RPC0	+
J1-16	Pin 12	Yes	RC1	12	AN7/RPC1	No
J2-17	Pin 13	Yes	RC2	13	AN8/RPC2/PMA2	No
J2-18	Pin 14	-	RA2	14	OSC1/CLKI/PRA2 (used - crystal)	No
J2-19	Pin 15	-	RA3	15	OSC2/CLKO/RPA3 (used - crystal)	No
J2-20	Pin 16	-	RA8	16	TDO/RPA8/PMA8 (PRG button)	Yes
J2-1	Pin 17	-	RB4	17	SOSCI/PRB4	No
J2-2	Pin 18	-	RA4	18	SOSCO/RPA4/T1CK/CTED9	No
J2-3	Pin 19	-	RA9	19	TDI/RPA9/PMA9	Yes
J2-4	Pin 20	Yes	RC3	20	AN12/RPC4	No
J2-5	Pin 21	-	RC4	21	RPC4/PMA4	Yes
J2-6	Pin 22	-	RC5	22	RPC5/PMA3	Yes
J2-7	Pin 23	-	RB5	23	PRB5/USBID (used - USB)	Yes
J2-8	Pin 24	-	RB7	24	RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0	Yes
J2-9	Pin 25	-	RB8	25	RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4	Yes
J2-10	Pin 26	-	RB9	26	RPB9/SDA1/CTED4/PMD3	Yes
J2-11	Pin 27	-	RC6	27	RPC6/PMA1	Yes
J2-12	Pin 28	-	RC7	28	RPC7/PMA0	Yes
J2-13	Pin 29	-	RC8	29	RPC8/PMA5	Yes
J2-14	Pin 30	-	RC9	30	RPC9/CTED7/PMA6	Yes
J2-15	Pin 31	-	RB10	31	PGED2/RPB10/D+/CTED11 (used - USB)	No
J2-16	Pin 32	-	RB11	32	PGEC2/RPB11/D- (used - USB)	No
J2-17	-	-	-	G	Do not use (reserved for future use)	-
J2-18	-	-	-	3V	3.3V	-
J2-19	-	-	-	G	GND	-
J2-20	-	-	-	Vin	Vin	-

Schematic

For the schematic, please see the <u>Fubarino Mini v15 sch.pdf</u> file on the Fubarino Mini website. https://github.com/fubarino/fubarino.github.com/blob/master/mini/v15/FubarinoMini_v15_sch.pdf?ra website. <a href="https://github.com/fubarino.github.com/blob/master/mini/v15/FubarinoMini_v15_sch.pdf?ra https://www.website.new.com/blob/master/mini/v15/FubarinoMini_v15_sch.pdf?ra website.new.com/blob/master/mini/v15/FubarinoMini_v15_sch.pdf?ra https://www.website.new.com/blob/master/mini/v15/FubarinoMini_v15_sch.pdf?ra <a href="https://www.website.new.com/blob/master/mini/v15/FubarinoMini_v15_sch.pdf?ra <a href="https://www.website.new.com/blob/master/mini/v15/FubarinoMini_v15_sch.pdf?ra <a href="https://www.website.new.com/blob/master/mini/v15/FubarinoMini_v15_sch.pdf?ra https://www.website.new.com/blob/master/mini/v15_sch.pdf https://www.website.new.com/blob/master/mini/v15_sch.pdf https://www.website.new.com/blob/master/mini/v15_sch.pdf https://www.website.new.com/blob/master/mini/v15_sch.pdf <a href="https://www.website.new.com/website.new.com/website.new.com/website.new.com/website.new.com/website.new.com/website.new.com/website.new.com/website.new.com/website.new.com/website.new.com/w

More Information

The best places to get support for Fubarino Mini are

- Main chipKIT website (http://chipkit.net/)
- chipKIT forum (http://www.chipkit.org/forum/index.php)

License

The Fubarino series of boards are released by Schmalz Haus LLC and FubarLabs under a Solderpad Hardware License v0.51. For more information, see: http://solderpad.org/licenses/SHL-0.51/

Developers

The Fubarino series of boards were developed by Rick Anderson of <u>FubarLabs</u> and Brian Schmalz of <u>Schmalz Haus LLC</u>. They are registered chipKITTM boards and are designed to be programmed with the MPIDE system.