Spansion[®] Analog and Microcontroller Products



The following document contains information on Spansion analog and microcontroller products. Although the document is marked with the name "Fujitsu", the company that originally developed the specification, Spansion will continue to offer these products to new and existing customers.

Continuity of Specifications

There is no change to this document as a result of offering the device as a Spansion product. Any changes that have been made are the result of normal document improvements and are noted in the document revision summary, where supported. Future routine revisions will occur when appropriate, and changes will be noted in a revision summary.

Continuity of Ordering Part Numbers

Spansion continues to support existing part numbers beginning with "MB". To order these products, please use only the Ordering Part Numbers listed in this document.

For More Information

Please contact your local sales office for additional information about Spansion memory, analog, and microcontroller products and solutions.

ASSP BIPOLAR **Power Supply Monitor** with Watch-Dog Timer

MB3773

DESCRIPTION

MB3773 generates the reset signal to protect an arbitrary system when the power-supply voltage momentarily is intercepted or decreased. It is IC for the power-supply voltage watch and "Power on reset" is generated at the normal return of the power supply. MB3773 sends the microprocessor the reset signal when decreasing more than the voltage, which the power supply of the system specified, and the computer data is protected from an accidental deletion.

In addition, the watch-dog timer for the operation diagnosis of the system is built into, and various microprocessor systems can provide the fail-safe function. If MB3773 does not receive the clock pulse from the processor for a specified period, MB3773 generates the reset signal.

■ FEATURES

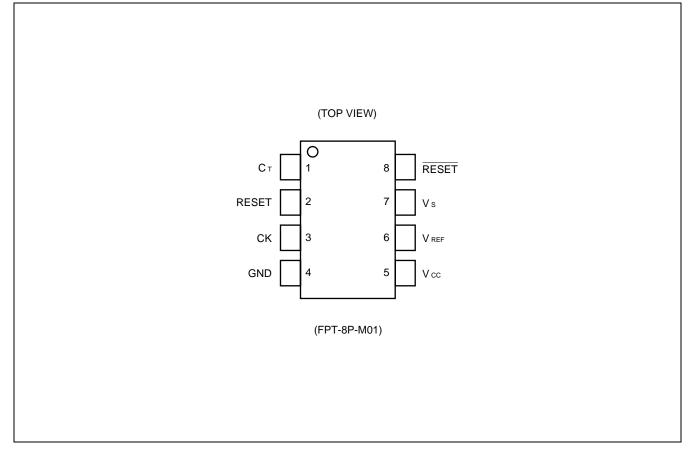
- Precision voltage detection (Vs = 4.2 V \pm 2.5 %)
- · Detection threshold voltage has hysteresis function
- Low voltage output for reset signal (Vcc = 0.8 V Typ)
- Precision reference voltage output (VR = 1.245 V \pm 1.5%)
- With built-in watch-dog timer of edge trigger input.
- External parts are few.(1 piece in capacity)
- The reset signal outputs the positive and negative both theories reason.
- One type of package (SOP-8pin : 1 type)

APPLICATION

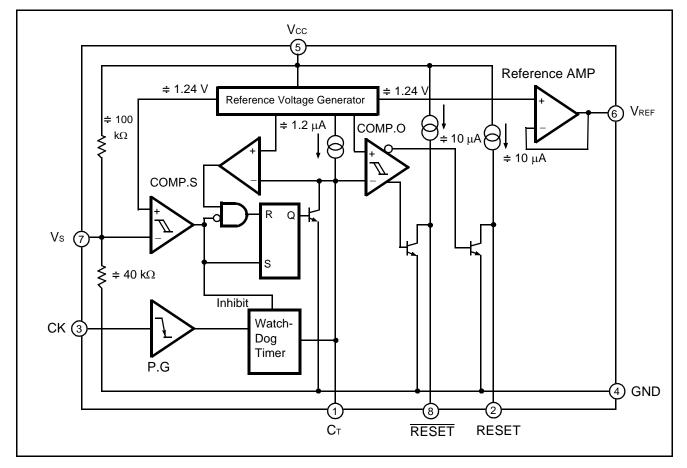
- Industrial Equipment
- Arcade Amusement etc.



■ PIN ASSIGNMENT



BLOCK DIAGRAM



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTIONS

Comp.S is comparator including hysteresis. it compare the reference voltage and the voltage of Vs, so that when the voltage of Vs terminal falls below approximately 1.23 V, reset signal outputs.

Instantaneous breaks or drops in the power can be detected as abnormal conditions by the MB3773 within a 2 μs interval.

However because momentary breaks or drops of this duration do not cause problems in actual systems in some cases, a delayed trigger function can be created by connecting capacitors to the Vs terminal.

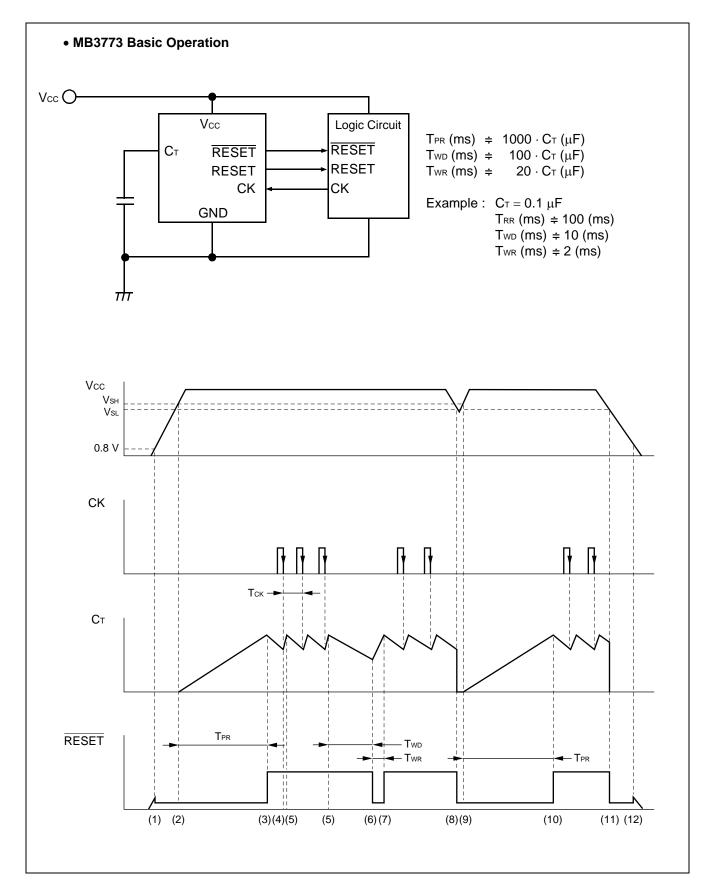
Comp.O is comparator for turning on/off the output and, compare the voltage of the C_T terminal and the threshold voltage. Because the RESET/RESET outputs have built-in pull-up circuit, there is no need to connect to external pull-up resistor when connected to a high impedance load such as CMOS logic IC.

(It corresponds to 500 k Ω at Vcc = 5 V.) when the voltage of the CK terminal changes from the "high" level into the "Low" level, pulse generator is sent to the watch-dog timer by generating the pulse momentarily at the time of drop from the threshold level.

When power-supply voltages fall more than detecting voltages, the watch-dog timer becomes an interdiction. The Reference amplifier is an op-amp to output the reference voltage.

If the comparator is put up outside, two or more power-supply voltage monitor and overvoltage monitor can be done.

If it uses a comparator of the open-collector output, and the output of the comparator is connected with the Vs terminal of MB3773 without the pull-up resistor, it is possible to voltage monitor with reset-hold time.



OPERATION SEQUENCE

- (1) When Vcc rises to about 0.8 V. RESET goes "Low" and RESET goes "High". The pull-up current of approximately 1 μ A (Vcc = 0.8 V) is output from RESET.
- (2) When Vcc rises to V_{SH} (\Rightarrow 4.3V), the charge with C_T starts. At this time, the output is being reset.
- (3) When C_T begins charging, RESET goes "High" and RESET goes "Low". After TPR reset of the output is released. Reset hold time: T_{PR} (ms) \Rightarrow 1000 \times C_T (μ F) After releasing reset, the discharge of C_{T} starts, and watch-dog timer operation starts. TPR is not influenced by the CK input.
- (4) C changes from the discharge into the charge if the clock (Negative edge) is input to the CK terminal while discharging CT.
- (5) C changes from the charge into the discharge when the voltage of C_{T} reaches a constant threshold (\Rightarrow 1.4 V).

(4) and (5) are repeated while a normal clock is input by the logic system.

(6) When the clock is cut off, gets, and the voltage of C_T falls on threshold (± 0.4 V) of reset on, RESET goes "Low" and RESET goes "High".

Discharge time of CT until reset is output: Two is watch-dog timer monitoring time. Twp (ms) \Rightarrow 100 × CT (μ F)

Because the charging time of C_T is added at accurate time from stop of the clock and getting to the output of reset of the clock, Two becomes maximum Two + Twe by minimum Two.

(7) Reset time in operating watch-dog timer: TwR is charging time where the voltage of CT goes up to off threshold (\neq 1.4 V) for reset.

Twr (ms) $\Rightarrow 20 \times C_T (\mu F)$

Reset of the output is released after C_T reaches an off threshold for reset, and C_T starts the discharge, after that if the clock is normally input, operation repeats (4) and (5), when the clock is cut off, operation repeats (6) and (7).

- (8) When Vcc falls on VsL (\Rightarrow 4.2 V), reset is output. CT is rapidly discharged of at the same time.
- (9) When Vcc goes up to V_{SH} , the charge with C_T is started. When Vcc is momentarily low, After falling VsL or less Vcc, the time to going up is the standard value of the Vcc input pulse width in VsH or more.

After the charge of C_T is discharged, the charge is started if it is T_{PI} or more.

- (10) Reset of the output is released after TPR, after Vcc becomes VSH or more, and the watch-dog timer starts. After that, when Vcc becomes VsL or less, (8) to (10) is repeated.
- (11) While power supply is off, when Vcc becomes VsL or less, reset is output.
- (12) The reset output is maintained until Vcc becomes 0.8 V when Vcc falls on 0 V.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Rat	Unit	
Farailleler		Min	Мах	Unit
Supply voltage	Vcc	- 0.3	+ 18	V
Input voltage	Vs	- 0.3	$Vcc + 0.3 (\le +18)$	V
	Vск	- 0.3	+ 18	V
RESET, RESET Supply voltage	Vон	- 0.3	Vcc + 0.3 (≤ +18)	V
Power dissipation (Ta \leq +85 °C)	PD		200	mW
Storage temperature	Тѕтс	- 55	+ 125	°C

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit	
Faiailletei		Min	Мах	Unit	
Supply voltage	Vcc	+ 3.5	+ 16	V	
RESET, RESET sink current	lol	0	20	mA	
VREF output current	Іоит	- 200	+ 5	μΑ	
Watch clock setting time	twd	0.1	1000	ms	
CK Rising/falling time	tfc, trc		100	μs	
Terminal capacitance	Ст	0.001	10	μF	
Operating ambient temperature	Та	- 40	+ 85	°C	

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their representatives beforehand.

■ ELECTORICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(1) DC Characteristics

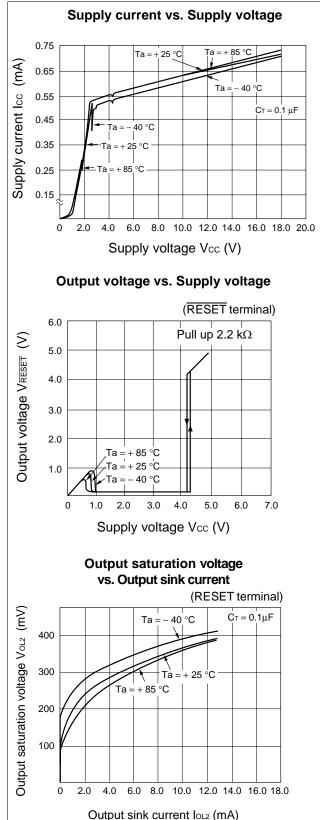
			(Vcc = 5 V, Ta = - Value				
Parameter	Symbol Condition		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Supply current	lcc	Watch-dog timer operating		600	900	μA	
	Vsl	Vcc Vcc	4.10	4.20	4.30	- V	
Detection voltage		$Ta = -40 \degree C \text{ to } +85 \degree C$	4.05	4.20	4.35		
Detection voltage	Vsн		4.20	4.30	4.40		
	VSH	Ta = -40 °C to $+85$ °C	4.15	4.30	4.45		
Hysteresis width	VHYS		50	100	150	mV	
Reference voltage	Vref	_	1.227	1.245	1.263	v	
Reference voltage	VREF	Ta = -40 °C to $+85$ °C	1.215	1.245	1.275 V		
Reference voltage change rate	ΔV_{REF1}	Vcc = 3.5 V to 16 V		3	10	mV	
Reference voltage output loading change rate	ΔV_{REF2}	$I_{OUT} = -200 \ \mu A \ to + 5 \ \mu A$	- 5		+ 5	mV	
CK threshold voltage	Vth	$Ta = -40 \ ^{\circ}C \ to + 85 \ ^{\circ}C$	0.8	1.25	2.0	V	
CK input current	Ін	Vск = 5.0 V		0	1.0	μA	
	lı∟	Vск = 0.0 V	- 1.0	- 0.1			
C⊤ discharge current	Істр	Watch-dog timer operating $V_{CT} = 1.0 V$	7	10	14	μA	
	Voh1	Vs open, IRESET = $-5 \ \mu A$	4.5	4.9		v	
High level output voltage	Vон2	$Vs = 0 V$, $Ireset = -5 \mu A$	4.5	4.9		v	
	Vol1	$V_s = 0 V$, $I_{RESET} = 3 mA$		0.2	0.4		
Output saturation voltage	Vol2	$V_s = 0 V$, $I_{RESET} = 10 mA$		0.3	0.5	- V	
	Vol3	Vs open, Ireset = 3 mA		0.2	0.4		
	Vol4	Vs open, Ireset = 10 mA	—	0.3	0.5		
Output sink current	OL1	$V_S = 0 V, V_{\overline{RESET}} = 1.0 V$	20	60		mA	
	OL2	Vs open, Vreset = 1.0 V	20	60			
C⊤ charge current	Істи	Power on reset operating $V_{CT} = 1.0 V$	0.5	1.2	2.5	μΑ	
Min supply voltage for RESET	Vccl1	$\label{eq:Vreset} \begin{array}{l} V_{\text{reset}} = 0.4 \ \text{V}, \\ I_{\text{reset}} = 0.2 \ \text{mA} \end{array}$		0.8	1.2	V	
Min supply voltage for RESET	Vccl2	$V_{\text{RESET}} = V_{\text{CC}} - 0.1 \text{ V},$ RL (between pin 2 and GND) = 1 M\Omega		0.8	1.2	V	

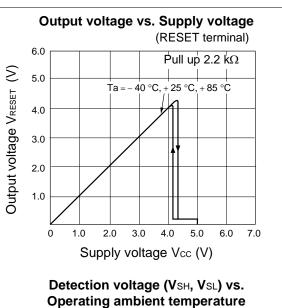
(2)AC Characteristics

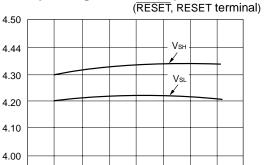
			(\	$V_{\rm CC} = 5 V_{\rm c}$, Ta = +	25 °C)
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value			Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Onit
Vcc input pulse width	Ты	5 V Vcc _{4 V}	8.0		_	μS
CK input pulse width	Тскw	СКог	3.0	_		μS
CK input frequency	Тск		20			μS
Watch-dog timer watching time	Twd	$C_T = 0.1 \ \mu F$	5	10	15	ms
Watch-dog timer reset time	Twr	$C_T = 0.1 \ \mu F$	1	2	3	ms
Rising reset hold time	Tpr	Cτ = 0.1 μF, Vcc	50	100	150	ms
Output propagation	TPD1	$\label{eq:RESET} \begin{array}{l} \overline{\text{RESET}}, \ R_{\text{L}} = 2.2 \ \text{k}\Omega, \\ C_{\text{L}} = 100 \ \text{pF} \end{array}$		2	10	
delay time from Vcc	TPD2	RESET, $R_L = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100 \text{ pF}$	_	3	10	μs
Output rising time*	tĸ		_	1.0	1.5	
Output falling time*	t⊧			0.1	0.5	μS

 * : Output rising/falling time are measured at 10 % to 90 % of voltage.









S

Detection voltage VsH, VsL

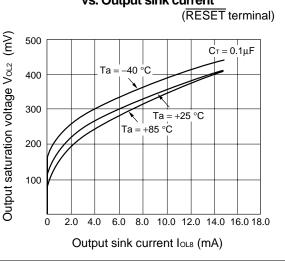
+20 Operating ambient temperature Ta (°C)

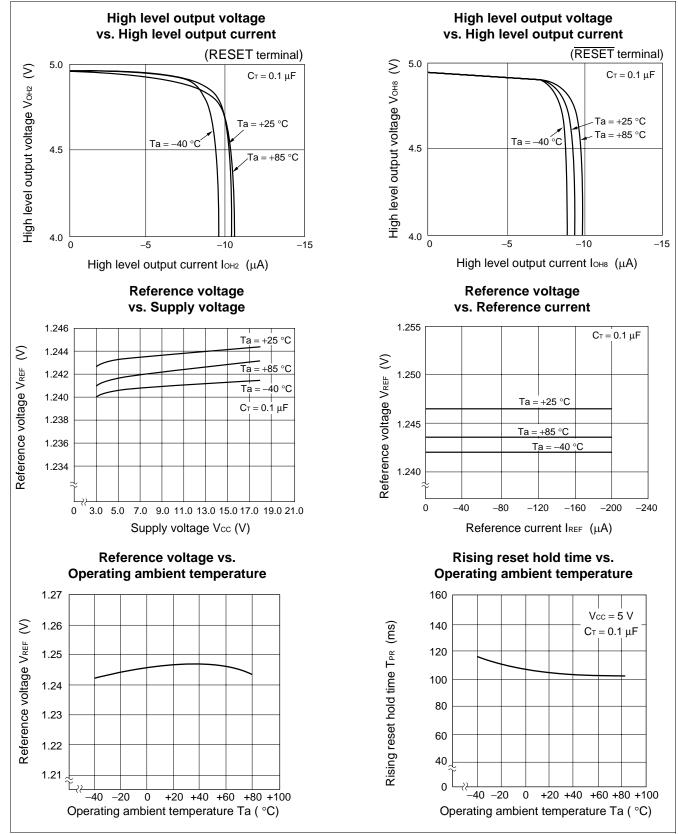
+40 +60 +80 +100

0

-40 -20

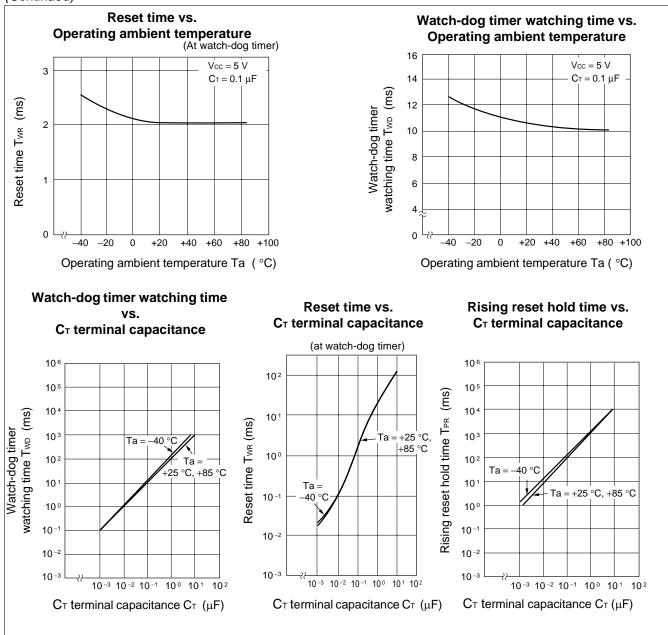
Output saturation voltage vs. Output sink current



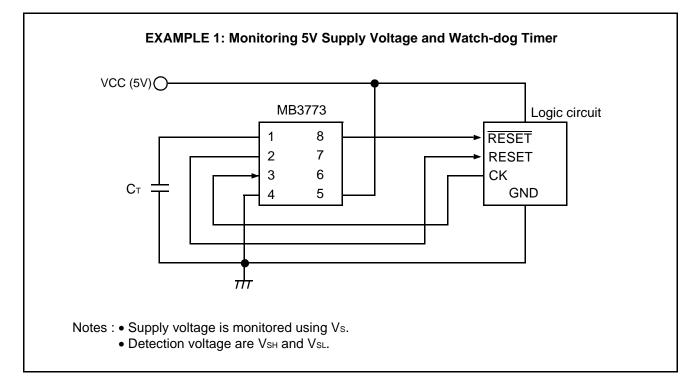


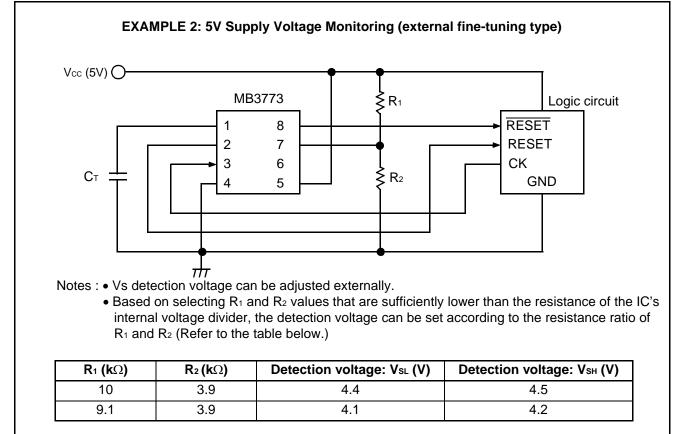
(Continued)

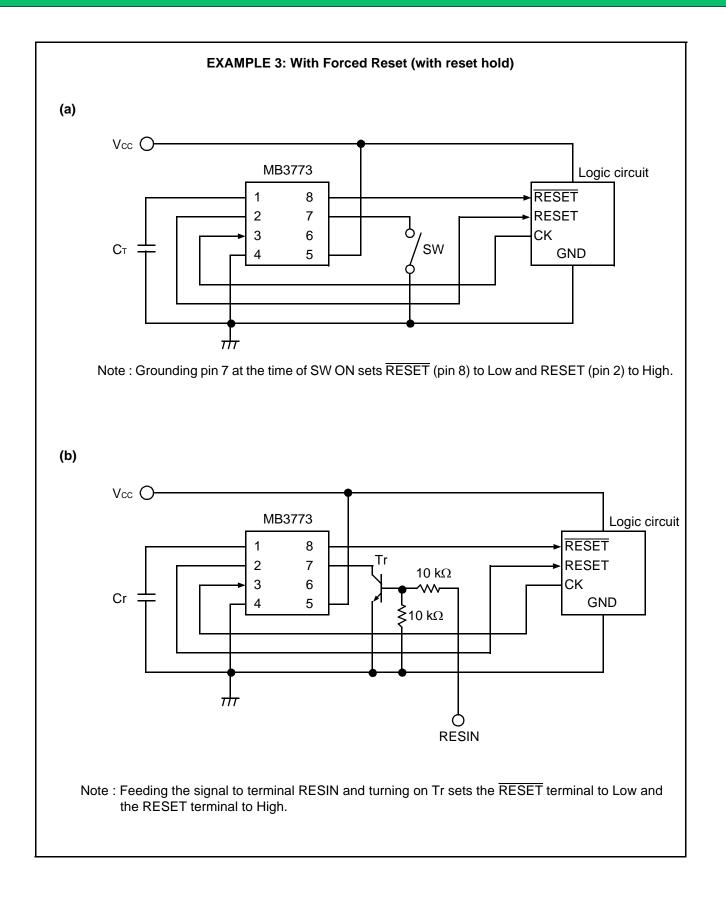
(Continued)

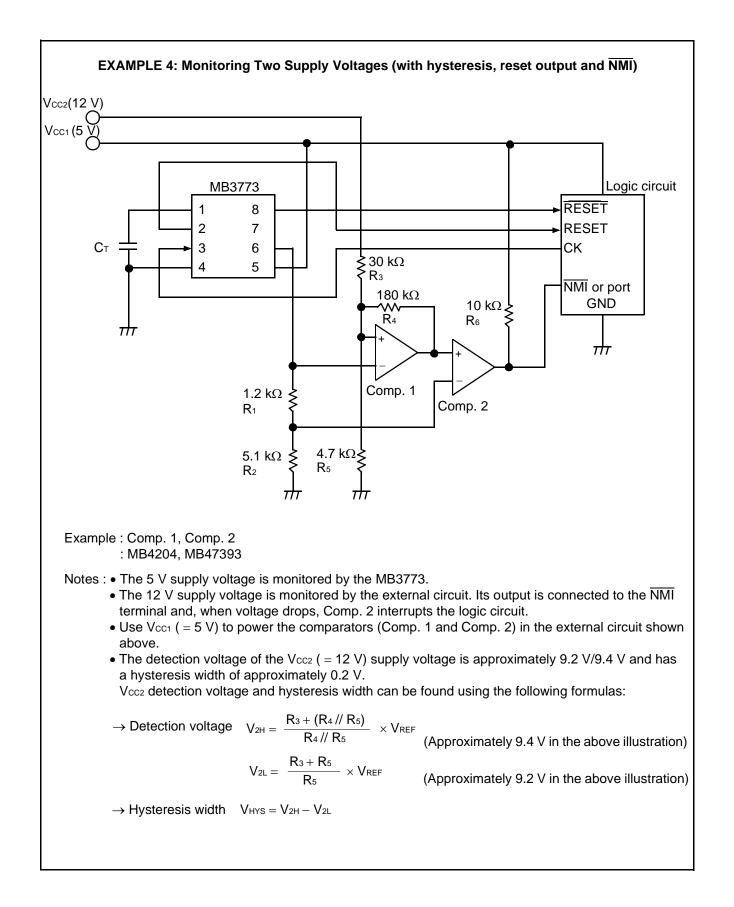


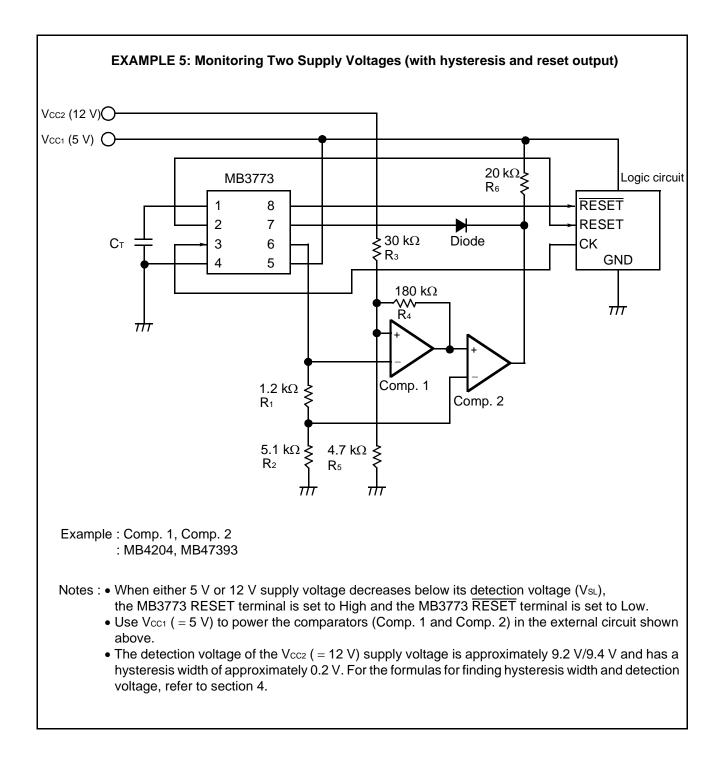
■ APPLICATION CIRCUIT

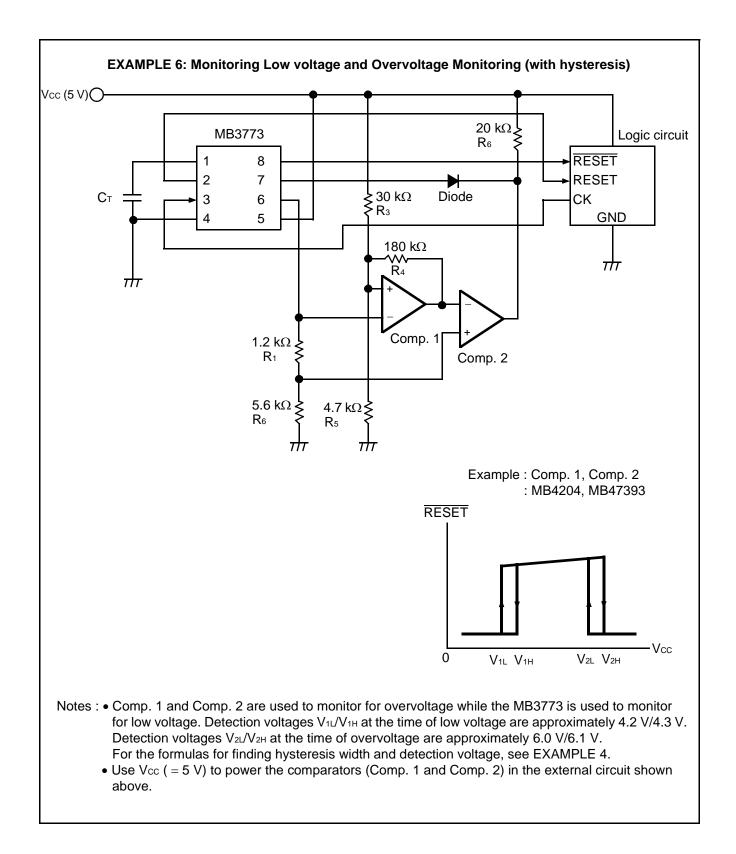


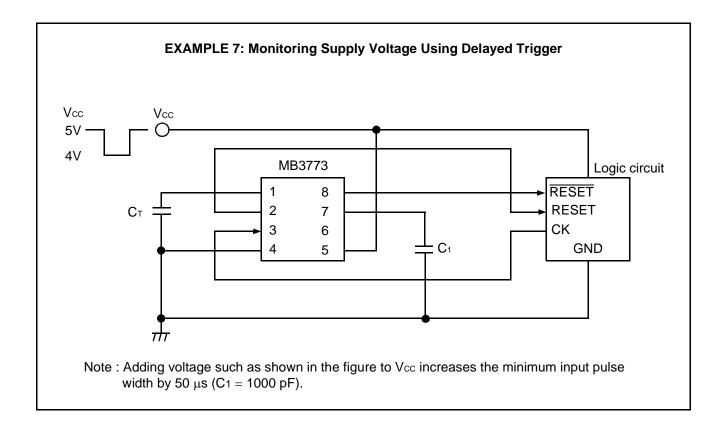












EXAMPLE 8: Stopping Watch-dog Timer (Monitoring only supply voltage)

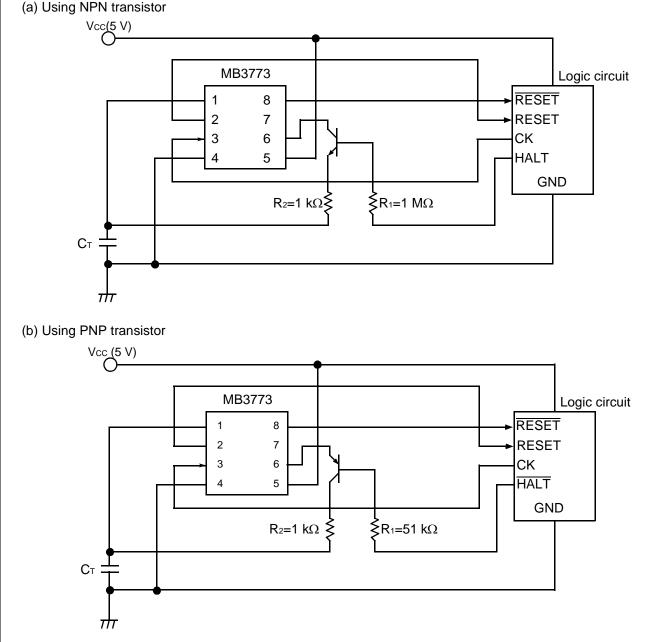
These are example application circuits in which the MB3773 monitors supply voltage alone without resetting the microprocessor even if the latter, used in standby mode, stops sending the clock pulse to the MB3773.

• The watch-dog timer is inhibited by clamping the CT terminal voltage to VREF. The supply voltage is constantly monitored even while the watch-dog timer is inhibited.

For this reason, a reset signal is output at the occurrence of either instantaneous disruption or a sudden drop to low voltage.

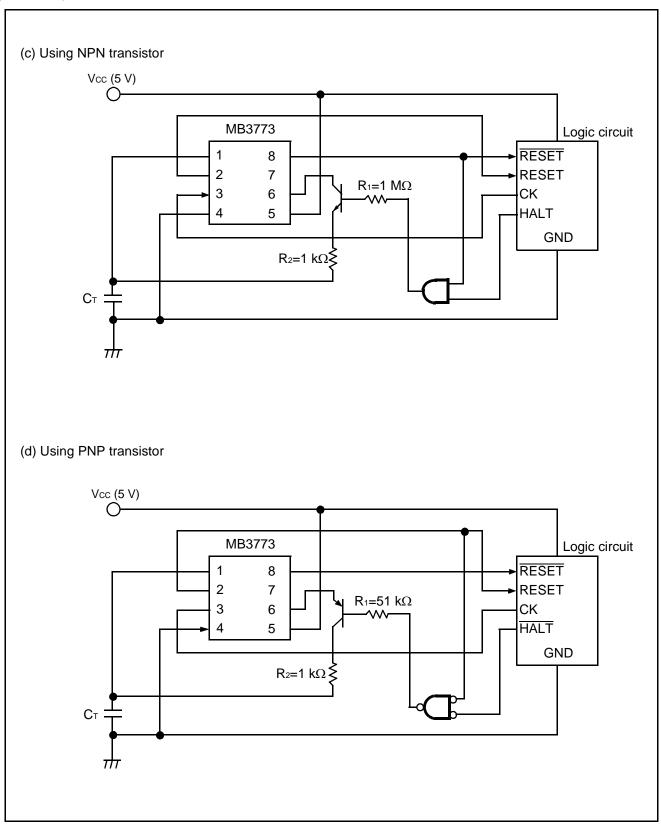
Note that in application examples (a) and (b), the hold signal is inactive when the watch-dog timer is inhibited at the time of resetting.

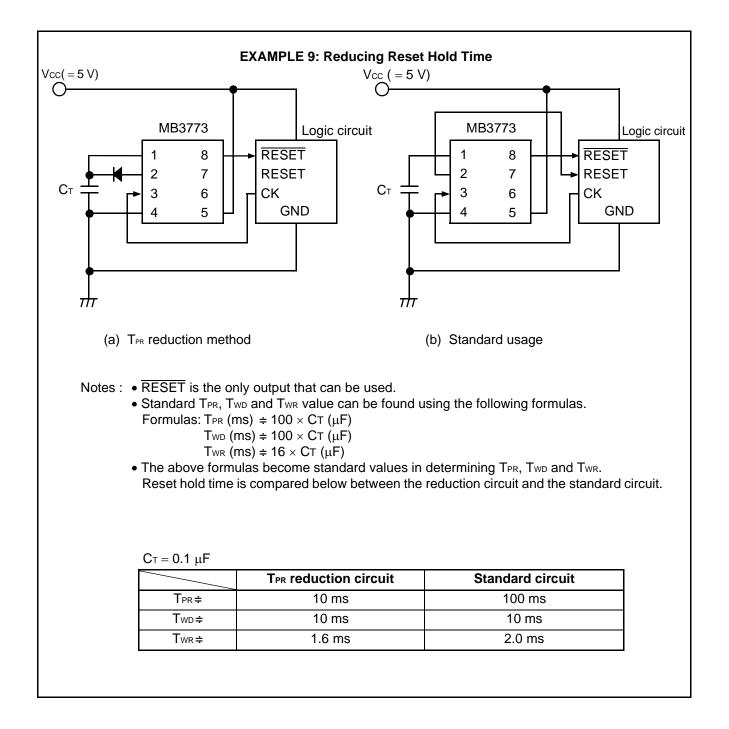
If the hold signal is active when tie microprocessor is reset, the solution is to add a gate, as in examples (c) and (d).

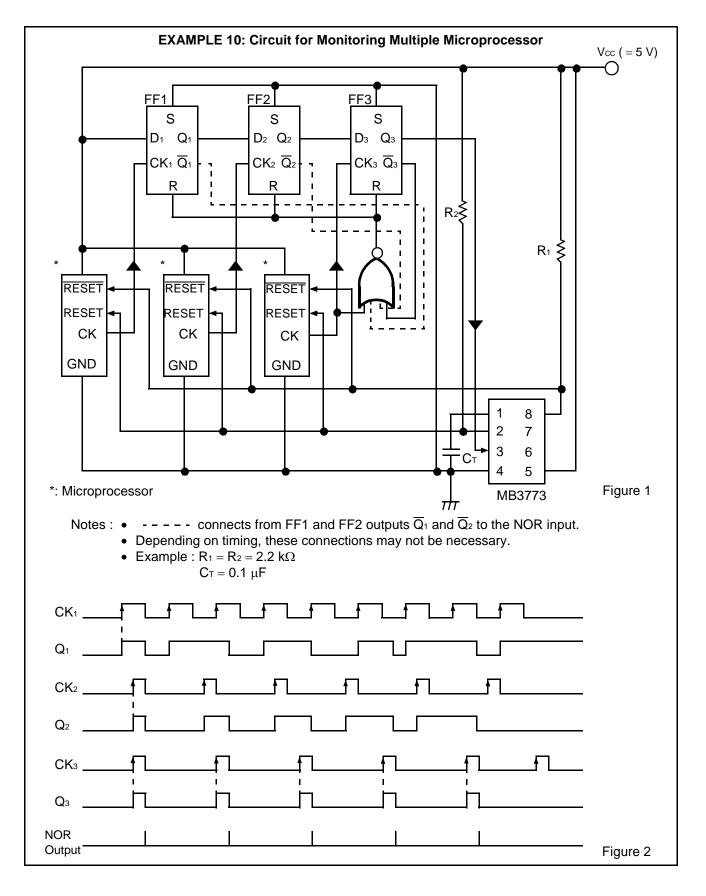


(Continued)

(Continued)





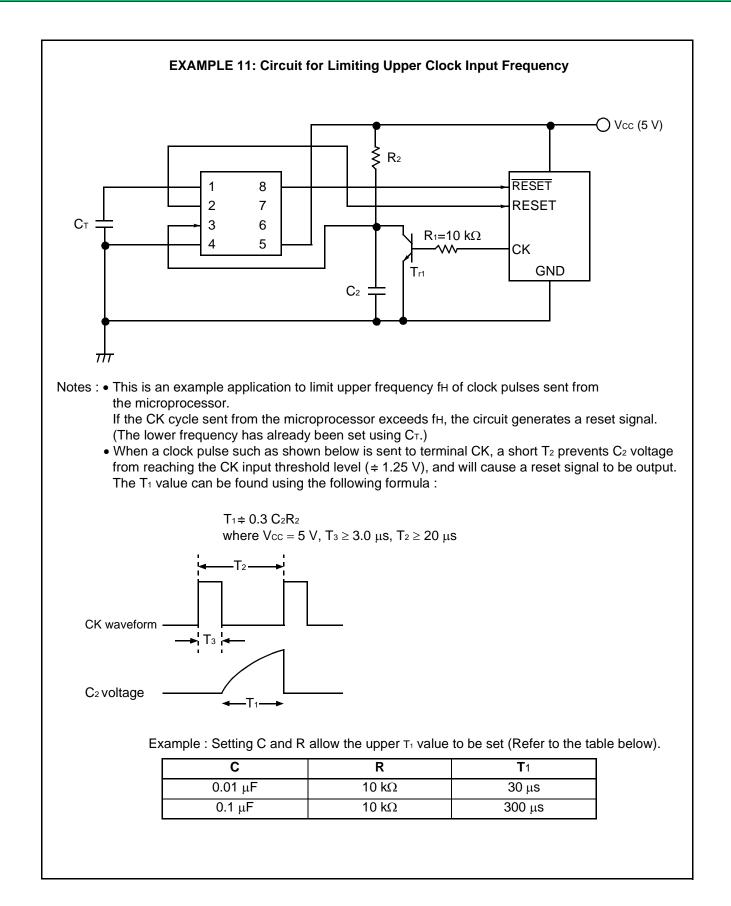


Description of Application Circuits

Using one MB3773, this application circuit monitors multiple microprocessor in one system. Signals from each microprocessor are sent to FF1, FF2 and FF3 clock inputs. Figure 2 shows these timings. Each flip-flop operates using signals sent from microprocessor as its clock pulse. When even one signal stops, the relevant receiving flip-flop stops operating. As a result, cyclical pulses are not generated at output Q₃. Since the clock pulse stops arriving at the CK terminal of the MB3773, the MB3773 generates a reset signal.

Note that output Q_3 frequency f will be in the following range, where the clock frequencies of CK₁, CK₂ and CK₃ are f₁, f₂ and f₃ respectively.

where f_0 is the lowest frequency among f_1 , f_2 and f_3 .



NOTES ON USE

- Take account of common impedance when designing the earth line on a printed wiring board.
- Take measures against static electricity.
 - For semiconductors, use antistatic or conductive containers.
 - When storing or carrying a printed circuit board after chip mounting, put it in a conductive bag or container.
 - The work table, tools and measuring instruments must be grounded.
 - The worker must put on a grounding device containing 250 k Ω to 1 $M\Omega$ resistors in series.
- Do not apply a negative voltage
 - Applying a negative voltage of –0.3 V or less to an LSI may generate a parasitic transistor, resulting in malfunction.

ORDERING INFORMATION

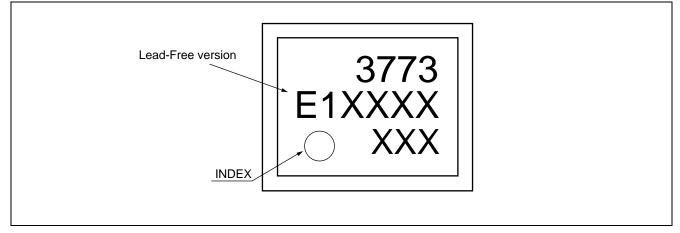
Part number	Package	Remarks
MB3773PF-DD	8-pin plastic SOP (FPT-8P-M01)	Conventional version
MB3773PF-DDE1	8-pin plastic SOP (FPT-8P-M01)	Lead Free version

■ RoHS Compliance Information of Lead (Pb) Free version

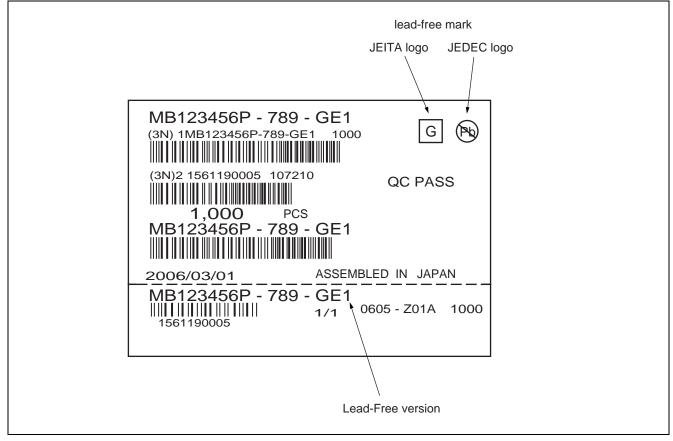
The LSI products of Fujitsu Microelectronics with "E1" are compliant with RoHS Directive , and has observed the standard of lead, cadmium, mercury, Hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) , and polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE) .

The product that conforms to this standard is added "E1" at the end of the part number.

MARKING FORMAT (Lead Free version)



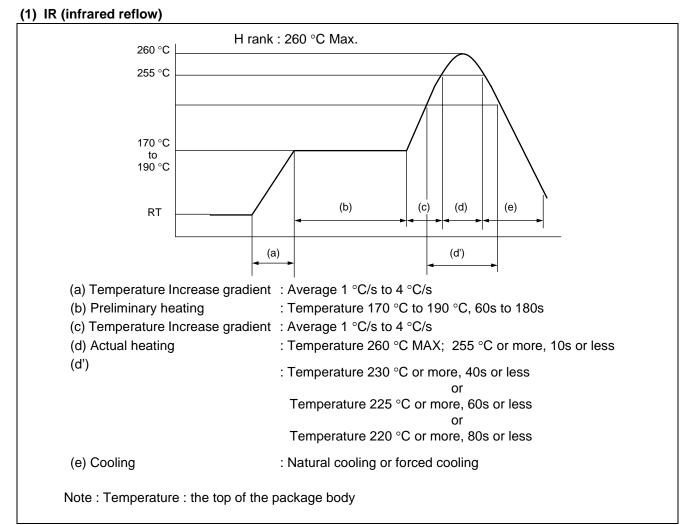




■ MB3773PF-□□□E1 RECOMMENDED CONDITIONS OF MOISTURE SENSITIVITY LEVEL

ltem	Condition				
Mounting Method	IR (infrared reflow), Manual soldering (partial heating method)				
Mounting times	2 times				
	Before opening	Please use it within two years after Manufacture.			
Storage period	From opening to the 2nd reflow	Less than 8 days			
	When the storage period after opening was exceeded	Please processes within 8 days after baking (125 °C, 24h)			
Storage conditions	5 °C to 30 °C, 70%RH or less (the lowest possible humidity)				

[Temperature Profile for FJ Standard IR Reflow]

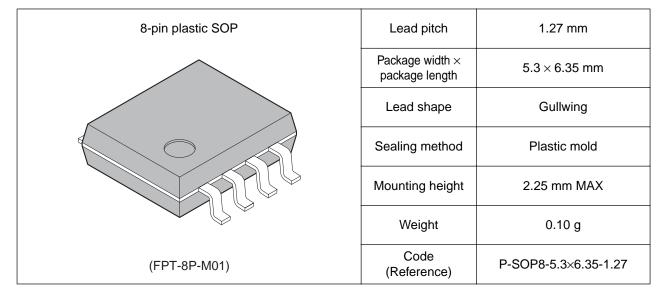


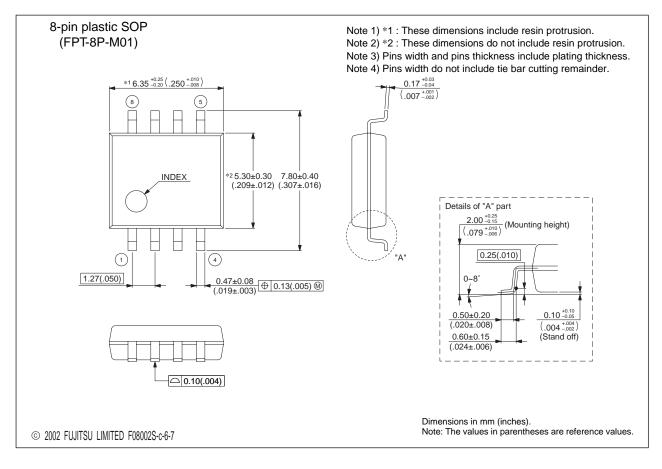
(2) Manual soldering (partial heating method)

Conditions : Temperature 400 °C MAX

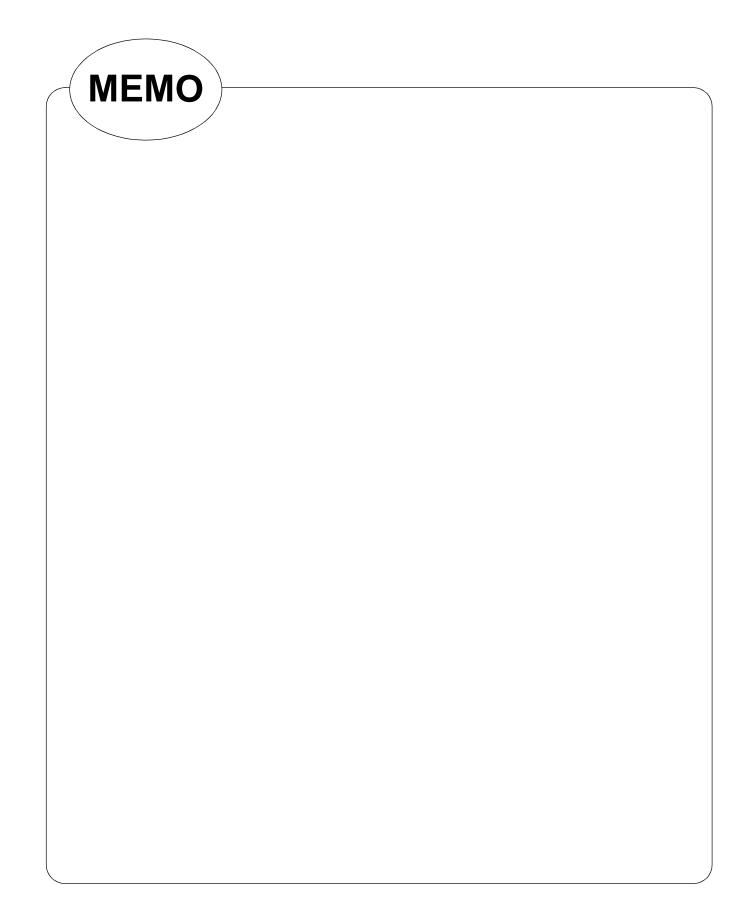
Times : 5 s max/pin

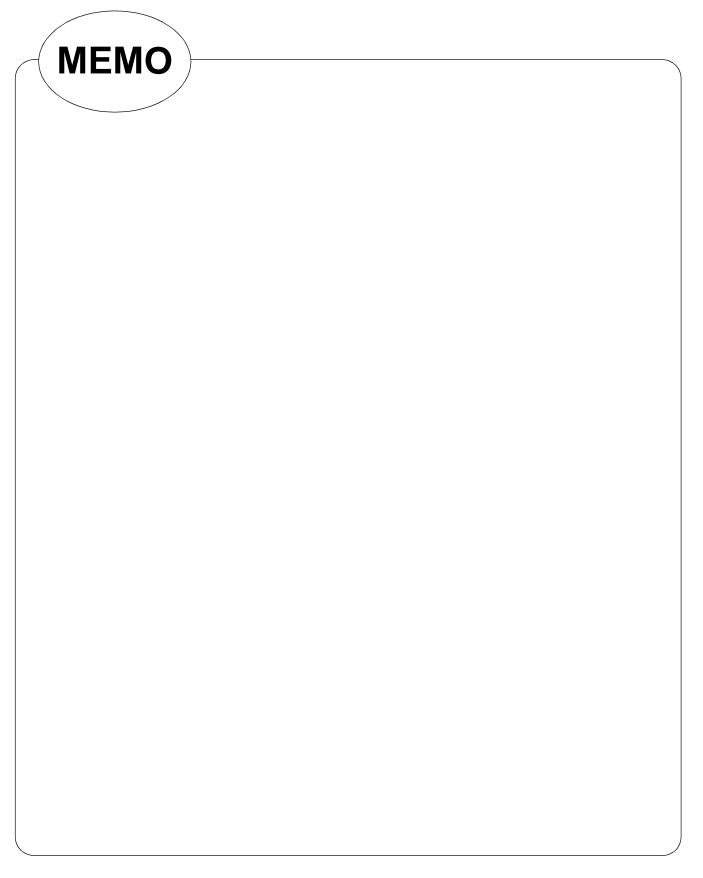
■ PACKAGE DIMENSION



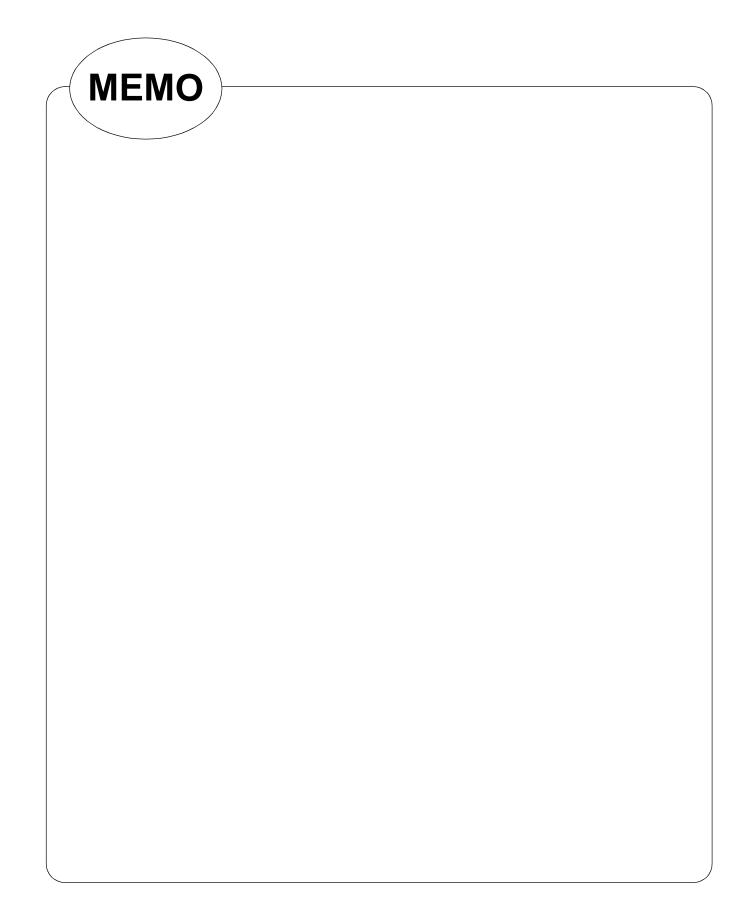












FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS LIMITED

Shinjuku Dai-Ichi Seimei Bldg. 7-1, Nishishinjuku 2-chome, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 163-0722, Japan Tel: +81-3-5322-3347 Fax: +81-3-5322-3387 http://jp.fujitsu.com/fml/en/

For further information please contact:

North and South America

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS AMERICA, INC. 1250 E. Arques Avenue, M/S 333 Sunnyvale, CA 94085-5401, U.S.A. Tel: +1-408-737-5600 Fax: +1-408-737-5999 http://www.fma.fujitsu.com/

Europe

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS EUROPE GmbH Pittlerstrasse 47, 63225 Langen, Germany Tel: +49-6103-690-0 Fax: +49-6103-690-122 http://emea.fujitsu.com/microelectronics/

Korea

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS KOREA LTD. 206 KOSMO TOWER, 1002 Daechi-Dong, Kangnam-Gu,Seoul 135-280 Korea Tel: +82-2-3484-7100 Fax: +82-2-3484-7111 http://www.fmk.fujitsu.com/

Asia Pacific

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS ASIA PTE LTD. 151 Lorong Chuan, #05-08 New Tech Park, Singapore 556741 Tel: +65-6281-0770 Fax: +65-6281-0220 http://www.fujitsu.com/sg/services/micro/semiconductor/

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS SHANGHAI CO., LTD. Rm.3102, Bund Center, No.222 Yan An Road(E), Shanghai 200002, China Tel: +86-21-6335-1560 Fax: +86-21-6335-1605 http://cn.fujitsu.com/fmc/

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS PACIFIC ASIA LTD. 10/F., World Commerce Centre, 11 Canton Road Tsimshatsui, Kowloon Hong Kong Tel: +852-2377-0226 Fax: +852-2376-3269 http://cn.fujitsu.com/fmc/tw

All Rights Reserved.

The contents of this document are subject to change without notice.

Customers are advised to consult with sales representatives before ordering.

The information, such as descriptions of function and application circuit examples, in this document are presented solely for the purpose of reference to show examples of operations and uses of FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS device; FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS does not warrant proper operation of the device with respect to use based on such information. When you develop equipment incorporating the device based on such information, you must assume any responsibility arising out of such use of the information.

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS assumes no liability for any damages whatsoever arising out of the use of the information.

Any information in this document, including descriptions of function and schematic diagrams, shall not be construed as license of the use or exercise of any intellectual property right, such as patent right or copyright, or any other right of FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS or any third party or does FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS warrant non-infringement of any third-party's intellectual property right or other right by using such information. FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS assumes no liability for any infringement of the intellectual property rights or other rights of third parties which would result from the use of information contained herein.

The products described in this document are designed, developed and manufactured as contemplated for general use, including without limitation, ordinary industrial use, general office use, personal use, and household use, but are not designed, developed and manufactured as contemplated (1) for use accompanying fatal risks or dangers that, unless extremely high safety is secured, could have a serious effect to the public, and could lead directly to death, personal injury, severe physical damage or other loss (i.e., nuclear reaction control in

nuclear facility, aircraft flight control, air traffic control, mass transport control, medical life support system, missile launch control in weapon system), or (2) for use requiring extremely high reliability (i.e., submersible repeater and artificial satellite).

Please note that FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS will not be liable against you and/or any third party for any claims or damages arising in connection with above-mentioned uses of the products.

Any semiconductor devices have an inherent chance of failure. You must protect against injury, damage or loss from such failures by incorporating safety design measures into your facility and equipment such as redundancy, fire protection, and prevention of over-current levels and other abnormal operating conditions.

Exportation/release of any products described in this document may require necessary procedures in accordance with the regulations of the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law of Japan and/or US export control laws.

The company names and brand names herein are the trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.