

DS16F95, DS36F95 EIA-485/EIA-422A Differential Bus Transceiver

Check for Samples: [DS16F95](#), [DS36F95](#)

FEATURES

- Meets EIA-485 and EIA-422A
- Meets SCSI-1 (5 MHz) Specifications
- Designed for Multipoint Transmission
- Wide Positive and Negative Input/Output Bus Voltage Ranges
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Driver Positive and Negative Current-Limiting
- High Impedance Receiver Input
- Receiver Input Hysteresis of 50 mV Typical
- Operates from Single 5.0V Supply
- Reduced Power Consumption
- Pin Compatible with DS3695 and SN75176A
- Military Temperature Range Available
- Qualified for MIL-STD 883C
- Standard Military Drawings (SMD) Available
- Available in 8-Pin CDIP (NAB0008A) or SOIC (D) Package

DESCRIPTION

The DS16F95/DS36F95 Differential Bus Transceiver is a monolithic integrated circuit designed for bidirectional data communication on balanced multipoint bus transmission lines. The transceiver meets both EIA-485 and EIA-422A standards.

The DS16F95/DS36F95 offers improved performance due to the use of L-FAST bipolar technology. The L-FAST technology allows for higher speeds and lower currents by minimizing gate delay times. Thus, the DS16F95 and DS36F95 consume less power, and feature an extended temperature range as well as improved specifications.

The DS16F95/DS36F95 combines a Tri-state differential line driver and a differential input line receiver, both of which operate from a single 5.0V power supply. The driver and receiver have an active Enable that can be externally connected to function as a direction control. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs are internally connected to form differential input/output (I/O) bus ports that are designed to offer minimum loading to the bus whenever the driver is disabled or when $V_{CC} = 0V$. These ports feature wide positive and negative common mode voltage ranges, making the device suitable for multipoint applications in noisy environments.

The driver is designed to accommodate loads of up to 60 mA of sink or source current and features positive and negative current limiting in addition to thermal shutdown for protection from line fault conditions.

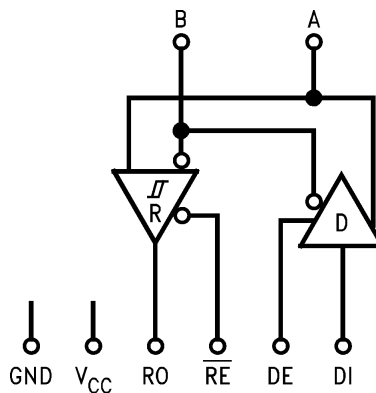
The DS16F95/DS36F95 can be used in transmission line applications employing the DS96F172 and the DS96F174 quad differential line drivers and the DS96F173 and DS96F175 quad differential line receivers.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Logic Diagram



Function Tables

Table 1. Driver⁽¹⁾

Driver Input	Enable	Outputs	
DI	DE	A	B
H	H	H	L
L	H	L	H
X	L	Z	Z

- (1) H = High Level
 L = Low Level
 X = Immaterial
 Z = High Impedance (Off)

Table 2. Receiver⁽¹⁾

Differential Inputs	Enable	Output
A–B	RE	RO
$V_{ID} \geq 0.2V$	L	H
$V_{ID} \leq -0.2V$	L	L
X	H	Z

- (1) H = High Level
 L = Low Level
 X = Immaterial
 Z = High Impedance (Off)



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Storage Temperature Range		-65°C to +175°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec.)		300°C
Maximum Package Power Dissipation ⁽³⁾ at 25°C	CDIP Package	1300 mW
	SOIC Package	735 mW
Supply Voltage		7.0V
Input Voltage (Bus Terminal)		+15V/-10V
Enable Input Voltage		5.5V

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be ensured. They are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The tables of Electrical Characteristics provide conditions for actual device operation.

(2) Specifications for the 883 version of this product are listed separately on the following pages.

(3) Derate CDIP package 8.7 mW/°C above 25°C. Derate SOIC package 5.88 mW/°C above 25°C.

Recommended Operating Conditions

		Min	Typ	Max	Units
Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	DS36F95	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
	DS16F95	4.50	5.0	5.50	V
Voltage at Any Bus Terminal (Separately or Common Mode) (V_I or V_{CM})		-7.0		+12	V
Differential Input Voltage (V_{ID})				±12	V
Output Current HIGH (I_{OH})	Driver			-60	mA
	Receiver			-400	µA
Output Current LOW (I_{OL})	Driver			60	mA
	Receiver			16	mA
Operating Temperature (T_A)	DS36F95	0	+25	+70	°C
	DS16F95	-55	+25	+125	°C

Driver Electrical Characteristics⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Over recommended supply voltage and operating temperature ranges, unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{IH}	Input Voltage HIGH			2.0			V
V_{IL}	Input Voltage LOW					0.8	V
V_{OH}	Output Voltage HIGH	$I_{OH} = -55 \text{ mA}$	$0^{\circ}\text{C to } +70^{\circ}\text{C}$	3.0			V
V_{OL}	Output Voltage LOW	$I_{OL} = 55 \text{ mA}$	$0^{\circ}\text{C to } +70^{\circ}\text{C}$			2.0	V
V_{IC}	Input Clamp Voltage	$I_I = -18 \text{ mA}$				-1.3	V
$ V_{OD1} $	Differential Output Voltage	$I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$				6.0	V
$ V_{OD2} $	Differential Output Voltage	$R_L = 100\Omega$, See Figure 1		2.0	2.25		V
		$R_L = 54\Omega$, See Figure 1		1.5	2.0		
$\Delta V_{OD} $	Change in Magnitude of Differential Output Voltage ⁽³⁾	$R_L = 54\Omega$ or 100Ω , See Figure 1	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			± 0.2	V
			$-55^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			± 0.4	
V_{OC}	Common Mode Output Voltage ⁽⁴⁾					3.0	V
$\Delta V_{OC} $	Change in Magnitude of Common Mode Output Voltage ⁽³⁾					± 0.2	V
I_O	Output Current ⁽⁵⁾ (Includes Receiver I_I)	Output Disabled	$V_O = +12\text{V}$			1.0	mA
			$V_O = -7.0\text{V}$			-0.8	
I_{IH}	Input Current HIGH	$V_I = 2.4\text{V}$				20	μA
I_{IL}	Input Current LOW	$V_I = 0.4\text{V}$				-50	μA
I_{OS}	Short Circuit Output Current ⁽⁶⁾	$V_O = -7.0\text{V}$				-250	mA
		$V_O = 0\text{V}$				-150	
		$V_O = V_{CC}$				150	
		$V_O = +12\text{V}$				250	
I_{CC}	Supply Current (Total Package)	No Load, All Inputs Open	$DE = 2\text{V}, \overline{RE} = 0.8\text{V}$ Outputs Enabled			28	mA
I_{CCX}			$DE = 0.8\text{V}, \overline{RE} = 2\text{V}$ Outputs Disabled			25	

- (1) Unless otherwise specified min/max limits apply across the -55°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ temperature range for the DS16F95 and across the 0°C to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$ range for the DS36F95. All typicals are given for $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ and $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- (2) All currents into the device pins are positive; all currents out of the device pins are negative. All voltages are referenced to ground unless otherwise specified.
- (3) $\Delta|V_{OD}|$ and $\Delta|V_{OC}|$ are the changes in magnitude of V_{OD} and V_{OC} , respectively, that occur when the input is changed from a high level to a low level.
- (4) In TIA/EIA-422A and TIA/EIA-485 Standards, V_{OC} , which is the average of the two output voltages with respect to ground, is called output offset voltage, V_{OS} .
- (5) Refer to TIA/EIA-485 Standard for exact conditions.
- (6) Only one output at a time should be shorted.

Driver Switching Characteristics

 $V_{CC} = 5.0V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t_{DD}	Differential Output Delay Time	$R_L = 60\Omega$, See Figure 2	8.0	15	20	ns
t_{TD}	Differential Output Transition Time		8.0	15	22	ns
t_{PLH}	Propagation Delay Time, Low-to-High Level Output	$R_L = 27\Omega$, See Figure 4	6.0	12	16	ns
t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time, High-to-Low Level Output		6.0	12	16	ns
t_{ZH}	Output Enable Time to High Level	$R_L = 110\Omega$, See Figure 5		25	32	ns
t_{ZL}	Output Enable Time to Low Level	$R_L = 110\Omega$, See Figure 6		25	32	ns
t_{HZ}	Output Disable Time from High Level	$R_L = 110\Omega$, See Figure 5		20	25	ns
t_{LZ}	Output Disable Time from Low Level	$R_L = 110\Omega$, See Figure 6		20	25	ns
t_{LZL}	Output Disable Time from Low Level with Load Resistor to GND	Load per Figure 5 Timing per Figure 6		300		ns
t_{SKEW}	Skew (Pulse Width Distortion)	$R_L = 60\Omega$, See Figure 2		1.0	4.0	ns

Receiver Electrical Characteristics

Over recommended supply voltage and operating temperature ranges, unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{TH}	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	$V_O = 2.7V, I_O = -0.4\text{ mA}$				0.2	V
V_{TL}	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage See ⁽¹⁾	$V_O = 0.5V, I_O = 8.0\text{ mA}$		-0.2			V
$V_{T+} - V_{T-}$	Hysteresis See ⁽²⁾	$V_{CM} = 0V$		35	50		mV
V_{IH}	Enable Input Voltage HIGH			2.0			V
V_{IL}	Enable Input Voltage LOW					0.8	V
V_{IC}	Enable Input Clamp Voltage	$I_I = -18\text{ mA}$				-1.3	V
V_{OH}	Output Voltage HIGH	$V_{ID} = 200\text{ mV},$	$0^\circ\text{C to } +70^\circ\text{C}$	2.8			V
		$I_{OH} = -400\text{ }\mu\text{A},$ See Figure 2	$-55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$	2.5			
V_{OL}	Output Voltage LOW	$V_{ID} = -200\text{ mV},$ See Figure 2	$I_{OL} = 8.0\text{ mA}$			0.45	V
			$I_{OL} = 16\text{ mA}$			0.50	
I_{OZ}	High Impedance State Output	$V_O = 0.4V\text{ to } 2.4V$				± 20	μA
I_I	Line Input Current See ⁽³⁾	Other Input = 0V	$V_I = +12V$			1.0	mA
			$V_I = -7.0V$			0.8	
I_{IH}	Enable Input Current HIGH	$V_{IH} = 2.7V$				20	μA
I_{IL}	Enable Input Current LOW	$V_{IL} = 0.4V$				-50	μA
R_I	Input Resistance			14	18	22	k Ω
I_{OS}	Short Circuit Output Current	See ⁽³⁾		-15		-85	mA
I_{CC}	Supply Current (Total Package)	No Load, All Inputs Open	$DE = 2V, \overline{RE} = 0.8V$ Outputs Enabled			28	mA
			$DE = 0.8V, \overline{RE} = 2V$ Outputs Disabled			25	

- (1) The algebraic convention, where the less positive (more negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for common mode input voltage and threshold voltage levels only.
- (2) Hysteresis is the difference between the positive-going input threshold voltage, V_{T+} , and the negative-going input threshold voltage, V_{T-} .
- (3) Refer to TIA/EIA-485 Standard for exact conditions.

Receiver Switching Characteristics

 $V_{CC} = 5.0V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t_{PLH}	Propagation Delay Time, Low-to-High Level Output	$V_{ID} = 0V$ to $+3.0V$, $C_L = 15$ pF, See Figure 7	14	19	24	ns
t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time, High-to-Low Level Output		14	19	24	ns
t_{ZH}	Output Enable Time to High Level	$C_L = 15$ pF, See Figure 8		10	16	ns
t_{ZL}	Output Enable Time to Low Level			12	18	ns
t_{HZ}	Output Disable Time from High Level	$C_L = 5.0$ pF, See Figure 8		12	20	ns
t_{LZ}	Output Disable Time from Low Level			12	18	ns
$ t_{PLH} - t_{PHL} $	Pulse Width Distortion (SKEW)	See Figure 7		1.0	4.0	ns

Parameter Measurement Information

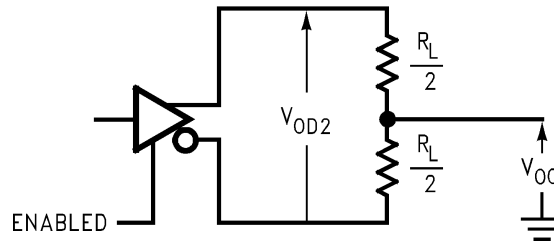


Figure 1. Driver V_{OD} and V_{OC} ⁽¹⁾

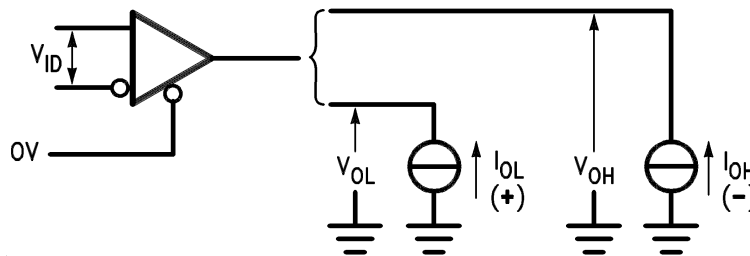
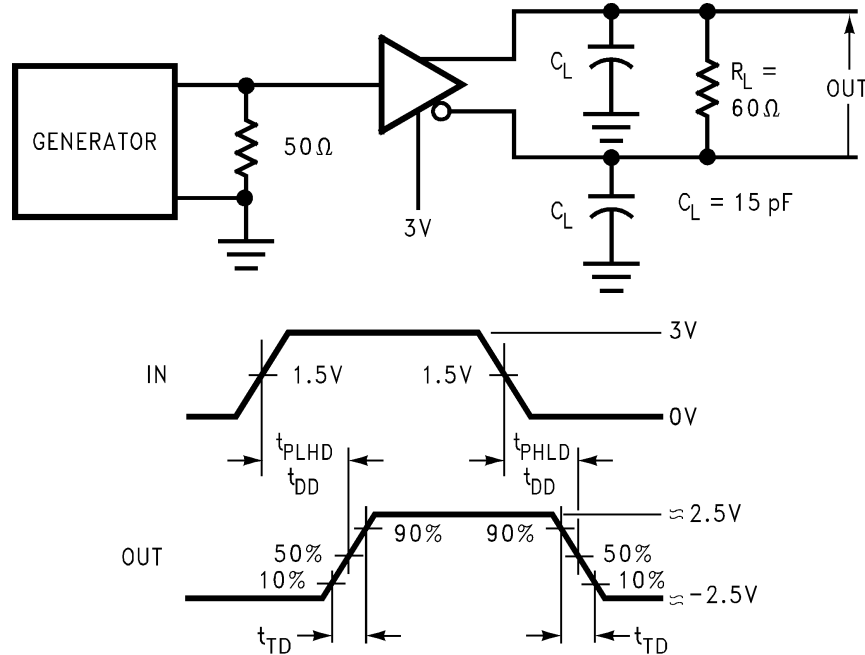


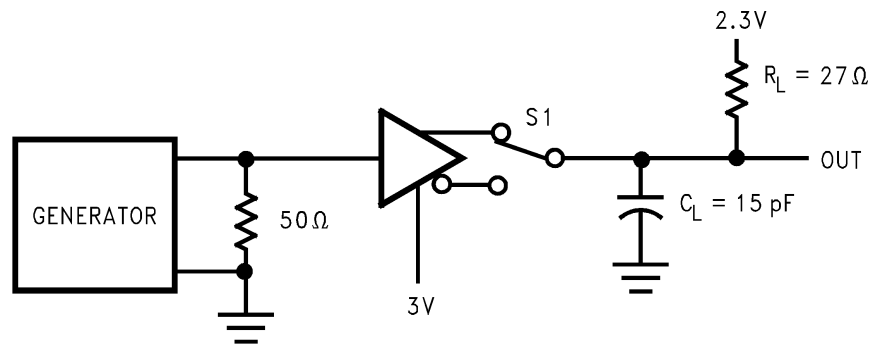
Figure 2. Receiver V_{OH} and V_{OL}

(1) All diodes are 1N916 or equivalent.



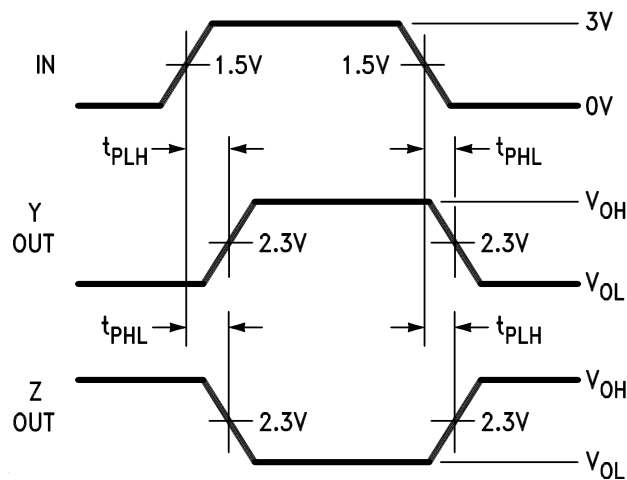
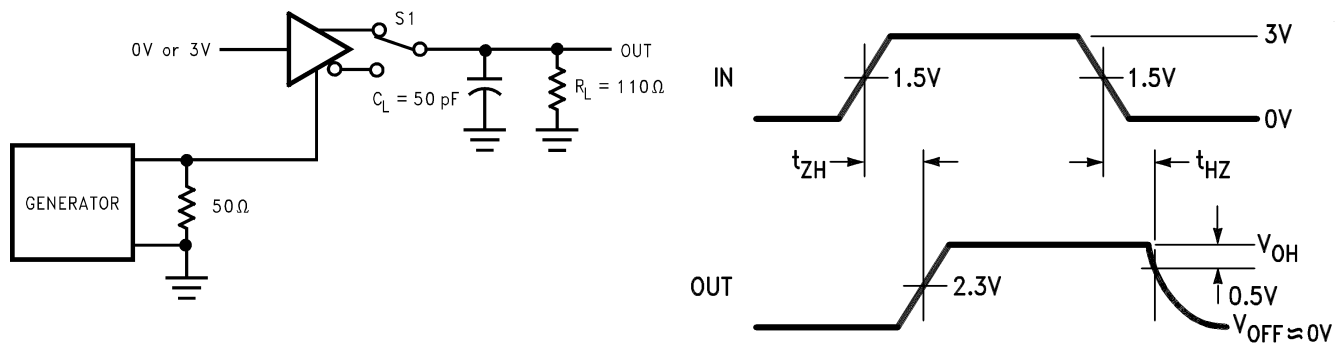
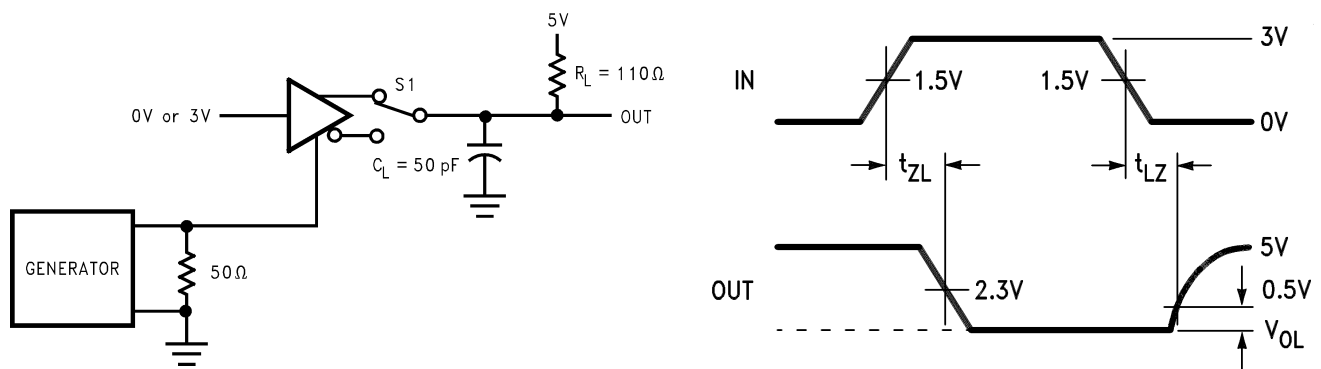
$$t_{\text{SKEW}} = |t_{\text{PLHD}} - t_{\text{PHLD}}|$$

Figure 3. Driver Differential Output Delay and Transition Times⁽²⁾⁽³⁾



(2) The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1.0 MHz, 50% duty cycle, t_r ≤ 6.0 ns, t_f ≤ 6.0 ns, Z_O = 50Ω.

(3) DS16F95/DS36F95 Driver enable is Active-High

Figure 4. Driver Propagation Times⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾Figure 5. Driver Enable and Disable Times (t_{ZH} , t_{HZ})⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽³⁾Figure 6. Driver Enable and Disable Times (t_{ZL} , t_{LZ} , t_{LZL})⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷⁾

(4) CL includes probe and stray capacitance

(5) The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1.0 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6.0$ ns, $t_f \leq 6.0$ ns, $Z_0 = 50\Omega$.

(6) CL includes probe and stray capacitance

(7) DS16F95/DS36F95 Driver enable is Active-High

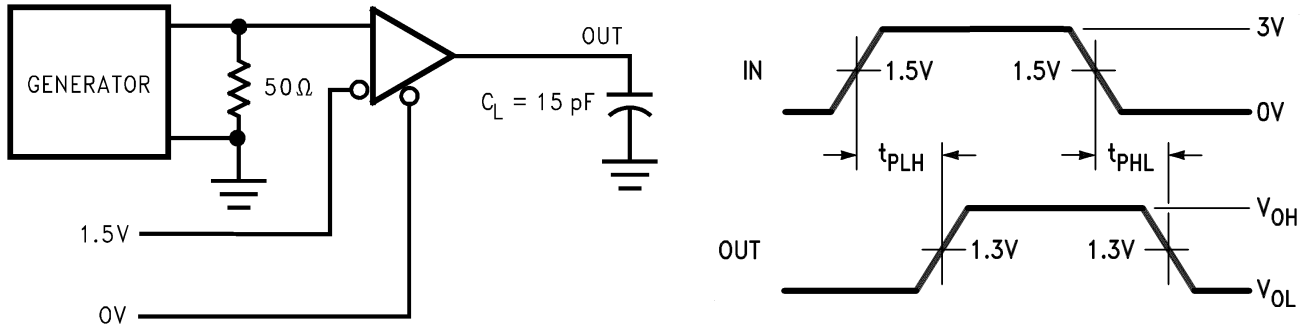


Figure 7. Receiver Propagation Delay Times⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾

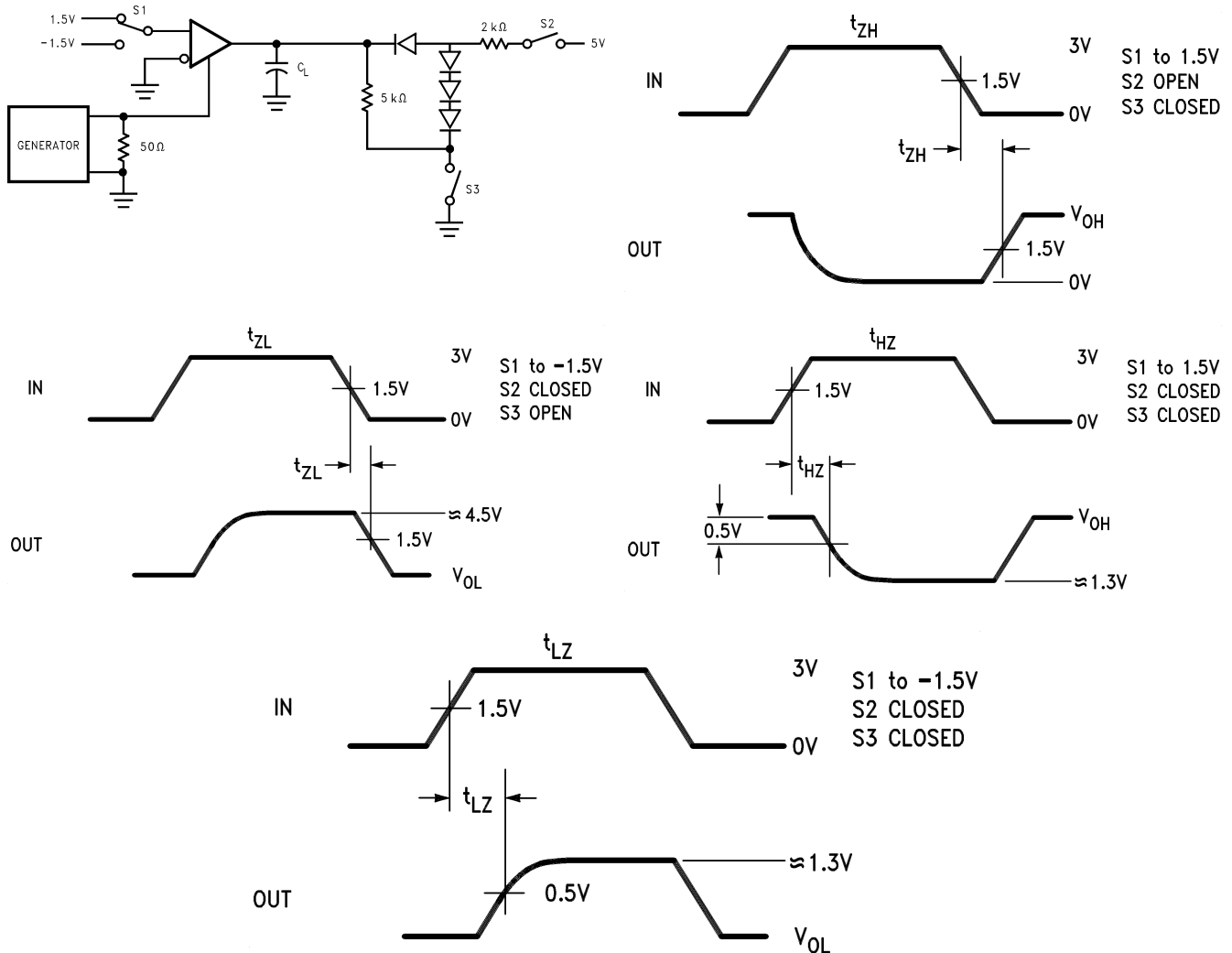
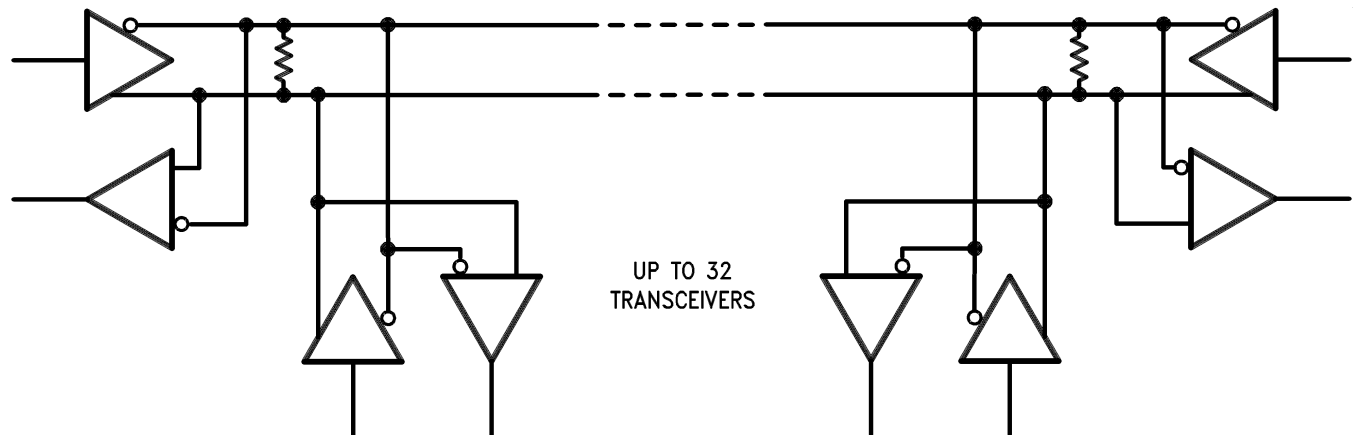


Figure 8. Receiver Enable and Disable Times⁽⁸⁾⁽⁹⁾⁽¹⁰⁾

- (8) The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1.0 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6.0$ ns, $t_f \leq 6.0$ ns, $Z_O = 50\Omega$.
- (9) C_L includes probe and stray capacitance
- (10) All diodes are 1N916 or equivalent.

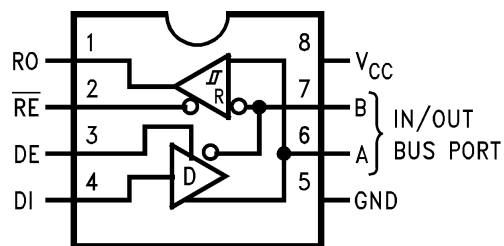
Typical Application



NOTE

The line should be terminated at both ends in its characteristic impedance, typically 120Ω. Stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible.

Connection Diagram



8-Lead Dual-In-Line Package or Small Outline Molded Package
See Package Number J08A, or M08

REVISION HISTORY

Changes from Revision C (April 2013) to Revision D	Page
• Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format	12

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have **not** been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

Products

Audio	www.ti.com/audio
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com
DLP® Products	www.dlp.com
DSP	dsp.ti.com
Clocks and Timers	www.ti.com/clocks
Interface	interface.ti.com
Logic	logic.ti.com
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com
RFID	www.ti-rfid.com
OMAP Applications Processors	www.ti.com/omap
Wireless Connectivity	www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity

Applications

Automotive and Transportation	www.ti.com/automotive
Communications and Telecom	www.ti.com/communications
Computers and Peripherals	www.ti.com/computers
Consumer Electronics	www.ti.com/consumer-apps
Energy and Lighting	www.ti.com/energy
Industrial	www.ti.com/industrial
Medical	www.ti.com/medical
Security	www.ti.com/security
Space, Avionics and Defense	www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense
Video and Imaging	www.ti.com/video

TI E2E Community

e2e.ti.com