

## **USD-4GB-INDUSTRIAL Memory Card**



This is a Class 10 SD-HC 4GB Industrial rated microSD card. These cards are unique and feature an advanced firmware to prevent corruption in harsh environments, and can instil a higher level of confidence in the end product when these cards are used.

These cards are superior to standard commercial grade cards and other standard industrial grade cards, due to their advanced firmware, which can prevent a phenomenon called 'Read Disturb' from occurring, along with other advanced enhancements. Read Disturb can result in random bit changes causing corruption when the same information is read continuously without being overwritten. This is possible to do when using them in 4D Systems modules due to the nature of the graphics, and therefore these cards offer advanced protection against this due to the firmware's unique ability to prevent this from occurring.

The uSD-4GB Industrial Grade memory card can be used to store images, animations, text, graphics objects, for data logging, and many more uses, when used in the 4D intelligent display modules.

These cards are SPI Compatible, they are sourced directly from the Manufacturer, Phison in Taiwan, and are the recommended micro SD card for use with 4D Systems products.

Not all cards on the market are SPI compatible, and therefore not all cards can be used in 4D Systems products. Buy with confidence, choose the cards recommended by 4D Systems.

Extremely small footprint measuring only 15mm x 11mm x 0.8mm

#### Features:

- High reliability, operating at -40°C to 85°C
- Water proof, Dust proof and ESD Resistant
- Enhanced endurance by Advanced Dynamic/ Static Wear Leveling algorithm
- Read Disturb Protector -Auto Refresh technology to ensure data integrity especially in frequent read operations
- Enhanced power cycling support
- Support BCH ECC engine up to 40bit/1KByte
- Support CPRM
- RoHS compliant
- CE & FCC certification



# Phison Electronics Corporation Industrial PS8032 microSD 3.0 Specification

(PS8032+ MLC)

Version 1.4 Document Number: S-14071

CORPORATION.

No.1, Qun-Yi Road, Jhunan, Miaoli County, Taiwan 350, R.O.C Tel: +886-37-586-896 Fax: +886-37-587-868 E-mail: <u>sales@phison.com</u> / <u>suppport@phison.com</u> ALL RIGHTS ARE STRICTLY RESERVED. ANY PORTION OF THIS PAPER SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED, COPIED, OR TRANSLATED TO ANY OTHER FORMS WITHOUT PERMISSION FROM PHISON ELECTRONICS

## **Overview**

- Capacity
  - MLC: 4GB up to 64GB
- Flash Type
  - Toshiba 19nm MLC
- Bus Speed Mode
  - 4GB~64GB: UHS-I
- Power Consumption<sup>Note1</sup>
  - Power Up Current < 250uA
  - Standby Current < 250uA</li>
  - Read Current <200mA</li>
  - Write Current <200mA</li>
- Performance
  - Read: Up to 26 MB/s
  - Write: Up to 16 MB/s

- Advanced Flash Management
  - Static and Dynamic Wear Leveling
  - Bad Block Management
  - SMART Function <sup>Noted2</sup>
  - Auto-Read Refresh
- Storage Temperature Range
  - -40°C ~ 85°C
- Operation Temperature Range
  - Gold grade: -25°C ~ 85°C
  - Diamond grade: -40~85°C
- RoHS compliant

#### Notes:

- 1. Please see "5.1 Power Consumption" for details.
- 2. This function is enabled by customer requirement and please see "1.2.4 Smart Function" for detail



## **Table of Contents**

1.	Introduction	1
1.1.	General Description	.1
1.2.	Flash Management	.2
1.2.1		
1.2.2	Wear Leveling	.2
1.2.3	Bad Block Management	.2
1.2.4		
1.2.5		.3
2.	Product Specifications	4
3.	Environmental Specifications	6
3.1.	Environmental Conditions	
4.	SD Card Comparison 1	.0
5.	Electrical Specifications 1	.1
5.1.	Power Consumption	11
5.2.	Electrical Specifications	
5.3.	DC Characteristic	12
5.3.1	Bus Operation Conditions for 3.3V Signaling	12
5.3.2	Bus Signal Line Levels	13
5.3.3	Power Up Time	13
5.4.	AC Characteristic	15
5.4.1	microSD Interface timing (Default)	15
5.4.2	microSD Interface Timing (High-Speed Mode)	16
5.4.3	microSD Interface timing (SDR12, SDR25 and SDR50 Modes)	17
5.4.4	microSD Interface timing (DDR50 Modes)	18
6.	Interface	20
6.1.	Pad Assignment and Descriptions	20
7.	Physical Dimension	22



## **List of Figures**

## **List of Tables**

Table 3-1 High Temperature Test Condition (Gold Series)	6
Table 3-2 High Temperature Test Condition (Diamond Series)	6
Table 3-3 Low Temperature Test Condition (Gold Series)	6
Table 3-4 Low Temperature Test Condition (Diamond Series)	6
Table 3-5 High Humidity Test Condition (Gold Series)	7
Table 3-6 High Humidity Test Condition (Diamond Series)	7
Table 3-7 Temperature Cycle Test (Gold Series)	7
Table 3-8 Temperature Cycle Test (Diamond Series)	
Table 3-9 Shock Specification	7
Table 3-10 Vibration Specification	8
Table 3-11 Drop Specification	8
Table 3-12 Bending Specification	8
Table 3-13 Torque Specification	8
Table 3-14 Salt Spray Specification	8
Table 3-15 Waterproof Specification	
Table 3-16 X-Ray Exposure Specification	9
Table 3-14 Contact ESD Specification	9
Table 4-1 Comparing SD3.0 Standard and SD3.0 SDHC	.10
Table 5-1 Power Consumption of PS8032 Industrial microSD card	.11
Table 5-2 Threshold Level for High Voltage Range	.12
Table 5-3 Peak Voltage and Leakage Current	. 12



## **1. INTRODUCTION**

## 1.1. General Description

The Micro Secure Digital (microSD) card version 3.0 is fully compliant to the specification released by SD Card Association. The Command List supports [Part 1 Physical Layer Specification Ver3.01 Final] definitions. Card Capacity of Non-secure Area, Secure Area Supports [Part 3 Security Specification Ver3.00 Final] Specifications.

The microSD 3.0 card comes with 8-pin interface, designed to operate at a maximum operating frequency of 50MHz or 100MHz. It can alternate communication protocol between the SD mode and SPI mode. It performs data error detection and correction with very low power consumption. Its capacity could be more than 4GB and up to 64GB in the future with FAT32 which is called Micro SDHC (microSD High Capacity).

Phison Industrial micro Secure Digital 3.0 card is one of the most popular cards today based on its high performance, good reliability and wide compatibility. Not to mention that it's well adapted for hand-held applications in semi-industrial/medical markets already. Moreover, with customized firmware technique, Phison Industrial 8032 microSD 3.0 can be configured with pSLC SD Mode and presents outstanding performance along with better P/E cycles.



### 1.2. Flash Management

#### 1.2.1. Error Correction Code (ECC)

Flash memory cells will deteriorate with use, which might generate random bit errors in the stored data. Thus, PS8032 applies the BCH ECC Algorithm, which can detect and correct errors occur during Read process, ensure data been read correctly, as well as protect data from corruption.

#### 1.2.2. Wear Leveling

NAND Flash devices can only undergo a limited number of program/erase cycles, and in most cases, the flash media are not used evenly. If some area get updated more frequently than others, the lifetime of the device would be reduced significantly. Thus, Wear Leveling technique is applied to extend the lifespan of NAND Flash by evenly distributing write and erase cycles across the media.

Phison provides advanced Wear Leveling algorithm, which can efficiently spread out the flash usage through the whole flash media area. Moreover, by implementing both dynamic and static Wear Leveling algorithms, the life expectancy of the NAND Flash is greatly improved.

#### 1.2.3. Bad Block Management

Bad blocks are blocks that include one or more invalid bits, and their reliability is not guaranteed. Blocks that are identified and marked as bad by the manufacturer are referred to as "Initial Bad Blocks". Bad blocks that are developed during the lifespan of the flash are named "Later Bad Blocks". Phison implements an efficient bad block management algorithm to detect the factory-produced bad blocks and manages any bad blocks that appear with use. This practice further prevents data being stored into bad blocks and improves the data reliability.

#### 1.2.4. Smart Function

SMART, an acronym for Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology, is an special function that allows a memory device to automatically monitor its health. Phison provides a program named SmartInfo Tool to observe Phison's SD and microSD cards. **Note that this tool can only support Phison's PS8032 controller and industrial SD and microSD cards.** This tool will display the controller version, flash type, firmware version, endurance life ratio, good block ratio, and so forth. In addition, a warning message will



appear under the following 3 conditions:

- (1) When the life ratio remained is less than 10%,
- (2) When the amount of abnormal power on is more than 3,500 cycles, and
- (3) When there are less than 5 usable blocks for replacing bad blocks.

#### 1.2.5. Auto-Read Refresh

Auto-Read Refresh is especially applied on devices that read data mostly but rarely write data, such as GPS. When blocks are continuously read, then the device cannot activate wear leveling since it can only be applied while writing data. Thus, errors will accumulate and become uncorrectable. Accordingly, to avoid errors exceed the amount ECC can correct and blocks turn bad, Phison's firmware will automatically refresh the bit errors when the error number in one block approaches the threshold, ex., 24 bits.



## **2. PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS**



- Capacity
  - MLC: 4GB up to 64GB (Diamond & Gold)
- Operation Temp. Range
  - Gold Series: -25~85°C
  - Diamond Series: -40~+85°C
- Storage Temp. Range
  - -40~+85°C
- Support SD system specification version 3.0
- Card capacity of non-secure area and secure area support [Part 3 Security Specification Ver3.0 Final] Specifications
- Support SD SPI mode
- Designed for read-only and read/write cards
- Bus Speed Mode (use 4 parallel data lines)
  - UHS-I mode
    - SDR12: SDR up to 25MHz, 1.8V signaling
    - SDR25: SDR up to 50MHz, 1.8V signaling
    - SDR50: 1.8V signaling, frequency up to 100MHz, up to 50 MB/sec
    - DDR50: 1.8V signaling, frequency up to 50MHz, sampled on both clock edges, up to 50
       MB/sec

Note: Timing in 1.8V signaling is different from that of 3.3V signaling.

- The command list supports [Part 1 Physical Layer Specification Ver3.1 Final] definitions
- Copyrights Protection Mechanism
  - Compliant with the highest security of SDMI standard
- Support CPRM (Content Protection for Recordable Media) of SD Card
- Card removal during read operation will never harm the content
- Password Protection of cards (optional)
- Write Protect feature using mechanical switch
- Built-in write protection features (permanent and temporary)
- +4KV/-4KV ESD protection in contact pads
- Operation voltage range: 2.7 ~ 3.6V



#### • Performance

#### MLC

Conseitur	Mode	Flash Structure	Sequ	ential
Capacity	wode		Read (MB/s)	Write (MB/s)
4GB	UHS-I	TSB 19nm 4GB x 1	26	12
8GB	UHS-I	TSB 19nm 8GB x 1	26	12
16GB	UHS-I	TSB 19nm 8GB x 2	26	12
32GB	UHS-I	TSB 19nm 8GB x 4	26	12
64GB	UHS-I	TSB 19nm 8GB x 8	26	16

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. The performance is obtained from TestMetrix Test (@500MB).
- 2. Samples are made of Toshiba 19nm MLC Toggle NAND Flash.
- 3. Performance may vary from flash configuration and platform.
- 4. The table above is for your reference only. The criteria for MP (mass production) and for accepting goods shall be discussed based on different flash configuration.



## **3. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS**



## **3.1. Environmental Conditions**

#### Temperature and Humidity

- Storage Temperature Range
  - -40°C ~ 85°C
- Operation Temperature Range
  - Gold grade: -25°C ~ 85°C
  - Diamond grade: -40°C ~ 85°C

#### Table 3-1 High Temperature Test Condition (Gold Series)

	Temperature	Humidity	Test Time
Operation	85°C	0% RH	168 hours
Storage	85°C	0% RH	500 hours

**Result:** No any abnormality is detected.

#### Table 3-2 High Temperature Test Condition (Diamond Series)

	Temperature	Humidity	Test Time
Operation	85°C	0% RH	300 hours
Storage	85°C	0% RH	500 hours

Result: No any abnormality is detected.

#### Table 3-3 Low Temperature Test Condition (Gold Series)

	Temperature	Humidity	Test Time
Operation	-25°C	0% RH	168 hours
Storage	-40°C	0% RH	300 hours

Result: No any abnormality is detected.

#### Table 3-4 Low Temperature Test Condition (Diamond Series)

	Temperature	Humidity	Test Time
Operation	-40°C	0% RH	168 hours
Storage	-40°C	0% RH	500 hours

Result: No any abnormality is detected.



#### Table 3-5 High Humidity Test Condition (Gold Series)

	Temperature	Humidity	Test Time
Operation	40°C	95% RH	4 hours
Storage	40°C	95% RH	500 hours
Storage	40°C	95% KH	500 nours

**Result:** No any abnormality is detected.

#### Table 3-6 High Humidity Test Condition (Diamond Series)

	Temperature	Humidity	Test Time
Operation	55°C	95% RH	4 hours
Storage	55°C	95% RH	500 hours

**Result:** No any abnormality is detected.

Table 3-7 Temperature Cycle Test (Gold Series)			
	Temperature	Test Time	Cycle
Oneration	-25°C	30 min	
Operation	85°C	30 min	20 Cycles
Storage	-40°C	30 min	
Storage	85°C	30 min	- 20 Cycles
			* *

Result: No any abnormality is detected.

#### Table 3-8 Temperature Cycle Test (Diamond Series)

	Temperature	Test Time	Cycle
Operation	-40°C	30 min	- 20 Cycles
Operation	85°C	30 min	20 Cycles
Storago	-40°C	30 min	EQ Oveloc
Storage	85°C	30 min	50 Cycles

Result: No any abnormality is detected.

### Shock

#### Table 3-9 Shock Specification

	Acceleration Force	Half Sin Pulse Duration
Industrial microSD card	1500G	0.5ms

**Result:** No any abnormality is detected when power on.



#### Vibration

Table 3-10 Vibration Specification					
	Vibration Orientation				
	Frequency/Displacement Frequency/Acceleration				
Industrial	20Hz~80Hz/1.52mm	80Hz~2000Hz/20G	X, Y, Z axis/30 min for each		
microSD card					

**Result:** No any abnormality is detected when power on.

#### Drop

Table	3-11 Drop Specificatio	n			
Height of Drop Number of Drop					
Industrial microSD card	150cm free fall	6 face of each unit			
<b>Result:</b> No any abnormality is detected when power on.					

#### Bending

Table 3-12 Bending Specification				
	Force	Action		
Industrial microSD card	≥ 10N	Hold 1min/5times		
<b>Result:</b> No any abnormality is detected when power on.				

#### Torque

Table 3-13 Torque Specification				
Force Action				
Industrial microSD card 0.1N-m or +/-2.5 deg Hold 30 seconds/5times				
Posulte No any apportmality is detected when nower on				

**Result:** No any abnormality is detected when power on.

#### Salt Spray Test

#### Table 3-14 Salt Spray Specification

	Condition	Action
Industrial microSD card	Concentration: 3% NaCl	Storage for 24 HRS
industrial microsD card	Temperature: $35^{\circ}$ C	Storage for 24 HKS

**Result:** No any abnormality is detected when power on.



#### Waterproof Test

Table 3-15 Waterproof Specification					
Condition Action					
Industrial microSD card	Water temperature: $25^{\circ}$ C				
	Water depth: The lowest point of	Characa far 20 mina			
	unit is locating 1000mm below	Storage for 30 mins			
	surface.				

Result: JIS IPX7 compliance. No any abnormality is detected when power on.

#### Test X-Ray Exposure Test

Table 3-16 X-Ray	Exposure	Specification

	Condition	Action
Industrial microSD card	0.1 Gy of medium-energy radiation (70 keV to 140 keV, cumulative dose per year) to both sides of the card	Storage for 30 mins

Result: ISO 7816-1 compliance. No any abnormality is detected when power on.

### Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

#### **Table 3-17 Contact ESD Specification**

	Condition	Result
Industrial microSD card	Contact: +/- 4KV each item 25 times Air: +/- 8KV 10 times	PASS

### EMI Compliance

- FCC: CISPR22
- CE: EN55022
- BSMI 13438



## 4. SD CARD COMPARISON

	SD3.0 Standard (Backward compatible to 2.0 host)	SD3.0 SDHC	
Addressing Mode	Byte	Block	
Addressing Wode	(1 byte unit)	(512 byte unit)	
HCS/CCS bits of ACMD41	Support	Support	
CMD8 (SEND_IF_COND)	Support	Support	
CMD16 (SET_BLOCKLEN)	Support	Support	
		(Only CMD42)	
Partial Read	Support	Not Support	
Lock/Unlock Function	Mandatory	Mandatory	
Write Protect Groups	Optional	Not Support	
Supply Voltage 2.0v – 2.7v (for initialization)	Not Support	Not Support	
Total Bus Capacitance for each signal line	40pF	40pF	
CSD Version (CSD_STRUCTURE Value)	1.0 (0x0)	2.0 (0x1)	
Speed Class	Optional	Mandatory (Class 2 / 4 / 6 / 10)	

#### Table 4-1 Comparing SD3.0 Standard and SD3.0 SDHC



## **5. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

## **5.1.** Power Consumption

The table below is the power consumption of PS8032 with different flash memory types.

#### Table 5-1 Power Consumption of PS8032 Industrial microSD card

Flash Mode	Max. Power Up Current (uA)	Max. Standby Current (uA)	Max. Read Current (mA)	Max. Write Current (mA)
Single Flash <sup>Note1</sup> (1 x 8bit)	150	150	100	100
SDR/DDR	250	250	200	200

NOTE:

1. Data transfer mode is single channel.

## **5.2. Electrical Specifications**

#### Absolute Maximum Rating

Item	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	Unit
1	$V_{DD}$ - $V_{SS}$	DC Power Supply	-0.3	+3.3	V
2	V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	V <sub>ss</sub> -0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
3	Та	Operating Temperature (Gold)	-25	+85	°C
4	Та	Operating Temperature (Diamond)	-40	+85	°C
5	Tst	Storage Temperature	-40	+85	°C
6	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> Voltage	2.7	3.6	V



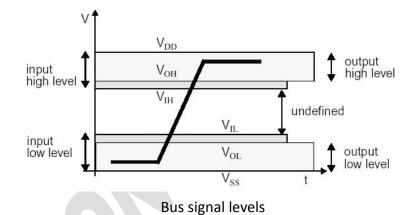
## **5.3. DC Characteristic**

## 5.3.1. Bus Operation Conditions for 3.3V Signaling

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remarks					
Supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	2.7	3.6	V						
Output High Voltage	Vон	0.75*Vdd		V	IOH=-100uA V <sub>DD</sub> Min.					
Output Low Voltage	Vol		0.125*VDD	V	IOL = 100uA VDD min					
Input High Voltage	Vih	0.625*Vdd	Vdd+0.3	V						
Input Low Voltage	VIL	Vss-0.3	0.25 *Vdd	V						
Power up time			250	ms	from 0v to VDD min.					
Bus Signal Levels										

#### Table 5-2 Threshold Level for High Voltage Range

#### **Bus Signal Levels**



### Table 5-3 Peak Voltage and Leakage Current

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max.	Unit	Remarks				
Peak voltage on all lines		-0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V					
All Inputs									
Input Leakage Current		-10	10	uA					
All Outputs									
Output Leakage Current		-10	10	uA					

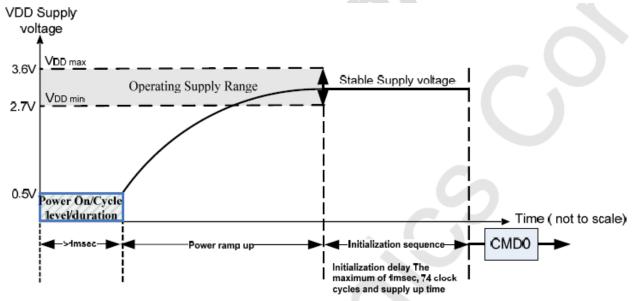


### 5.3.2. Bus Signal Line Levels

Parameter	symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
Pull-up resistance	R <sub>CMD</sub>	10	100	kΩ	to prevent bus floating
	R <sub>DAT</sub>				
Total bus capacitance for each	CL		40	рF	1 card
signal line					CHOST+CBUS shall
					not exceed 30 pF
Capacitance of the card for each	CCARD		10	рF	
signal pin					
Maximum signal line inductance			16	nH	f <sub>pp</sub> <20 MHz
Pull-up resistance inside card	RDAT3	10	90	kΩ	May be used for
(pin1)					card detection

#### 5.3.3. Power Up Time

Host needs to keep power line level less than 0.5V and more than 1ms before power ramp up.



#### **Power On or Power Cycle**

Followings are requirements for Power on and Power cycle to assure a reliable SD Card hard reset.

- (1) Voltage level shall be below 0.5V
- (2) Duration shall be at least 1ms.

#### **Power Supply Ramp Up**

The power ramp up time is defined from 0.5V threshold level up to the operating supply voltage which is stable between VDD (min.) and VDD (max.) and host can supply SDCLK.

PHISON Knows What You Need

Followings are recommendation of Power ramp up:

(1) Voltage of power ramp up should be monotonic as much as possible.

(2) The minimum ramp up time should be 0.1ms.

(3) The maximum ramp up time should be 35ms for 2.7-3.6V power supply.

#### **Power Down and Power Cycle**

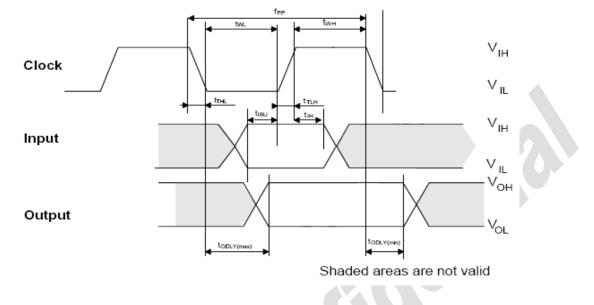
• When the host shuts down the power, the card VDD shall be lowered to less than 0.5Volt for a minimum period of 1ms. During power down, DAT, CMD, and CLK should be disconnected or driven to logical 0 by the host to avoid a situation that the operating current is drawn through the signal lines.

• If the host needs to change the operating voltage, a power cycle is required. Power cycle means the power is turned off and supplied again. Power cycle is also needed for accessing cards that are already in *Inactive State.* To create a power cycle the host shall follow the power down description before power up the card (i.e. the card VDD shall be once lowered to less than 0.5Volt for a minimum period of 1ms).



## 5.4. AC Characteristic

## 5.4.1. microSD Interface timing (Default)

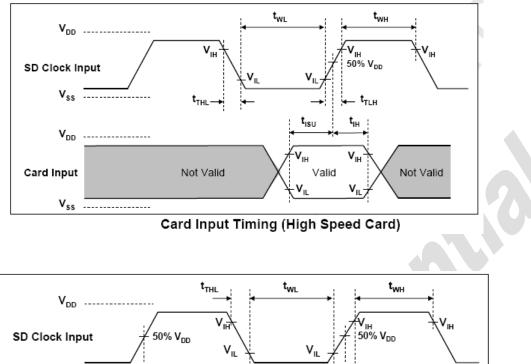


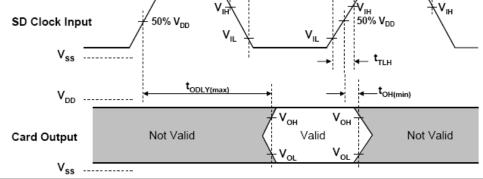
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark						
Clock CLK (All values are referred to min( $V_{IH}$ ) and max( $V_{IL}$ )											
Clock frequency Data Transfer Mode	f <sub>PP</sub>	0	25	MHz	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)						
Clock frequency Identification Mode	f <sub>op</sub>	0 <sub>(1)</sub> /100	400	kHz	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)						
Clock low time	t <sub>wL</sub>	10		ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)						
Clock high time	t <sub>wн</sub>	10		ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)						
Clock rise time	t <sub>TLH</sub>		10	ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)						
Clock fall time	t <sub>тнь</sub>		10	ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)						
In	puts CMD, I	DAT (refere	enced to CLI	к)							
Input set-up time	t <sub>ISU</sub>	5		ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)						
Input hold time	t <sub>iH</sub>	5		ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)						
Ou	Outputs CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK)										
Output Delay time during Data Transfer Mode	t <sub>odly</sub>	0	14	ns	C <sub>L</sub> ≤40 pF (1 card)						
Output Delay time during Identification Mode	tODLY	0	50	ns	C <sub>L</sub> ≤40 pF (1 card)						

(1) OHz means to stop the clock. The given minimum frequency range is for cases were continues clock is required.



## 5.4.2. microSD Interface Timing (High-Speed Mode)





Card Output Timing (High Speed Mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark					
Clock CLK (All values are referred to min(V <sub>IH</sub> ) and max(V <sub>IL</sub> )										
Clock frequency Data Transfer Mode	f <sub>PP</sub>	0	50	MHz	C <sub>card</sub> ≤10 pF (1 card)					
Clock low time	t <sub>wL</sub>	7		ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤10 pF (1 card)					
Clock high time	t <sub>wH</sub>	7		ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)					
Clock rise time	$t_{\tau LH}$		3	ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)					
Clock fall time	t <sub>τнι</sub>		3	ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)					
Input	s CMD, DAT	(reference	d to CLK)							
Input set-up time	t <sub>ISU</sub>	6		ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)					
Input hold time	t <sub>iH</sub>	2		ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)					
Outputs CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK)										
Output Delay time during Data	t <sub>odly</sub>		14	ns	C <sub>L</sub> ≤ 40 pF					

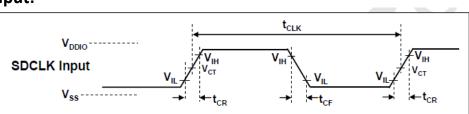


Transfer Mode					(1 card)
Output Hold time	Т <sub>он</sub>	2.5		ns	C <sub>L</sub> ≤ 15 pF (1 card)
Total System capacitance of each line <sup>1</sup>	CL		40	pF	CL ≤ 15 pF (1 card)

(1) In order to satisfy severe timing, the host shall drive only one card.

## 5.4.3. microSD Interface timing (SDR12, SDR25 and SDR50 Modes)



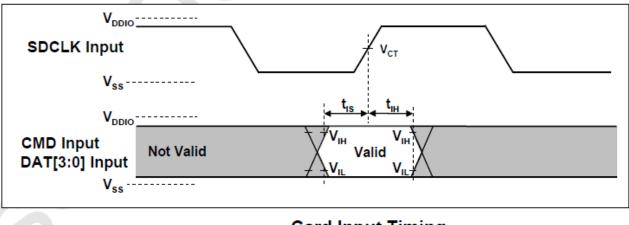


Clock Signal Timing

Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
tCLK	4.80	-	ns	208MHz (Max.), Between rising edge, VCT= 0.975V
tCR, tCF	-	0.2* tCLK	ns	tCR, tCF < 2.00ns (max.) at 100MHz, CCARD=10pF
Clock	30	70	%	
Duty				

### **Clock Signal Timing**

SDR50 Input Timing:

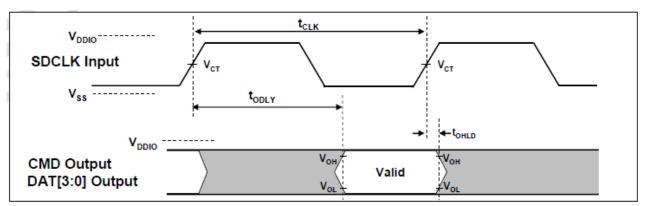


## **Card Input Timing**

Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	SDR50 Mode
tls	3.00	-	ns	Ccard =10pF, VCT= 0.975V
tIH	0.80	-	ns	Ccard =5pF, VCT= 0.975V



### Output:

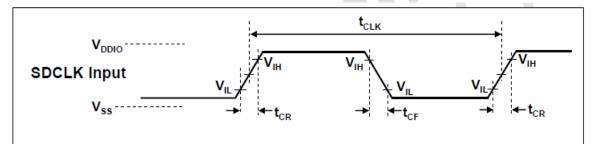


## **Output Timing of Fixed Data Window**

Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
tODLY	-	7.5	ns	tCLK>=10.0ns, CL=30pF, using driver Type B, for SDR50
tODLY	-	14	ns	tCLK>=20.0ns, CL=40pF, using driver Type B, for SDR25 and SDR12,
ТОН	1.5	-	ns	Hold time at the tODLY (min.), CL=15pF

Output Timing of Fixed Data Window

### 5.4.4. microSD Interface timing (DDR50 Modes)

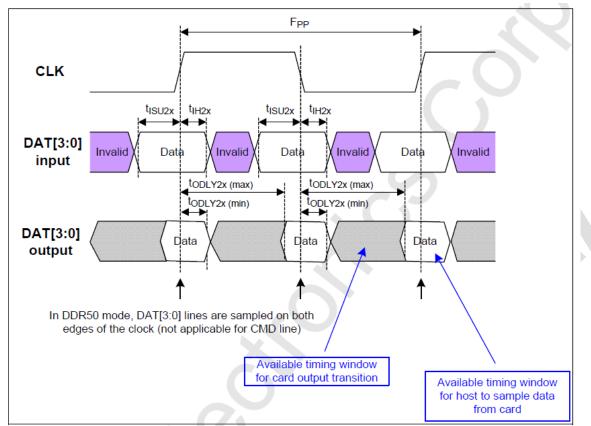


## **Clock Signal Timing**

Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
tCLK	20		ns	50MHz (Max.), Between rising edge
tCR, tCF	-	0.2* tCLK	ns	tCR, tCF < 4.00ns (max.) at 50MHz, CCARD=10pF
Clock Duty	45	55	%	

**Clock Signal Timing** 





Timing Diagram DAT Inputs/Outputs Referenced to CLK in DDR50 Mode

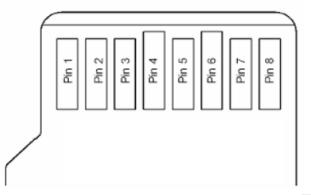
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark					
			-		Kellialk					
Input CMD (referenced to CLK rising edge)										
Input set-up time	t <sub>ISU</sub>	6	-	ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)					
Input hold time	t <sub>ін</sub>	0.8	-	ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)					
Οι	<b>tput CMD</b> (ref	erenced	d to CLK risir	ng edge)						
Output Delay time during Data Transfer Mode	todly		13.7	ns	C∟≤30 pF (1 card)					
Output Hold time	Т <sub>он</sub>	1.5	-	ns	C <sub>L</sub> ≥15 pF (1 card)					
Inputs I	DAT (reference	d to CLł	<pre>K rising and find find find find find find find fi</pre>	falling edges	5)					
Input set-up time	t <sub>ISU2x</sub>	3	-	ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)					
Input hold time	t <sub>IH2x</sub>	0.8	-	ns	C <sub>card</sub> ≤ 10 pF (1 card)					
Outputs	Outputs DAT (referenced to CLK rising and falling edges)									
Output Delay time during Data Transfer Mode	t <sub>odly2x</sub>	-	7.0	ns	C∟≤25 pF (1 card)					
Output Hold time	T <sub>OH2x</sub>	1.5	-	ns	C <sub>L</sub> ≥15 pF (1 card)					

Bus Timings – Parameters Values (DDR50 mode)



## **6. INTERFACE**

## 6.1. Pad Assignment and Descriptions



nin		SD N	lode		SP	l Mode
рш	pin Name Typ		Description	Name	Туре	Description
1	DAT2	I/O/PP	Data Line[bit2]	RSV		
2	CD/DAT3 <sup>2</sup>	I/O/PP	Card Detect/	CS	13	Chip Select (neg
2	CD/DAIS	3	Data Line[bit3]	5	I	true)
3	CMD	РР	Command/Response	DI	I	Data In
4	$V_{\text{DD}}$	S	Supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	S	Supply voltage
5	CLK	Ι	Clock	SCLK	I	Clock
6	V	S	Supply voltage	V	S	Supply voltage
0	V <sub>SS</sub>	2	ground	$V_{SS}$	3	ground
7	DAT0	I/O/PP	Data Line[bit0]	DO	O/PP	Data Out
8	DAT1	I/O/PP	Data Line[bit1]	RSV		

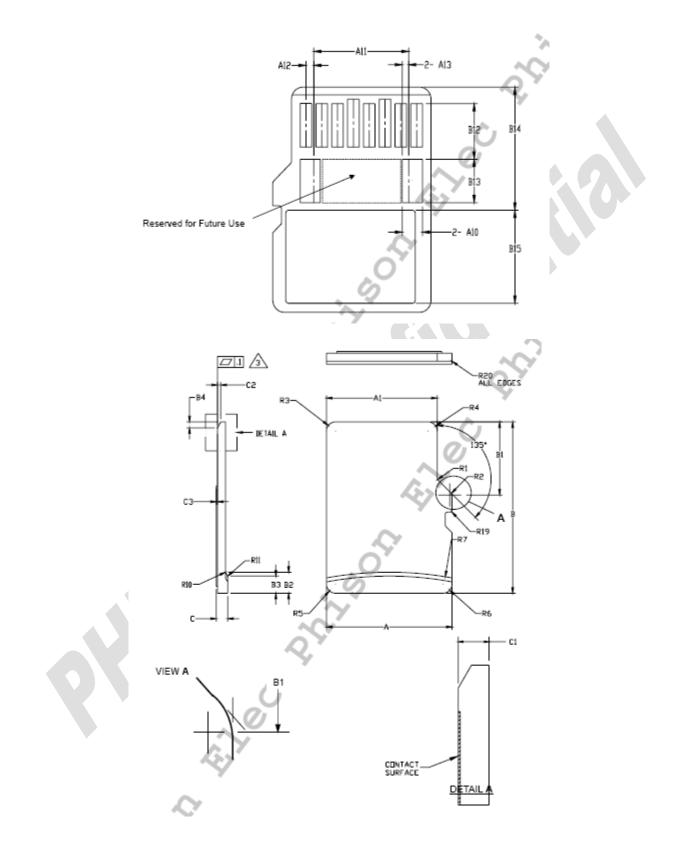
- (1) S: power supply, I: input; O: output using push-pull drivers; PP:I/O using push-pull drivers
- (2) The extended DAT lines (DAT1-DAT3)are input on power up. They start to operate as DAT lines after SET\_BUS\_WIDTH command. The Host shall keep its own DAT1-DAT3 lines in input mode, as well, while they are not used. It is defined so, in order to keep compatibility to MultiMedia Cards.
- (3) At power up this line has a 50KOhm pull up enabled in the card. This resistor serves two functions Card detection and Mode Selection. For Mode Selection, the host can drive the line high or let it be pulled high to select SD mode. If the host wants to select SPI mode it should drive the line low. For Card detection, the host detects that the line is pulled high. This pull-up should be disconnected by the user during regular data transfer period, with SET\_CLR\_CARD\_DETECT (ACMD42) command.





Industrial PS8032 microSD Card

## 7. PHYSICAL DIMENSION



	COMMON DIMENSIONS				Notes:
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE	14040.0
A	10.90	11.00	11.10	TRAFTE	1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER
A1	9.60	9.70	9.80		ASME Y14.5M-1994
A2	-	3.85	-	BASIC	
A3	7.60	7.70	7.80		2. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
A4	-	1.10	-	BASIC	
A5	0.75	0.80	0.85		3. COPLANARITY IS ADDITIVE TO C1 MAX
A6	-	-	8.50		THORNESS.
A7	0.90	-			
A8	0.60	0.70	0.80		
A9	0.80	-	-		
A10	1.35	1.40	1.45		
A11	6.50	6.60	6.70		
A12	0.50	0.55	0.60		
A13	0.40	0.45	0.50		
В	14.90	15.00	15.10		
B1	6.30	6.40	6.50		~ ~ <b>7</b>
B2	1.64	1.84	2.04		6255°
<b>B</b> 3	1.30	1.50	1.70		
B4	0.42	0.52	0.62		47
B5	2.80	2.90	3.00		
B6	5.50	-	•		<u>A.</u>
87	0.20	0.30	0.40		A. 7
B8	1.00	1.10	1.20		
E9	-	-	9.00		
B10	7.80	7.90	8.00		
B11	1.10	1.20	1.30		6
B12	3.60	3.70	3.80	_	
B13	2.80	2.90	3.00		A
B14	8.20	-	-		
B15	-	-	6.20		
С	0.90	1.00	1.10	A. 7	
C1	0.60	0.70	0.80		
C2	0.20	0.30	0.40	<u> </u>	
C3	0.00	-	0.15		
D1	1.00				
D2	1.00	-	-		
D3	1.00				
R1	0.20	0,40	0.60		
R2	0.20	0.40	0.60		
R3	0.70	0.80	0.90		
R4	0.70	0.80	0.90		
R5	<u></u> 0	0.80	0.90		
R6	0.70	0.80	0.90		
R7 '	29.50	30.00	30.50		
R10		0.20	-		
R11	-	0.20	-		
B17	0.10	0.20	0.30		
R18	0.20	0.40	0.60		
R19	0.05	-	0.20		
R20	0.02	-	0.15		

**Knows What You Need** 

P

- 2. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.



Revision	History	Draft Date	Remark				
1.0	Modify spec format	2012/8/28	Justina				
1.1	Modify reliability note	2013/5/13	Justina				
1.2	Modify environment conditions	2013/7/24	Justina				
1.3	Modify Pseudo SLC information	2013/11/1	Justina				
1.4	<ol> <li>Remove Pseudo SLC</li> <li>Add Noted of Smart function</li> <li>Modify 512MB combination and Performance data</li> <li>Add Mechanical reliability testing items</li> </ol>	2014/2/7	Wenyi				

### **Revision History**