

# Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No1907/2006

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LOCTITE 460

SDS No. : 434271 V001.7 Revision: 13.01.2014 printing date: 03.01.2015

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# 1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE 460

- **1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** Intended use: Adhesive
- **1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet** Henkel Ltd

Wood Lane End HP2 4RQ Hemel Hempstead

Great Britain

Phone: +44 1442 278000 Fax-no.: +44 1442 278071

ua-productsafety.uk@uk.henkel.com

# **1.4. Emergency telephone number**

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification (CLP):

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **Classification (DPD):**

Dangerous for the environment R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

# 2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

Hazard statement:

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Category 3

Supplemental information	EUH202 Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of children.
Precautionary statement: Prevention	P273 Avoid release to the environment.
Precautionary statement: Disposal	P501 Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

# Label elements (DPD):

Risk phrases:

R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### Safety phrases:

S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety data sheets.

#### Additional labeling:

Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of children.

# 2.3. Other hazards

None if used properly.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# General chemical description:

Cyanoacrylate Adhesive

# Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	EC Number REACH-Reg No.	content	Classification
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	424-600-0	> 0,25-< 2,5 %	Acute hazards to the aquatic environment 1 H400 Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment 1
			H410
2-Methoxyethyl a-cyanoacrylate 27816-23-5	248-670-5	> 80-<100 %	
Hydroquinone	204-617-8	> 0,01-< 0,1 %	Carcinogenicity 2
123-31-9			H351 Germ cell mutagenicity 2
			H341
			Acute toxicity 4; Oral
			H302
			Serious eye damage 1 H318
			H518 Skin sensitizer 1
			H317
			Acute hazards to the aquatic environment 1
			H400
	204 227 1	0.1 0.0 0/	M factor: 10 M factor (Chron Aquat Tox): 10
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane	204-327-1 01-2119496065-33	> 0,1-< 0,9 %	Toxic to reproduction 2 H361
119-47-1	01-2117490003-55		Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment 4
			H413

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

#### Declaration of ingredients according to DPD (EC) No 1999/45:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	EC Number REACH-Reg No.	content	Classification
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	424-600-0	> 0,25 - < 2,5 %	N - Dangerous for the environment; R50/53
2-Methoxyethyl a-cyanoacrylate 27816-23-5	248-670-5	> 80 - < 100 %	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	204-617-8	> 0,01 - < 0,1 %	carcinogenic, category 3; R40 Mutagen category 3.; R68 Xn - Harmful; R22 Xi - Irritant; R41 R43 N - Dangerous for the environment; R50

For full text of the R-Phrases indicated by codes see section 16 'Other Information'. Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

Skin contact:

Do not pull bonded skin apart. It may be gently peeled apart using a blunt object such as a spoon, preferably after soaking in warm soapy water.

Cyanoacrylates give off heat on solidification. In rare cases a large drop will generate enough heat to cause a burn.

Burns should be treated normally after the adhesive has been removed from the skin.

If lips are accidentally stuck together apply warm water to the lips and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth.

Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips apart with direct opposing action.

Eye contact:

If the eye is bonded closed, release eyelashes with warm water by covering with wet pad.

Cyanoacrylate will bond to eye protein and will cause periods of weeping which will help to debond the adhesive.

Keep eye covered until debonding is complete, usually within 1-3 days.

Do not force eye open. Medical advice should be sought in case solid particles of cyanoacrylate trapped behind the eyelid cause any abrasive damage.

Ingestion:

Ensure that breathing passages are not obstructed. The product will polymerise immediately in the mouth making it almost impossible to swallow. Saliva will slowly separate the solidified product from the mouth (several hours).

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause eye irritation.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide. Fine water spray

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None known

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO2) can be released. In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray. Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, irritating organic vapors.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** Ensure adequate ventilation.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Do not use cloths for mopping up. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off the floor. Cured material can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ventilation (low level) is recommended when using large volumes Use of dispensing equipment is recommended to minimise the risk of skin or eye contact

#### Hygiene measures:

Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

For optimum shelf life store in original containers under refrigerated conditions at 2 - 8°C (35.6 - 46.4 °F)

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Adhesive

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Туре	Category	Remarks
HYDROQUINONE		0,5	Time Weighted Average		EH40 WEL
123-31-9			(TWA):		

Biological Exposure Indices: None

#### 8.2. Exposure controls:

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area

Filter type: A

Hand protection:

The use of chemical resistant gloves such as Nitrile is recommended.

Polyethylene or polypropylene gloves are recommended when using large volumes.

Do not use PVC, rubber or nylon gloves.

Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:

Wear protective glasses.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties** 

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid
	Clear, Colorless,
	Straw
Odour threshold	No data available / Not applicable
pH	No data available / Not applicable
Initial boiling point	No data available / Not applicable
Flash point	No data available / Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	No data available / Not applicable
Vapour pressure	No data available / Not applicable
Density	1,1 g/cm3
(20 °C (68 °F))	
Bulk density	No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity	No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity (kinematic)	No data available / Not applicable
Explosive properties	No data available / Not applicable
Solubility (qualitative)	Polymerises in presence of water.
Solidification temperature	No data available / Not applicable
Melting point	No data available / Not applicable
Flammability	No data available / Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available / Not applicable
Explosive limits	No data available / Not applicable
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available / Not applicable
Evaporation rate	No data available / Not applicable
Vapor density	No data available / Not applicable
Oxidising properties	No data available / Not applicable

#### 9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1. Reactivity

Rapid exothermic polymerization will occur in the presence of water, amines, alkalis and alcohols.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

#### **10.4.** Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

None if used properly.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

carbon oxides.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### General toxicological information:

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation 1272/2008/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

#### **Oral toxicity:**

Cyanoacrylates are considered to have relatively low toxicity. Acute oral LD50 is >5000mg/kg (rat). It is almost impossible to swallow as it rapidly polymerises in the mouth.

#### Inhalative toxicity:

Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of vapours may lead to chronic effects in sensitive individuals In dry atmosphere with < 50% humidity, vapours may irritate the eyes and respiratory system

#### Skin irritation:

Bonds skin in seconds. Considered to be of low toxicity: acute dermal LD50 (rabbit)>2000mg/kg Due to polymerisation at the skin surface allergic reaction is unlikely to occur

#### Eye irritation:

Liquid product will bond eyelids. In a dry atmosphere (RH<50%) vapours may cause irritation and lachrymatory effect

#### Acute oral toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	LD50	> 5.000 mg/kg	oral		rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	LD50	367 mg/kg	oral		rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

#### Acute inhalative toxicity:

Hazardous components	Value	Value	Route of	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		application	time		

#### Acute dermal toxicity:

Hazardous components	Value	Value	Route of	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		application	time		

#### Skin corrosion/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
2-Methoxyethyl a- cyanoacrylate 27816-23-5	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

# Serious eye damage/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	not irritating	24 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

# Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisat ion test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	sensitising	Guinea pig maximisat ion test	guinea pig	

#### Germ cell mutagenicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	negative	bacterial gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
2-Methoxyethyl a- cyanoacrylate 27816-23-5	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		EU Method B.13/14 (Mutagenicity)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert- butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)

#### **Repeated dose toxicity**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOAEL=>= 250 mg/kg	oral: gavage	14 days 5 days/week. 12 doses	rat	OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# General ecological information:

Biological and Chemical Oxygen Demands (BOD and COD) are insignificant.

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation 1272/2008/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

### 12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity:** 

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Acute Toxicity Study	Exposure time	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	LC50	0,5 mg/l	Fish	48 h	Oryzias latipes	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	LC50	0,17 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Brachydanio rerio (new name: Danio rerio)	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	EC50	0,29 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	•
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	EC50	0,335 mg/l	Algae	3 d	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	LC50	> 500 mg/l	Fish	48 h	Oryzias latipes	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	EC50	> 1.000 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	EC50	> 1.000 mg/l	Algae			OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

# Persistence and Biodegradability:

No data available for the product.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Degradability	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	readily biodegradable	aerobic	75 - 81 %	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	under test conditions no biodegradation observed		0 %	OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test)

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential / 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: Cured adhesives are immobile.

# **Bioaccumulative potential:**

No data available for the product.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	LogKow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Species	Temperature	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	1,03					
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	6,24					

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous components	PBT/vPvB
CAS-No.	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
methylphenyl)methane	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
119-47-1	

# 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

# Product disposal:

Cured adhesive: Dispose of as water insoluble non-toxic solid chemical in authorised landfill or incinerate under controlled conditions.

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contribution of this product to waste is very insignificant in comparison to article in which it is used

#### Disposal of uncleaned packages:

UN number

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

#### Waste code

14.1.

08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1.	UN Humber	
	ADR	Not dangerous goods
	RID	Not dangerous goods
	ADNR	Not dangerous goods
	IMDG	Not dangerous goods
	IATA	3334
	11111	5554
14.2.	UN proper ship	pping name
	ADR	Not dangerous goods
	RID	Not dangerous goods
	ADNR	Not dangerous goods
	IMDG	Not dangerous goods
	IATA	Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (Cyanoacrylate ester)
14.3.	Transport haza	ard class(es)
	ADR	Not dangerous goods
	RID	Not dangerous goods
	ADNR	Not dangerous goods
	IMDG	Not dangerous goods
	IATA	9
14.4.	Packaging grou	ıp
	ADR	Not dangerous goods
	RID	Not dangerous goods
	ADNR	Not dangerous goods
	IMDG	Not dangerous goods
	IATA	Ш
14.5.	Environmental	hazards
	ADR	not applicable
	RID	not applicable
	ADNR	not applicable
	IMDG	not applicable
	IATA	not applicable
14.6.	Special precaut	tions for user

ADR not applicable

RID	not applicable
ADNR	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	Primary packs containing less than 500ml are unregulated by this mode of transport and may be shipped unrestricted.

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC content (1999/13/EC) < 3,00 %

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R50 Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R68 Possible risk of irreversible effects.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

#### **Further information:**

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

This safety data sheet was prepared in accordance with Council Directive 67/548/EEC and it's subsequent amendments, and Commission Directive 1999/45/EC.