Data Sheet | January 16, 2014 | FN6154.6

39µA Micropower Precision Rail-to-Rail Input-Output (RRIO) Low Input Bias Current Op Amp

The ISL28156 is a micropower precision operational amplifier optimized for single supply operation at 5V and can be operated down to 2.4V.

This device features an Input Range Enhancement Circuit (IREC), which enables it to maintain CMRR performance for input voltages greater than the positive supply. The input signal is capable of swinging 0.5V above a 5.0V supply (0.25V for a 2.5V supply) and to within 10mV from ground. The output operation is rail-to-rail.

The 1/f corner of the voltage noise spectrum is at 1kHz. This results in low frequency noise performance, which can only be found on devices with an order of magnitude higher than the supply current.

The ISL28156 can be operated from one lithium cell or two Ni-Cd batteries. The input range includes both positive and negative rail. The output swings to both rails.

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER (Note 2)	PART MARKING	PACKAGE (Pb-free)	PKG. DWG. #
ISL28156FHZ-T7 (Note 1)	GABV (Note3)	6 Ld SOT-23	P6.064A
ISL28156FBZ	28156 FBZ	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15E
ISL28156FBZ-T7 (Note 1)	28156 FBZ	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15E
ISL28156EVAL1Z	Evaluation Board		

1. Please refer to TB347 for details on reel specifications.
2. These Intersil Pb-free plastic packaged products employ special Pb-free material sets, molding compounds/die attach materials, and 100% matte tin plate plus anneal (e3 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations). Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.
3. The part marking is located on the bottom of the parts.

Features

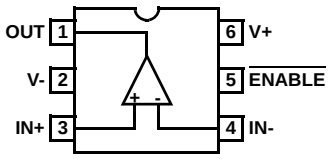
- 39µA typical supply current
- 5nA max input bias current
- 250kHz gain bandwidth product (A_V = 1)
- 2.4V to 5.5V single supply voltage range
- Rail-to-rail input and output
- Enable pin
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant)

Applications

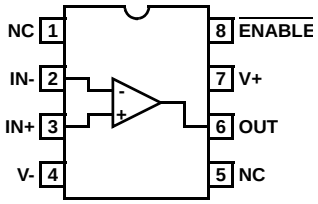
- Battery- or solar-powered systems
- 4mA to 20mA current loops
- Handheld consumer products
- Medical devices
- Sensor amplifiers
- ADC buffers
- DAC output amplifiers

Pinouts

ISL28156 (6 LD SOT-23)
TOP VIEW



ISL28156 (8 LD SOIC)
TOP VIEW



CAUTION: These devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge; follow proper IC Handling Procedures.
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Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = +25°C)

Supply Voltage 5.5V
Supply Turn On Voltage Slew Rate 1V/µs
Differential Input Current 5mA
Differential Input Voltage 0.5V
Input Voltage . . . . . V- - 0.5V to V+ + 0.5V
ESD Rating
Human Body Model 3kV
Machine Model 300V

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance	θ_{JA} (°C/W)
6 Ld SOT-23 Package (Note 4)	230
6 Ld SOIC Package	110

Output Short-Circuit Duration . . . . . .Indefinite
Ambient Operating Temperature Range . . . . . .-40°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range . . . . . .-65°C to +150°C
Operating Junction Temperature . . . . . +125°C
Pb-Free Reflow Profile. . . . . .see link below
http://www.intersil.com/pbfree/Pb-FreeReflow.asp

CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

NOTE:

4. θ_{JA} is measured with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.

IMPORTANT NOTE: All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. Typical values are for information purposes only. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are at the specified temperature and are pulsed tests, therefore: $T_J = T_C = T_A$

Electrical Specifications

V_+ = 5V, V_- = 0V, V_{CM} = 2.5V, T_A = +25°C unless otherwise specified. **Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -40°C to +125°C.** Temperature data established by characterization.

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 5)	TYP	MAX (Note 5)	UNIT
V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	8 Ld SOIC	-120	-7	120	µV
			-200		**250**	
		6 Ld SOT-23	-400	-7	400	µV
			-450		**450**	
$\frac{\Delta V_{OS}}{\Delta T}$	Input Offset Drive vs Temperature			1.5		µV/°C
I_{OS}	Input Offset Current		-1.5	0.34	1.2	nA
			-5		**2.5**	
I_B	Input Bias Current		-2	1.14	5	nA
			-3.5		**5**	
E_N	Input Noise Voltage Density	F_O = 1kHz		46		nV/√Hz
I_N	Input Noise Current Density	F_O = 1kHz		0.14		pA/√Hz
CMIR	Input Common-Mode Voltage Range		0		5	V
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	V_{CM} = 0V to 5V	80	110		dB
			75			
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V_S = 2.4V to 5V	90	104		dB
			75			
A_{VOL}	Large Signal Voltage Gain	V_O = 0.5V to 4.5V, R_L = 100kΩ	200	412		V/mV
			175			
		V_O = 0.5V to 4.5V, R_L = 1kΩ	35	70		V/mV
			30			
V_{OUT}	Maximum Output Voltage Swing	Output low, R_L = 100kΩ		3	6	mV
					8	
		Output low, R_L = 1kΩ		130	150	mV
					200	
		Output high, R_L = 100kΩ	4.992	4.985		V
			4.99			
		Output high, R_L = 1kΩ	4.85	4.88		V
			4.8			

Electrical Specifications V_+ = 5V, V_- = 0V, V_{CM} = 2.5V, T_A = +25°C unless otherwise specified. **Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -40°C to +125°C.** Temperature data established by characterization. **(Continued)**

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 5)	TYP	MAX (Note 5)	UNIT
SR	Slew Rate			0.05		V/µs
GBW	Gain Bandwidth Product	A_V = 1		250		kHz
$I_{S,ON}$	Supply Current, Enabled		29	39	47	µA
			18		**56**	
$I_{S,OFF}$	Supply Current, Disabled			10	14	µA
					16	
I_O+	Short-Circuit Output Current	R_L = 10Ω	28	31		mA
			23			
I_O-	Short-Circuit Output Current	R_L = 10Ω	24	26		mA
			18			
V_{SUPPLY}	Supply Operating Range	Guaranteed by PSRR test	2.4		5	V
V_{ENH}	Enable Pin High Level		**2**			V
V_{ENL}	Enable Pin Low Level				**0.8**	V
I_{ENH}	Enable Pin Input Current	V_{EN} = 5V		1	1.2	µA
					1.2	
I_{ENL}	Enable Pin Input Current	V_{EN} = 0V		16	25	nA
					30	
t_{EN}	Enable to Output On-state Delay Time	V_{OUT} = 1V (enable state); $V_{\overline{EN}}$ = High-to-Low		10.8		µs
$t_{\overline{EN}}$	Enable to Output Off-state Delay Time	V_{OUT} = 0V (disabled state); $V_{\overline{EN}}$ = Low-to- High		0.1		µs

NOTE:

5. Parts are 100% tested at +25°C. Temperature limits established by characterization and are not production tested.

Typical Performance Curves

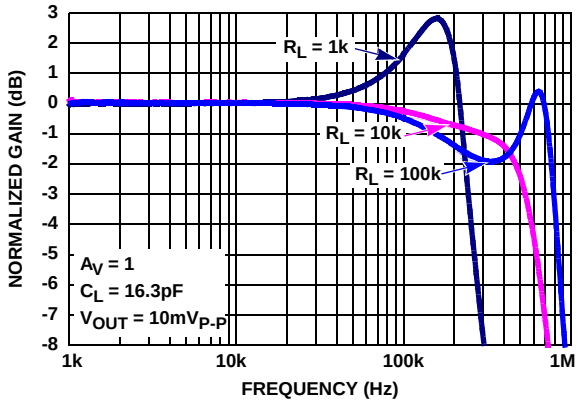


FIGURE 1. GAIN vs FREQUENCY vs RL

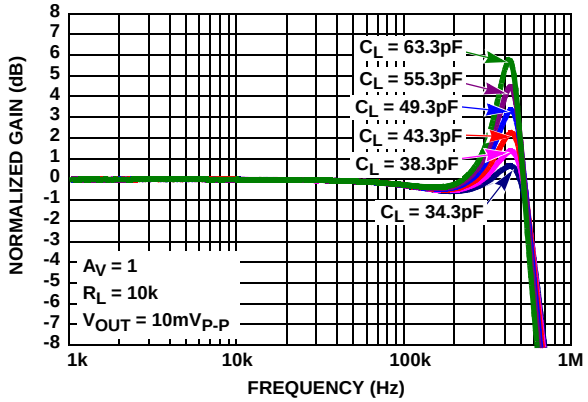


FIGURE 2. GAIN vs FREQUENCY vs C_L

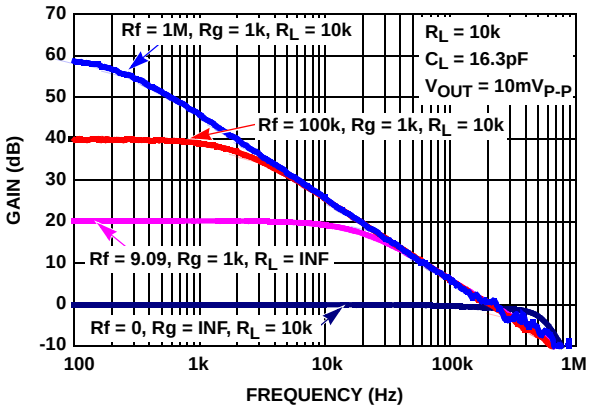


FIGURE 3. CLOSED LOOP GAIN vs FREQUENCY

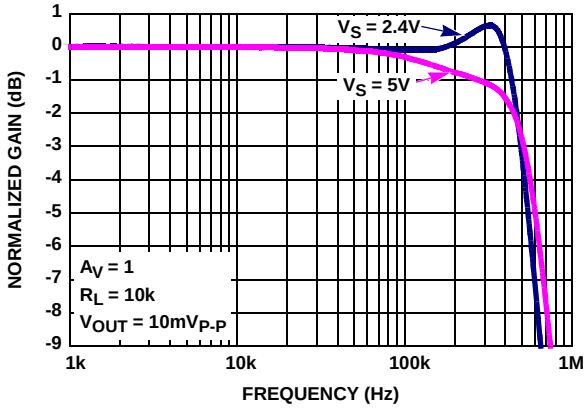


FIGURE 4. GAIN vs FREQUENCY vs V_S

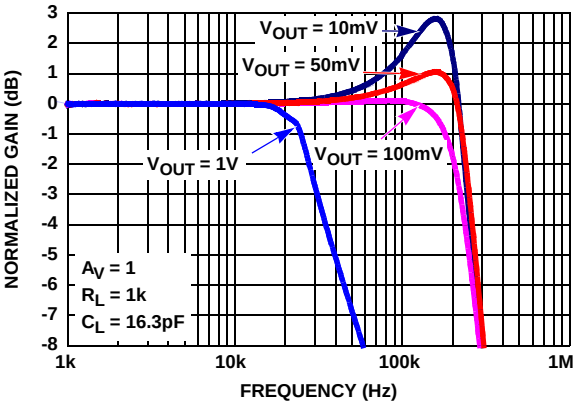


FIGURE 5. GAIN vs FREQUENCY vs V_{OUT}

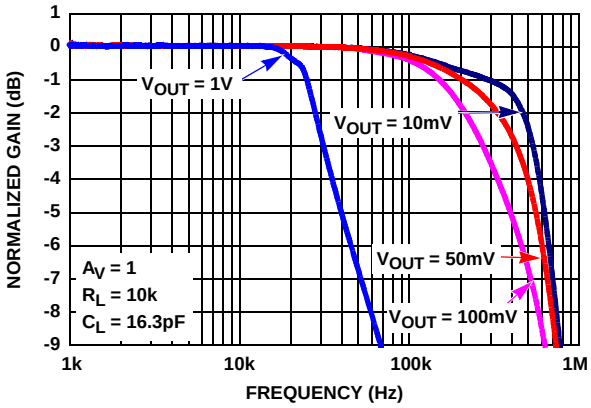


FIGURE 6. GAIN vs FREQUENCY vs V_{OUT}

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

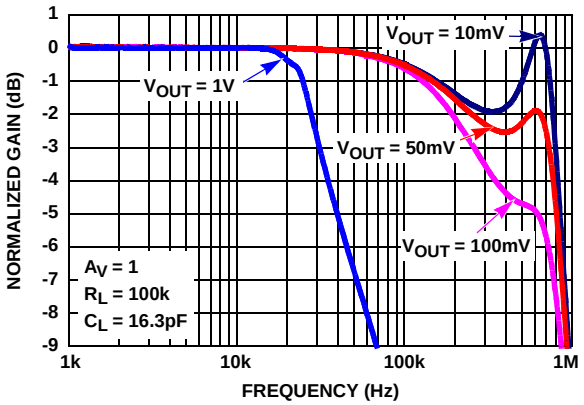


FIGURE 7. GAIN vs FREQUENCY vs V_{OUT}

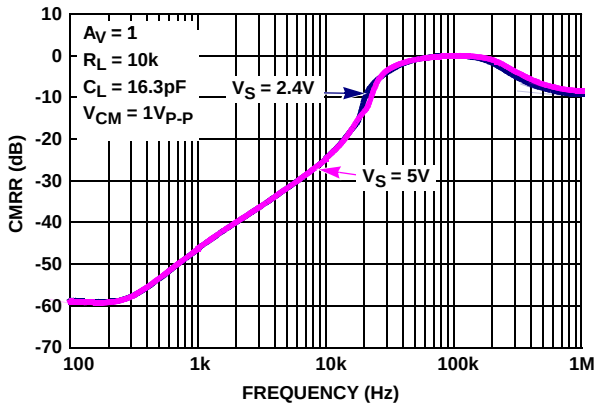


FIGURE 8. CMRR vs FREQUENCY

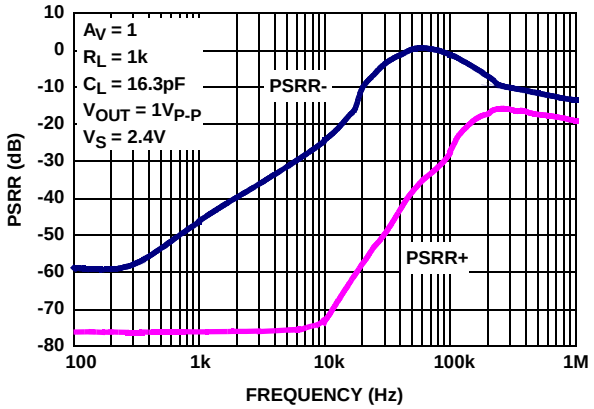


FIGURE 9. PSRR vs FREQUENCY, V_S = 2.4V

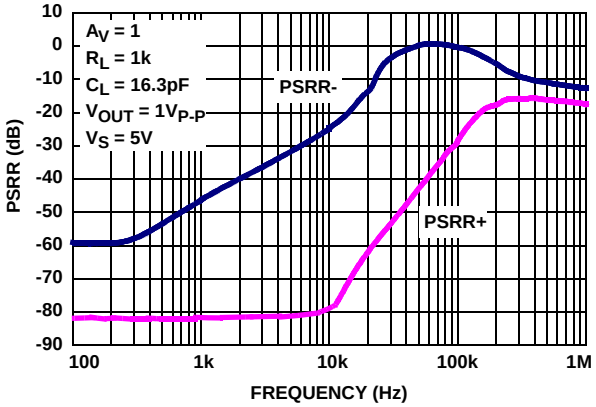


FIGURE 10. PSRR vs FREQUENCY, V_S = 5V

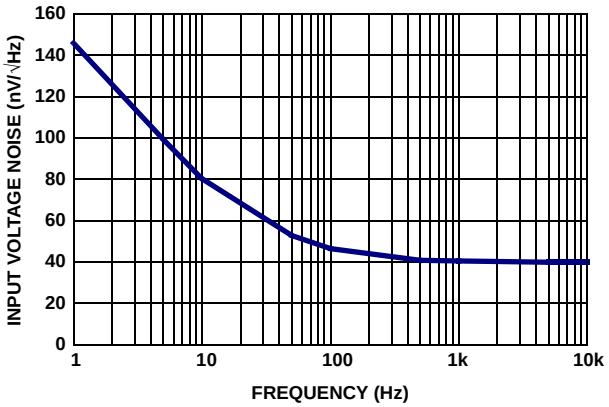


FIGURE 11. INPUT VOLTAGE NOISE vs FREQUENCY

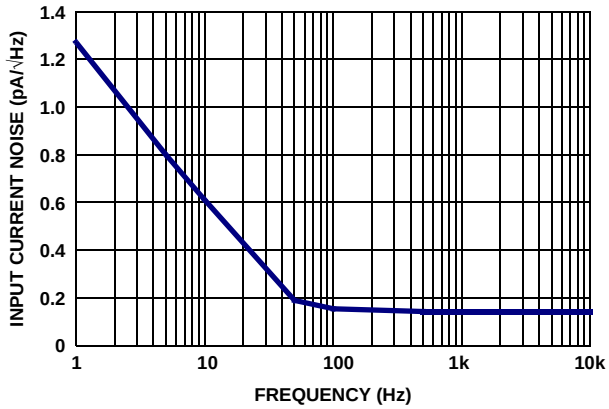


FIGURE 12. INPUT CURRENT NOISE vs FREQUENCY

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

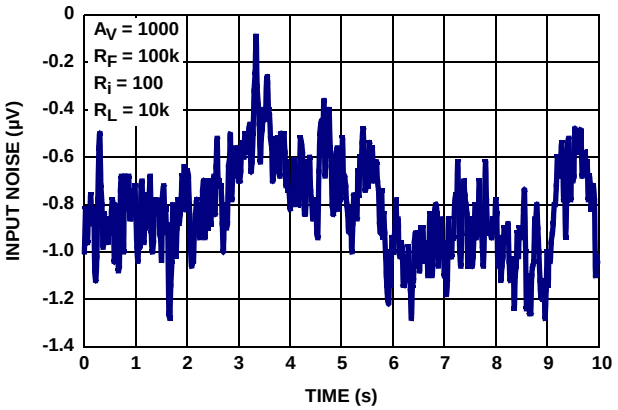


FIGURE 13. 1Hz TO 10Hz INPUT NOISE

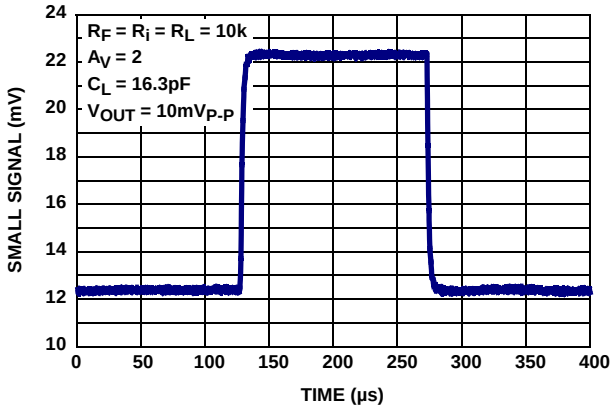


FIGURE 14. SMALL SIGNAL STEP RESPONSE

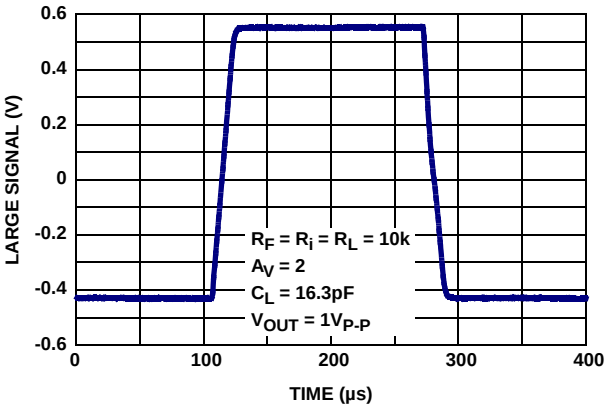


FIGURE 15. LARGE SIGNAL STEP RESPONSE

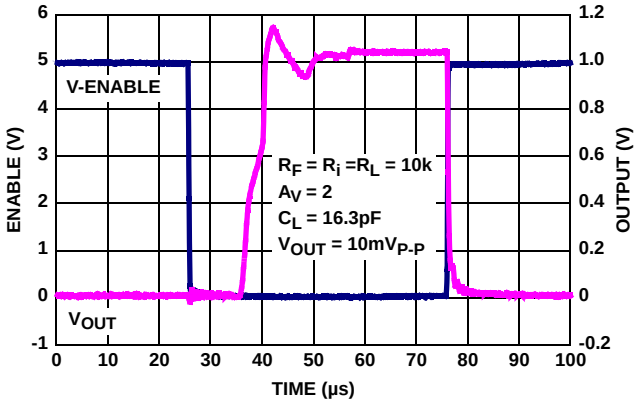


FIGURE 16. ENABLE TO OUTPUT DELAY

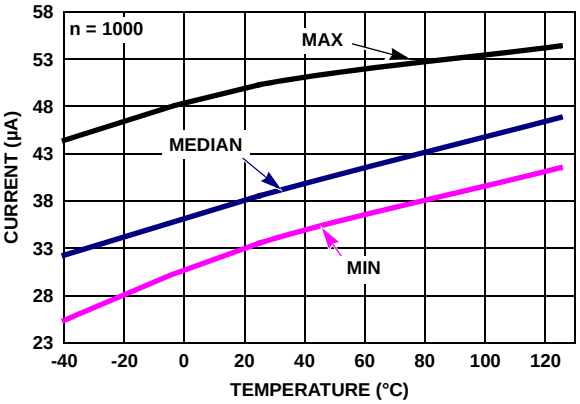


FIGURE 17. SUPPLY CURRENT ENABLED vs TEMPERATURE V_S = ±2.5V

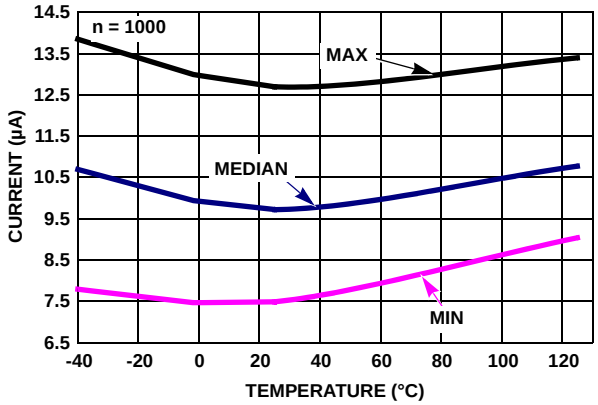


FIGURE 18. SUPPLY CURRENT DISABLED vs TEMPERATURE V_S = ±2.5V

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

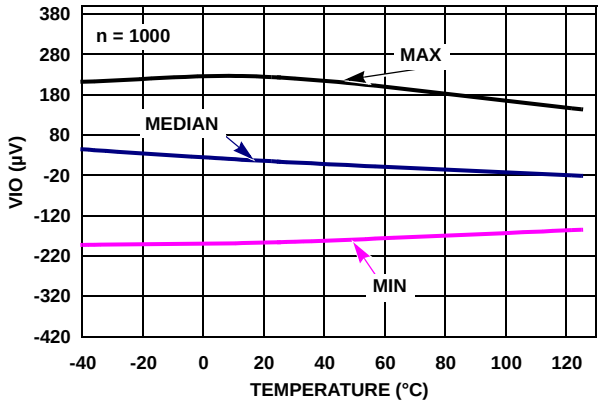


FIGURE 19. VIO SO8 PACKAGE vs TEMPERATURE V_S = ±2.5V

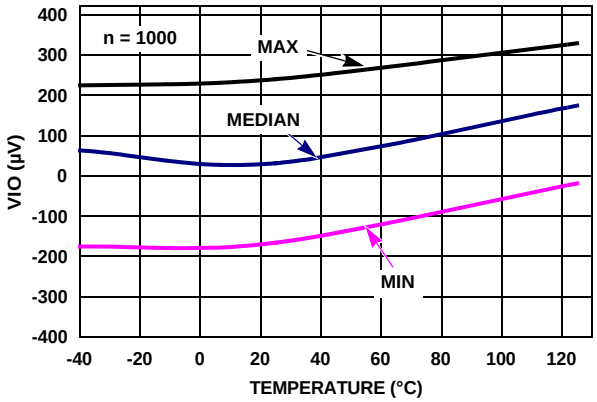


FIGURE 20. VIO SO8 PACKAGE vs TEMPERATURE V_S = ±1.2V

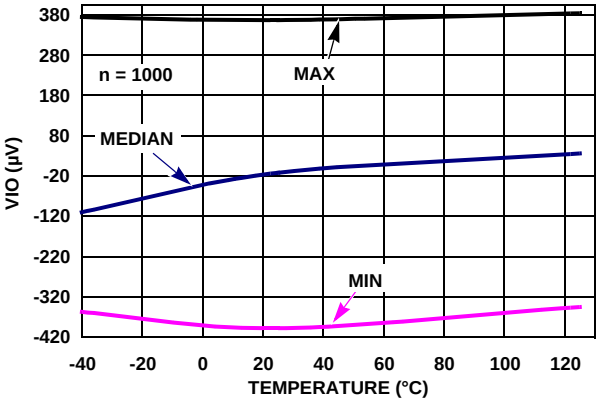


FIGURE 21. VIO SOT-23 PACKAGE vs TEMPERATURE V_S = ±2.5V

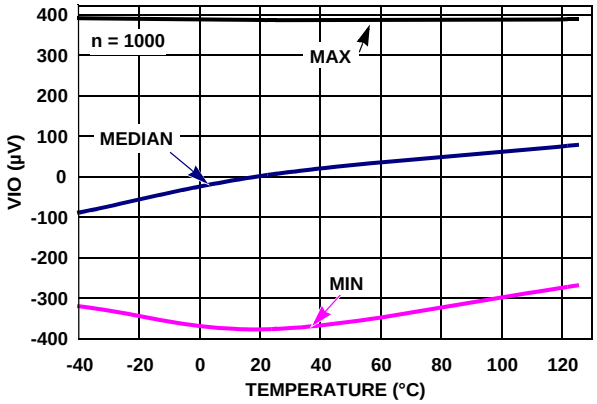


FIGURE 22. VIO SOT-23 PACKAGE vs TEMPERATURE V_S = ±1.2V

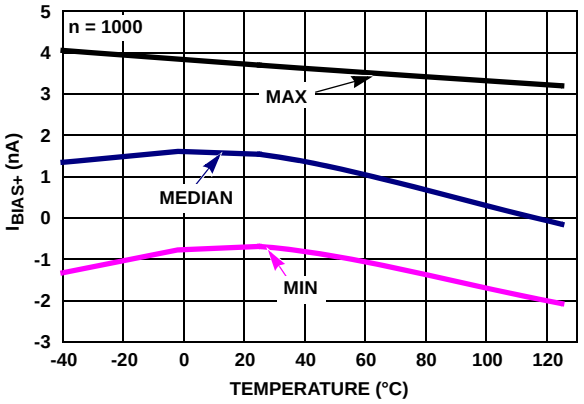


FIGURE 23. I_{BIAS+} vs TEMPERATURE V_S = ±2.5V

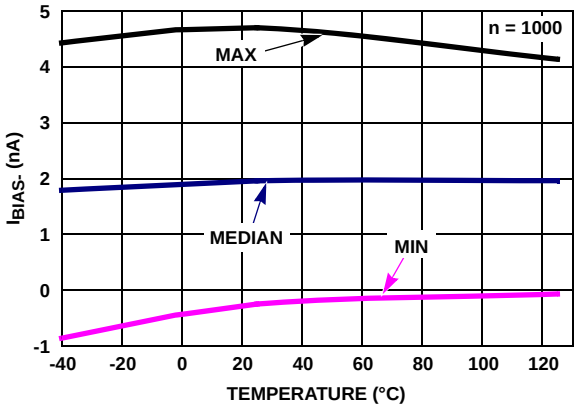


FIGURE 24. I_{BIAS-} vs TEMPERATURE V_S = ±2.5V

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

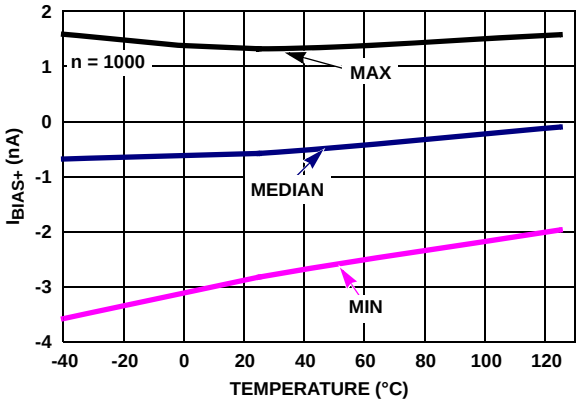


FIGURE 25. I_{BIAS+} vs TEMPERATURE V_S = ±1.5V

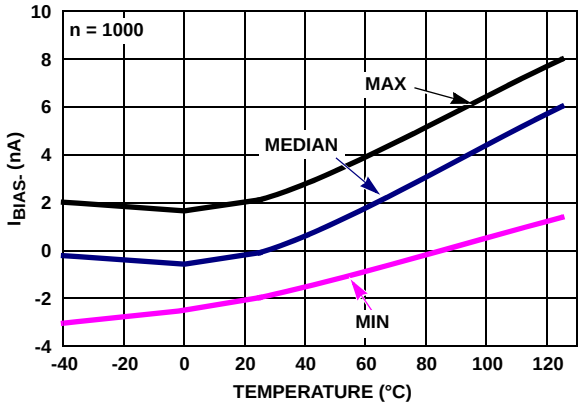


FIGURE 26. I_{BIAS-} vs TEMPERATURE V_S = ±1.2V

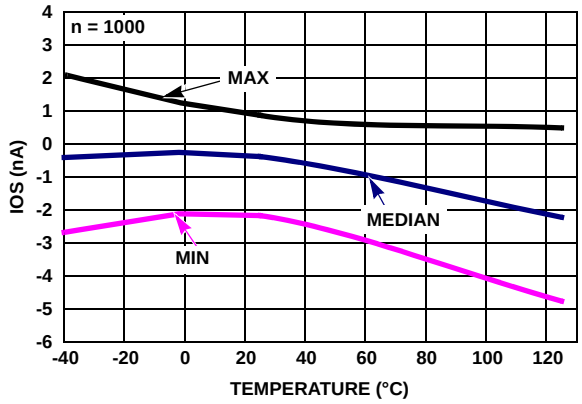


FIGURE 27. I_{OS} vs TEMPERATURE V_S = ±2.5V

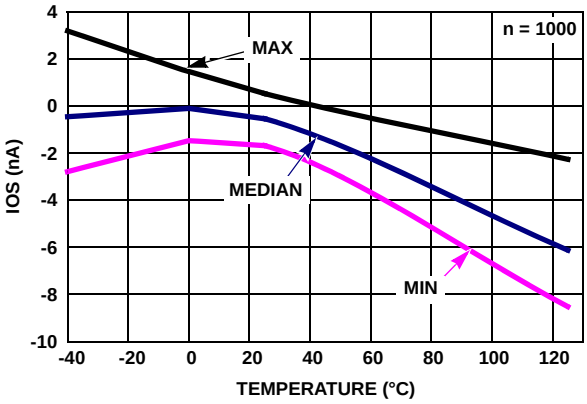


FIGURE 28. I_{OS} vs TEMPERATURE V_S = ±1.5V

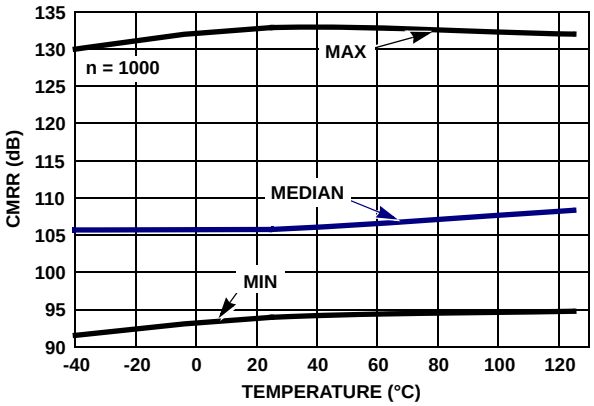


FIGURE 29. CMRR vs TEMPERATURE V+ = ±2.5V, ±1.5V

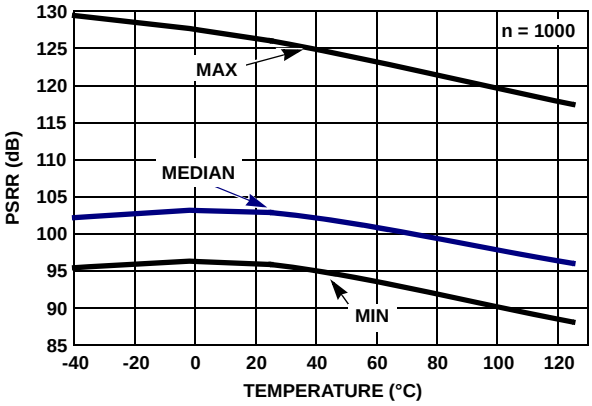


FIGURE 30. PSRR vs TEMPERATURE ±1.2V to ±2.5V

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

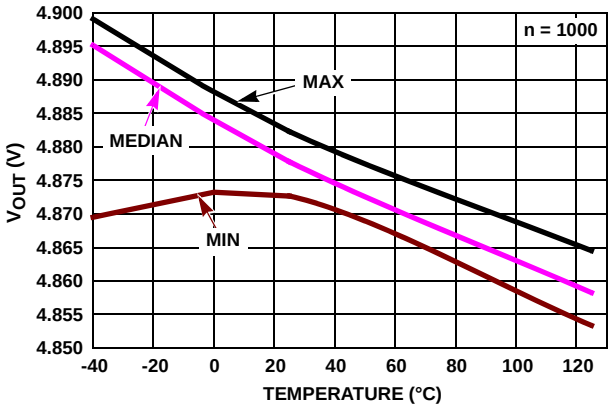


FIGURE 31. V_{OUT} HIGH vs TEMPERATURE V_S = ±2.5V, R_L = 1k

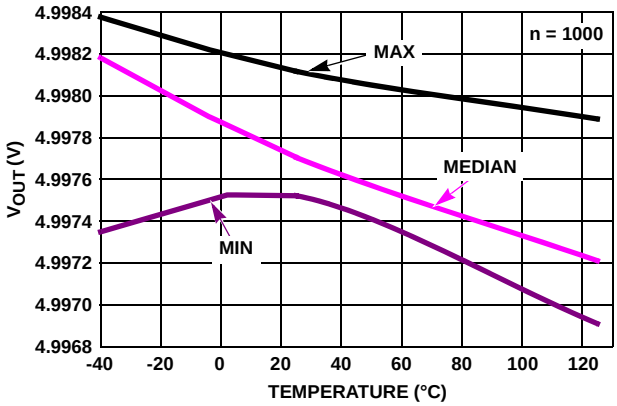


FIGURE 32. V_{OUT} HIGH V_S = ±2.5V, R_L = 100k

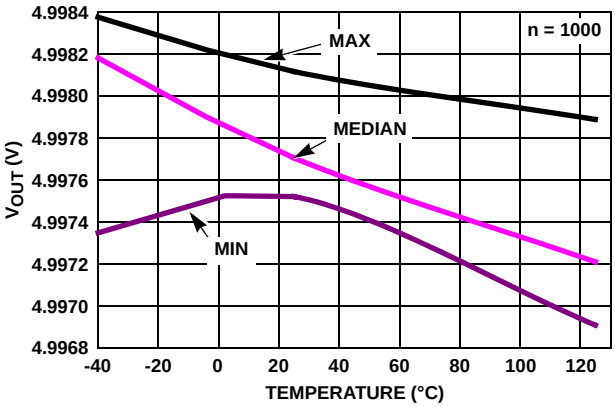


FIGURE 33. V_{OUT} LOW V_S = ±2.5V, R_L = 1k

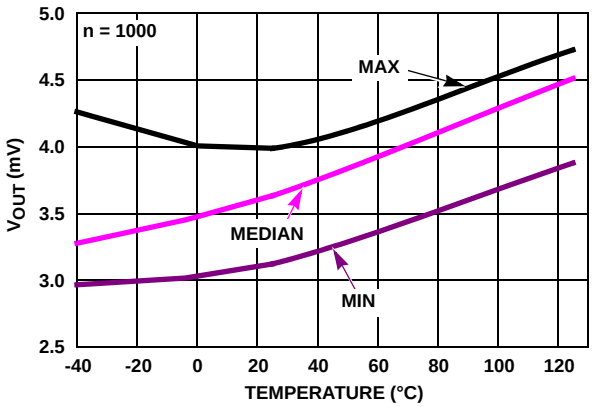
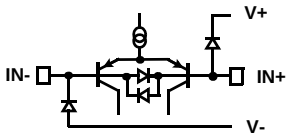
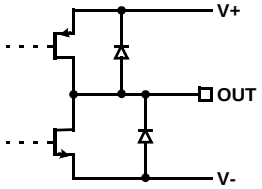
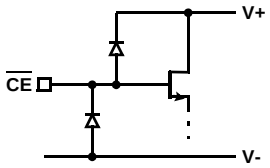


FIGURE 34. V_{OUT} LOW V_S = ±2.5V, R_L = 100k

Pin Descriptions

ISL28156 (6 Ld SOT-23)	ISL28156 (8 Ld SOIC)	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT
	1, 5	NC	Not connected	
4	2	IN-	Inverting input	 Circuit 1
3	3	IN+	Non-inverting input	(See Circuit 1)
2	4	V-	Negative supply	
1	6	OUT	Output	 Circuit 2
6	7	V+	Positive supply	
5	8	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$	Chip enable	 Circuit 3

Applications Information

Introduction

The ISL28156 is a BiMOS rail-to-rail input, output (RRIO) operational amplifier with an enable feature. The device is designed to operate from single supply (2.4V to 5.0V) or dual supplies (±1.2V to ±2.5V) while drawing only 39µA of supply current. This combination of low power and precision performance makes this device suitable for a variety of low power applications including battery powered systems.

Rail-to-Rail Input/Output

This device features bi-polar inputs, which have an input common mode range that extends up to 0.5V beyond the V+ rail, and to within 10mV of the V- rail. The CMOS outputs typically swing to within about 4mV of the supply rails with a 100kΩ load. The NMOS sinks current to swing the output in the negative direction. The PMOS sources current to swing the output in the positive direction.

Input Protection

All input terminals have internal ESD protection diodes to both positive and negative supply rails, limiting the input voltage to within one diode beyond the supply rails. They also contain back-to-back diodes across the input terminals. For applications where the input differential voltage is expected to exceed 0.5V, external series resistors must be used to ensure the input currents never exceed 5mA (Figure 35).

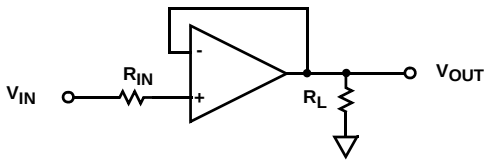


FIGURE 35. INPUT CURRENT LIMITING

Enable/Disable Feature

The ISL28156 offers an $\overline{EN}$ pin that disables the device when pulled up to at least 2.0V. In the disabled state (output in a high impedance state), the part consumes typically 10µA. By disabling the part, multiple ISL28156 parts can be connected together as a MUX. In this configuration, the outputs are tied together in parallel and a channel can be selected by the $\overline{EN}$ pin. The $\overline{EN}$ pin also has an internal pull-down. If left open, the $\overline{EN}$ pin will pull to the negative rail and the device will be enabled by default.

The loading effects of the feedback resistors of the disabled amplifier must be considered when multiple amplifier outputs are connected together.

Current Limiting

This device has no internal current-limiting circuitry. If the output is shorted, it is possible to exceed the Absolute Maximum Rating for output current or power dissipation, potentially resulting in the destruction of the device.

Power Dissipation

It is possible to exceed the +125°C maximum junction temperatures under certain load and power-supply conditions. It is therefore important to calculate the maximum junction temperature (T_{JMAX}) for all applications to determine if power supply voltages, load conditions, or package type need to be modified to remain in the safe operating area. These parameters are related using Equation 1:

$$T_{JMAX} = T_{MAX} + (\theta_{JA} x PD_{MAXTOTAL}) \quad \text{(EQ. 1)}$$

where:

- $P_{DMAXTOTAL}$ is the sum of the maximum power dissipation of each amplifier in the package (PD_{MAX})

PD_{MAX} for each amplifier can be calculated using Equation 2:

$$PD_{MAX} = 2*V_S \times I_{SMAX} + (V_S - V_{OUTMAX}) \times \frac{V_{OUTMAX}}{R_L} \quad \text{(EQ. 2)}$$

where:

- T_{MAX} = Maximum ambient temperature
- θ_{JA} = Thermal resistance of the package
- PD_{MAX} = Maximum power dissipation of 1 amplifier
- V_S = Supply voltage
- I_{MAX} = Maximum supply current of 1 amplifier
- V_{OUTMAX} = Maximum output voltage swing of the application
- R_L = Load resistance

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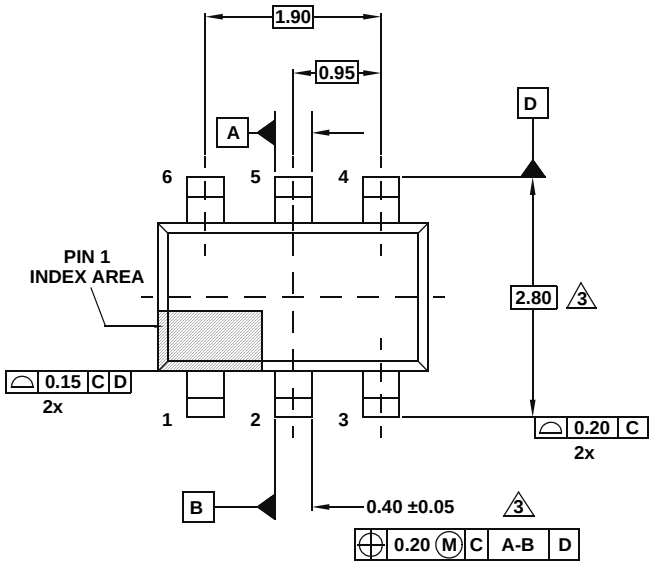
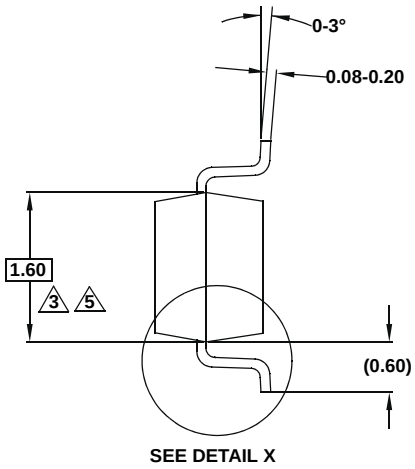
Package Outline Drawing

P6.064A

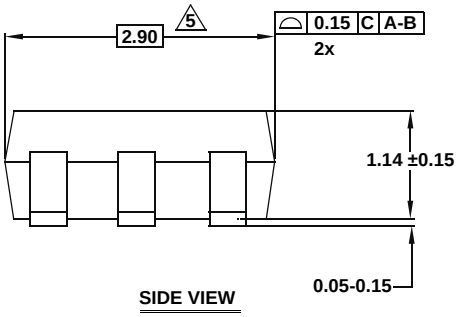
6 LEAD SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR PLASTIC PACKAGE
Rev 0, 2/10



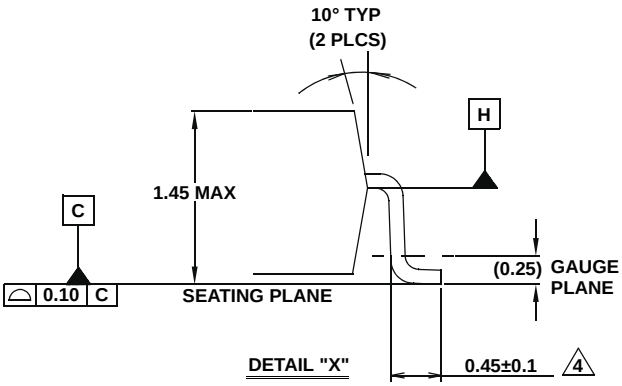
TOP VIEW



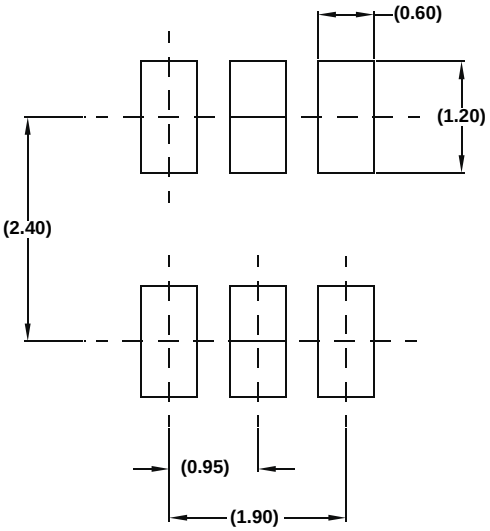
END VIEW



SIDE VIEW



DETAIL "X"



TYPICAL RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

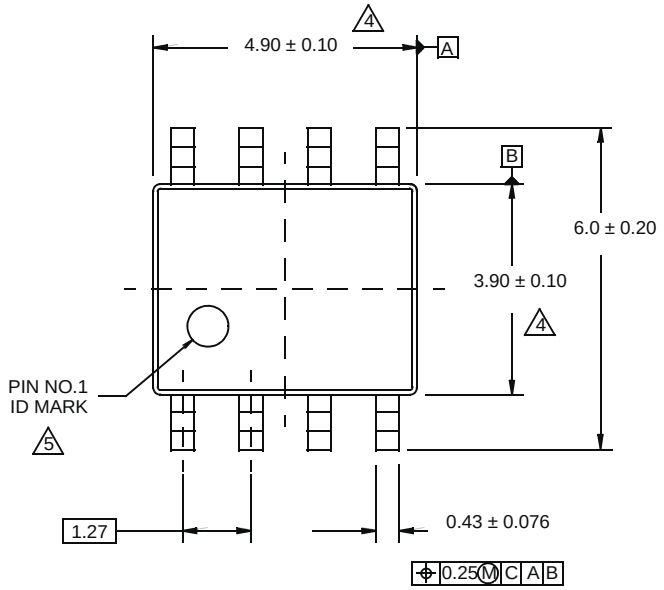
NOTES:

1. Dimensions are in millimeters.
   Dimensions in ( ) for Reference Only.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5M-1994.
3. Dimension is exclusive of mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs.
4. Foot length is measured at reference to guage plane.
5. This dimension is measured at Datum “H”.
6. Package conforms to JEDEC MO-178AA.

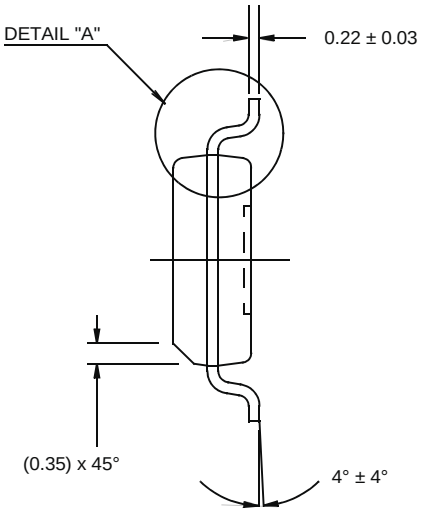
Package Outline Drawing

M8.15E

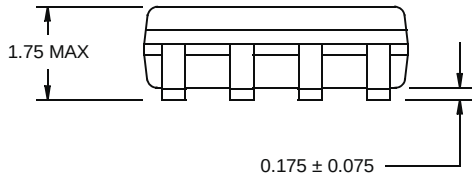
8 LEAD NARROW BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE
Rev 0, 08/09



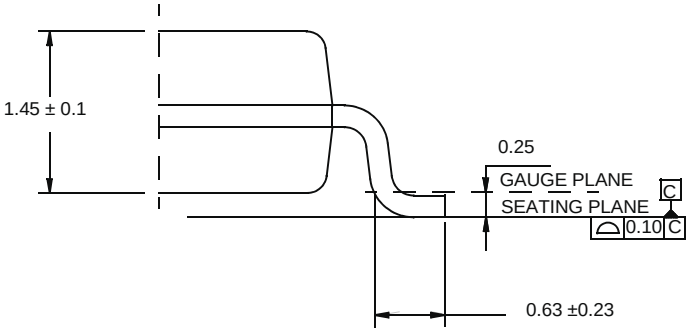
TOP VIEW



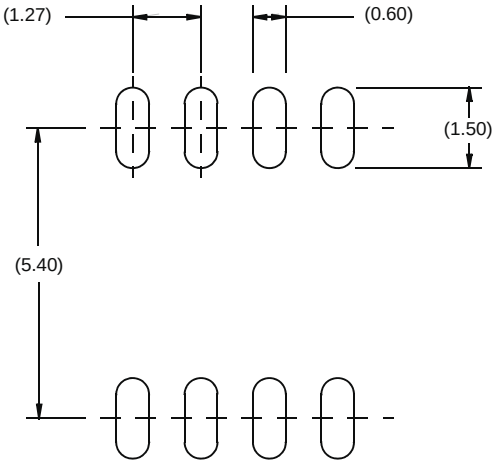
SIDE VIEW “B”



SIDE VIEW “A



DETAIL "A"



TYPICAL RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

NOTES:

1. Dimensions are in millimeters.
   Dimensions in ( ) for Reference Only.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to AMSE Y14.5m-1994.
3. Unless otherwise specified, tolerance : Decimal ± 0.05
4. Dimension does not include interlead flash or protrusions.
   Interlead flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm per side.
5. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
6. Reference to JEDEC MS-012.