

SAFETY DATA SHEET PRESATURATED IPA WIPES

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name PRESATURATED IPA WIPES

Product number EIPA100

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Cleaning Product

Uses advised againstNo specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier ELECTROLUBE. A division of HK WENTWORTH LTD

ASHBY PARK, COALFIELD WAY,

ASHBY DE LA ZOUCH, LEICESTERSHIRE LE65 1JR

UNITED KINGDOM info@hkw.co.uk +44 (0)1530 419600 +44 (0)1530 416640

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0)1530 419600 between 8.30am - 5.00pm GMT Mon - Fri

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Elicitation - EUH208 STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Classification (67/548/EEC or Xi;R36. F;R11. R67.

1999/45/EC)

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH208 Contains 1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE, Chloromethylisothiazol-3-one and

Methylisothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

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Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Contains

PROPAN-2-OL

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

PROPAN-2-OL 60-100%

CAS number: 67-63-0 EC number: 200-661-7 REACH registration number: 01-

2119457558-25-XXXX

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 F;R11 Xi;R36 R67

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE

<1%

CAS number: 2634-33-5 EC number: 220-120-9

M factor (Acute) = 1

Classification

Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Xn;R22 R43 Xi;R38,R41 N;R50

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317

Acute Tox. 4 - H302

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

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Chloromethylisothiazol-3-one and Methylisothiazol-3-one

<1%

CAS number: 55965-84-9

M factor (Acute) = 10 M factor (Chronic) = 1

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Acute Tox. 3 - H301 T;R23/24/25 C;R34 R43 N;R50/53

Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

levels of disclosure.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Ingestion Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Get medical

attention.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical

attention if irritation persists after washing.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Continue to rinse

for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

Eye contact May cause severe eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

media

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Oxides of the following substances: Carbon.

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Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxides

of carbon. Toxic gases or vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Use water to keep fire exposed

containers cool and disperse vapours. Contain and collect extinguishing water.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. No smoking, sparks,

flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Take precautionary measures against static

discharges. Provide adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Absorb spillage with inert, damp, non-combustible material. Flush contaminated area with

plenty of water. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For

waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. See Section 11

for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and open

flame. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in the original container. Keep away from heat,

sparks and open flame.

Storage class Flammable liquid storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

PROPAN-2-OL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

PROPAN-2-OL (CAS: 67-63-0)

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DNEL Industry - Dermal; : 888 mg/kg/day

Industry - Inhalation; : 500 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; : 319 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; : 89 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; : 26 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 140.9 mg/l

Marine water; 140.9 mg/lSediment; 552 mg/kgSoil; 28 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Butyl rubber. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or

prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures

Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Provide eyewash station. Do not smoke in work area. Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Eating, smoking and water fountains prohibited in immediate work area.

Respiratory protection

No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Combination filter, type A2/P3. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid-impregnated wipe.

Melting point -89°C/-128.2°F

Initial boiling point and range 82°C/179.6°F @

Flash point 12°C/53.6°F OC (Open cup).

Evaporation rate 2.93

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: 2.3

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Vapour pressure 4.3 kPa @ 20°C/68°F

Vapour density 2.8

Relative density 0.780 @ 20°C/68°F

Solubility(ies) Miscible with water.

Auto-ignition temperature 425°C/797°F

Viscosity 3.06 cSt @ 20°C/68°F

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity The following materials may react with the product: Strong oxidising agents.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Will not polymerise.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods

of time.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxides

products

of carbon.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Inhalation May cause respiratory system irritation. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and

intoxication.

Skin contact Irritating to skin. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. Product has a defatting

effect on skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause allergic

contact eczema.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Route of entry Skin absorption Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs Central nervous system Eyes Respiratory system, lungs Skin

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Medical symptoms Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Dilated pupils. Upper respiratory irritation. General

respiratory distress, unproductive cough. Skin irritation. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Rhinitis (inflammation of the nasal mucous

membranes).

Toxicological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

4,700.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 4,700.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 12,800.0

mg/kg)
Species

Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

46.5

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

46.5

Inhalation

Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Eye contact

Irritating to eyes.

Acute and chronic health

hazards

Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Narcotic effect. Central nervous system

depression.

Route of entry Skin and/or eye contact Skin absorption Ingestion

Target organs Central nervous system Eyes Skin Respiratory system, lungs

Medical symptoms Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Dilated pupils. Rhinitis (inflammation of

the nasal mucous membranes). General respiratory distress, unproductive cough. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or

frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Not considered toxic to fish.

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 9640 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

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Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC₅o, 48 hours, 48 hours: 13299 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, 72 hours, 72 hours: > 1.000 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

Acute toxicity -

EC₅₀, >: > 1.000 mg/l, Activated sludge

microorganisms

Ecological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 9640 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours, 48 hours: 13299 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅o, 72 hours, 72 hours: > 1.000 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

Acute toxicity microorganisms EC₅₀, >: > 1.000 mg/l, Activated sludge

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is biodegradable.

Ecological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

Persistence and degradability

The product is readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Ecological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

Bioaccumulative potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not determined.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in

accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Materials such as cleaning rags and paper wipes that are contaminated with flammable liquids may self-ignite after use and should be stored in

designated fireproof containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids.

Disposal methodsDispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

 UN No. (ADR/RID)
 3175

 UN No. (IMDG)
 3175

UN No. (ICAO) 3175

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Proper shipping name

(IMDG)

SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Proper shipping name (ICAO) SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Proper shipping name} & \textbf{(ADN)} & \textbf{SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.} \\ \end{tabular}$

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 4.1

ADR/RID subsidiary risk

ADR/RID label 4.1

IMDG class 4.1

IMDG subsidiary risk

ICAO class/division 4.1

ICAO subsidiary risk

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group II

IMDG packing group II

ICAO packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

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Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-A, S-I

Emergency Action Code 1Z

Hazard Identification Number

(ADR/RID)

40

Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009)

No. 716).

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No. 2677) (as

amended).

Control of Pollution Act 1974.

Control of Pollution (Special Waste) Regulations 1980 (as amended).

Rivers (Prevention of Pollution) Act 1961.

EU legislation Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended by Decision 2001/118/EC establishing a list

of wastes and hazardous waste pursuant to Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste and

Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste with amendments.

Commission Directive 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at

work (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Guidance Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131.

Authorisations (Title VII

Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific authorisations are known for this product.

Restrictions (Title VIII

Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE

DEMINERALISED WATER

PRESATURATED IPA WIPES

PROPAN-2-OL

SECTION 16: Other information

Issued by Grace Claypole

Revision date 27/07/2015

Revision 1

SDS number 20997

Risk phrases in full R11 Highly flammable.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains 1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE, Chloromethylisothiazol-3-one and

Methylisothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.