DS96176

DS96176 RS-485/RS-422 Differential Bus Transceiver

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

May 1998

◢**National** *Semiconductor*

DS96176
RS-485/RS-422 Differential Bus Transceiver

General Description

The DS96176 Differential Bus Transceiver is a monolithic integrated circuit designed for bidirectional data communication on balanced multipoint bus transmission lines. The transceiver meets EIA Standard RS-485 as well as RS-422A.

The DS96176 combines a TRI-STATE® differential line driver and a differential input line receiver, both of which operate from a single 5.0V power supply. The driver and receiver have an active Enable that can be externally connected to function as a direction control. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs are internally connected to form differential input/output (I/O) bus ports that are designed to offer minimum loading to the bus whenever the driver is disabled or when V_{CC} = 0V. These ports feature wide positive and negative common mode voltage ranges, making the device suitable for multipoint applications in noisy environments.

The driver is designed to handle loads up to 60 mA of sink or source current. The driver features positive and negative current-limiting and thermal shutdown for protection from line fault conditions. Thermal shutdown is designed to occur at junction temperature of approximately 160˚C. The receiver features a typical input impedance of 15 kΩ, an input sensitivity of ±200 mV, and a typical input hysteresis of 50 mV.

The DS96176 can be used in transmission line applications employing the DS96172 and the DS96174 quad differential line drivers and the DS96173 and DS96175 quad differential line receivers.

Features

- Bidirectional transceiver
- Meets EIA Standard RS-422A and RS-485
- Designed for multipoint transmission
- TRI-STATE driver and receiver enables
- Individual driver and receiver enables
- Wide positive and negative input/output bus voltage ranges
- Driver output capability ±60 mA Maximum
- Thermal shutdown protection
- Driver positive and Negative current-limiting
- High impedance receiver input
- Receiver input sensitivity of ±200 mV
- Receiver input hysteresis of 50 mV typical
- Operates from single 5.0V supply
- Low power requirements

Connection Diagram

8–Lead DIP
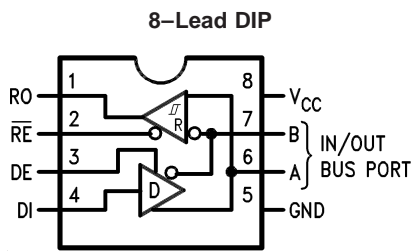
DS009630-1

Top View
Order Number DS96176CN
See NS Package Number N08E

Receiver

Differential Inputs	Enable	Output
A-B	**$\overline{RE}$**	**R**
$V_{ID} \geq 0.2V$	L	H
$V_{ID} \leq -0.2V$	L	L
X	H	Z

H = High Level
L = Low Level
X = Immaterial
Z = High Impedance (off)

Function Table

Driver

Input	Enable	Outputs	
DI	**DE**	**A**	**B**
H	H	H	L
L	H	L	H
X	L	Z	Z

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DS96176

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 2)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Storage Temperature Range	
Molded DIP	−65˚C to +150˚C
Lead Temperature	
Molded DIP (soldering, 10 sec.)	265˚C
Maximum Power Dissipation (Note 1) at 25˚C	
Molded Package	930 mW
Supply Voltage	7.0V
Differential Input Voltage	+15V/−10V
Enable Input Voltage	5.5V

Recommended Operating Conditions

	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Voltage at Any Bus Terminal				
(Separately or Common Mode)	−7.0		12	V
Differential Input Voltage (V_{ID})			±12	V
Output Current HIGH (I_{OH})				
Driver			−60	mA
Receiver			−400	µA
Output Current LOW (I_{OL})				
Driver			60	mA
Receiver			16	mA
Operating Temperature (T_A)	0	25	70	˚C

Note 1: Derate molded DIP package 7.5 mW/˚C above 25˚C.

Electrical Characteristics (Notes 3, 4)

Over recommended temperature, common mode input voltage, and supply voltage ranges, unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Units
DRIVER SECTION							
V_{IH}	Input Voltage HIGH			2.0			V
V_{IL}	Input Voltage LOW					0.8	V
V_{OH}	Output Voltage HIGH	I_{OH} = −20 mA			3.1		V
V_{OL}	Output Voltage LOW	I_{OL} = 20 mA			0.85		V
V_{IC}	Input Clamp Voltage	I_I = −18 mA				−1.5	V
$\|V_{OD1}\|$	Differential Output Voltage	I_O = 0 mA				6.0	V
$\|V_{OD2}\|$	Differential Output Voltage	R_L = 100Ω, *Figure 1*		2.0	2.25		V
		R_L = 54Ω, *Figure 1* and *Figure 2*		1.5	2.0		
$\Delta\|V_{OD2}\|$	Change in Magnitude of Differential Output Voltage (Note 5)	R_L = 54Ω V_{CM} = 0V *Figure 1* and *Figure 2*				±0.2	V
		R_L = 100Ω *Figure 1*					
V_{OC}	Common Mode Output Voltage (Note 6)	R_L = 54Ω or 100Ω, *Figure 1*				3.0	V
$\Delta\|V_{OC}\|$	Change in Magnitude of Common Mode Output Voltage (Note 5)					±0.2	V
I_O	Output Current (Note 5) (Includes Receiver I_I)	Output Disabled	V_O = 12V			1.0	mA
			V_O = −7.0V			−0.8	
I_{IH}	Input Current HIGH	V_I = 2.4V				20	µA
I_{IL}	Input Current LOW	V_I = 0.4V				−100	µA
I_{OS}	Short Circuit Output Current (Note 10)	V_O = −7.0V				−250	mA
		V_O = 0V				−150	
		V_O = V_{CC}				150	
		V_O = 12V				250	
I_{CC}	Supply Current	No Load	Outputs Enabled			35	mA
			Outputs Disabled			40	
RECEIVER SECTION							
V_{TH}	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V_O = 2.7V, I_O = −0.4 mA				0.2	V
V_{TL}	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage (Note 7)	V_O = 0.5V, I_O = 8.0 mA		−0.2			V
$V_{T+} - V_{T-}$	Hysteresis (Note 8)	V_{CM} = 0V			50		mV
V_{IH}	Enable Input Voltage HIGH			2.0			V
V_{IL}	Enable Input Voltage LOW					0.8	V
V_{IC}	Enable Input Clamp Voltage	I_I = −18 mA				−1.5	V

Electrical Characteristics (Notes 3, 4) (Continued)

Over recommended temperature, common mode input voltage, and supply voltage ranges, unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Units
RECEIVER SECTION							
V_{OH}	Output Voltage HIGH	$V_{ID} = 200$ mV, $I_{OH} = -400$ µA, *Figure 3*		2.7			V
V_{OL}	Output Voltage LOW	$V_{ID} = -200$ mV, *Figure 3*	$I_{OL} = 8,0$ mA			0.45	V
			$I_{OL} = 16$ mA			0.50	
I_{OZ}	High Impedance State Output	$V_O = 0.45$V to 2.4V				±20	µA
I_I	Line Input Current (Note 9)	Other Input = 0V	$V_I = 12$V			1.0	mA
			$V_I = -7.0$V			0.8	
I_{IH}	Enable Input Current HIGH	$V_{IH} = 2.7$V				20	µA
I_{IL}	Enable Input Current LOW	$V_{IL} = 0.4$V				−100	µA
R_I	Input Resistance				12		kΩ
I_{OS}	Short Circuit Output Current	(Note 10)		−15		−85	mA
I_{CC}	Supply Current (Total Package)	No Load	Outputs Enabled			40	mA
			Outputs Disabled				

Driver Switching Characteristics

$V_{CC} = 5$V, $T_A = 25$°C

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t_{DD}	Differential Output Delay Time	$R_L = 60$Ω, *Figure 4*		15	25	ns
t_{TD}	Differential Output Transition Time	$R_L = 60$Ω, *Figure 4*		15	25	ns
t_{PLH}	Propagation Delay Time, Low-to-High Level Output	$R_L = 27$Ω, *Figure 5*		12	20	ns
t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time, High-to-Low Level Output	$R_L = 27$Ω, *Figure 5*		12	20	ns
t_{PZH}	Output Enable Time to High Level	$R_L = 110$Ω, *Figure 6*		25	35	ns
t_{PZL}	Output Enable Time to Low Level	$R_L = 110$Ω, *Figure 7*		25	35	ns
t_{PHZ}	Output Disable Time from High Level	$R_L = 110$Ω, *Figure 6*		20	25	ns
t_{PLZ}	Output Disable Time from Low Level	$R_L = 110$Ω, *Figure 7*		29	35	ns

Receiver Switching Characteristics

$V_{CC} = 5.0$V, $T_A = 25$°C

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t_{PLH}	Propagation Delay Time, Low-to-High Level Output	$V_{ID} = 0$V to 3.0V, $C_L = 15$ pF, *Figure 8*		16	25	ns
t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time, High-to-Low Level Output			16	25	ns
t_{PZH}	Output Enable Time to High Level	$C_L = 15$ pF, *Figure 9*		15	22	ns
t_{PZL}	Output Enable Time to Low Level			15	22	ns
t_{PHZ}	Output Disable Time from High Level	$C_L = 5.0$ pF, *Figure 9*		14	30	ns
t_{PLZ}	Output Disable Time from Low Level			24	40	ns

Note 2: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. They are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The tables of "Electrical Characteristics" provide conditions for actual operation.

Note 3: Unless otherwise specified min/max limits apply across the 0°C to +70°C range for the DS96176. All typicals are given for $V_{CC} = 5$V and $T_A = 25$°C.

Note 4: All currents into the device pins are positive; all currents out of the device pins are negative. All voltages are referenced to ground unless otherwise specified.

Note 5: Δ|V_{OD}| and Δ|V_{OC}| are the changes in magnitude of V_{OD} and V_{OC}, respectively, that occur when the input is changed from a high level to a low level.

Note 6: In EIA Standards RS-422A and RS-485, V_{OC}, which is the average of the two output voltages with respect to ground, is called output offset voltage, V_{OS}.

Note 7: The algebraic convention, where the less positive (more negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for common mode input voltage and threshold voltage levels only.

DS96176

Receiver Switching Characteristics (Continued)

Note 8: Hysteresis is the difference between the positive-going input threshold voltage V_{T+}, and the negative-going input threshold voltage, V_{T-}.

Note 9: Refer to EIA Standard RS-485 for exact conditions.

Note 10: Only one output at a time should be shorted.
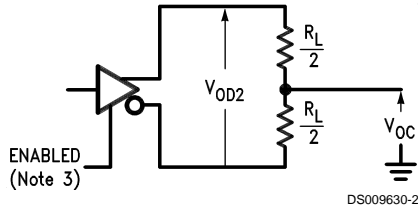
Parameter Measurement Information
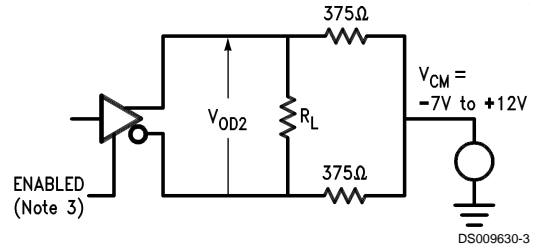

FIGURE 1. Driver V_{OD} and V_{OC}
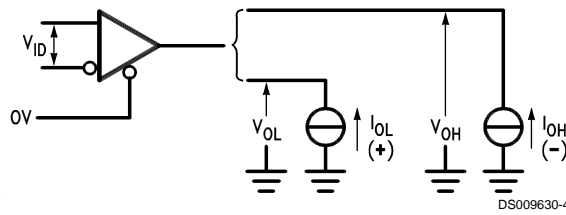

FIGURE 2. Driver V_{OD} with Varying
Common Mode Voltage

FIGURE 3. Receiver V_{OH} and V_{OL}
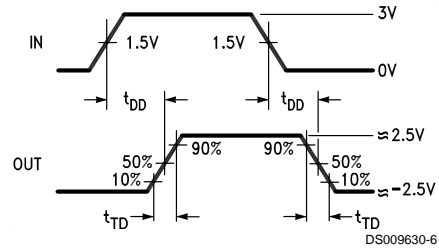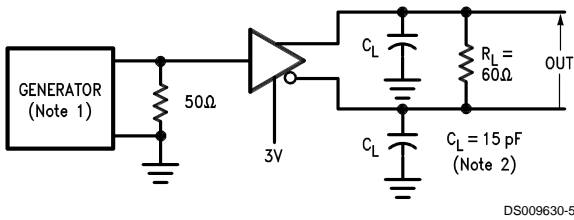
FIGURE 4. Driver Differential Output Delay and Transition Times
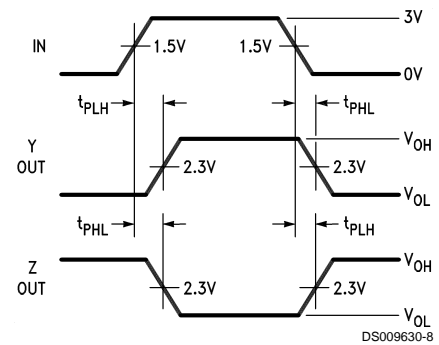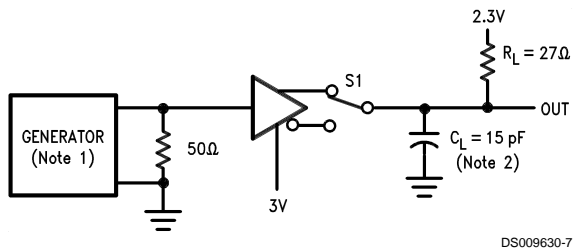
FIGURE 5. Driver Propagation Times

Parameter Measurement Information (Continued)
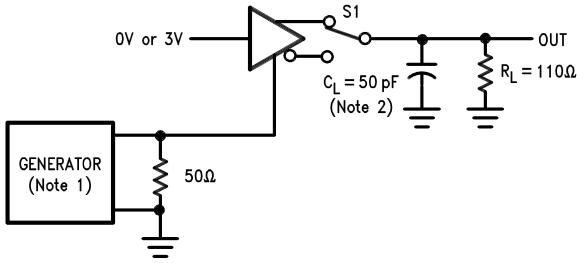
FIGURE 6. Driver Enable and Disable Times (t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ})
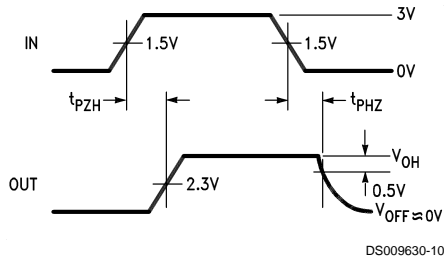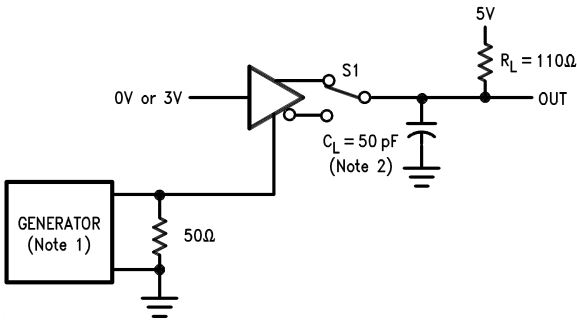
FIGURE 7. Driver Enable and Disable Times (t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ})
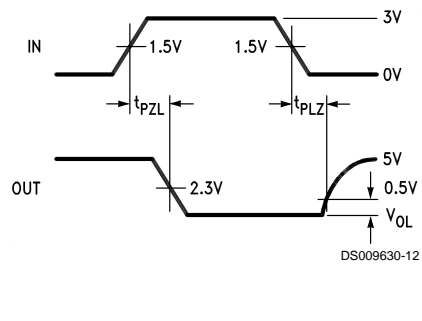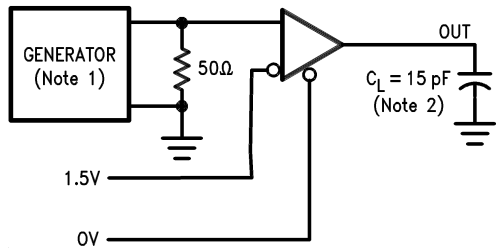
FIGURE 8. Receiver Propagation Delay Times

Parameter Measurement Information (Continued)

DS009630-15

t_{PZH}

IN   3V
      1.5V
      0V

S1 to 1.5V
S2 OPEN
S3 CLOSED

t_{PZH}

OUT V_{OH}
      1.5V
      0V

DS009630-16

t_{PZL}

IN   3V
      1.5V
      0V

S1 to −1.5V
S2 CLOSED
S3 OPEN

t_{PZL}

OUT   ≅ 4.5V
      1.5V
      V_{OL}

DS009630-17

t_{PHZ}

IN   3V
      1.5V
      0V

S1 to 1.5V
S2 CLOSED
S3 CLOSED

t_{PHZ}

OUT V_{OH}
      0.5V
      ≅ 1.3V

DS009630-18

t_{PLZ}

IN   3V
      1.5V
      0V

S1 to −1.5V
S2 CLOSED
S3 CLOSED

t_{PLZ}

OUT   ≅ 1.3V
      0.5V
      V_{OL}
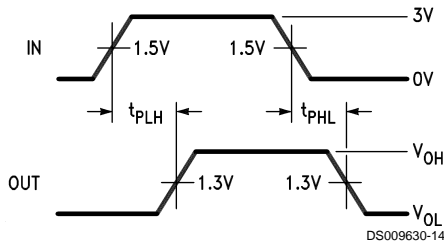
DS009630-19
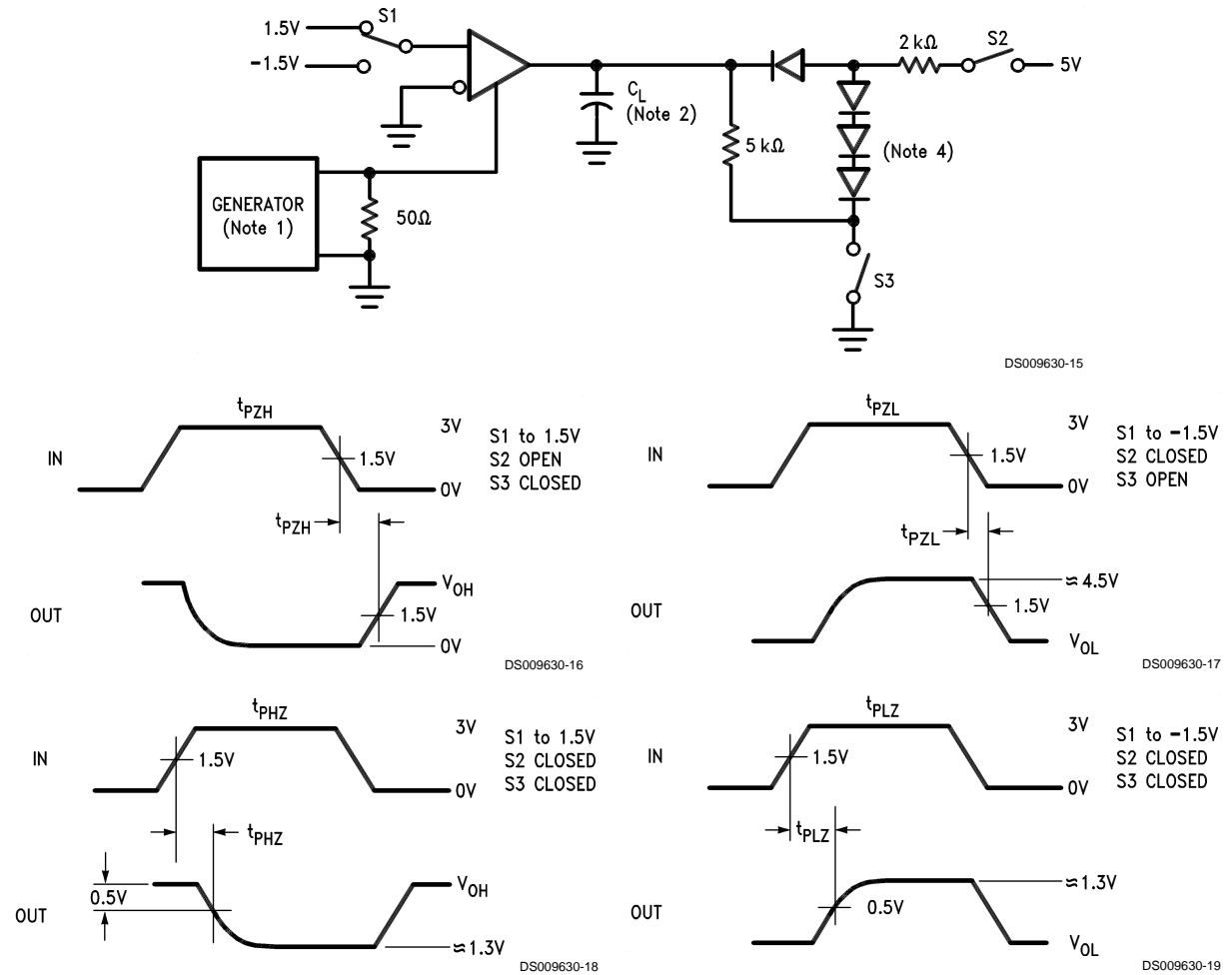
Note 11: The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1.0 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6.0$ ns, $Z_O = 50\Omega$.

Note 12: C_L includes probe and stray capacitance.

Note 13: DS96176 Driver enable is Active-High.

Note 14: All diodes are 1N916 or equivalent.

FIGURE 9. Receiver Enable and Disable Times

Typical Application

UP TO 32
TRANSCEIVERS

DS009630-20
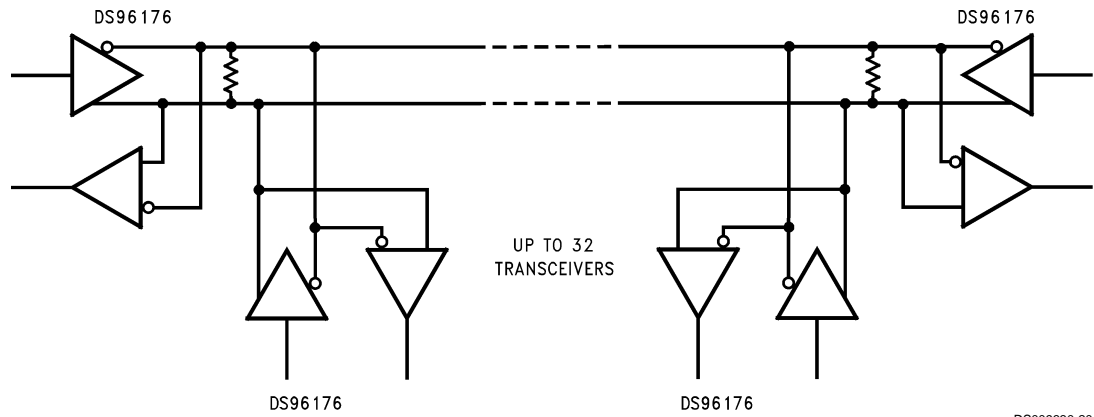
Note: The line length should be terminated at both ends of its characteristic impedance.
Stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible.

FIGURE 10.

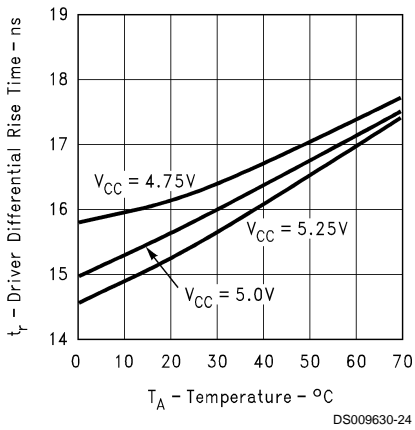# Typical Performance Characteristics

**Driver Differential Propagation Delay
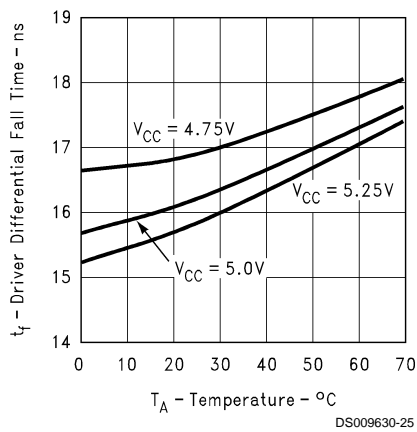vs V$_{CC}$ vs Temperature**

DS009630-22
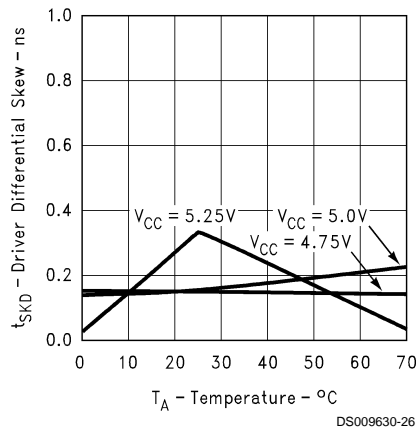
**Driver Differential Propagation Delay
vs V$_{CC}$ vs Temperature**
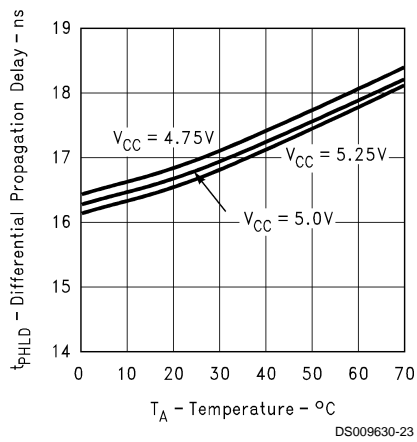
DS009630-23

**Driver Differential Rise Time
vs V$_{CC}$ vs Temperature**

DS009630-24

**Driver Differential Fall Time
vs V$_{CC}$ vs Temperature**

DS009630-25

**Driver Skew vs V$_{CC}$ vs Temperature
(|t$_{PLDH}$−t$_{PHLD}$|)**

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Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)
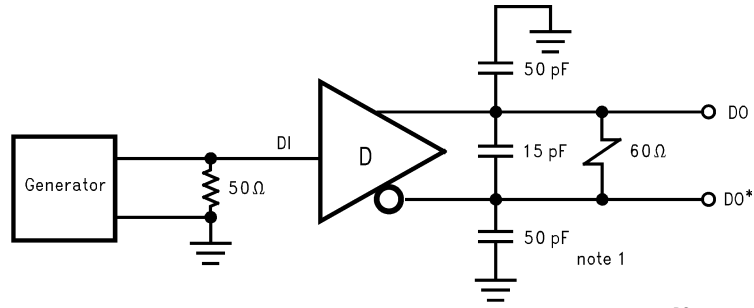
FIGURE 11. Typical Curve Driver Propagation Delay Test Circuit

$$V_O = DO - DO^*$$
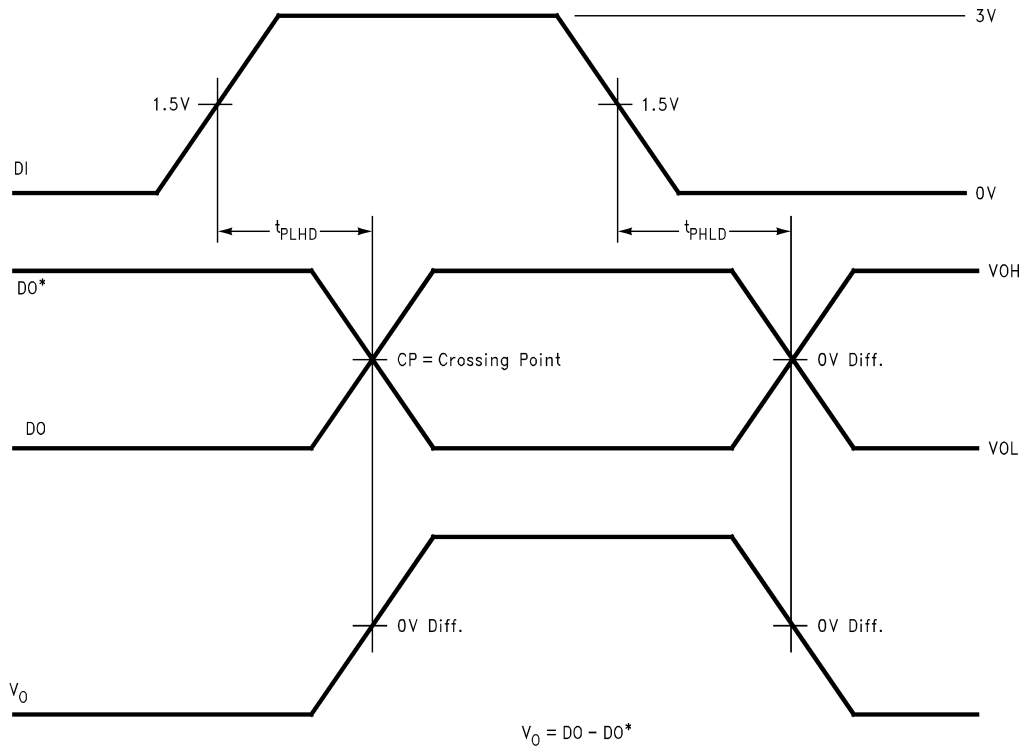
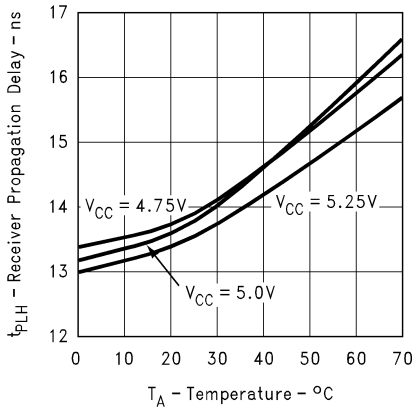FIGURE 12. Typical Curve Driver Differential Propagation Delay Timing
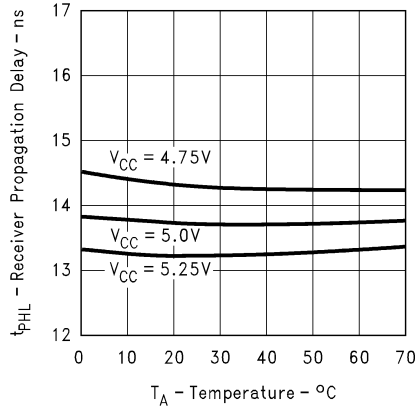
Typical Performance Curves
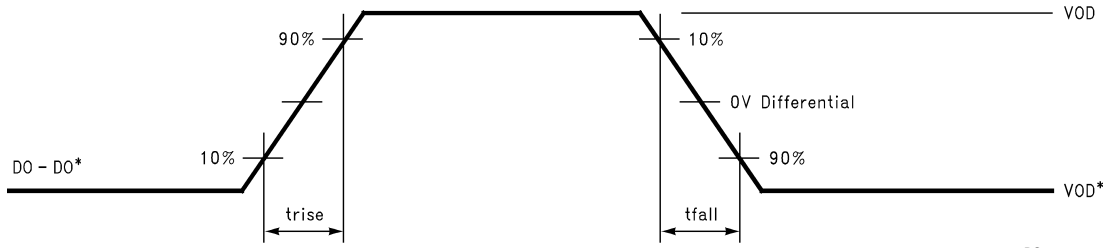
FIGURE 13. Typical Curve Driver Differential Rise and Fall Times
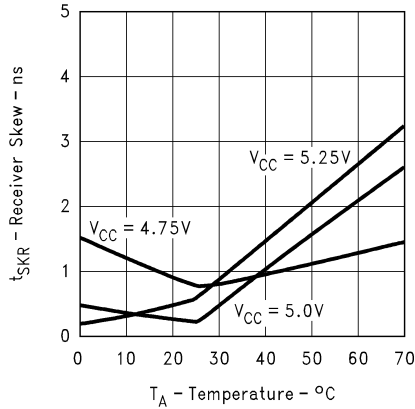
Receiver Propagation Delay vs V_{CC} vs Temperature

Receiver Propagation Delay vs V_{CC} vs Temperature

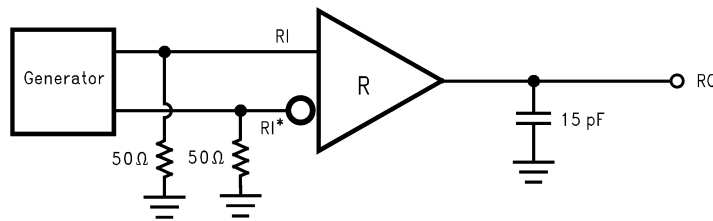**Receiver Skew vs V_{CC} vs Temperature ($|t_{PLH}-t_{PHL}|$)**

FIGURE 14. Typical Curve Receiver Differential Propagation Delay Test Circuit

DS96176

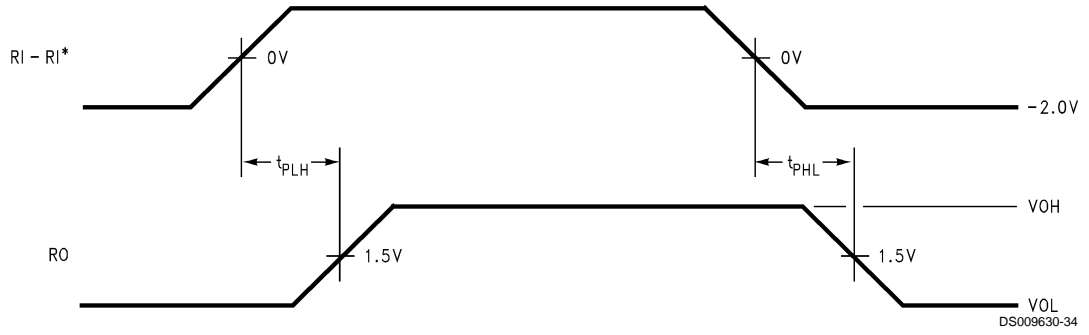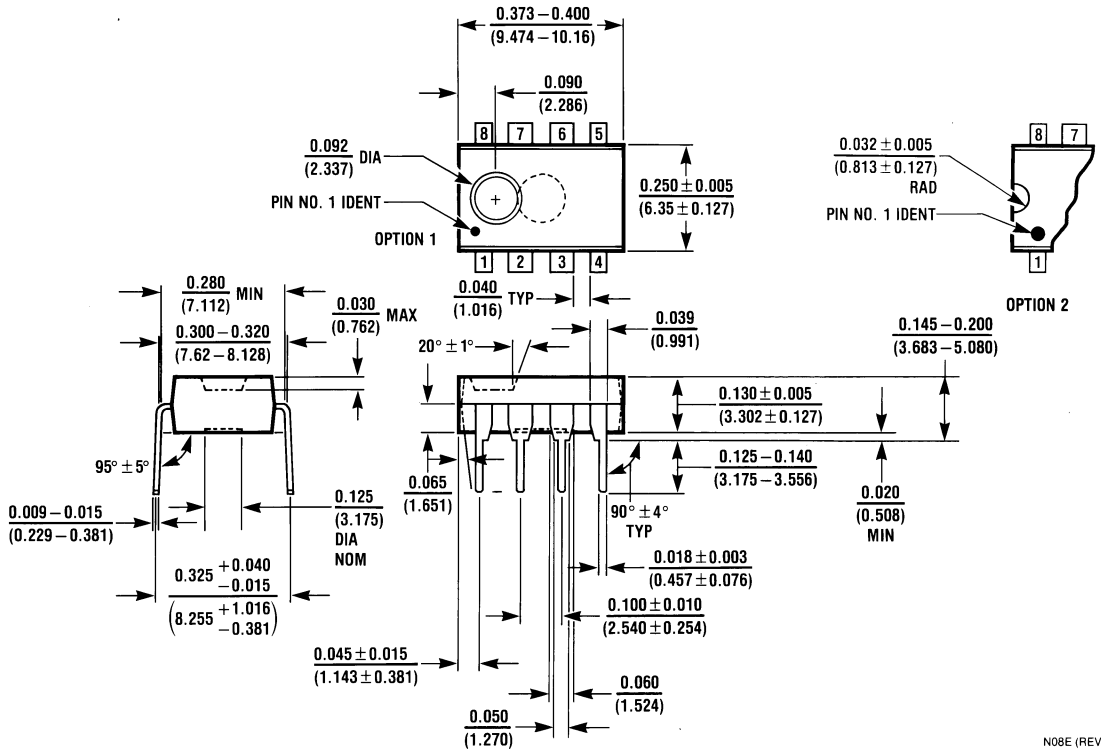## Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

DS009630-34

FIGURE 15. Typical Curve Receiver Propagation Delay Timing

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

Molded Dual-In-Line Package (N)
Order Number DS96176CN
NS Package Number N08E

N08E (REV F)

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DLP® Products	www.dlp.com	Consumer Electronics	www.ti.com/consumer-apps
DSP	dsp.ti.com	Energy and Lighting	www.ti.com/energy
Clocks and Timers	www.ti.com/clocks	Industrial	www.ti.com/industrial
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