

## Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006

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LOCTITE 401

SDS No. : 427627 V004.2 Revision: 15.07.2015 printing date: 31.10.2015 Replaces version from: 24.03.2015

## **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

## 1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE 401

#### **Contains:**

Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate

# **1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** Intended use:

Adhesive

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd Wood Lane End HP2 4RQ Hemel Hempstead

#### Great Britain

Phone: +44 1442 278000 Fax-no.: +44 1442 278071

ua-productsafety.uk@uk.henkel.com

## **1.4. Emergency telephone number**

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification (CLP):

| Skin irritation                                  | Category 2 |
|--|------------|
| H315 Causes skin irritation.                     |            |
| Serious eye irritation                           | Category 2 |
| H319 Causes serious eye irritation.              |            |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | Category 3 |
| H335 May cause respiratory irritation.           |            |
| Target organ: respiratory tract irritation       |            |

## 2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:



| Signal word:                           | Warning  |
|--|--|
| Hazard statement:                      | H315 Causes skin irritation.<br>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.<br>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.  |
| Supplemental information               | EUH202 Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of children.   |
| Precautionary statement:<br>Prevention | P261 Avoid breathing vapours.<br>P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.   |
| Precautionary statement:<br>Response   | P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.<br>P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Precautionary statement:<br>Disposal   | P501 Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.  |

#### 2.3. Other hazards

None if used properly.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

## General chemical description:

Cyanoacrylate Adhesive

## Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

| Hazardous components  | EC Number        | content        | Classification     |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| CAS-No.               | REACH-Reg No.    |                |                    |
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate | 230-391-5        | 50- 100 %      | Eye Irrit. 2       |
| 7085-85-0             | 01-2119527766-29 |                | H319               |
|                       |                  |                | STOT SE 3          |
|                       |                  |                | H335               |
|                       |                  |                | Skin Irrit. 2      |
|                       |                  |                | H315               |
|                       |                  |                |                    |
| Hydroquinone          | 204-617-8        | 0,01 - < 0,1 % | Aquatic Acute 1    |
| 123-31-9              | 01-2119524016-51 |                | H400               |
|                       |                  |                | Aquatic Chronic 1  |
|                       |                  |                | H410               |
|                       |                  |                | Carc. 2            |
|                       |                  |                | H351               |
|                       |                  |                | Muta. 2            |
|                       |                  |                | H341               |
|                       |                  |                | Acute Tox. 4; Oral |
|                       |                  |                | H302               |
|                       |                  |                | Eye Dam. 1         |
|                       |                  |                | H318               |
|                       |                  |                | Skin Sens. 1       |
|                       |                  |                | H317               |
|                       |                  |                | M factor: 10       |

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

Skin contact:

Do not pull bonded skin apart. It may be gently peeled apart using a blunt object such as a spoon, preferably after soaking in warm soapy water.

Cyanoacrylates give off heat on solidification. In rare cases a large drop will generate enough heat to cause a burn.

Burns should be treated normally after the adhesive has been removed from the skin.

If lips are accidentally stuck together apply warm water to the lips and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth.

Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips apart with direct opposing action.

Eye contact:

If the eye is bonded closed, release eyelashes with warm water by covering with wet pad.

Cyanoacrylate will bond to eye protein and will cause periods of weeping which will help to debond the adhesive.

Keep eye covered until debonding is complete, usually within 1-3 days.

Do not force eye open. Medical advice should be sought in case solid particles of cyanoacrylate trapped behind the eyelid cause any abrasive damage.

#### Ingestion:

Ensure that breathing passages are not obstructed. The product will polymerise immediately in the mouth making it almost impossible to swallow. Saliva will slowly separate the solidified product from the mouth (several hours).

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

SKIN: Redness, inflammation.

RESPIRATORY: Irritation, coughing, shortness of breath, chest tightness.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide. Fine water spray

**Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:** None known

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray. Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, irritating organic vapors.

#### **5.3.** Advice for firefighters

Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

#### Additional information:

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Do not use cloths for mopping up. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off the floor. Cured material can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ventilation (low level) is recommended when using large volumes Use of dispensing equipment is recommended to minimise the risk of skin or eye contact

#### Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

For optimum shelf life store in original containers under refrigerated conditions at 2 - 8°C (35.6 - 46.4 °F)

**7.3. Specific end use(s)** Adhesive

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

#### Valid for

Great Britain

| Ingredient [Regulated substance]                            | ррт | mg/m <sup>3</sup> |                                      | Short term exposure limit category / Remarks | Regulatory list |
|---|-----|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate<br>7085-85-0<br>[ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE] | 0,3 | 1,5               | Short Term Exposure<br>Limit (STEL): |  | EH40 WEL        |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9<br>[HYDROQUINONE]                  |     | 0,5               | Time Weighted Average (TWA):         |  | EH40 WEL        |

#### **Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):**

| Name on list             | Environmental<br>Compartment       | Exposure period | Value | Value |       |              | Remarks |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|---------|
|                          |                                    |                 | mg/l  | ppm   | mg/kg | others       |         |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9 | aqua<br>(freshwater)               |                 |       |       |       | 0,114 µg/L   |         |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9 | aqua (marine<br>water)             |                 |       |       |       | 0,0114 µg/L  |         |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9 | sediment<br>(freshwater)           |                 |       |       |       | 0,98 µg/kg   |         |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9 | sediment<br>(marine water)         |                 |       |       |       | 0,097 µg/kg  |         |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9 | aqua<br>(intermittent<br>releases) |                 |       |       |       | 0,00134 mg/L |         |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9 | soil                               |                 |       |       |       | 0,129 µg/kg  |         |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9 | STP                                |                 |       |       |       | 0,71 mg/L    |         |

| Name on list                       | Application<br>Area   | Route of<br>Exposure | Health Effect                               | Exposure<br>Time | Value            | Remarks |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---|------------------|------------------|---------|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate<br>7085-85-0 | Workers               | Inhalation           | Long term<br>exposure - local<br>effects    |                  | 9,25 mg/m3       |         |
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate<br>7085-85-0 | Workers               | Inhalation           | Long term<br>exposure -<br>systemic effects |                  | 9,25 mg/m3       |         |
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate<br>7085-85-0 | general population    | Inhalation           | Long term<br>exposure - local<br>effects    |                  | 9,25 mg/m3       |         |
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate<br>7085-85-0 | general population    | Inhalation           | Long term<br>exposure -<br>systemic effects |                  | 9,25 mg/m3       |         |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9           | Workers               | Dermal               | Long term<br>exposure -<br>systemic effects |                  | 128 mg/kg bw/day |         |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9           | Workers               | Inhalation           | Long term<br>exposure -<br>systemic effects |                  | 7 mg/m3          |         |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9           | Workers               | Inhalation           | Long term<br>exposure - local<br>effects    |                  | 1 mg/m3          |         |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9           | general<br>population | Dermal               | Long term<br>exposure -<br>systemic effects |                  | 64 mg/kg bw/day  |         |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9           | general<br>population | Inhalation           | Long term<br>exposure -<br>systemic effects |                  | 1,74 mg/m3       |         |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9           | general<br>population | Inhalation           | Long term<br>exposure - local<br>effects    |                  | 0,5 mg/m3        |         |

**Biological Exposure Indices:** 

None

#### 8.2. Exposure controls:

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area

Filter type: A

Hand protection:

Polyethylene or polypropylene gloves are recommended when using large volumes.

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR;  $\geq 0.4$  mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Do not use PVC, rubber or nylon gloves.

Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

The use of chemical resistant gloves such as Neoprene or Natural Rubber is recommended

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing.

Skin protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance liauid

Odour threshold

pН Initial boiling point Flash point Decomposition temperature Vapour pressure < 700 mbar (50 °C (122 °F)) Density 1,1 g/cm3 0 Bulk density Viscosity Viscosity (kinematic) Explosive properties Solubility (qualitative) (Solvent: Water) Solidification temperature Melting point Flammability Auto-ignition temperature **Explosive** limits Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Evaporation rate Vapor density Oxidising properties

#### 9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Rapid exothermic polymerization will occur in the presence of water, amines, alkalis and alcohols.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

## **10.4.** Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None if used for intended purpose.

colourless to yellowish No data available / Not applicable

No data available / Not applicable > 149 °C (> 300.2 °F) 80 - 93 °C (176 - 199.4 °F) No data available / Not applicable

No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable Polymerises in presence of water.

No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### General toxicological information:

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation 1272/2008/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

#### STOT-single exposure:

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Oral toxicity:

Cyanoacrylates are considered to have relatively low toxicity. Acute oral LD50 is >5000mg/kg (rat). It is almost impossible to swallow as it rapidly polymerises in the mouth.

#### Inhalative toxicity:

Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of vapours may lead to chronic effects in sensitive individuals In dry atmosphere with < 50% humidity, vapours may irritate the eyes and respiratory system

### Skin irritation:

Causes skin irritation.

Bonds skin in seconds. Considered to be of low toxicity: acute dermal LD50 (rabbit)>2000mg/kg Due to polymerisation at the skin surface allergic reaction is unlikely to occur

#### Eye irritation:

Causes serious eye irritation. Liquid product will bond eyelids. In a dry atmosphere (RH<50%) vapours may cause irritation and lachrymatory effect

#### Acute oral toxicity:

| Hazardous components<br>CAS-No. | Value<br>type | Value         | Route of application | Exposure<br>time | Species | Method                                      |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------|---------|---|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate           | LD50          | > 5.000 mg/kg | oral                 |                  | rat     | OECD Guideline 401 (Acute                   |
| 7085-85-0<br>Hydroquinone       | LD50          | 367 mg/kg     | oral                 |                  | rat     | Oral Toxicity)<br>OECD Guideline 401 (Acute |
| 123-31-9                        |               | 0.0           |                      |                  |         | Oral Toxicity)                              |

#### Acute dermal toxicity:

| Hazardous components<br>CAS-No.    | Value<br>type | Value         | Route of application | Exposure<br>time | Species | Method  |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------|---------|---|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate<br>7085-85-0 | LD50          | > 2.000 mg/kg | dermal               |                  | rabbit  | OECD Guideline 402 (Acute<br>Dermal Toxicity) |

#### Skin corrosion/irritation:

| Hazardous components<br>CAS-No.    | Result              | Exposure<br>time | Species | Method  |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------|---|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate<br>7085-85-0 | slightly irritating | 24 h             | rabbit  | OECD Guideline 404 (Acute<br>Dermal Irritation / Corrosion) |

#### Serious eye damage/irritation:

| Hazardous components<br>CAS-No.    | Result     | Exposure<br>time | Species | Method   |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------------|---------|--|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate<br>7085-85-0 | irritating | 72 h             | rabbit  | OECD Guideline 405 (Acute<br>Eye Irritation / Corrosion) |

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization:

| Hazardous components<br>CAS-No.    | Result          | Test type                           | Species    | Method |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|------------|--------|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate<br>7085-85-0 | not sensitising |                                     | guinea pig |        |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9           | sensitising     | Guinea pig<br>maximisat<br>ion test | guinea pig |        |

| Hazardous components<br>CAS-No.    | Result   | Type of study /<br>Route of<br>administration          | Metabolic<br>activation /<br>Exposure time | Species | Method   |
|------------------------------------|----------|--|--|---------|--|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate<br>7085-85-0 | negative | bacterial reverse<br>mutation assay (e.g<br>Ames test) |  |         | OECD Guideline 471<br>(Bacterial Reverse Mutation<br>Assay)              |
|                                    | negative | mammalian cell<br>gene mutation assay                  | with and without                           |         | OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro<br>Mammalian Cell Gene<br>Mutation Test)    |
|                                    | negative | in vitro mammalian<br>chromosome<br>aberration test    | with and without                           |         | OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro<br>Mammalian Chromosome<br>Aberration Test) |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9           | negative | bacterial reverse<br>mutation assay (e.g<br>Ames test) | with and without                           |         | EU Method B.13/14<br>(Mutagenicity)                                      |

#### **Repeated dose toxicity**

| Hazardous components<br>CAS-No. | Result                | Route of application | Exposure time /<br>Frequency of<br>treatment | Species | Method   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--|---------|--|
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9        | LOAEL=<= 500<br>mg/kg | oral: gavage         | 14 days5 days/week.<br>12 doses              | rat     | OECD Guideline 407<br>(Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral<br>Toxicity in Rodents) |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9        | NOAEL=>= 250<br>mg/kg | oral: gavage         | 14 days5 days/week.<br>12 doses              | rat     | OECD Guideline 407<br>(Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral<br>Toxicity in Rodents) |

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### General ecological information:

Biological and Chemical Oxygen Demands (BOD and COD) are insignificant.

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation 1272/2008/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

#### **Ecotoxicity:**

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

| Hazardous components<br>CAS-No. | Value<br>type | Value       | Acute<br>Toxicity<br>Study | Exposure<br>time | Species                                       | Method   |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|---|--|
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9        | LC50          | 0,638 mg/l  | Fish                       | 96 h             | Oncorhynchus mykiss                           | OECD Guideline<br>203 (Fish, Acute<br>Toxicity Test) |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9        | EC50          | 0,134 mg/l  | Daphnia                    | 48 h             | Daphnia magna                                 | OECD Guideline<br>202 (Daphnia sp.<br>Acute          |
| Hydroquinone                    | EC50          | 0,335 mg/l  | Algae                      | 72 h             | Selenastrum capricornutum                     | Immobilisation<br>Test)<br>OECD Guideline            |
| 123-31-9                        | NOFC          | 0.0057 /    |                            | 21.1             | (new name: Pseudokirchnerella<br>subcapitata) | Inhibition Test)                                     |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9        | NOEC          | 0,0057 mg/l | chronic<br>Daphnia         | 21 d             | Daphnia magna                                 | OECD 211<br>(Daphnia magna,<br>Reproduction Test)    |

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

## Persistence and Biodegradability:

No data available.

| Hazardous components | Result | Route of    | Degradability | Method |
|----------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------|
| CAS-No.              |        | application |               |        |

| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate<br>7085-85-0 |                       | aerobic | 57 %      | OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready<br>Biodegradability: Closed Bottle<br>Test)                    |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-----------|--|
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9           | readily biodegradable | aerobic | 75 - 81 % | EU Method C.4-E (Determination<br>of the "Ready"<br>BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle<br>Test) |

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential / 12.4. Mobility in soil

#### Mobility:

Cured adhesives are immobile.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential:**

No data available.

| Hazardous components<br>CAS-No.    | LogKow | Bioconcentration<br>factor (BCF) | Exposure<br>time | Species | Temperature | Method                                   |
|------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|------------------|---------|-------------|--|
| Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate<br>7085-85-0 | 0,776  |                                  |                  |         | 22 °C       | EU Method A.8 (Partition<br>Coefficient) |
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9           | 0,59   |                                  |                  |         |             | EU Method A.8 (Partition<br>Coefficient) |

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

| Hazardous components<br>CAS-No. | PBT/vPvB  |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Hydroquinone<br>123-31-9        | Not fulfilling PBT (persistent/bioaccummulative/toxic) criteria |

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### **13.1.** Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Cured adhesive: Dispose of as water insoluble non-toxic solid chemical in authorised landfill or incinerate under controlled conditions.

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contribution of this product to waste is very insignificant in comparison to article in which it is used

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Waste code

08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

| 14.1. | UN number               |  |  |  |
|-------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
|       | ADR                     | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | RID                     | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | ADN                     | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | IMDG                    | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | IATA                    | 3334   |  |  |
| 14.2. | UN proper shipping name |  |  |  |
|       | ADR                     | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | RID                     | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | ADN                     | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | IMDG                    | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | IATA                    | Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (Cyanoacrylate ester)  |  |  |
| 14.3. | Transport h             | nazard class(es)   |  |  |
|       | ADR                     | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | RID                     | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | ADN                     | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | IMDG                    | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | IATA                    | 9  |  |  |
| 14.4. | Packaging group         |  |  |  |
|       | ADR                     | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | RID                     | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | ADN                     | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | IMDG                    | Not dangerous goods  |  |  |
|       | IATA                    | III  |  |  |
| 14.5. | Environme               | ntal hazards   |  |  |
|       | ADR                     | not applicable   |  |  |
|       | RID                     | not applicable   |  |  |
|       | ADN                     | not applicable   |  |  |
|       | IMDG                    | not applicable   |  |  |
|       | IATA                    | not applicable   |  |  |
| 14.6. | Special prec            | cautions for user  |  |  |
|       | ADR                     | not applicable   |  |  |
|       | RID                     | not applicable   |  |  |
|       | ADN                     | not applicable   |  |  |
|       | IMDG                    | not applicable   |  |  |
|       | IATA                    | Primary packs containing less than 500ml are unregulated by this mode of transport<br>and may be shipped unrestricted. |  |  |
| 14.7. | Transport i             | n bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code  |  |  |
|       | F                       | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |  |  |

not applicable

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# **15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture** VOC content 0 %

< 3 %

VOC content (VOCV 814.018 VOC regulation CH) VOC content (2010/75/EC)

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Further information:

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

## Label elements (DPD):

Xi - Irritant



Risk phrases:

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

#### Safety phrases:

S23 Do not breathe vapour.

S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

#### Additional labeling:

Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of children.

Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.

#### **Annex - Exposure Scenarios:**

Exposure Scenarios for ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate can be downloaded under the following link: http://mymsds.henkel.com/mymsds/.470833..en.ANNEX\_DE.15743123.0.DE.pdf Alternatively they can be accessed on the internet site www.mymsds.henkel.com by entering number 470833.