

Red: 76-006

Designation: Do-it-Yourself (DIY). Stacking 4 mm Banana (male) Plug. Solderless Screw Wire Attachment.

Applications: in-the-field repairing and making of safety 4 mm banana leads.

Step 1 of 6. I gather a 1.5 mm Allen wrench, a stranded wire with the specifications below, and a tool to strip the wire. I check that the wire and the parts of the plug have no default. I strip the end of the wire on 7 mm ± 1 mm. Rear 4 mm banana female Ø2.6 mm maxi. (approximately 12 AWG). Specifications of the wire. connection to stack plugs. 0.75 mm² mini., 2.50 mm² maxi.. Safety compliant with 1000 V CAT II / 20 mm (x13 mm overall thickness) 600 V CAT III / 300 V CAT IV. $7 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$ Ø3.8(+0.1/-0.2) mm Jacket(s) Step 2 of 6. With the 1.5 mm Allen wrench I unscrew the Allen screw without removing it. Step 3 of 6. I slip the stripped end of the wire through the gray plastic part and into the transverse hole of the metal part as shown below. Snap-on plastic part. Metal part. Gray plastic part. Step 4 of 6. With the 1.5 mm Allen wrench I screw and tighten (2.3 N.m maxi. torque) the Allen screw on the end of the wire. Step 5 of 6. I insert the metal part into the gray plastic part while I pull the wire. I insert the other side of the metal part into the snap-on plastic part. I push the gray plastic part towards the snap-on plastic part until they clip. As shown below. The 4 mm banana male Insulating gray tip on The design and the Transverse hole The 4 mm banana Allen screw connection complies female connection the 4 mm banana material of the of the metal part to attach the with the 4 mm banana complies with the male connection to to slip the strands wire to the lantern contact 4 mm banana sockets of the prevent accidental spring meet the of the wire into. metal part. European worldwide most Union marking. plugs of the contact. need of low worldwide most famous manufacturers. resistance and The benefit of screw famous reliability. attachment is to repair or manufacturers. Step 6 of 6. I check the gray plastic part is well locked in the snap-on plastic part. make a lead in the field with just a screwdriver. The plug is ready to use.



DATA SHEET (PAGE 1 OF 2).

According to EN / IEC 60529. IP2X (touchproof).

According to EN / IEC 61010-031:2008. Up to 1000 V CAT II / 600 V CAT III

insulation of the lead. And the considered specifications of the environment are:

/ 300 V CAT IV, reinforced insulation, up to 36 A (at +40 °C) depending on the wire.

These specifications come from the creepage distances, clearances, accessible parts, and solid

• relative humidity, 80 % maximum for temperatures up to 31 °C decreasing linearly to 50 %

GLOSSARY:

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Designation: Do-it-Yourself (DIY). Stacking 4 mm Banana (male) Plug. Solderless Screw Wire Attachment.

• pollution degree, 1 or 2;

• indoor use : and

relative humidity at +40 °C;

• altitude, 2000 m maximum.+

• temperature range, +5 °C to +40 °C;

ACCESSIBLE. Able to be touched with a standard test finger or test pin.

BASIC INSULATION. Insulation of HAZARDOUS LIVE parts which

ovides basic protection.

CAT II. Measurement or overvoltage category II. For measurement performed on / equipment connected to the building wiring.

CAT III. Measurement or overvoltage category III. For measurement

performed on / equipment connected to part of a building wiring installation.

CAT IV. Measurement or overvoltage category IV. For measurement performed on / equipment connected to the origin of the electrical supply to a

CLEARANCE. Shortest distance in air between two conductive parts.

CREEPAGE DISTANCE. Shortest distance along the surface of a solid insulating material between two conductive parts.

CTI. Comparative Tracking Index of the insulating material in accordance with IEC 60112.

DOUBLE INSULATION. Insulation comprising both BASIC INSULATION and SUPPLEMENTARY INSULATION.

EN / IEC 60529:2001. The 2001 version of the European / international standard regarding the degrees of protection provided by enclosures.

EN / IEC 61010-1:2010. The latest version (in February 2012) of the European / international standard regarding the safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – Part 1: General requirements. Version year 2010.

EN / IEC 61010-031:2008. The latest version (in February 2012) of the European / international standard regarding the safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use – Part 031: Safety requirements for hand-held probe assemblies for electrical measurement and test. Version year 2008.

"LVD". European Directive 2006/95/EC on the harmonisation of the laws of Member States relating to electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits. (Usually called the Low Voltage Directive.)

MAINS. Low-voltage electricity supply system to which the equipment concerned is designed to be connected for the purpose of powering the equipment.

MAINS CIRCUIT. Circuit which is intended to be directly connected to the MAINS for the purpose of powering the equipment.

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY. Numeral defining a TRANSIENT OVER-VOLTAGE condition.

POLLUTION. Addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity.

POLLUTION DEGREE. Numeral indicating the level of POLLUTION that

POLLUTION DEGREE 1. No POLLUTION or only dry, non-conductive POLLUTION occurs, which has no influence.

POLLUTION DEGREE 2. Only non-conductive POLLUTION occurs except that occasionally a temporary conductivity caused by condensation is

REINFORCED INSULATION. Insulation which provides protection against electric shock not less than that provided by DOUBLE INSULATION.

"RoHS". European Directive 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

SOLID INSULATION. Insulating materials.

SUPPLEMENTARY INSULATION. Independent insulation applied in addition to BASIC INSULATION in order to provide protection against electric shock in the event of a failure of BASIC INSULATION.

TRANSIENT OVERVOLTAGE. Short duration overvoltage of a few milliseconds or less, oscillatory or non-oscillatory, usually highly damped

WORKING VOLTAGE. Highest r.m.s. value of the a.c. or d.c. voltage across any particular insulation which can occur when the equipment is supplied at rated voltage.

The electrical safety provided by the plug depends on	The electrical	safety	provided	by the	plug	depends	on
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the specifications of the wire;

Electrical safety

1000 V CAT II

600 V CAT III

300 V CAT IV

- the electrical safety of the wire (typically 1000 V CAT II / 600 V CAT III / 300 V CAT IV, reinforced insulation, according to EN / IEC 61010-031:2008);
- the right assembling of the plug on the wire.

Operating temperature range	e -20 °C mini., +80 °C maxi. (please see above too).			
Protection against fire	According to EN / IEC $61010-031:2008$. The lead is compatible with the requirements of protection against the spread of fire and resistance to heat by its basic insulation.			
Conformity	European Directive "Low Voltage Directive" 2014/35/EU. International / European standard EN / IEC 61010-031:2008. International / European standard EN / IEC 60529. European REACH regulation n°1907 / 2006. European Directive "RoHS" 2011/65/EU.			
Environment	 "RoHS" compliant, Pb ≤ 4 % in conductor, Pb ≤ 0.1 % in insulator, Hg ≤ 0.1 %, Cr VI ≤ Cd ≤ 0.01 %, PBB ≤ 0.1 %, and PBDE ≤ 0.1 %. REACH compliant, no substances from the candidate list of SVHC for authorisation at a concentrations greater than 0.1 %. 			
Materials	Conductors of the plugs: nickel-coated brass. Wire jackets: PVC. Insulators and lantern cospring, please contact us.			
Colors	Red			
Origin	Designed and manufactured in France.			
Reliability benchmark	Year of 1st placing on the market 1997.			
Packaging	One piece per bag (in one bag: 1 metal part including 1 Allen screw + 1 gray plastic part + 1 snap-on plastic part).			