

FEATURES

General

- HDMI®/DVI transmitter compatible with HDMI v. 1.3, DVI v. 1.0, and HDCP v. 1.2
- Single 1.8 V power supply
- Video/audio inputs accept logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V
- 80-lead LQFP, Pb-free package
- 64-lead LFCSP, Pb-free package
- 76-ball CSP_BGA, Pb-free package

Digital video

- 165 MHz operation supports all resolutions from 480i to 1080p and UXGA at 60 Hz
- 80 MHz derivative supports all resolutions from 480i to 1080i/720p and XGA at 70 Hz
- Programmable two-way color space converter
- Supports RGB, YCbCr, and DDR
- Supports ITU656-based embedded syncs
- Automatic input video format timing detection (CEA-861B)

Digital audio

- Supports standard S/PDIF for stereo LPCM or compressed audio up to 192 kHz
- 8-channel, uncompressed, LPCM I²S audio up to 192 kHz

Special features for easy system design

- On-chip MPU with I²C master to perform HDCP operations and EDID reading operations
- 5 V tolerant I²C and HPD I/Os, no extra device needed
- No audio master clock needed for supporting S/PDIF and I²S
- On-chip MPU reports HDMI events through interrupts and registers

APPLICATIONS

DVD players and recorders

Digital set-top boxes

A/V receivers

Digital cameras and camcorders

HDMI repeater/splitter

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AD9889B is a 165 MHz, high definition multimedia interface (HDMI) v. 1.3 transmitter. It supports HDTV formats up to 1080p, and computer graphic resolutions up to UXGA (1600 × 1200 at 60 Hz). With the inclusion of HDCP, the AD9889B allows the secure transmission of protected content as specified by the HDCP v. 1.2 protocol.

Rev. B

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FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

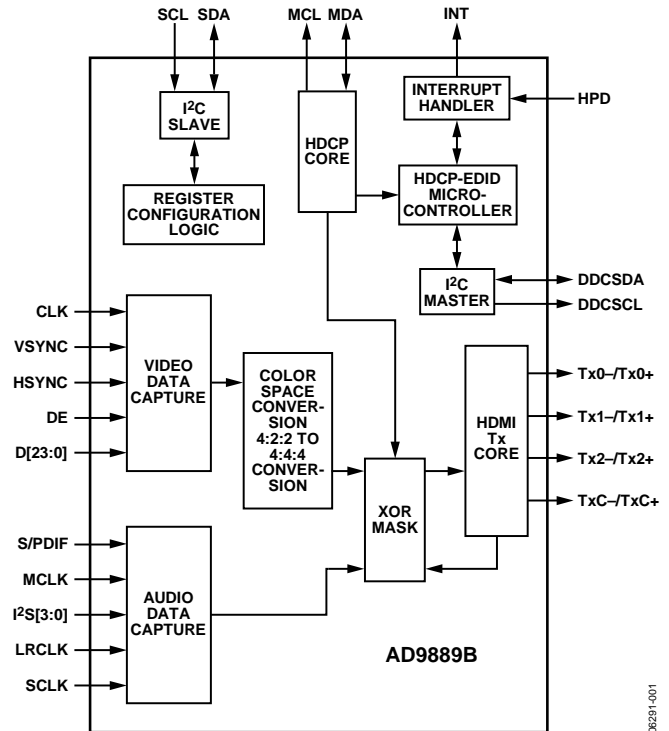


Figure 1.

The AD9889B supports both S/PDIF and 8-channel I²S audio. Its high fidelity, 8-channel I²S can transmit either stereo or 7.1 surround audio at 192 kHz. The S/PDIF can carry stereo LPCM audio or compressed audio, including DTS®, THX®, and Dolby® Digital.

The AD9889B helps reduce system design complexity and cost by incorporating such features as an internal MPU for HDCP operations, an I²C master for EDID reading, a single 1.8 V power supply, and 5 V tolerance on the I²C and hot plug detect pins.

Fabricated in an advanced CMOS process, the AD9889B is available in a space-saving, 76-ball CSP_BGA or 64-lead LFCSP surface-mount package, and an 80-lead LQFP surface-mount package. All packages are available as Pb-free and are specified from -25°C to +85°C.

AD9889B* Product Page Quick Links

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REVISION HISTORY

12/14—Rev. A to Rev. B

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3/10—Rev. 0 to Rev. A

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4/07—Revision 0: Initial Version

SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1.

| Parameter | Test Conditions/Comments | Temp | Test Level ¹ | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|---|------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------|------|-----------------|
| DIGITAL INPUTS | | | | | | | |
| Input Voltage, High (V_{IH}) | | Full | VI | 1.4 | | 3.5 | V |
| Input Voltage, Low (V_{IL}) | | Full | VI | | | 0.7 | V |
| Input Capacitance | | 25°C | V | | 3 | | pF |
| DIGITAL OUTPUTS | | | | | | | |
| Output Voltage, High (V_{OH}) | | Full | VI | $V_{DD} - 0.1$ | | | V |
| Output Voltage, Low (V_{OL}) | | Full | VI | | | 0.4 | V |
| THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | |
| Thermal Resistance | | | | | | | |
| θ_{JC} Junction to Case | | | V | | 15.2 | | °C/W |
| θ_{JA} Junction to Ambient | | | V | | 59 | | °C/W |
| Ambient Temperature | | Full | V | -25 | +25 | +85 | °C |
| DC SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | | |
| Input Leakage Current, I_{IL} | | 25°C | VI | -10 | | +10 | μ A |
| Input Clamp Voltage | -16 mA | 25°C | V | | -0.8 | | V |
| | +16 mA | 25°C | V | | +0.8 | | V |
| Differential High Level Output Voltage | | | V | | AV_{CC} | | V |
| Differential Output Short-Circuit Current | | | IV | | | 10 | μ A |
| POWER SUPPLY | | | | | | | |
| V_{DD} (All) Supply Voltage | | Full | IV | 1.71 | 1.8 | 1.89 | V |
| V_{DD} Supply Voltage Noise | | Full | V | | | 50 | mV p-p |
| Power-Down Current | With active video applied, 165 MHz, typical random pattern | 25°C | IV | | 9 | | mA |
| Transmitter Supply Current | With active video applied, 165 MHz, typical random pattern | 25°C | IV | | 240 | 280 | mA |
| Transmitter Total Power | | Full | VI | | 432 | 504 | mW |
| AC SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | | |
| CLK Frequency | 165 MHz derivative | 25°C | IV | 13.5 | | 165 | MHz |
| | 80 MHz derivative | 25°C | IV | 13.5 | | 80 | MHz |
| TMD5 Output CLK Duty Cycle | | 25°C | IV | 48 | | 52 | % |
| Worst Case CLK Input Jitter | | Full | IV | | | 2 | ns |
| Input Data Setup Time | | Full | IV | 1 | | | ns |
| Input Data Hold Time | | Full | IV | 1 | | | ns |
| TMD5 Differential Swing | | | VI | 800 | 1000 | 1200 | mV |
| V_{SYNC} and H_{SYNC} Delay from DE Falling Edge | | | VI | | 1 | | UI ² |
| V_{SYNC} and H_{SYNC} Delay to DE Rising Edge | | | VI | | 1 | | UI ² |
| DE High Time | | 25°C | VI | | | 8191 | UI ² |
| DE Low Time | | 25°C | VI | | 138 | | UI ² |
| Differential Output Swing | | | | | | | |
| Low to High Transition Time | | 25°C | VII | 75 | | 490 | ps |
| High to Low Transition Time | | 25°C | VII | 75 | | 490 | ps |
| AUDIO AC TIMING | | | | | | | |
| Sample Rate | I ² S and S/PDIF | Full | IV | 32 | | 192 | kHz |
| I ² S Cycle Time | | 25°C | IV | | | 1 | UI ² |
| I ² S Setup Time | | 25°C | IV | | 15 | | ns |
| I ² S Hold Time | | 25°C | IV | | 0 | | ns |
| Audio Pipeline Delay | | 25°C | IV | | 75 | | μ s |

¹ See Explanation of Test Levels section.² UI = unit interval.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 2.

| Parameter | Rating |
|------------------------------|------------------|
| Digital Inputs | +5.5 V to -0.3 V |
| Digital Output Current | 20 mA |
| Operating Temperature Range | -40°C to +85°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | -65°C to +150°C |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | 150°C |
| Maximum Case Temperature | 150°C |

Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the product. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the product at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

EXPLANATION OF TEST LEVELS

- I. 100% production tested.
- II. 100% production tested at 25°C and sample tested at specified temperatures.
- III. Sample tested only.
- IV. Parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization testing.
- V. Parameter is a typical value only.
- VI. 100% production tested at 25°C; guaranteed by design and characterization testing.
- VII. Limits defined by HDMI specification; guaranteed by design and characterization testing.

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device.

Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

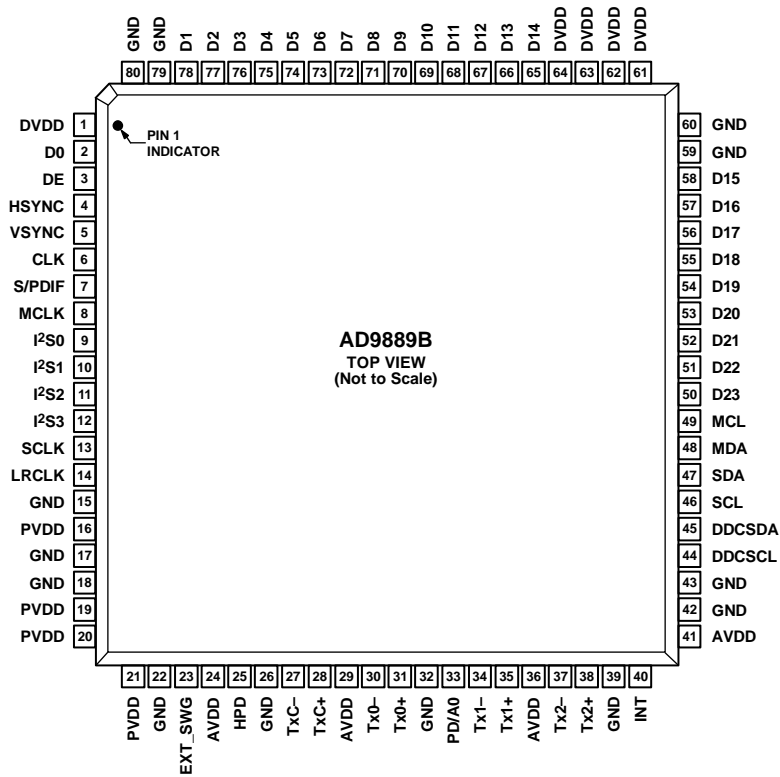
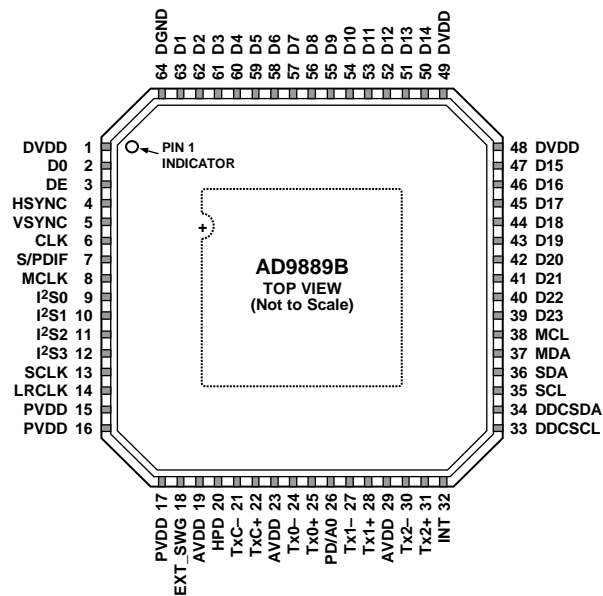


Figure 2. 80-Lead LQFP Pin Configuration (Top View)



NOTES
1. GND PADDLE ON BOTTOM OF PACKAGE.

Figure 3. 64-Lead LFCSP Pin Configuration (Top View)

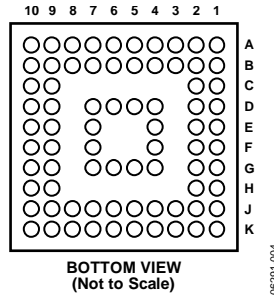


Figure 4. 76-Ball BGA Configuration (Top View)

Table 3. Pin Function Descriptions

| Pin No. | | | Mnemonic | Type ¹ | Description |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---|
| BGA | LFCSP | LQFP | | | |
| D10, D9, C10, C9, A10, B10, A9, B9, A8, B8, A7, B7, A6, B6, A5, B5, A4, B4, A3, B3, A2, B2, A1, B1 | 39 to 47, 50 to 63, 2 | 50 to 58, 65 to 78, 2 | D[23:0] | I | Video Data Input. Digital input in RGB or YCbCr format. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8V to 3.3V. |
| D1 | 6 | 6 | CLK | I | Video Clock Input. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8V to 3.3V. |
| C2 | 3 | 3 | DE | I | Data Enable Bit for Digital Video. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8V to 3.3V. |
| C1 | 4 | 4 | HSYNC | I | Horizontal Sync Input. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8V to 3.3V. |
| D2 | 5 | 5 | VSYNC | I | Vertical Sync Input. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8V to 3.3V. |
| J3 | 18 | 23 | EXT_SWG | I | Sets Internal Reference Currents. Place 887 Ω resistor (1% tolerance) between this pin and ground. |
| K3 | 20 | 25 | HPD | I | Hot Plug Detect Signal. This indicates to the interface whether the receiver is connected. Supports 1.8V to 5.0V CMOS logic levels. |
| E2 | 7 | 7 | S/PDIF | I | S/PDIF (Sony/Philips Digital Interface) Audio Input. This is the audio input from a Sony/Philips digital interface. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8V to 3.3V. |
| E1 | 8 | 8 | MCLK | I | Audio Reference Clock. 128 × N × f _s with N = 1, 2, 3, or 4. Set to 128 × sampling frequency (f _s), 256 × f _s , 384 × f _s , or 512 × f _s . Supports 1.8V to 3.3V CMOS logic levels. |
| F2, F1, G2, G1 | 9 to 12 | 9 to 12 | I ² S[3:0] | I | I ² S Audio Data Inputs. These represent the eight channels of audio (two per input) available through I ² S. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8V to 3.3V. |
| H2 | 13 | 13 | SCLK | I | I ² S Audio Clock. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8V to 3.3V. |
| H1 | 14 | 14 | LRCLK | I | Left/Right Channel Selection. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8V to 3.3V. |
| J7 ² | 26 ² | 33 ² | PD/A0 | I | Power-Down Control and I ² C Address Selection. The I ² C address and the PD polarity are set by the PD/A0 pin state when the supplies are applied to the AD9889B. Supports 1.8V to 3.3V CMOS logic levels. |
| K1, K2 | 21, 22 | 27, 28 | TxC−/TxC+ | O | Differential Clock Output. Differential clock output at pixel clock rate; supports TMDS logic level. |
| K10, J10 | 30, 31 | 37, 38 | Tx2−/Tx2+ | O | Differential Output Channel 2. Differential output of the red data at 10× the pixel clock rate; supports TMDS logic level. |

| Pin No. | | | Mnemonic | Type ¹ | Description |
|--|---------------------------------|--|-----------|-------------------|--|
| BGA | LFCSP | LQFP | | | |
| K7, K8 | 27, 28 | 34, 35 | Tx1–/Tx1+ | O | Differential Output Channel 1. Differential output of the green data at 10× the pixel clock rate; supports TMDS logic level. |
| K4, K5 | 24, 25 | 30, 31 | Tx0–/Tx0+ | O | Differential Output Channel 0. Differential output of the blue data at 10× the pixel clock rate; TMDS logic level. |
| H10 | 32 | 40 | INT | O | Interrupt. Open drain. A 2 kΩ pull-up resistor to the microcontroller I/O supply is recommended. |
| J2, J5, J8, K9 | 19, 23, 29 | 24, 29, 36, 41 | AVDD | P | 1.8 V Power Supply for TMDS Outputs. |
| D5, D6, D7, E7 | 1, 48, 49 | 1, 61, 62, 63, 64 | DVDD | P | 1.8 V Power Supply for Digital and I/O Power Supply. These pins supply power to the digital logic and I/Os. They should be filtered and as quiet as possible. |
| G4, G5, J1 | 15, 16, 17, | 16, 19, 20, 21 | PVDD | P | 1.8 V PLL Power Supply. The most sensitive portion of the AD9889B is the clock generation circuitry. These pins provide power to the clock PLL. The designer should provide quiet, noise-free power to these pins. |
| D4, E4, F4, J4, G6, J6, K6, F7, G7, H9, J9 | N/A | 15, 17, 18, 22, 26, 32, 39, 42, 43, 59, 60, 79, 80 | GND | P | Ground. The ground return for all circuitry on-chip. For best practice, assemble the AD9889B on a single, solid ground plane with careful attention given to ground current paths. |
| N/A | 64, paddle on bottom side | N/A | DGND | P | Digital Ground. The ground return for all circuitry on-chip. For best practice, assemble the AD9889B on a single, solid ground plane with careful attention given to ground current paths. |
| F9 | 36 | 47 | SDA | C ³ | Serial Port Data I/O. This pin serves as the serial port data I/O slave for register access. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V. |
| F10 | 35 | 46 | SCL | C ³ | Serial Port Data Clock. This pin serves as the serial port data clock slave for register access. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V. |
| E10 | 37 | 48 | MDA | C ³ | Serial Port Data I/O Master to HDCP Key EEPROM. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V. |
| E9 | 38 | 49 | MCL | C ³ | Serial Port Data Clock Master to HDCP Key EEPROM. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V. |
| G9 | 34 | 45 | DDCSDA | C ³ | Serial Port Data I/O to Receiver. This pin serves as the master to the DDC bus. Supports a 5 V CMOS logic level. |
| G10 | 33 | 44 | DDCSCL | C ³ | Serial Port Data Clock to Receiver. This pin serves as the master clock for the DDC bus. Supports a 5 V CMOS logic level. |

¹ I = input, O = output, P = power supply, C = control.

² Pin J7 (BGA), Pin 26 (LFCSP), and Pin 33 (LQFP) are dual function pins: I²C selection and power-down control. The I²C selection function occurs at power-up; the power-down control function occurs whenever the state of the pin is changed from its original state at power-up.

³ For a full description of the 2-wire serial interface and its functionality, obtain documentation by contacting NDA from ATV_VideoTx_Apps@analog.com.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

DESIGN RESOURCES

Analog Devices, Inc. evaluation kits, reference design schematics, and other support documentation are available under the nondisclosure agreement (NDA) from ATV_VideoTx_Apps@analog.com.

Other resources include:

EIA/CEA-861B, which describes audio and video infoframes as well as the E-EDID structure for HDMI. It is available from Consumer Electronics Association (CEA).

The *HDMI v. 1.3*, a defining document for HDMI Version 1.3, and the *HDMI Compliance Test Specification Version 1.3* are available from HDMI Licensing, LLC.

The *HDCP v. 1.2* is the defining document for HDCP Version 1.2 available from Digital Content Protection, LLC.

DOCUMENT CONVENTIONS

In this data sheet, data is represented using the conventions described in Table 4.

Table 4. Document Conventions

| Data Type | Format |
|-----------|--|
| 0xNN | Hexadecimal (Base-16) numbers are represented using the C language notation, preceded by 0x. |
| 0bNN | Binary (Base-2) numbers are represented using the C language notation, preceded by 0b. |
| NN | Decimal (Base-10) numbers are represented using no additional prefixes or suffixes. |
| Bit | Bits are numbered in little endian format, that is, the least significant bit of a byte or word is referred to as Bit 0. |

PCB LAYOUT RECOMMENDATIONS

The AD9889B is a high precision, high speed analog device. As such, to obtain the maximum performance from the part, it is important to have a well laid out board.

POWER SUPPLY BYPASSING

It is recommended to bypass each power supply pin with a 0.1 μF capacitor. The exception is when two or more supply pins are adjacent to each other. For these groupings of powers/grounds, it is necessary to have only one bypass capacitor. The fundamental idea is to have a bypass capacitor within about 0.5 cm of each power pin. Also, avoid placing the capacitor on the opposite side of the PC board from the AD9889B, as that interposes resistive vias in the path.

The bypass capacitors should be physically located between the power plane and the power pin. Current should flow from the power plane to the capacitor to the power pin. Do not make a power connection between the capacitor and the power pin. Placing a via underneath the capacitor pads, down to the power plane, is generally the best approach.

It is particularly important to maintain low noise and good stability of PVDD (the PLL supply). Abrupt changes in PVDD can result in similarly abrupt changes in sampling clock phase and frequency. This can be avoided by careful attention to regulation, filtering, and bypassing. It is best practice to provide separate regulated supplies for each of the analog circuitry groups (AVDD and PVDD).

It is also recommended to use a single ground plane for the entire board. Experience has repeatedly shown that the noise performance is the same or better with a single ground plane. Using multiple ground planes can be detrimental because each separate ground plane is smaller, and long ground loops can result.

DIGITAL INPUTS

Video and Audio Data Input Signals

The digital inputs on the AD9889B are designed to work with signals ranging from 1.8 V to 3.3 V logic levels. Therefore, no extra components need to be added when using 3.3 V logic. Any noise that gets onto the clock input (labeled CLK) trace adds jitter to the system. Therefore, minimize the video clock input (Pin 6: CLK) trace length and do not run any digital or other high frequency traces near it. Make sure to match the length of the input data signals to optimize data capture, especially for high frequency modes such as 1080p, UXGA, and double data rate input formats.

Other Input Signals

The HPD must be connected to the HDMI connector. A 10 k Ω pull-down resistor to ground is also recommended.

The PD/A0 input pin can be connected to GND or supply (through a resistor or a control signal). The device address and power-down polarity are set by the state of the PD/A0 pin when the AD9889B supplies are applied/enabled. For example, if the PD/A0 pin is low (when the supplies are turned on), then the device address is 0x72 and the power-down is active high. If the PD/A0 pin is high (when the supplies are turned on), the device address is 0x7A and the power-down is active low.

The SCL and SDA pins should be connected to the I²C master. A pull-up resistor of 2 k Ω to 1.8 V or 3.3 V is recommended.

EXTERNAL SWING RESISTOR

The external swing resistor must be connected directly to the EXT_SWG pin and ground. The external swing resistor must have a value of 887 Ω ($\pm 1\%$ tolerance). Avoid running any high speed ac or noisy signals next to, or close to, the EXT_SWG pin.

OUTPUT SIGNALS

TMDS Output Signals

The AD9889B has three TMDS data channels (0, 1, and 2) that output signals up to 800 MHz as well as the TMDS output data clock. To minimize the channel-to-channel skew, make the trace length of these signals the same. Additionally, these traces need to have a 50 Ω characteristic impedance and need to be routed as 100 Ω differential pairs. Best practice recommends routing these lines on the top PCB layer to avoid the use of vias.

Other Output Signals (non TMDS)

DDCSCL and DDCSDA

The DDCSCL and DDCSDA outputs need to have a minimum amount of capacitance loading to ensure the best signal integrity. The DDCSCL and DDCSDA capacitance loading must be less than 50 pF to meet the HDMI compliance specification. The DDCSCL and DDCSDA must be connected to the HDMI connector and a pull-up resistor to 5 V is required. The pull-up resistor must have a value between 1.5 k Ω and 2 k Ω .

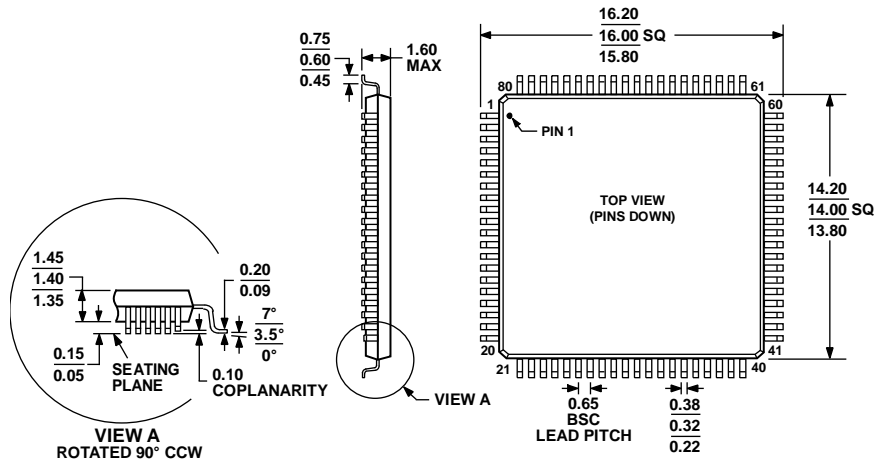
INT Pin

The INT pin is an output that should be connected to the micro-controller of the system. A pull-up resistor to 1.8 V or 3.3 V is required for proper operation—the recommended value is 2 k Ω .

MCL and MDA

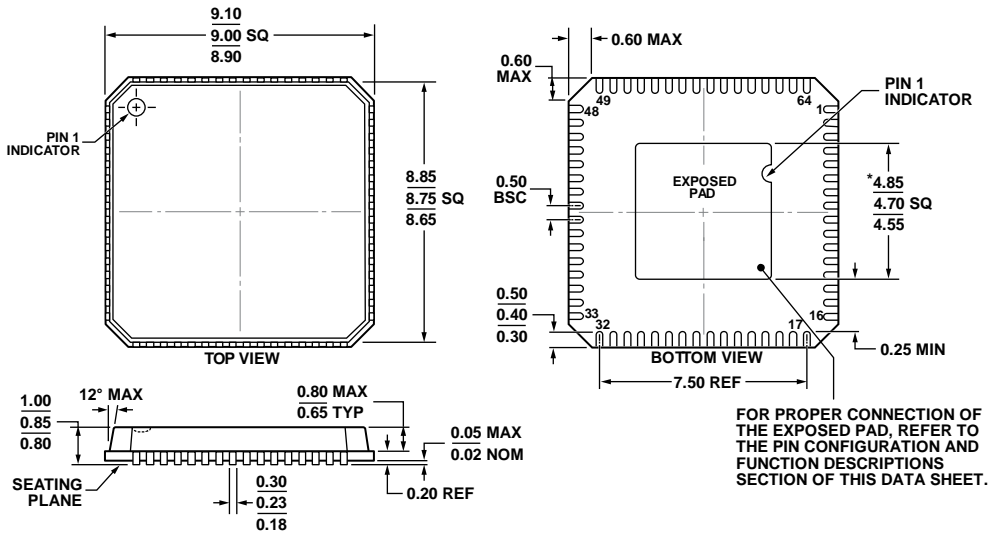
The MCL and MDA outputs should be connected to the EEPROM containing the HDCP key (if HDCP is implemented). Pull-up resistors of 2 k Ω are recommended.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



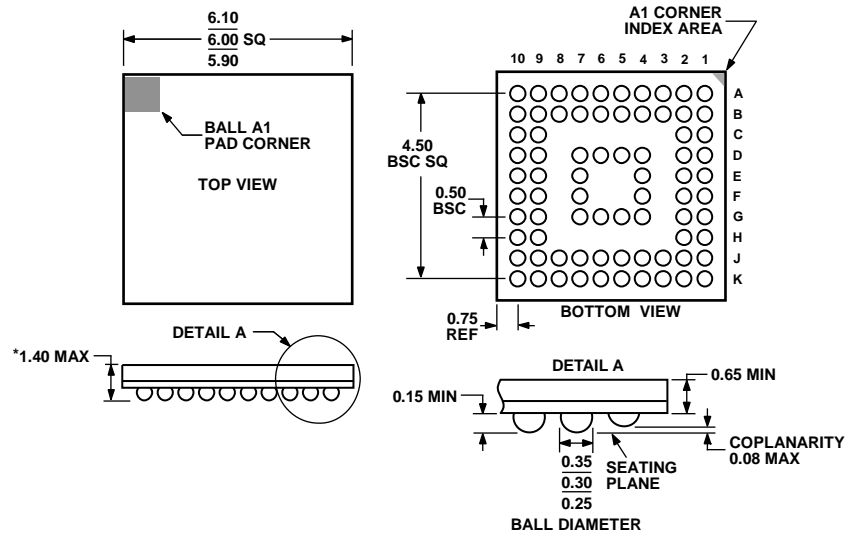
COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MS-026-BEC
 Figure 5. 80-Lead Low Profile Quad Flat Package [LQFP]
 (ST-80-2)
 Dimensions shown in millimeters

051706-A



*COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-220-VMM-4
 EXCEPT FOR EXPOSED PAD DIMENSION
 Figure 6. 64-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP_VQ]
 9 mm x 9 mm Body, Very Thin Quad
 (CP-64-1)
 Dimensions shown in millimeters

06-13-2012-A



*COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-225 WITH THE EXCEPTION TO PACKAGE HEIGHT.

Figure 7. 76-Ball Chip Scale Package Ball Grid Array [CSP_BGA]
 6 mm × 6 mm × 1.4 mm
 (BC-76-1)
 Dimensions shown in millimeters

0108897-4

ORDERING GUIDE

| Model ¹ | Temperature Range | Package Description | Package Option |
|--------------------|-------------------|--|----------------|
| AD9889BBCPZ-80 | -25°C to +85°C | 64-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP_VQ] | CP-64-1 |
| AD9889BBCPZ-165 | -25°C to +85°C | 64-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP_VQ] | CP-64-1 |
| AD9889BBSTZ-80 | -25°C to +85°C | 80-Lead Low Profile Quad Flat Package [LQFP] | ST-80-2 |
| AD9889BBSTZ-165 | -25°C to +85°C | 80-Lead Low Profile Quad Flat Package [LQFP] | ST-80-2 |
| AD9889BBCZ-80 | -25°C to +85°C | 76-Ball Chip Scale Package Ball Grid Array [CSP_BGA] | BC-76-1 |
| AD9889BBCZRL-80 | -25°C to +85°C | 76-Ball Chip Scale Package Ball Grid Array [CSP_BGA] | BC-76-1 |

¹ Z = RoHS Compliant Part.

I²C refers to a communications protocol originally developed by Philips Semiconductors (now NXP Semiconductors).