

Phase Failure, Phase Sequence, Under Voltage plus Time Delay

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Terminal Protection to IP20

43880

W. 17.5



Compact 17.5mm DIN rail housing

 \Box Microprocessor based

- True R.M.S. monitoring measuring phase to phase (3-wire) or phase to neutral (4-wire) voltages
- Selectable nominal voltages to suit most popular 3-wire or 4-wire supply voltages
- Monitors own supply and detects an Under voltage condition on one or more phases
- Detects incorrect phase sequence, phase loss and neutral loss1
- Adjustment for Under voltage trip level
- Adjustment for Time delay
- **DPDT relay output 5A**
- Green LED indication for supply status
- Red LED indication for relay status \Box

¹Only when 4-wire monitoring selected

FUNCTION DIAGRAM Monitored 3~ Supply 12 中 Hyst | Td | | t | |<t|| t_r | 1 t. 1 l Td

INSTALLATION AND SETTING

Installation work must be carried out by qualified personnel.

BEFORE INSTALLATION, ISOLATE THE SUPPLY.

- Connect the unit as required. The Connection Diagram below shows a typical installation, whereby the supply to a load is being monitored by the Phase monitoring relay. If a fault should occur (i.e. fuse blowing), the relay will de-energise and assuming control of the external Contactor, de-energise the Contactor as well.
- Only connect the Neutral if available and 4-wire monitoring is required.

Applying power.

- Set the "Nominal (Un)" 3 voltage selector to match that of the voltage being monitored.
- Set the "Under %" adjustment to minimum. Set the "Delay (t)" to minimum.
- Apply power and the green "Power supply" 1 LED will illuminate. The red LED 2 will illuminate and relay energise after the short Power on delay (Td).
- Refer to the troubleshooting table if the unit fails to operate correctly

Setting the unit (with power applied).

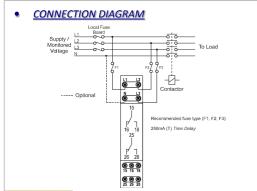
- Accurate setting can be achieved by adjusting the trip level "Under (%)" until the unit trips (relay de-energises) then by decreasing the trip level "Under (%)" until the relay re-energises. Close setting of the trip level ensures the unit will detect a phase loss even with a large percentage of re-generative voltage.
- In order to set the unit as previously described but without causing disruption to the equipment being controlled/monitored, set the "Delay (t)" to maximum. It will now be possible to establish the trip point when the red LED starts to flash. Decrease the trip level setting to stop the LED flashing. (Note: If the time delay is allowed to expire, the output relay will de-energise)
- If large supply variations are anticipated, the trip level should be set further from the nominal voltage
- Set the "Delay (t)" as required. (Note that the delay is only effective should the supply drop below the set trip level. However, if during an under voltage condition the supply drops below the 2nd under voltage trip level, any set time delay is automatically cancelled and the relays de-energise).

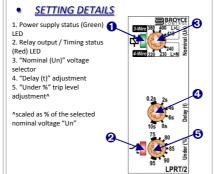
Troubleshooting.

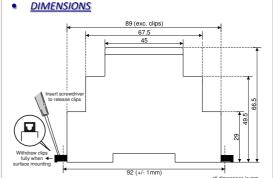
The table below shows the status of the unit during a particular fault condition.

Supply fault	Green LED 1	Red LED 2	Relay	
Phase or neutral missing	LED's flash alternately		De-energised	
Phases reversed (no delay)	Flashing	Off	De-energised	
Under voltage condition (during timing)	On	Flashing	Energised for delay (t)	
Under voltage condition (after timing)	On	Off	De-energised	
Phases < fixed under trip level [2]	On	Off	De-energised	

Supply/monitoring vol (L1, L2, L3, (N)):	tage UII	3-wire monitoring	3-Wire	4-wire monitoring	4-Wir	
() , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		380, 400, 415V AC		220, 230, 240V AC		
Frequency range:		48 - 63Hz				
Supply variation:		243 - 540V AC (L>I	L)			
Overvoltage category:		III (IEC 60664)	. ,			
Rated impulse withsta		4kV (1.2/50μS) IEC 60664				
Power consumption (n		2.5VA				
Monitoring mode: Trip levels:		Under voltage				
mpicveis.	Under [2]:	Fixed ± 2% see bel	low			
	Under:	75 – 95% of Un	000			
Measuring ranges:	Olider.	Nominal (Un)	Under [2]	Under		
ivieasuring ranges.	2 wire (INI)	380V	243V	285 – 361V		
	3-wire (L>L)	400V				
			256V	300 – 380V		
		415V	265V	311 – 394V		
	4-wire (L>N)	220V	140V	165 – 209V		
		230V	147V	173 – 219V		
		240V	153V	180 - 228V		
Hysteresis:		≈ 2% of trip level (factory set)			
Setting accuracy:		± 3%				
Repeat accuracy:		± 0.5% at constant	t conditions			
Immunity from micro	nower cuts:	<50ms	conditions			
Response time (t _r):	power cuts.	≈ 50ms				
Time delay (t):		0.2 – 10s (± 5%)				
				ble delay + response tim	е	
Power on delay (Td):		≈ 1s (worst case =	Td x 2)			
Reset time:		50 – 100ms				
Power on indication:		Green LED				
Relay status indication	:	Red LED				
Ambient temperature		-20 to +60°C				
Relative humidity:		+95% max.				
Output (15, 16, 18 / 25	5 26 28).	DPDT relay				
Output rating:	, 20, 20,	AC1		250V 5A (1250VA)		
Output rating.		AC15		250V 3A (1230VA)		
		DC1				
Florence life.				25V 5A (125W)		
Electrical life:		≥ 150,000 ops at r				
Dielectric voltage:		2kV AC (rms) IEC 6				
Rated impulse withsta	nd voltage:	4kV (1.2/50μS) IEC				
Housing:		Orange flame reta	rdant UL94			
Weight:		90g				
Mounting option:		On to 35mm symmetric DIN rail to BS EN 60715 or direct surface mounting via 2 x M3.5 or 4BA screws using the black clips provided on the rear of the unit.				
Terminal conductor siz	re	≤ 2 x 2.5mm² solid	l or stranded			
Approvals:		Conforms to IEC. CE, C and RoHS Compliant.				
		Immunity: EN 610	UU-6-2 Emissi	ons: EN 61000-6-4		
Note:						
"L>L" has the same me	eaning as "phase	e to phase" and "L>N	", the same as	"pnase to neutral"		









Broyce Control Ltd., Pool Street, Wolverhampton, West Midlands WV2 4HN. England