# Low Voltage, High Accuracy, Quad Voltage Microprocessor Supervisory Circuit

### **Data Sheet**

#### FEATURES

Accurate monitoring of up to four power supply voltages 2 factory-set threshold options for monitoring 1.8 V and 3.3 V Adjustable input threshold voltage 0.62 V ( $\pm$ 1.5% accuracy) 50 ms typical reset timeout Open-drain RESET output (10 µA internal pull-up) Reset output stage: active low, valid to IN<sub>1</sub> = 1 V or IN<sub>2</sub> = 1 V Power supply glitch immunity Specified from -40°C to +85°C 6-lead SOT-23 package

ANALOG DEVICES

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Telecommunications Microprocessor systems Desktop and notebook computers Data storage equipment Servers/workstations

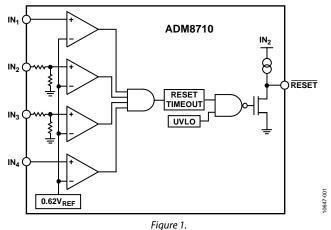
#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The ADM8710 is a low voltage, high accuracy supervisory circuit. The device monitors up to four system supply voltages.

The ADM8710 incorporates two internally pretrimmed undervoltage threshold options for monitoring 1.8 V and 3.3 V supply voltages. It also offers two adjustable inputs with 0.62 V internal reference, allowing users to program the reset threshold through external resistor dividers. The combination of pretrimmed and adjustable inputs gives the ADM8710 the advantage of being both space saving and flexible.

#### FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

**ADM8710** 



If a monitored power supply voltage falls below the minimum voltage threshold, a single active low output asserts, triggering a system reset. The output is open drain with a weak internal pull-up to the monitored  $IN_2$  supply of typically 10  $\mu$ A. When all voltages rise above the selected threshold level, the RESET signal remains low for the reset timeout period. The ADM8710 output remains valid as long as  $IN_1$  or  $IN_2$  exceeds 1 V.

Unused monitored inputs should not be allowed to float or to be grounded. Instead, connect them to a supply voltage greater than their specified threshold voltages.

The ADM8710 is available in a 6-lead SOT-23 package. The device operates over the extended temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+85^{\circ}$ C.

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#### **Data Sheet**

• ADM8710: Low Voltage, High Accuracy, Quad Voltage Microprocessor Supervisory Circuit Data Sheet

### Design Resources

- ADM8710 Material Declaration
- PCN-PDN Information
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#### **REVISION HISTORY**

8/12—Revision 0: Initial Version

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

 $V_{IN2} = 1 V$  to 5.5 V,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are  $V_{IN2} = 3.0 V$  to 3.3 V,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C.

#### Table 1.

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions/Comments
OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE					
V <sub>IN2</sub> <sup>1</sup>	1.0		5.5	V	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$
	1.2		5.5	V	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$
INPUT CURRENT					
IN <sub>x</sub> Input Current		55	115	μA	IN <sub>2</sub> = nominal input voltage (3.3 V supplies); the supply splits into 25 $\mu$ A for the resistor divider and 30 $\mu$ A for other circuits
		25	40	μΑ	IN <sub>3</sub> = nominal input voltage (1.8 V supplies)
			0.4	μΑ	$V_{IN1} = 0 V \text{ to } 0.85 V$
			0.2	μΑ	$V_{IN4} = 0 V \text{ to } 0.85 V$
THRESHOLD VOLTAGE					
Threshold Voltage (V <sub>TH</sub> )	3.010	3.07	3.130	V	$IN_x$ decreasing; 3.3 V (-5% supply tolerance)
	1.705	1.73	1.760	V	IN <sub>x</sub> decreasing; 1.8 V (–2% supply tolerance)
Adjustable Input Threshold Voltage ( $V_{TH}$ )	0.611	0.62	0.629	V	IN <sub>x</sub> decreasing
RESET					
Reset Threshold Hysteresis (V <sub>HYST</sub> )		0.3		%V <sub>TH</sub>	IN <sub>x</sub> increasing relative to IN <sub>x</sub> decreasing
Reset Threshold Temperature Coefficient (TCV $_{TH}$ )		60		ppm/°C	
$IN_{x}$ to Reset Delay (t <sub>RP</sub> )		30		μs	$V_{IN}$ falling at 10 mV/µs from $V_{TH}$ to $V_{TH}$ – 50 mV
Reset Timeout Period (t <sub>RP</sub> )	35	50	70	ms	
RESET Output Low (V <sub>OL</sub> )			0.3	V	$V_{IN2} = 5 V$ , $I_{SINK} = 2 mA$
			0.4	V	$V_{IN2} = 2.5 \text{ V}, I_{SINK} = 1.2 \text{ mA}$
			0.3	V	$V_{IN2} = 1.0$ , $I_{SINK} = 20 \ \mu A$ , $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$
RESET Output High (V <sub>OH</sub> )	$0.8 \times V_{IN2}$			V	$V_{IN2} \ge 2.0 \text{ V}, I_{SOURCE} = 4 \mu\text{A}, \overline{\text{RESET}} \text{ deasserted}$
RESET Output High Source Current (I <sub>OH</sub> )		10		μΑ	$V_{IN2} \ge 2.0 V$ , RESET deasserted

<sup>1</sup> The  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output is guaranteed to be in the correct state for IN<sub>1</sub> or IN<sub>2</sub> down to 1 V.

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

#### Table 2.

Parameter	Rating
IN <sub>x</sub> , RESET to GND	–0.3 V to +6 V
Continuous RESET Current	20 mA
Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to +125°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C
Lead Temperature (10 sec)	300°C
Junction Temperature	135°C

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### Table 3. Thermal Resistance

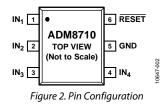
Package Type	θ <sub>JA</sub>	Unit
6-lead SOT-23	169.5	°C/W

#### **ESD CAUTION**



**ESD** (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

# PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

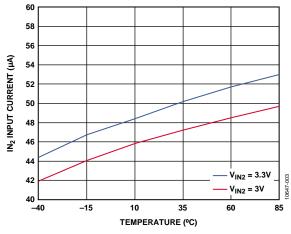


#### **Table 4. Pin Function Descriptions**

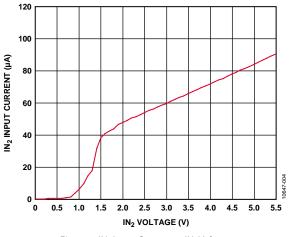
Pin No.	Mnemonic	Description
1	IN <sub>1</sub>	Input Voltage 1.
2	IN <sub>2</sub>	Input Voltage 2.
3	IN <sub>3</sub>	Input Voltage 3.
4	IN <sub>4</sub>	Input Voltage 4.
5	GND	Ground.
6	RESET	Active Low RESET Output. RESET goes low when an input drops to less than the specified threshold. When all inputs rise higher than the threshold voltage, RESET remains low for the reset timeout period before going high. RESET is open drain with a weak internal pull-up to IN <sub>2</sub> .

## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

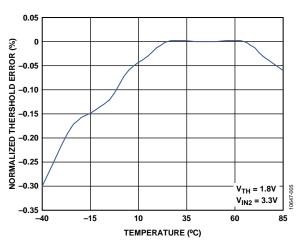
 $V_{IN2}$  = 3.0 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.











*Figure 5. Normalized Threshold Error vs. Temperature* 

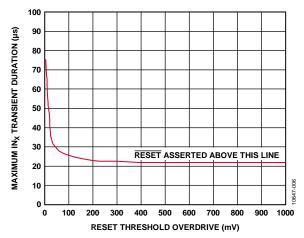


Figure 6. Maximum IN<sub>x</sub> Transient Duration vs. Reset Threshold Overdrive

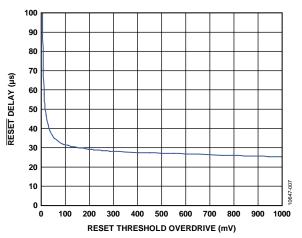


Figure 7. RESET Delay vs. Reset Threshold Overdrive (IN<sub>x</sub> Decreasing)

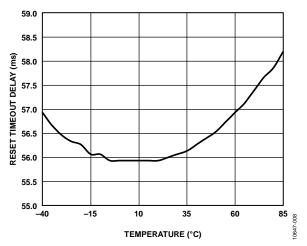


Figure 8. Normalized Reset Timeout Delay vs. Temperature

## **Data Sheet**

# ADM8710

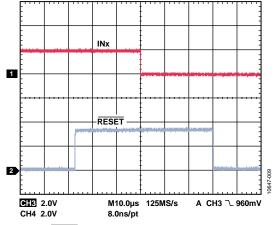
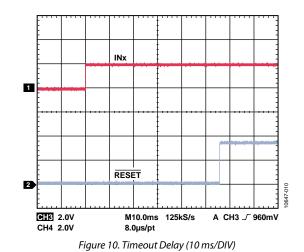


Figure 9. RESET Pull-Up and Pull-Down Response (10 µs/DIV)

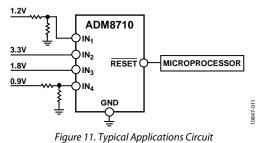


## THEORY OF OPERATION

The ADM8710 is a compact, low power supervisory circuit capable of monitoring up to four voltages in a multisupply application.

The device includes two factory-set voltage threshold options for monitoring 1.8 V and 3.3 V supplies. It also provides two adjustable thresholds for monitoring voltages down to 0.62 V.

The ADM8710 is powered by  $IN_2$ , which is a monitored voltage, and therefore monitors up to four voltages. If a monitored voltage drops below its associated threshold, the active low reset output asserts low and remains low while either  $IN_1$  or  $IN_2$  remains above 1.0 V.



#### **INPUT CONFIGURATION**

The ADM8710 provides numerous monitor choices with adjustable reset thresholds. Typically, the threshold voltage at each adjustable  $IN_x$  input is 0.62 V. To monitor a voltage greater than 0.62 V, connect a resistor divider network to the circuit as depicted in Figure 12, where

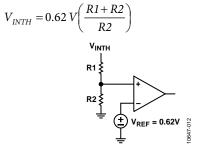


Figure 12. Setting the Adjustable Monitor

The internal comparators each typically have a hysteresis of 0.3% with respect to the reset threshold. This built-in hysteresis improves the immunity of the device to ambient noise without noticeably reducing the threshold accuracy. The ADM8710 is unaffected by short input transients.

The ADM8710 is powered from the monitored IN<sub>2</sub>. Monitored inputs are resistant to short power supply glitches. Figure 6 depicts the ADM8710 glitch immunity data. To increase noise immunity in noisy applications, place a 0.1  $\mu$ F capacitor between the IN<sub>2</sub> input and ground. Adding capacitance to IN<sub>1</sub>, IN<sub>3</sub>, and IN<sub>4</sub> also improves noise immunity.

Do not allow unused monitor inputs to float or to be grounded. Connect these inputs to a supply voltage greater than their specified threshold voltages. In the case of unused  $IN_x$  adjustable inputs, limit the bias current by connecting a 1 M $\Omega$  series resistor between the unused input and  $IN_2$ .

#### **RESET OUTPUT CONFIGURATION**

The RESET output asserts low when a monitored  $IN_x$  voltage drops below its voltage threshold. When all voltages rise above the selected threshold level, the RESET signal remains low for the reset timeout period. The RESET output is open drain with a weak internal pull-up to the monitored  $IN_2$ , typically 10  $\mu$ A.

Many applications that interface with other logic devices do not require an external pull-up resistor. However, if an external pull-up resistor is required and it is connected to a voltage ranging from 0 V to 5.5 V, it overdrives the internal pull-up. Reverse current flow from the external pull-up voltage to  $IN_2$  is prevented by the internal circuitry.

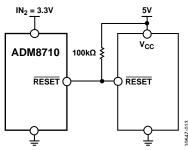


Figure 13. Interface with a Different Logic Supply Voltage

#### **ADDITION OF MANUAL RESET**

Use the circuit shown in Figure 14 to add manual reset to any of the ADM8710 adjustable inputs. When the switch is closed, the analog input shorts to ground and a  $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$  output commences. The switch must remain open for a minimum of 35 ms for the  $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$  output to deassert.

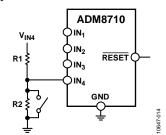


Figure 14. Addition of Manual Reset (IN<sub>4</sub> is an Adjustable Input)

#### **TOLERANCE AND ACCURACY**

The primary function of the voltage supervisor is to keep the processor in a reset state whenever the processor supply voltage is below the specification limit. It needs to be able to differentiate the voltage out-of-processor limit from supply variations caused by voltage converter output tolerance. This means that the supervisor rest threshold should fit inside the narrow band between processor input tolerance and supply tolerance. The ADM8710 offers up to  $\pm 2\%$  accuracy on factory trimmed monitoring thresholds and  $\pm 1.5\%$  accuracy on adjustable thresholds over the entire operating temperature range.

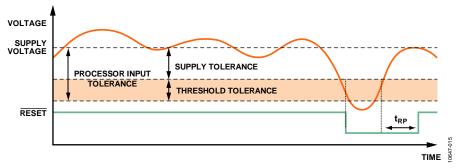


Figure 15. Tighter Threshold Tolerance on Voltage Supervisor Reduces Accuracy Requirement on Monitored Supply

### **MODEL OPTIONS**

Table 5. Reset	Voltage Threshold Options
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	IN <sub>1</sub>		IN <sub>1</sub> IN <sub>2</sub>			IN <sub>3</sub>	IN <sub>4</sub>		
Reset Threshold Code <sup>1</sup>	Nominal Input Voltage (V)	Supply Tolerance (%)	Nominal Input Voltage (V)	nput Supply		NominalInputSupplyVoltage (V)Tolerance (%)		NominalInputSupplyVoltage (V)Tolerance (%)	
L	Adjustable	Not applicable	3.3	-5	1.8	-2	Adjustable	Not applicable	

<sup>1</sup> Adjustable voltage based on 0.62 V internal threshold. The external threshold voltage can be set using an external resistor divider.

#### Table 6. Reset Timeout Options

	Т			
Reset Timeout Period Code <sup>1</sup>	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
ADM8710x2	35	50	70	ms

 $^{1}$  x = do not care.

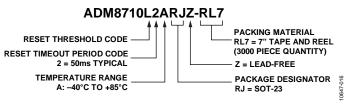
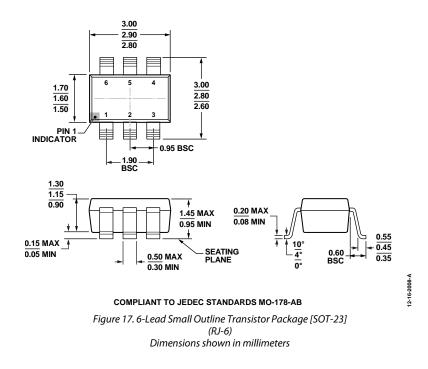


Figure 16. ADM8710 Ordering Code Structure

## **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**



#### **ORDERING GUIDE**

	Monitored Input Voltage (V)			nge (V)	Minimum Reset	Temperature	Ordering	Package	Package	
Model <sup>1, 2</sup>	IN <sub>1</sub>	IN <sub>2</sub>	$IN_3$	IN <sub>4</sub>	Timeout (ms)	Range	Quantity	Description	Option	Branding
ADM8710L2ARJZ-RL7	Adj.	3.07	1.73	Adj.	35	-40°C to +85°C	3,000	6-Lead SOT-23	RJ-6	LN3

<sup>1</sup> Z = RoHS Compliant Part.

<sup>2</sup> Adjustable voltage based on 0.62 V internal threshold. The external threshold voltage can be set using an external resistor divider.

## NOTES

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