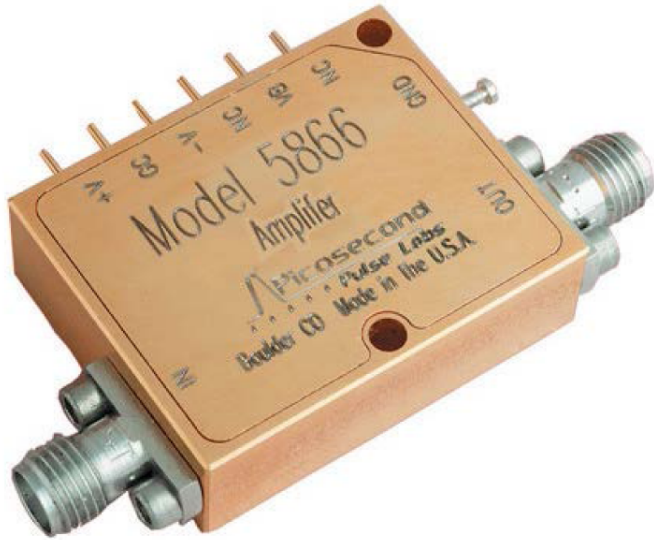


10 GHz Linear Amplifier

PSPL5866 Datasheet

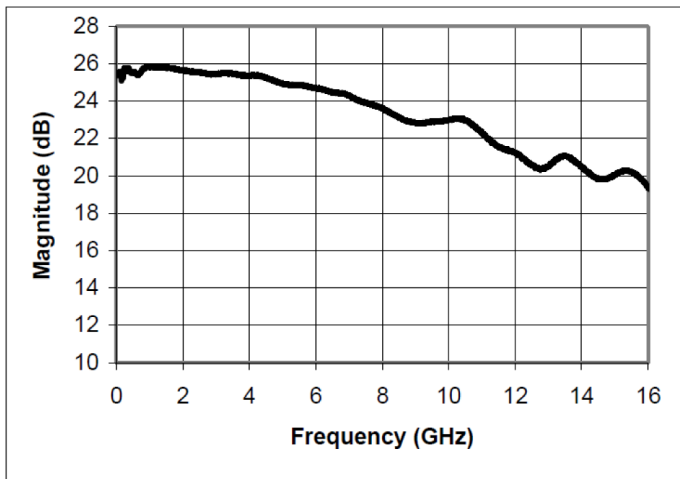


The PSPL5866 amplifier has been designed to minimize the variations in gain and phase and to operate at very low frequencies. The PSPL5866 includes internal temperature compensation for excellent output stability over temperature, and exhibits both high output and low power dissipation. It also incorporates internal sequencing circuitry, making it insensitive to power supply application sequence.

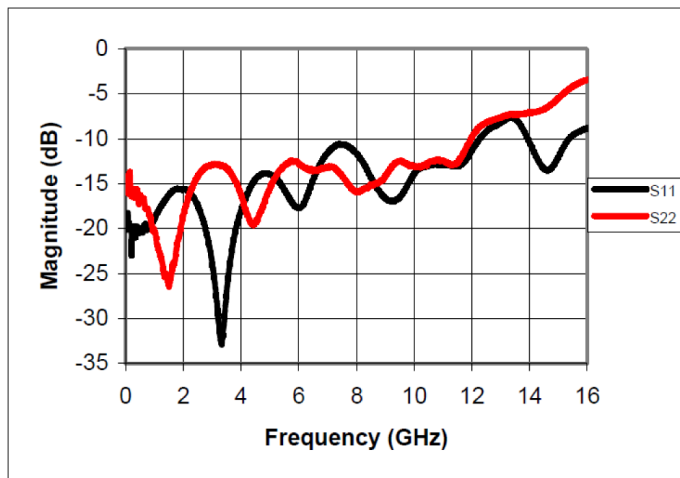
Key performance specifications

- Linear amplifier with 25 dB gain
- 2.5 kHz to 10 GHz bandwidth
- > 4 V p-p linear output

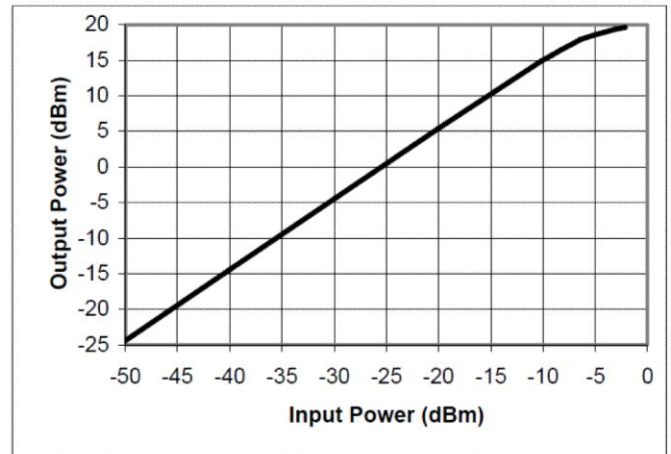
Typical performance



Typical S_{21} (measured at -22 dBm input power)



Typical S_{11} and S_{22} (measured at -22 dBm input power)



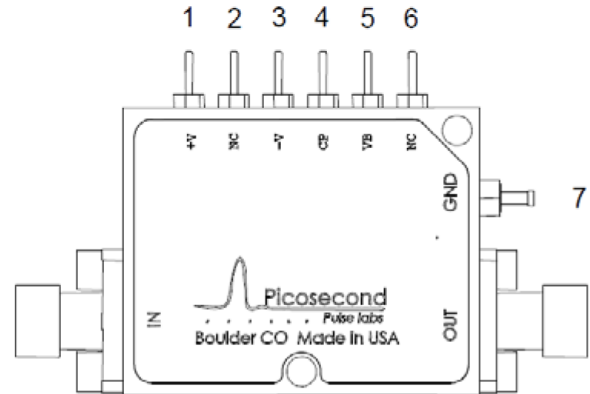
Typical linearity (measured with 400 mHz CW)



Typical response to 15 ps Rise time step

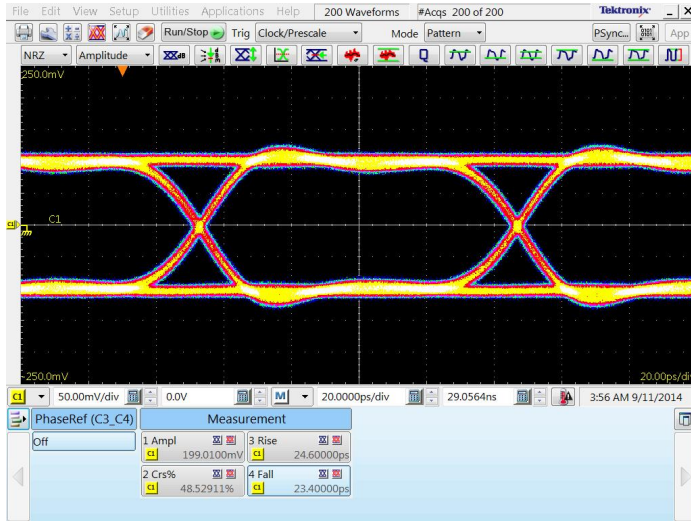
Instructions

The PSPL5866 amplifier may be operated using only three of the available 7 pins. The DC pins required for operation are 1, 3, and 7. The RF connectors and DC pins are diagramed and defined below.

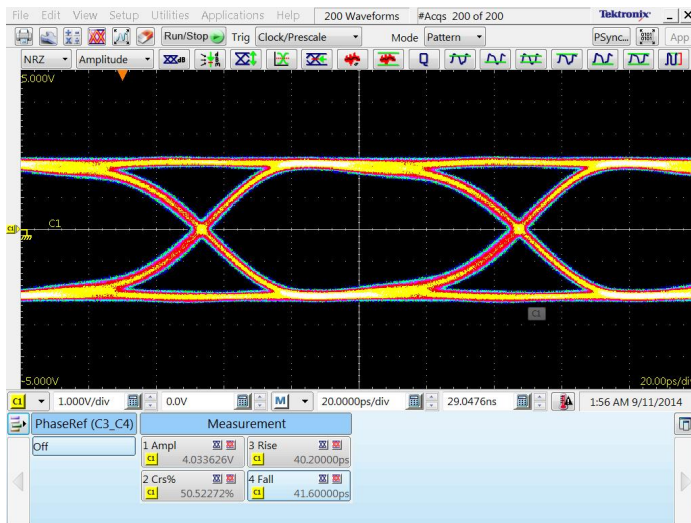


Pin #	Pin Lable	Description
	IN	SMA, signal input, $V_{amp} \leq 1.5 \text{ V}$ (damage threshold)
1	+V	Positive DC voltage supply, $8 \text{ V}^{1,2}$
2	NC	No connection / Not used
3	-V	Negative DC voltage supply, $-5.25 \text{ V} \leq V \leq -4.75^{2}$
4	CP	Bias point adjust, $-5 \text{ V} \leq V_{cp} \leq 1 \text{ V}^{3}$
5	VB	DC Voltage bias, $0 \leq V_B \leq +16^{4}$
6	NC	No connection / Not used
7	GND	Ground connection
	OUT	SMA, signal output

Warning: The PSPL5866 requires a ground connection at pin #7 prior to voltage application to prevent damage.



Input from Tektronix PPG1601, PRBS = $2^{23}-1$, 200 mV



Output amplitude, 4 V

- At +17 dBm output, approximately 1.7 W is dissipated.
- No power sequencing is necessary. Voltages may be applied in any order **after** ground is applied.
- The bias point may vary until unit achieves thermal equilibrium.
- Voltage Bias: The VB pin allows the user to apply a low current (less than 3.5 mA) DC offset through an internal 2.5 kΩ resistor to the Signal Output.

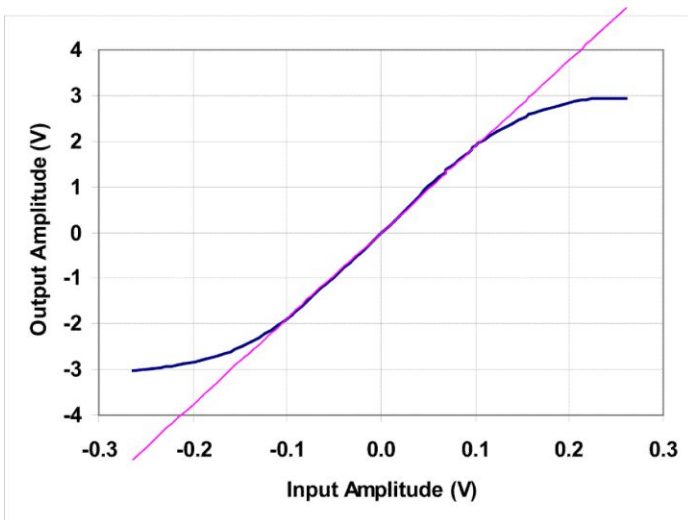
Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Units	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Comments
Impedance	Z	Ohms		50		
Upper 3 dB freq.	$f_{c,h}$	GHz	8	10		Relative to gain at 1 GHz
Lower 3 dB freq.	$f_{c,l}$	kHz		2.5	3	Relative to gain at 1 GHz
Small Signal Gain	S_{21}	dB	25.0	25.5		Measured at 1 GHz
Return Loss, Input and Output	S_{11}, S_{22}	dB		-12	-8	50 MHz < f < 10 GHz
Rise / Fall Time	$t_{r,f}$	ps		35		10-90%
Additive Jitter RMS Peak-to-peak		ps pspp		0.7 4	1.5 8	
Eff. Input RMS Noise Voltage	NF	μ V rms		114		
Noise Figure		dB		5.75	6.5	f = 1 GHz
Max Power Out (-1 dB gain comp)		dBm		17		Measured at 1 GHz
Polarity	Non-Inverting					
Coupling	AC, input and output					
RF Connectors	SMA jacks (f)					
DC Connector	Solder pin					
Supply Voltage (+)	$+V_{DC}$	V_{DC}	8	8	8.25	
Supply Voltage (-)	$-V_{DC}$	V_{DC}	-5.25	-5	-4.75	
Supply Current (+)	$+I_{DC}$	mA		200	220	Damage threshold
Supply Current (-)	$-I_{DC}$	mA		20		
Power Dissipation	P_{diss}	W		1.7	2.0	$V_{out} = 4 V_{p-p}$
Max Allowed Input		V_{amp}			1.5	Input damage threshold
Bias Point Adjust	V_{CP}	V_{DC}	-5		1	No connection required
Output Voltage Bias	V_{bias}	V_{DC}	0		16	No connection required
Operating Temp	T_{CASE}	Deg C	-5		75	Case temperature
Storage Temp	T_{stor}	Deg C	-40		125	
Warranty	One Year					

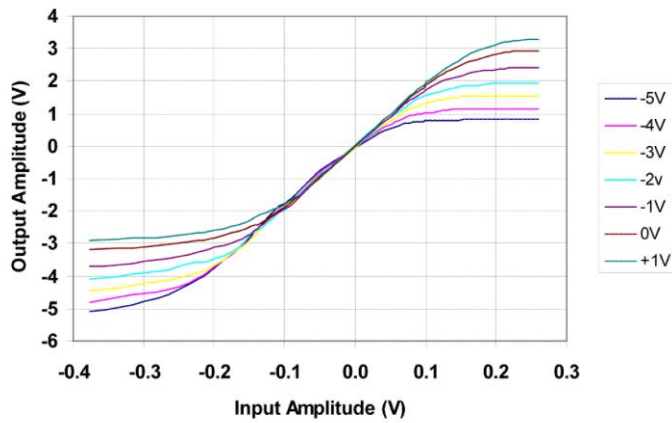
Note: The PSPL5866 should be driven with a negative polarity signal when the duty cycle is very low. The amplifier may be damaged by excessive heat that is produced with narrow positive pulses. Similarly, signals with a very high duty cycle should be positive. To ensure the amplifier will not be damaged by overheating under such operating conditions, the positive supply voltage should have its current limit set to 220 mA.

The PSPL5866 is AC-coupled at the input and output. As a result, the average value of the output signal (the DC component) must be at 0 volts. Most data streams are conditioned to have 50% duty cycle when averaged over many microseconds. Those signals make full use of the positive and negative portions of the amplifier's operating range.

The average amplitude of a low duty cycle signal can be virtually at the baseline. These signals use only one half of the PSPL5866's operating range, and the maximum linear output may be 2 volts peak-peak instead of 4 volts peak-peak. Offsetting VCP will shift the amplifier's operating range so that the amplifier's 4-volt linear range is not centered on 0 V. The following graph shows these shifted operating ranges.

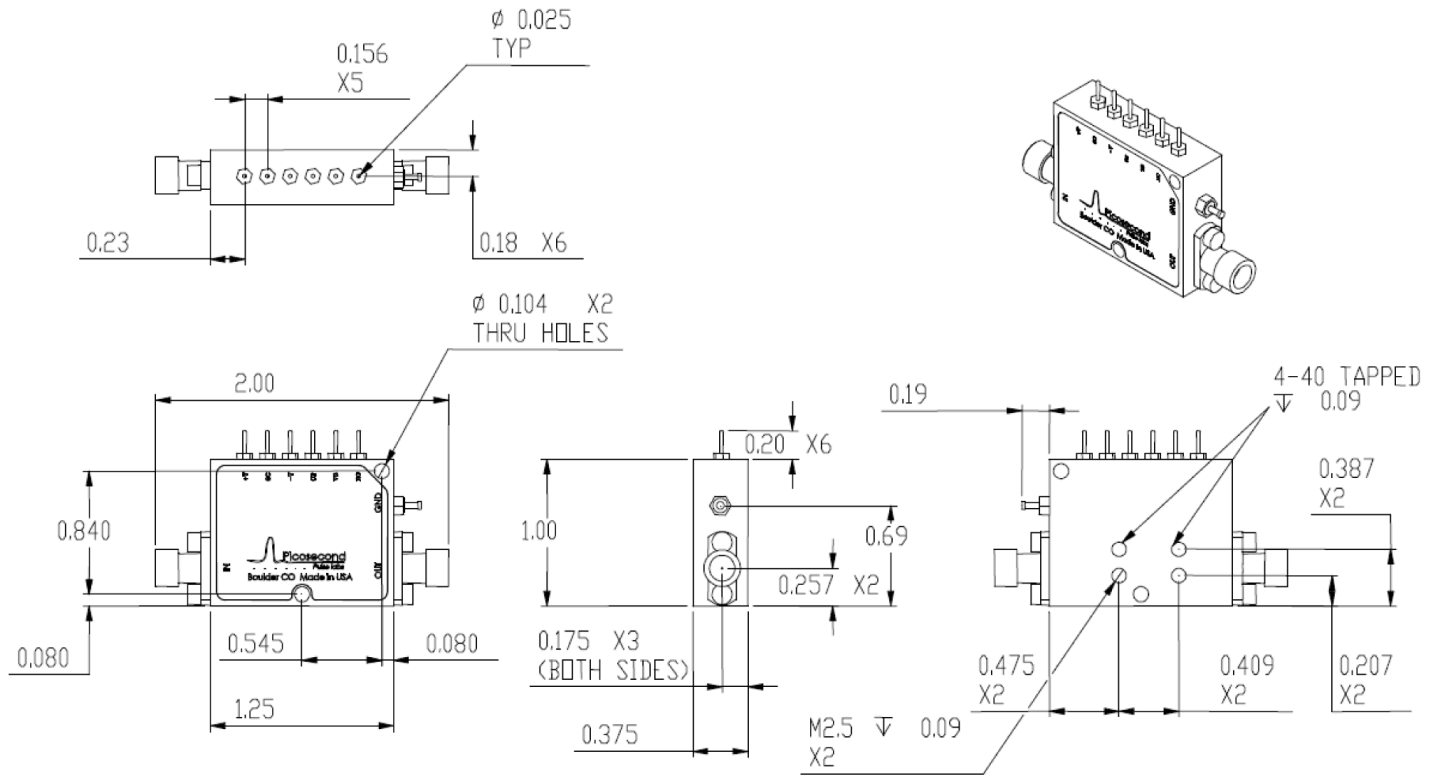


Input vs. Output for Model PSPL5866 using a 3 ns pulse with pulse repetition frequency of 100 kHz and $V_{cp} = 0$ V. The duty cycle is 0.03%. The PSPL5866 remains linear for inputs from -2 V to +2 V. The purple line shows 25.5 dB linear gain for comparison.



Input vs. Output as V_{CP} is varied ($-5\text{ V} < V_{cp} < +1\text{ V}$). For example, when -4 V is applied to V_{CP} , the output voltage range for linear operation will be approximately -4 V to 0 V.

Mechanical dimensions



Ordering information

Models

PSPL5866

AMPLIFIER, 25 dB GAIN, 2.5 kHz-10 GHz

ASEAN / Australasia (65) 6356 3900	Austria 00800 2255 4835*	Balkans, Israel, South Africa and other ISE Countries +41 52 675 3777
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Taiwan 886 (2) 2722 9622	United Kingdom & Ireland 00800 2255 4835*	USA 1 800 833 9200

* European toll-free number. If not accessible, call: +41 52 675 3777

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