

Voltage Detector IC Series for Automotive Standard CMOS Voltage Detector IC

BD48Exxx-M series BD49Exxx-M series

General Description

ROHM's BD48Exxx-M and BD49Exxx-M series are highly accurate, low current consumption Voltage Detector IC series. The line up includes BD48xxx devices with N-channel open drain output and BD49xxx devices with CMOS output. The devices are available for specific detection voltages ranging from 2.3V to 6.0V in increments of 0.1V.

Features

- High accuracy detection
- Ultra-low current consumption
- Two output types (N-ch open drain and CMOS output)
- Wide Operating temperature range
- Very small and low height package
- Package SSOP5 is similar to SOT-23-5(JEDEC)
- AEC-Q100 Qualified

•Key Specifications

- Detection voltage: 2.3V to 6.0V (Typ.),
- High accuracy detection voltage: ±1.0%
- Ultra-low current consumption: 0.9µA (Typ.)
- Operating temperature range: -40°C to +105°C

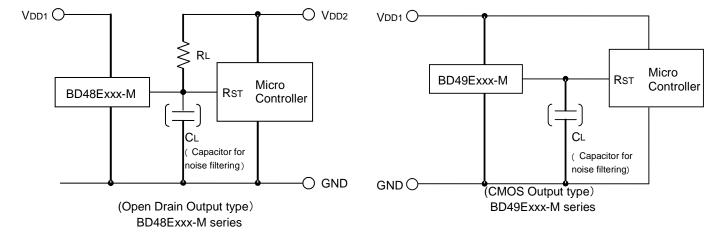
Package



2.90mm x 2.80mm x 1.25mm

Applications

Circuits using microcontrollers or logic circuits that require a reset for automotive applications (car navigation, car audio, meter panel, exterior lamp etc.)



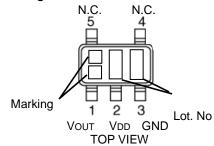
OProduct structure : Silicon monolithic integrated circuit OThis product is not designed for protection against radioactive rays

Typical Application Circuit

Datasheet

Connection Diagram

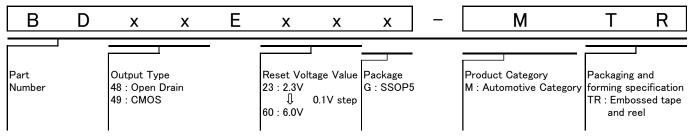
SSOP5



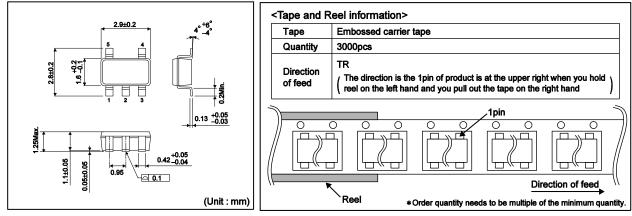
Pin Descriptions

SSOP5				
PIN No.	Symbol	Function		
1	Vout	Reset Output		
2	Vdd	Power Supply Voltage		
3	GND	GND		
4	N.C.	Unconnected Terminal		
5	N.C.	Unconnected Terminal		

Ordering Information



SSOP5



●Lineup

Output Type	Open Drain			CMOS
Detection Voltage	Marking	Part Number	Marking	Part Number
6.0V	Cm	BD48E60	Ff	BD49E60
5.9V	Ck	BD48E59	Fe	BD49E59
5.8V	Ch	BD48E58	Fd	BD49E58
5.7V	Cg	BD48E57	Fc	BD49E57
5.6V	Cf	BD48E56	Fb	BD49E56
5.5V	Ce	BD48E55	Fa	BD49E55
5.4V	Cd	BD48E54	Ey	BD49E54
5.3V	Сс	BD48E53	Er	BD49E53
5.2V	Cb	BD48E52	Ep	BD49E52
5.1V	Ca	BD48E51	En	BD49E51
5.0V	By	BD48E50	Em	BD49E50
4.9V	Br	BD48E49	Ek	BD49E49
4.8V	Вр	BD48E48	Eh	BD49E48
4.7V	Bn	BD48E47	Eg	BD49E47
4.6V	Bm	BD48E46	Ef	BD49E46
4.5V	Bk	BD48E45	Ee	BD49E45
4.4V	Bh	BD48E44	Ed	BD49E44
4.3V	Bg	BD48E43	Ec	BD49E43
4.2V	Bf	BD48E42	Eb	BD49E42
4.1V	Be	BD48E41	Ea	BD49E41
4.0V	Bd	BD48E40	Dy	BD49E40
3.9V	Bc	BD48E39	Dr	BD49E39
3.8V	Bb	BD48E38	Dp	BD49E38
3.7V	Ba	BD48E37	Dn	BD49E37
3.6V	Ay	BD48E36	Dm	BD49E36
3.5V	Ar	BD48E35	Dk	BD49E35
3.4V	Ар	BD48E34	Dh	BD49E34
3.3V	An	BD48E33	Dg	BD49E33
3.2V	Am	BD48E32	Df	BD49E32
3.1V	Ak	BD48E31	De	BD49E31
3.0V	Ah	BD48E30	Dd	BD49E30
2.9V	Ag	BD48E29	Dc	BD49E29
2.8V	Af	BD48E28	Db	BD49E28
2.7V	Ae	Ae BD48E27 Da BD		BD49E27
2.6V	Ad	BD48E26	Су	BD49E26
2.5V	Ac	BD48E25	Cr	BD49E25
2.4V	Ab	BD48E24	Ср	BD49E24
2.3V	Aa	BD48E23	Cn	BD49E23

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Limits	Unit	
Power Supply Voltage		V_{DD} -GND	-0.3 to +10	V	
Nch Open Drain Output		<i>\</i> /	GND-0.3 to +10	V	
Output Voltage	CMOS Output	Vout	GND-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V	
Output Current		lo	70	mA	
Power Dissipation SSOP5 *1*2		Pd	540	mW	
Operating Temperature		Topr	-40 to +105	°C	
Ambient Storage Temperature		Tstg	-55 to +125	°C	

*1 Reduced by 5.4mW/°C when used over 25°C.

*2 When mounted on ROHM standard circuit board (70mm×70mm×1.6mm, glass epoxy board).

●Electrical Characteristics (Unless Otherwise Specified Ta=-40°C to 105°C)

Decemptor Condition				Limit		Unit	
Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
		RL=470kΩ, VDD=H→L *1		V _{DET} (T) ×0.99	V _{DET} (T)	V _{DET} (T) ×1.01	
			Ta=+25°C	2.475	2.5	2.525	
		VDET=2.5V	Ta=-40°C to 85°C	2.418	-	2.584	
			Ta=85°C to 105°C	2.404	-	2.597	
			Ta=+25°C	2.970	3.0	3.030	
		VDET=3.0V	Ta=-40°C to 85°C	2.901	-	3.100	
			Ta=85°C to 105°C	2.885	-	3.117	
Detection Voltage	V_{DET}		Ta=+25°C	3.267	3.3	3.333	V
		VDET=3.3V	Ta=-40°C to 85°C	3.191	-	3.410	
			Ta=85°C to 105°C	3.173	-	3.428	
			Ta=+25°C	4.158	4.2	4.242	-
		VDET=4.2V	Ta=-40°C to 85°C	4.061	-	4.341	
			Ta=85°C to 105°C	4.039	-	4.364	
		VDET=4.8V	Ta=+25°C	4.752	4.8	4.848	
			Ta=-40°C to 85°C	4.641	-	4.961	
			Ta=85°C to 105°C	4.616	-	4.987	
Output Delay Time "L→H"	t PLH	CL=100pF R L=100kΩ ^{*2} Vout=GND→50%		-	-	100	μs
		1 VDD=V _{DET} -0.2V ¹	V _{DET} =2.3-3.1V	-	0.51	1.53	μA
	Icc1		V _{DET} =3.2-4.2V	-	0.56	1.68	
Circuit Current when ON			V _{DET} =4.3-5.2V	-	0.60	1.80	
			V _{DET} =5.3-6.0V	-	0.66	1.98	
Circuit Current when OFF			V _{DET} =2.3-3.1V	-	0.75	2.25	
	Icc2 Vi)/\/12_0\/_ ^{*1}	V _{DET} =3.2-4.2V	-	0.80	2.40	1
		VDD=V _{DET} +2.0V	V _{DET} =4.3-5.2V	-	0.85	2.55	μA
			V _{DET} =5.3-6.0V	-	0.90	2.70	1
	.,	Vo∟≤0.4V, Ta=25 to 2		0.95	-	-	.,
Operating Voltage Range	Vopl	VoL≤0.4V, Ta=-40 to 25°C, RL=470kΩ		1.20	-	-	V

 $V_{DET}(T)$: Standard Detection Voltage(2.3V to 6.0V, 0.1V step) R_L : Pull-up resistor to be connected between VouT and power supply. C_L : Capacitor to be connected between VouT and GND. Design Guarantee. (Outgoing inspection is not done on all products.) *1 Guarantee is Ta=25°C.

*2 tplh:Vdd=(Vdet typ.-0.5V)→(Vdet typ.+0.5V)

●Electrical Characteristics (Unless Otherwise Specified Ta=-40°C to 105°C) - continued

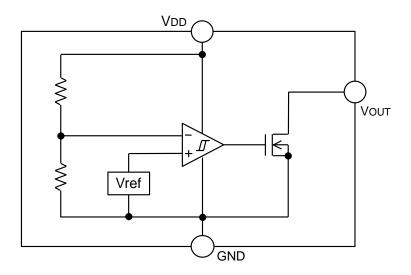
Devementer	Current al	Condition	Limit			Unit
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
(Low/Output Voltage (Neb)	Max	VDD=1.5V, ISINK = 0.4 mA, VDET=2.3-6.0V	-	-	0.5	v
'Low'Output Voltage (Nch)	Vol	VDD=2.4V, ISINK = 2.0 mA, VDET=2.7-6.0V	-	-	0.5	V
'High'Output Voltage (Pch)	Vон	VDD=4.8V, ISOURCE=0.7 mA, VDET(2.3V to 4.2V)	VDD-0.5	-	-	
		VDD=6.0V, ISOURCE=0.9 mA, VDET(4.3V to 5.2V)	VDD-0.5	-	-	V
(BD49Exxx-M Series)		VDD=8.0V, ISOURCE=1.1 mA, VDET(5.3V to 6.0V)	VDD-0.5	-	-	
Leak Current when OFF (BD48Exxx-M Series)	l _{leak}	VDD=VDS=10V *1	-	-	0.1	μA
Detection Voltage Temperature coefficient	$V_{DET}/\Delta T$	Ta=-40°C to 105°C (Designed Guarantee)	-	±100	±360	ppm/°C
Hysteresis Voltage	ΔV_{DET}	Vdd=L→H→L, RL=470kΩ	$V_{DET} \times 0.03$	V _{DET} ×0.05	V _{DET} ×0.08	V

 $V_{\text{DET}}(T)$: Standard Detection Voltage(2.3V to 6.0V, 0.1V step) R_I: Pull-up resistor to be connected between Vout and power supply.

C_I: Capacitor to be connected between Vout and GND.

Design Guarantee. (Outgoing inspection is not done on all products.) *1 Guarantee is Ta=25°C.

Block Diagrams





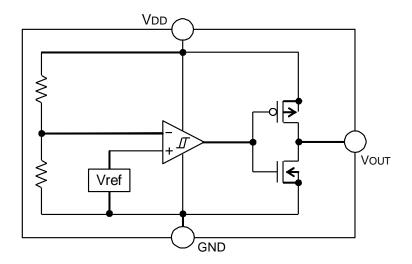
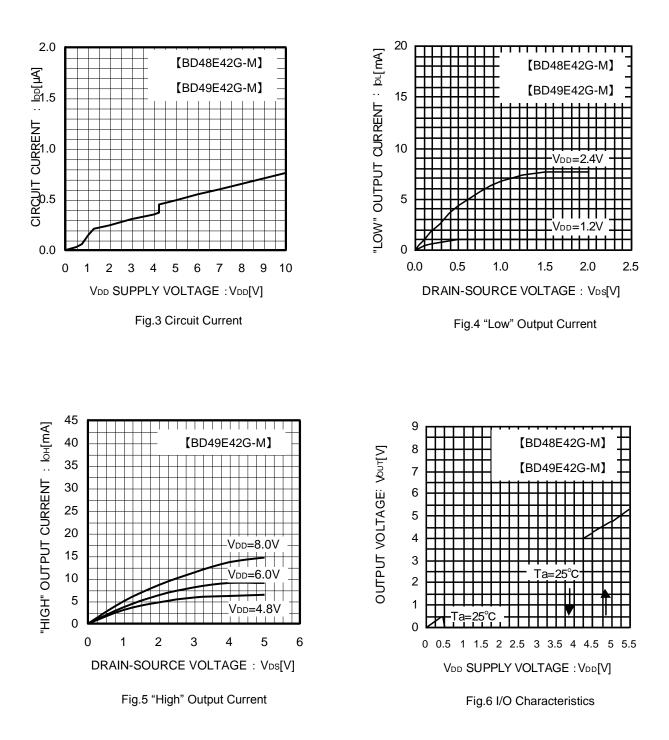


Fig.2 BD49Exxx-M series

•Typical Performance Curves



●Typical Performance Curves – continued

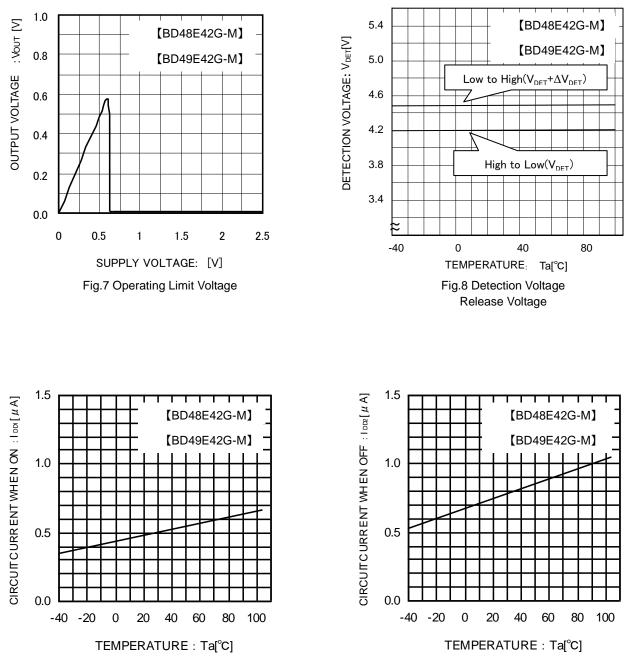
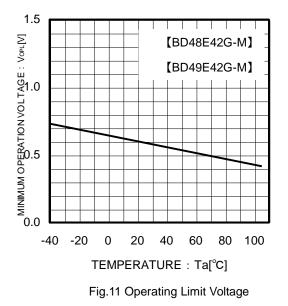


Fig.9 Circuit Current when ON



●Typical Performance Curves – continued



•Application Information

Explanation of Operation

For both the open drain type (Fig.12) and the CMOS output type (Fig.13), the detection and release voltages are used as threshold voltages. When the voltage applied to the V_{DD} pins reaches the applicable threshold voltage, the V_{OUT} terminal voltage switches from either "High" to "Low" or from "Low" to "High". Please refer to the Timing Waveform and Electrical Characteristics for information on hysteresis. Because the BD48Exxx-M series uses an open drain output type, it is necessary to connect a pull-up resistor to V_{DD} or another power supply if needed [The output "High" voltage (V_{OUT}) in this case becomes V_{DD} or the voltage of the other power supply].

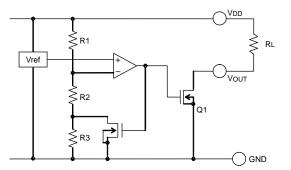


Fig.12 (BD48Exxx-M series Internal Block Diagram)

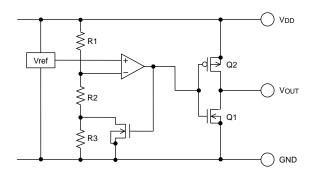


Fig.13 (BD49Exxx-M series Internal Block Diagram)

Reference Data

Examples of Leading (t_{PLH}) and Falling (t_{PHL}) Output

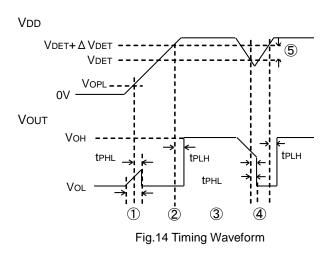
0 () =,	3 ()	
Part Number	t _{PLH} (μs)	t _{PHL} (μs)
BD48E45G-M	39.5	87.8
BD49E45G-M	32.4	52.4
	V _{DD} =4.3V→5.1V	Vpp=5.1V→4.3V

*This data is for reference only.

The figures will vary with the application, so please confirm actual operating conditions before use.

Timing Waveform

Example: the following shows the relationship between the input voltages V_{DD} and the output voltage V_{OUT} when the input power supply voltage V_{DD} is made to sweep up and sweep down (the circuits are those in Fig.12 and 13).



⁽¹⁾ When the power supply is turned on, the output is unstable from after over the operating limit voltage (V_{OPL}) until t_{PHL} . Therefore it is possible that the reset signal is not valid when the rise time of V_{DD} is faster than t_{PHL} .

⁽²⁾ When V_{DD} is greater than V_{OPL}, but less than the reset release voltage (V_{DET} + Δ V_{DET}), the output voltages will switch to Low.

⁽³⁾ If V_{DD} exceeds the reset release voltage (V_{DET} + Δ V_{DET}), then, V_{OUT} switches from L to H.

⁽⁴⁾ If V_{DD} drops below the detection voltage (V_{DET}) when the power supply is powered down or when there is a power supply fluctuation, V_{OUT} switches to L (with a delay of t_{PHL}).

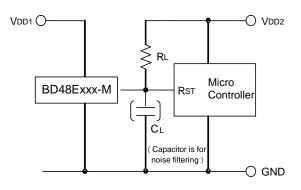
⁽⁵⁾ The potential difference between the detection voltage and the release voltage is known as the hysteresis width (ΔV_{DET}).

The system is designed such that the output does not toggle with power supply fluctuations within this hysteresis width, preventing the

malfunctions due to noise.

Circuit Applications

1) Examples of a common power supply detection reset circuit.





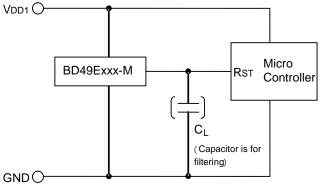


Fig.16 CMOS Output Type

Application examples of BD48Exxx-M series (Open Drain output type) and BD49Exxx-M series (CMOS output type) are shown on the left.

CASE1: Power supply of the microcontroller (V_{DD2}) differs from the power supply of the reset detection (V_{DD1}).

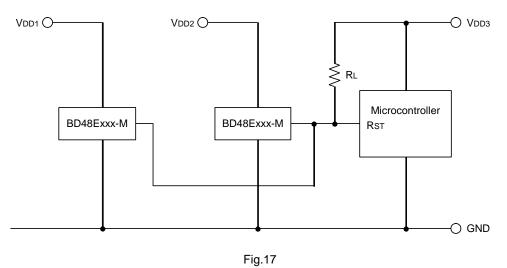
Use an open drain output type (BD48xxx-M) device with a load resistance R_L attached as shown in figure 15.

CASE2: Power supply of the microcontroller (V_{DD1}) is same as the power supply of the reset detection (V_{DD1}). Use a CMOS output type (BD49xxx-M) device or an open drain device with a pull up resistor between output and VDD1.

When a capacitance C_L for noise filtering is connected to the V_{OUT} pin (the reset signal input terminal of the microcontroller), please take into account the waveform of the rise and fall of the output voltage (V_{OUT}).

The Electrical characteristics were measured using $R_L{=}~470 k\Omega$ and $C_L{=}~100 pF.$

2) The following is an example of a circuit application in which an OR connection between two types of detection voltage resets the microcontroller.



To reset the microcontroller when many independent power supplies are used in the system, OR connect an open drain output type (BD48Exxx-M series) to the microcontroller's input with pull-up resistor to the supply voltage of the microcontroller (V_{DD3}) as shown in Fig. 17. By pulling-up to V_{DD3}, output "High" voltage of micro-controller power supply is possible.

3) Examples of the power supply with resistor dividers

In applications wherein the power supply voltage of an IC comes from a resistor divider circuit, an in-rush current will flow into the circuit when the output level switches from "High" to "Low" or vice versa. In-rush current is a sudden surge of current that flows from the power supply (VDD) to ground (GND) as the output logic changes its state. This current flow may cause malfunction in the systems operation such as output oscillations, etc.

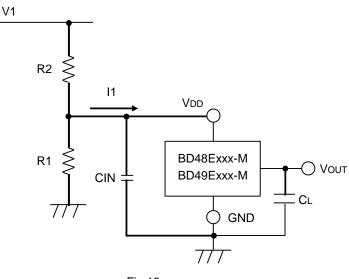


Fig.18

When an in-rush current (I1) flows into the circuit (Refer to Fig. 18) at the time when output switches from "Low" to "High", a voltage drop of I1xR2 (input resistor) will occur in the circuit causing the VDD supply voltage to decrease. When the VDD voltage drops below the detection voltage, the output will switch from "High" to "Low". While the output voltage is at "Low" condition, in-rush current will stop flowing and the voltage drop will be reduced. As a result, the output voltage will switches again from "Low" to "High" which causes an in-rush current and a voltage drop. This operation repeats and will result to oscillation.

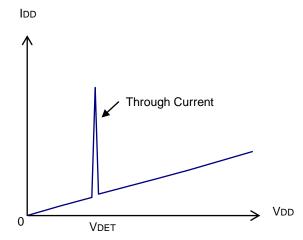


Fig.19 Current Consumption vs. Power Supply Voltage

Operational Notes

1) Absolute maximum ratings

Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

- 2) Ground Voltage The voltage of the ground pin must be the lowest voltage of all pins of the IC at all operating conditions. Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.
- Recommended operating conditions
 These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained.
 The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.
- Bypass Capacitor for Noise Rejection
 To help reject noise, put a 1µF capacitor between VDD pin and GND and 1000pF capacitor between VOUT pin and GND.

 Be careful when using extremely big capacitor as transient response will be affected.
- 5) Short between pins and mounting errors Be careful when mounting the IC on printed circuit boards. The IC may be damaged if it is mounted in a wrong orientation or if pins are shorted together. Short circuit may be caused by conductive particles caught between the pins.
- 6) Operation under strong electromagnetic field Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.
- 7) The V_{DD} line impedance might cause oscillation because of the detection current.
- 8) A V_{DD} to GND capacitor (as close connection as possible) should be used in high VDD line impedance condition.
- 9) Lower than the mininum input voltage puts the VOUT in high impedance state, and it must be VDD in pull up (VDD) condition.
- 10) External parameters

The recommended parameter range for R_L is $10k\Omega$ to $1M\Omega$. There are many factors (board layout, etc) that can affect characteristics. Please verify and confirm using practical applications.

11) Power on reset operation

Please note that the power on reset output varies with the V_{DD} rise time. Please verify the behavior in the actual operation.

12) Testing on application boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

13) Rush current

When power is first supplied to the IC, rush current may flow instantaneously. It is possible that the charge current to the parasitic capacitance of internal photo diode or the internal logic may be unstable. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of GND wiring, and routing of connections.

14) This IC has extremely high impedance terminals. Small leak current due to the uncleanness of PCB surface might cause unexpected operations. Application values in these conditions should be selected carefully. If $10M\Omega$ leakage is assumed between the C_T terminal and the GND terminal, $1M\Omega$ connection between the CT terminal and the V_{DD} terminal would be recommended. Also, if the leakage is assumed between the Vout terminal and the GND terminal, the pull up resistor should be less than 1/10 of the assumed leak resistance.

Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes
30.Mar.2012	001	New Release
14.Dec.2012	002	Updated General Description, Features, Applications, Absolute maximum ratings, Explanation of Operation, Timing Waveform, Circuit Applications, and Operational Notes. Changed Lineup table format. Add Io in Absolute Maximum Rating table Add limits for VDET specifically at VDET=2.5V,3.0V,3.3V,4.2V,4.8V Change parameter in electrical characteristics from IOL to VOL and IOH to VOH Add circuits application numbers 2 and 3 Added Revision History.
22.May.2013	003	Change limits for VDET at VDET=2.5V,3.0V,3.3V,4.2V,4.8V
27.Aug.2013	004	Update the applications and features on page 1 and ordering information on page 2

Notice

Precaution on using ROHM Products

1. If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment ^(Note 1), aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.

JAPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSI		CLASS II b	
CLASSⅣ	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ

2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:

[a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety

[b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure

- 3. Our Products are not designed under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM's Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
 - [a] Use of our Products in any types of liquid, including water, oils, chemicals, and organic solvents
 - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
 - [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, and NO₂
 - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
 - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

- 1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used; if flow soldering method is preferred, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits

- 1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
- 2. You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

Precaution for Storage / Transportation

- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
 - [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
 - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
 - [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- 2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- 4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

Precaution for Product Label

QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

Precaution for Disposition

When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act

Since our Products might fall under controlled goods prescribed by the applicable foreign exchange and foreign trade act, please consult with ROHM representative in case of export.

Precaution Regarding Intellectual Property Rights

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Distribution Inventory

Part Number	BD48E48G-M
Package	SSOP5
Unit Quantity	3000
Minimum Package Quantity	3000
Packing Type	Taping
Constitution Materials List	inquiry
RoHS	Yes