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FDS3572

N-Channel PowerTrench® MOSFET

80V, 8.9A, 16mΩ

Features

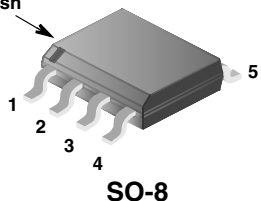
- $r_{DS(ON)} = 14m\Omega$ (Typ.), $V_{GS} = 10V$, $I_D = 8.9A$
- $Q_{g(tot)} = 31nC$ (Typ.), $V_{GS} = 10V$
- Low Miller Charge
- Low Q_{RR} Body Diode
- Optimized efficiency at high frequencies
- UIS Capability (Single Pulse and Repetitive Pulse)

Applications

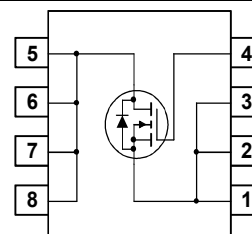
- Primary switch for Isolated DC/DC converters
- Distributed Power and Intermediate Bus Architectures
- High Voltage Synchronous Rectifier for DC Bus Converters

Formerly developmental type 82663

Branding Dash



SO-8



MOSFET Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain to Source Voltage	80	V
V_{GS}	Gate to Source Voltage	± 20	V
I_D	Drain Current		
	Continuous ($T_A = 25^\circ C$, $V_{GS} = 10V$, $R_{\theta JA} = 50^\circ C/W$)	8.9	A
	Continuous ($T_A = 100^\circ C$, $V_{GS} = 10V$, $R_{\theta JA} = 50^\circ C/W$)	5.6	A
	Pulsed	Figure 4	A
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (Note 1)	515	mJ
P_D	Power dissipation	2.5	W
	Derate above $25^\circ C$	20	mW/ $^\circ C$
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (Note 2)	25	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient at 10 seconds (Note 3)	50	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient at 1000 seconds (Note 3)	85	$^\circ C/W$

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Package	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
FDS3572	FDS3572	SO-8	330mm	12mm	2500 units

Electrical Characteristics $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
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Off Characteristics

B_{VDSS}	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	80	-	-	V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 60\text{V}$ $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate to Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{V}$	-	-	± 100	nA

On Characteristics

$V_{GS(TH)}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$, $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	2	-	4	V
$r_{DS(ON)}$	Drain to Source On Resistance	$I_D = 8.9\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$	-	0.014	0.016	Ω
		$I_D = 5.6\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 6\text{V}$	-	0.019	0.029	
		$I_D = 8.9\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.027	0.032	

Dynamic Characteristics

C_{ISS}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$	-	1990	-	pF
C_{OSS}	Output Capacitance		-	320	-	pF
C_{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		-	85	-	pF
$Q_{g(tot)}$	Total Gate Charge at 10V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ to 10V	-	31	41	nC
$Q_{g(TH)}$	Threshold Gate Charge	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ to 2V	-	4	5.2	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate to Source Gate Charge	$V_{DD} = 40\text{V}$ $I_D = 8.9\text{A}$ $I_g = 1.0\text{mA}$	-	9	-	nC
Q_{gs2}	Gate Charge Threshold to Plateau		-	5	-	nC
Q_{gd}	Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge		-	7.5	-	nC

Switching Characteristics ($V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$)

t_{ON}	Turn-On Time	$V_{DD} = 40\text{V}$, $I_D = 8.9\text{A}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, $R_{GS} = 10\Omega$	-	-	40	ns
$t_{d(ON)}$	Turn-On Delay Time		-	13	-	ns
t_r	Rise Time		-	14	-	ns
$t_{d(OFF)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		-	31	-	ns
t_f	Fall Time		-	13	-	ns
t_{OFF}	Turn-Off Time		-	-	67	ns

Drain-Source Diode Characteristics

V_{SD}	Source to Drain Diode Voltage	$I_{SD} = 8.9\text{A}$	-	-	1.25	V
		$I_{SD} = 4.3\text{A}$	-	-	1.0	V
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_{SD} = 8.9\text{A}$, $dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	50	ns
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovered Charge	$I_{SD} = 8.9\text{A}$, $dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	70	nC

Notes:

1: Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 21\text{mH}$, $I_{AS} = 7\text{A}$.

2: $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins. $R_{\theta JC}$ is guaranteed by design while $R_{\theta JA}$ is determined by the user's board design.

3: $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with 1.0 in² copper on FR-4 board

Typical Characteristics $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

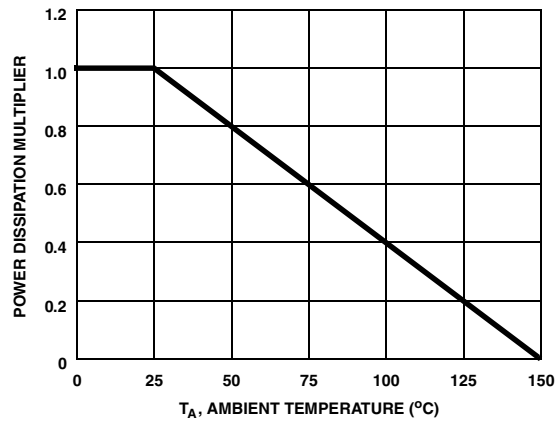


Figure 1. Normalized Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature

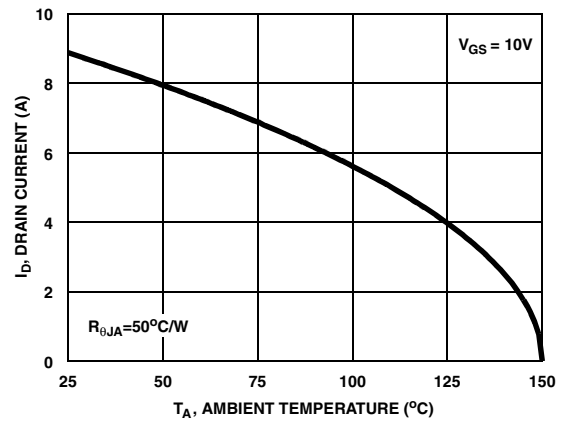


Figure 2. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Ambient Temperature

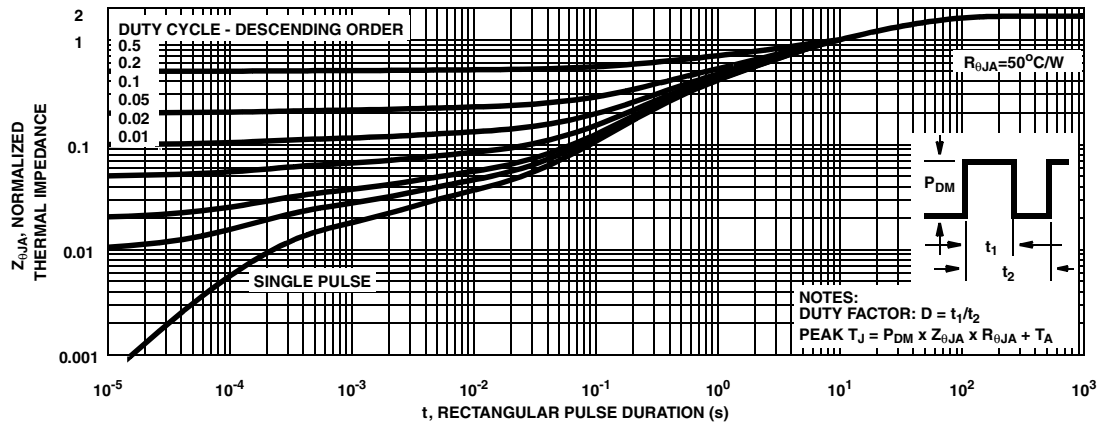


Figure 3. Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

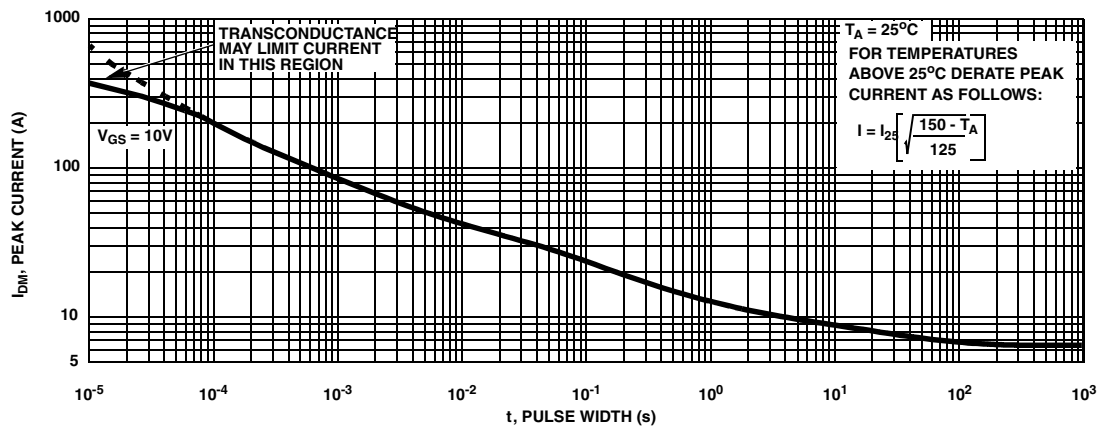
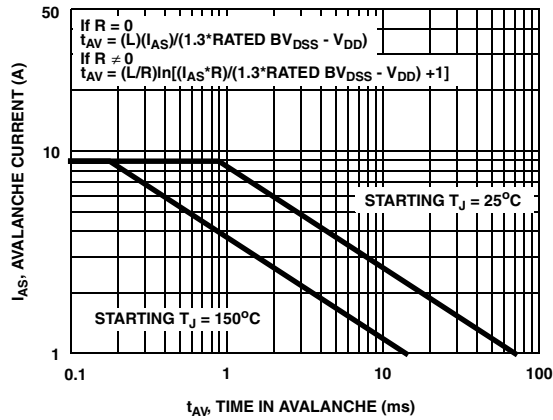


Figure 4. Peak Current Capability

Typical Characteristics $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN7514 and AN7515

Figure 5. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability

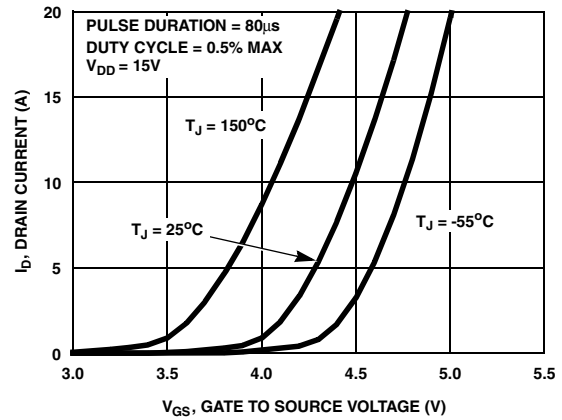


Figure 6. Transfer Characteristics

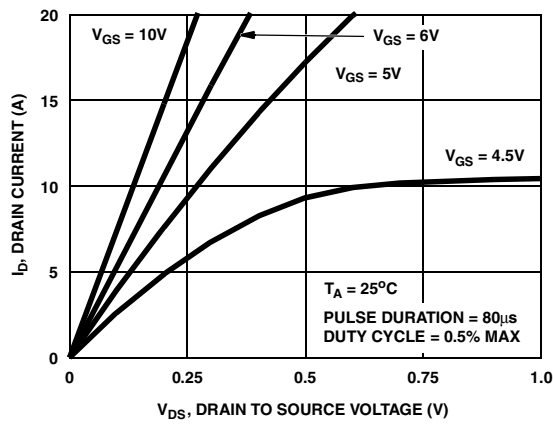


Figure 7. Saturation Characteristics

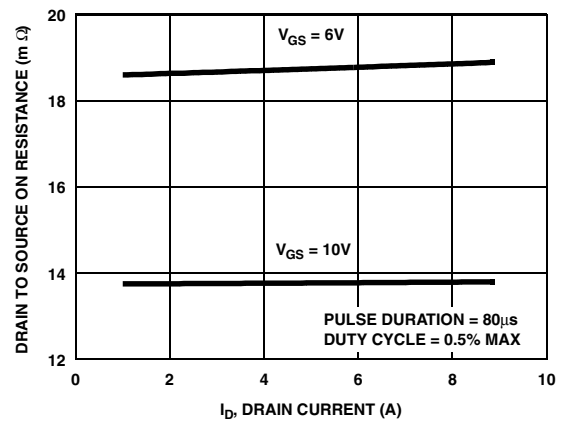


Figure 8. Drain to Source On Resistance vs Drain Current

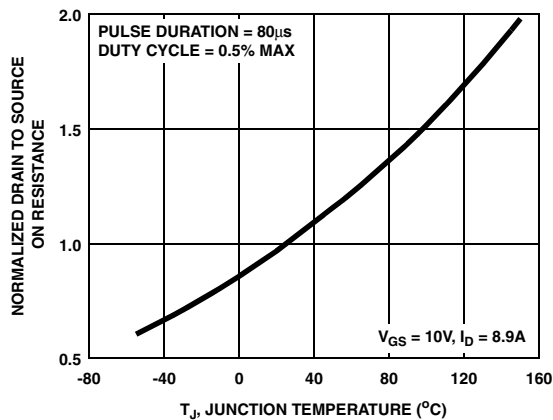


Figure 9. Normalized Drain to Source On Resistance vs Junction Temperature

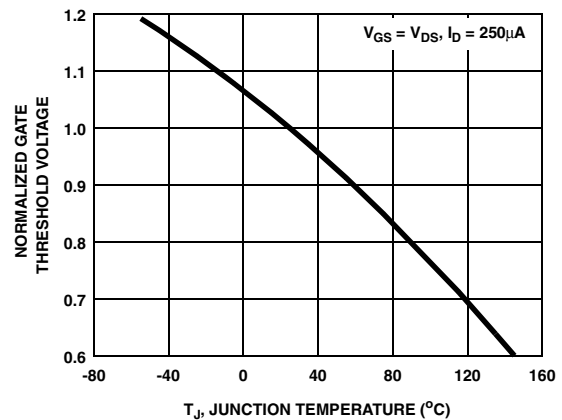


Figure 10. Normalized Gate Threshold Voltage vs Junction Temperature

Typical Characteristics $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

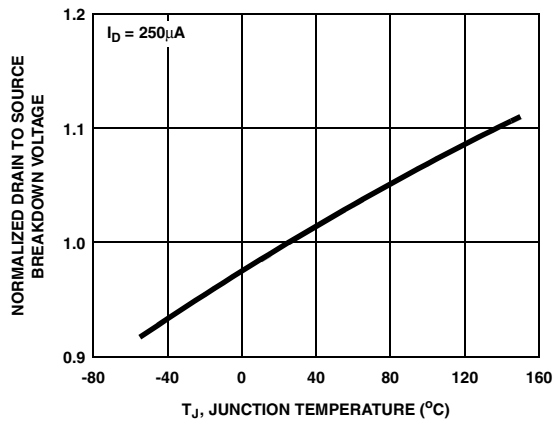


Figure 11. Normalized Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage vs Junction Temperature

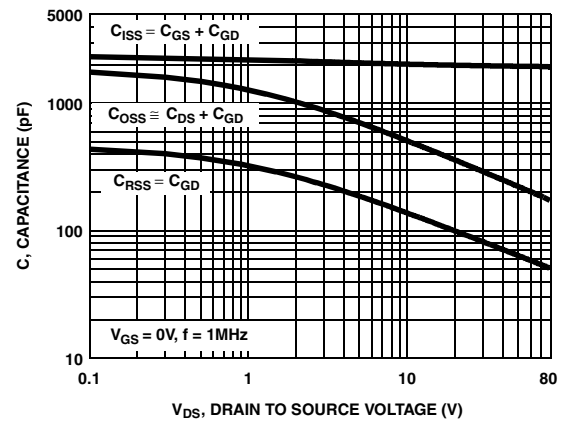


Figure 12. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

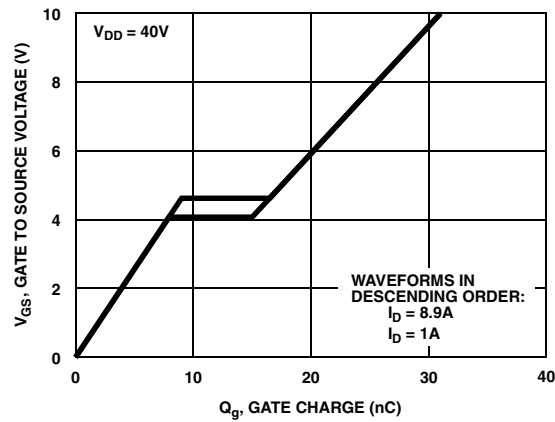


Figure 13. Gate Charge Waveforms for Constant Gate Currents

Test Circuits and Waveforms

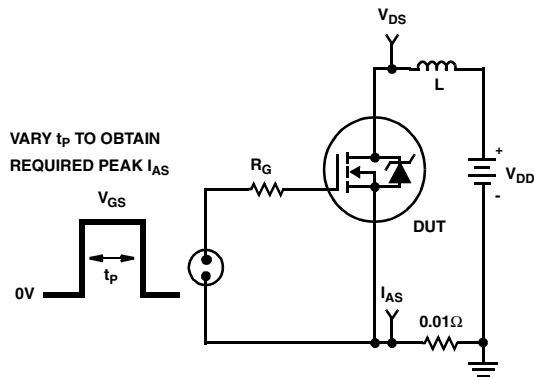


Figure 14. Unclamped Energy Test Circuit

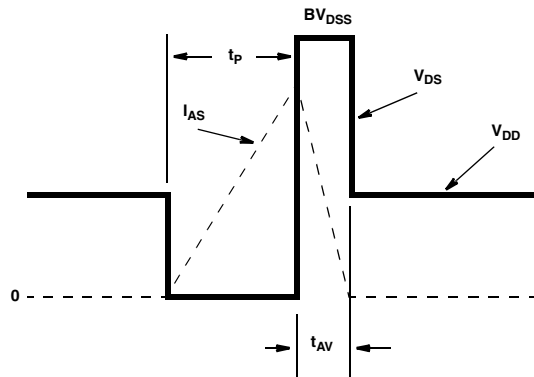


Figure 15. Unclamped Energy Waveforms

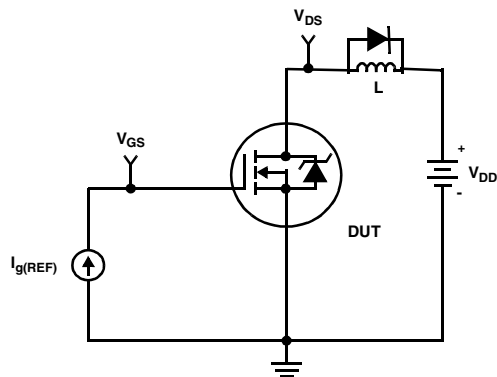


Figure 16. Gate Charge Test Circuit

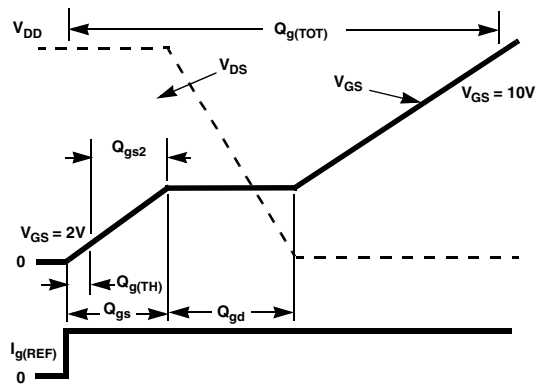


Figure 17. Gate Charge Waveforms

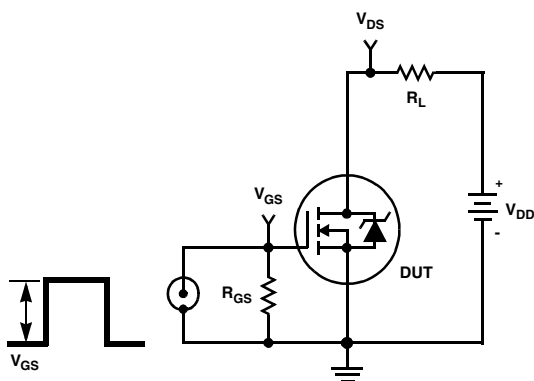


Figure 18. Switching Time Test Circuit

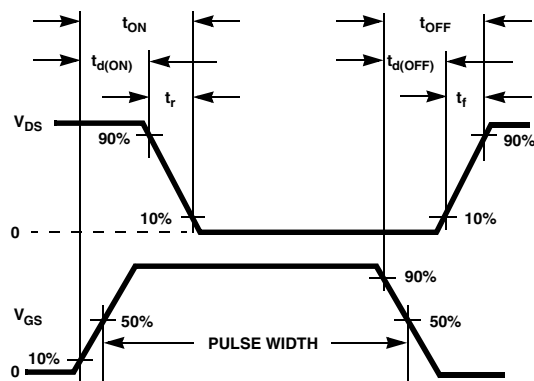


Figure 19. Switching Time Waveforms

Thermal Resistance vs. Mounting Pad Area

The maximum rated junction temperature, T_{JM} , and the thermal resistance of the heat dissipating path determines the maximum allowable device power dissipation, P_{DM} , in an application. Therefore the application's ambient temperature, T_A ($^{\circ}\text{C}$), and thermal resistance $R_{\theta JA}$ ($^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$) must be reviewed to ensure that T_{JM} is never exceeded. Equation 1 mathematically represents the relationship and serves as the basis for establishing the rating of the part.

$$P_{DM} = \frac{(T_{JM} - T_A)}{R_{\theta JA}} \quad (\text{EQ. 1})$$

In using surface mount devices such as the SO8 package, the environment in which it is applied will have a significant influence on the part's current and maximum power dissipation ratings. Precise determination of P_{DM} is complex and influenced by many factors:

1. Mounting pad area onto which the device is attached and whether there is copper on one side or both sides of the board.
2. The number of copper layers and the thickness of the board.
3. The use of external heat sinks.
4. The use of thermal vias.
5. Air flow and board orientation.
6. For non steady state applications, the pulse width, the duty cycle and the transient thermal response of the part, the board and the environment they are in.

Fairchild provides thermal information to assist the designer's preliminary application evaluation. Figure 21 defines the $R_{\theta JA}$ for the device as a function of the top copper (component side) area. This is for a horizontally positioned FR-4 board with 1oz copper after 1000 seconds of steady state power with no air flow. This graph provides the necessary information for calculation of the steady state junction temperature or power dissipation. Pulse applications can be evaluated using the Fairchild device Spice thermal model or manually utilizing the normalized

maximum transient thermal impedance curve.

Thermal resistances corresponding to other copper areas can be obtained from Figure 21 or by calculation using Equation 2. The area, in square inches is the top copper area including the gate and source pads.

$$R_{\theta JA} = 64 + \frac{26}{0.23 + \text{Area}} \quad (\text{EQ. 2})$$

The transient thermal impedance ($Z_{\theta JA}$) is also effected by varied top copper board area. Figure 22 shows the effect of copper pad area on single pulse transient thermal impedance. Each trace represents a copper pad area in square inches corresponding to the descending list in the graph. Spice and SABER thermal models are provided for each of the listed pad areas.

Copper pad area has no perceivable effect on transient thermal impedance for pulse widths less than 100ms. For pulse widths less than 100ms the transient thermal impedance is determined by the die and package. Therefore, CHERM1 through CHERM5 and RHERM1 through RHERM5 remain constant for each of the thermal models. A listing of the model component values is available in Table 1.

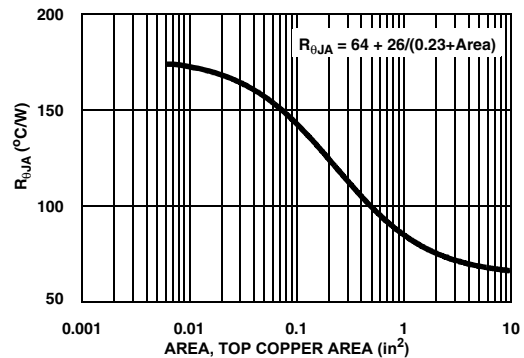


Figure 21. Thermal Resistance vs Mounting Pad Area

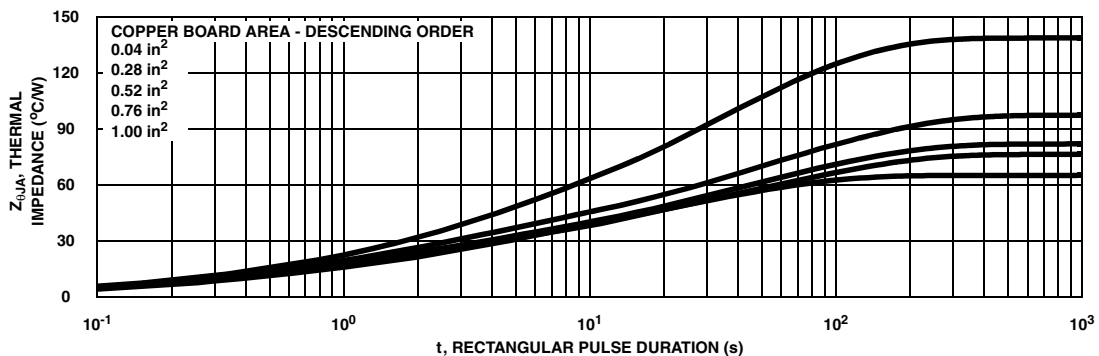


Figure 22. Thermal Impedance vs Mounting Pad Area

PSPICE Electrical Model

.SUBCKT FDS3572 2 1 3 ; rev November 2003

Ca 12 8 7e-10

Cb 15 14 7e-10

Cin 6 8 1.9e-9

Dbody 7 5 DbodyMOD

Dbreak 5 11 DbreakMOD

Dplcap 10 5 DplcapMOD

Ebreak 11 7 17 18 86.6

Eds 14 8 5 8 1

Egs 13 8 6 8 1

Esg 6 10 6 8 1

Evthres 6 21 19 8 1

Etemp 20 6 18 22 1

It 8 17 1

Lgate 1 9 1e-9

Ldrain 2 5 1e-9

Lsource 3 7 0.1e-9

RLgate 1 9 10

RLdrain 2 5 10

RLsource 3 7 1

Mmed 16 6 8 8 MmedMOD

Mstro 16 6 8 8 MstroMOD

Mweak 16 21 8 8 MweakMOD

Rbreak 17 18 RbreakMOD 1

Rdrain 50 16 RdrainMOD 5.5e-3

Rgate 9 20 1.3

RSLC1 5 51 RSLCMOD 1e-6

RSLC2 5 50 1e3

Rsource 8 7 RsourceMOD 5.5e-3

Rvthres 22 8 Rvthresmod 1

Rvtemp 18 19 RvtempMOD 1

S1a 6 12 13 8 S1AMOD

S1b 13 12 13 8 S1BMOD

S2a 6 15 14 13 S2AMOD

S2b 13 15 14 13 S2BMOD

Vbat 22 19 DC 1

ESLC 51 50 VALUE={{(V(5,51)/ABS(V(5,51)))*(PWR(V(5,51)/(1e-6*250),2.5))}}

.MODEL DbodyMOD D (IS=4.5E-12 RS=4.7e-3 TRS1=1.5e-3 TRS2=2e-5 XTI=3 CJO=1.4e-9 TT=3e-08 M=0.55)

.MODEL DbreakMOD D (RS=2.5 TRS1=1e-4 TRS2=1e-6)

.MODEL DplcapMOD D (CJO=4.6e-10 IS=1e-30 N=10 M=0.5)

.MODEL MmedMOD NMOS (VTO=3.35 KP=3 IS=1e-30 N=10 TOX=1 L=1u W=1u RG=1.3 T_ABS=25)

.MODEL MstroMOD NMOS (VTO=3.9 KP=60 IS=1e-30 N=10 TOX=1 L=1u W=1u T_ABS=25)

.MODEL MweakMOD NMOS (VTO=2.88 kp=0.04 IS=1e-30 N=10 TOX=1 L=1u W=1u RG=13 RS=0.1 T_ABS=25)

.MODEL RbreakMOD RES (TC1=1e-3 TC2=-7.5e-7)

.MODEL RdrainMOD RES (TC1=4.8e-3 TC2=3e-5)

.MODEL RSLCMOD RES (TC1=2.4e-2 TC2=1e-7)

.MODEL RsourceMOD RES (TC1=1e-2 TC2=1e-6)

.MODEL RvthresMOD RES (TC1=-4.4e-3 TC2=-1.4e-5)

.MODEL RvtempMOD RES (TC1=-4e-3 TC2=2e-7)

.MODEL S1AMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=-4.0 VOFF=-2.0)

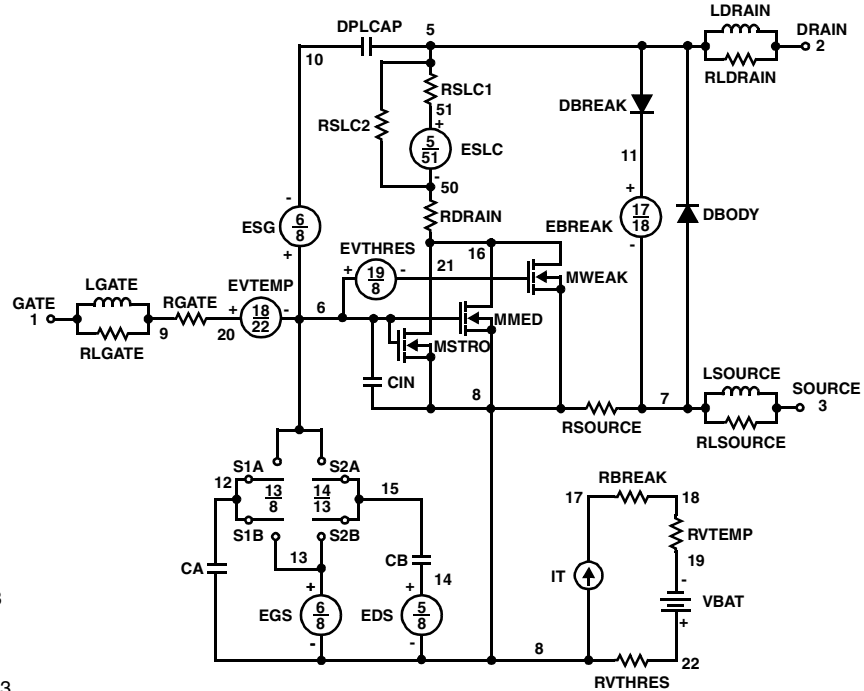
.MODEL S1BMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=-2.0 VOFF=-4.0)

.MODEL S2AMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=-0.5 VOFF=0)

.MODEL S2BMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=0 VOFF=-0.5)

.ENDS

Note: For further discussion of the PSPICE model, consult **A New PSPICE Sub-Circuit for the Power MOSFET Featuring Global Temperature Options**; IEEE Power Electronics Specialist Conference Records, 1991, written by William J. Hepp and C. Frank Wheatley.



SPICE Thermal Model

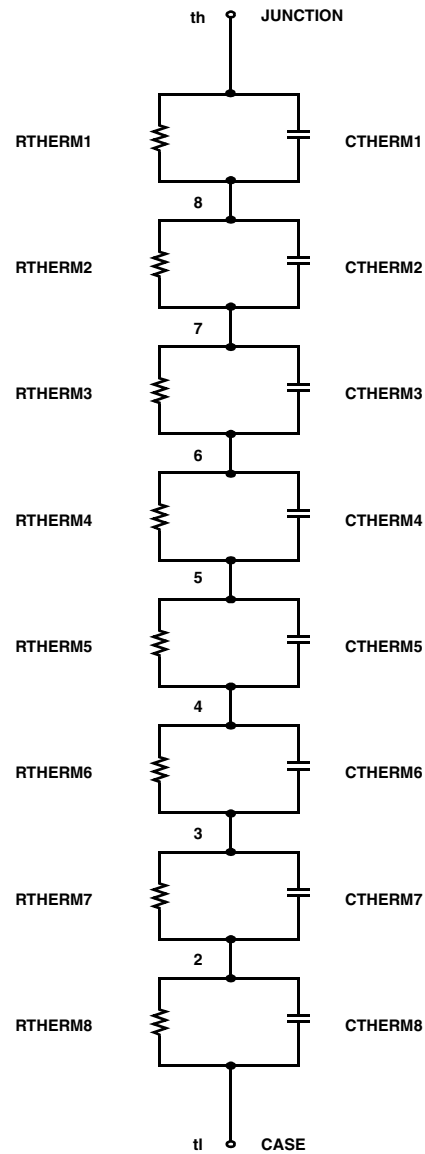
REV Nov 2003
 FDS3572
 Copper Area = 1.0 in²
 C THERM1 TH 8 2.0e-3
 C THERM2 8 7 5.0e-3
 C THERM3 7 6 1.0e-2
 C THERM4 6 5 4.0e-2
 C THERM5 5 4 9.0e-2
 C THERM6 4 3 2e-1
 C THERM7 3 2 1
 C THERM8 2 TL 3

R THERM1 TH 8 1e-1
 R THERM2 8 7 5e-1
 R THERM3 7 6 1
 R THERM4 6 5 5
 R THERM5 5 4 8
 R THERM6 4 3 12
 R THERM7 3 2 18
 R THERM8 2 TL 25

SABER Thermal Model

Copper Area = 1.0 in²
 template thermal_model th tl
 thermal_c th, tl
 {
 ctherm.ctherm1 th 8 =2.0e-3
 ctherm.ctherm2 8 7 =5.0e-3
 ctherm.ctherm3 7 6 =1.0e-2
 ctherm.ctherm4 6 5 =4.0e-2
 ctherm.ctherm5 5 4 =9.0e-2
 ctherm.ctherm6 4 3 =2e-1
 ctherm.ctherm7 3 2 1
 ctherm.ctherm8 2 tl 3

rtherm.rtherm1 th 8 =1e-1
 rtherm.rtherm2 8 7 =5e-1
 rtherm.rtherm3 7 6 =1
 rtherm.rtherm4 6 5 =5
 rtherm.rtherm5 5 4 =8
 rtherm.rtherm6 4 3 =12
 rtherm.rtherm7 3 2 =18
 rtherm.rtherm8 2 tl =25
 }

**TABLE 1. THERMAL MODELS**

COMPONANT	0.04 in ²	0.28 in ²	0.52 in ²	0.76 in ²	1.0 in ²
C THERM6	1.2e-1	1.5e-1	2.0e-1	2.0e-1	2.0e-1
C THERM7	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
C THERM8	1.3	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.0
R THERM6	26	20	15	13	12
R THERM7	39	24	21	19	18
R THERM8	55	38.7	31.3	29.7	25

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Bottomless™	FASTr™	MICROCOUPLER™	PowerTrench®	SuperSOT™-6
CoolFET™	FPS™	MicroFET™	QFET®	SuperSOT™-8
CROSSVOLT™	FRFET™	MicroPak™	QS™	SyncFET™
DOME™	GlobalOptoisolator™	MICROWIRE™	QT Optoelectronics™	TinyLogic®
EcoSPARK™	GTO™	MSX™	Quiet Series™	TINYOPTO™
E ² CMOS™	HiSec™	MSXPro™	RapidConfigure™	TruTranslation™
EnSigna™	I ² C™	OCX™	RapidConnect™	UHC™
FACT™	ImpliedDisconnect™	OCXPro™	SILENT SWITCHER®	UltraFET®
Across the board. Around the world.™	OPTOLOGIC®	SMART START™	VCX™	
The Power Franchise™	OPTOPLANAR™	SPM™		
Programmable Active Droop™	PACMAN™	Stealth™		

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

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Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
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