CHIP QUIK, INC. The SMD Removal Solution 195 Falmouth Road Unit 1C Mashpee, MA 02649



SMD 1 Alloy 2.5 F.t. Material Safety Data Sheet

Common Name	AIM 58			Code	Not available.
Supplier	AIM	- CHIPQUIK® - SMD REMOVAL KIT	-	MSDS# Validation Da	
Synonym	Bi/In/Pb/Sn	SMD 1	1	Print Date	8/20/99 USA: Infotrac (800)535-5053
Trade name	AIM 58	·		Emergacy	INTERNATIONAL: Infotrac (708)918
Material Uses	Metal industry: Metall	urgy. Low meiting alloy			1900 CANADA: not available
Manufacturer	AIM 9100 Henri-Bourassa Montreal, Quebec, H1				

TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	sition and Information o			
Name	CAS#	% by Weight	TLV/PEL	LC ₅ /LD ₅₀
Indium	7440-74-6	10-30	TWA: 0.1 (mg/m²) from ACGIH (TLV) [1986] Total. TWA: 0.1 (mg/m²) from ACGIH TWA: 0.1 (mg/m²) from NIOSH	Not available.
Lead	7439-92-1	10-30	TWA: 0.05 (mg/m²) from ACGIH (TLV) TWA: 0.05 (mg/m²) from ACGIH TWA: 0.1 (mg/m²) from NIOSH	Not available.
Tin	7440-31-5	7-13	TWA: 2 STEL: 0.2 (mg/m²) from OSHA (PEL) [1997] Respirable. TWA: 2 (mg/m²) from OSHA (PEL) [1993] Respirable. JWA: 2 STEL: 0.2 (mg/m²) from ACGIH [1994] Respirable. TWA: 2 (mg/m²) from NIOSH	Not available.

Routes of Entry	fentification Eye contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin contact,	
Potential Acute Health Effects	Furnes and/or dusts produced by this product may be hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. This product may be hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, sensitizer).	
Potential Chrouic Health Effects	Furnes and/or dusts produced by this product may be hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. This product may be hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, sensitizer). CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: [LEAD]: Classified + (Proven) by OSHA, A3 (Proven for animal) by ACGIH, 2B (Possible for human) by IARC. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: PROVEN [Lead] The product may be toxic to blood, kidneys, liver, heart, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, the nervous system, reproductive system, spleen, brain, digestive system, gastro-intestinal tract, lungs. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated exposure to toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.	

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Section 4. First Aid N	Section 4. First Aid Measures		
Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. DO NOT use an eye ointment. Seek medical attention.		
Skin Contact	Prolonged and repeated contact with bare skin may cause irritation. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap.		
Hazardous Skin Contact	MOLTEN METAL causes SEVERE BURNS! In case of BURNS: DO NOT USE WATER. Cover with antiseptic cintment and steril gauze. Seek IMMEDIATE medical attention.		
Inhalation	Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek immediate medical attention.		
Hazardous Inhalation	No additional information.		
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.		
Hazardous Ingestion	No additional information.		

Section 5. Fire and Exp	plosion Data
Flammability of the Product	Non-flammable.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not applicable.
Flash Points	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits	Not applicable.
Products of Combustion	Not applicable.
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Not applicable.
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Non-explosive in presence of open flames and sparks, of shocks, of heat.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	Not applicable.
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	Massive metal is nonflammable.
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	No additional remark.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures			
Small Spill	MOLTEN METAL: Let cool before picking up and returning to process or recycling. OTHER: Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a container reserved to that effect.		
Large Spill	MOLTEN METAL: Let cool before picking up and returning to process or recycling. OTHER: Use appropriate instruments to put the spilled material in a container reserved to that effect.		

Section 7. Ha	ndling and Storage	
Handling	Wear suitable protective clothing. Use in a well ventilated area. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with scap and water.	
Storage	Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool and well-ventilated area. Highly toxic or infectious materials should be stored in a separate locked safety storage cabinet or room.	

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Section 8. Exposure Co	ontrols/Personal Protect	ion		
Engineering Controls	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.			
Personal Protection			coveralls, dust and fume respirator. Wear suitable Happroved respirator or equivalent.	
Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill	Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.			
Chemical Name or Product	Name CAS#	Exposure Limits		
indum	7440-74-6	TWA:0.1 (mg/m²) from ACGIH (TL TWA:0.1 (mg/m²) from ACGIH	M) [1986] Total.	
Lead	743 992- 1	TWA: 0.1 (mg/m²) from NCSH TWA: 0.05 (mg/m²) from ACGH (TI TWA: 0.05 (mg/m²) from ACGH	DV)	
Tin .	744031-5	TWA:0.1 (mg/rt) from NCSH TWA:2STEL:0.2 (mg/rt) from CS TWA:2 (mg/rt) from CSHA(FEL) TWA:2STEL:0.2 (mg/rt) from AC TWA:2 (mg/rt) from NCSH	[1993] Respirable.	

Section 9. Physical a	nd Chemical Properties	. : :	
Physical state and appearance	Solid.	Odor	Octorless.
Molecular Weight	Not applicable.	Taste	Not applicable.
pH (1% soln/water)	Not applicable.	Color	Silver-grey.
Boiling Point	Not available.		
Melting Point	58°C (136.4°F)		
Critical Temperature	Not available.		
Specific Gravity	9.24 (Water = 1)		
Vapor Pressure	Not available		
Vapor Density	Not available.		
Volatility	Not available.		
Odor Threshold	Not available.		
Evaporation rate	Not available.		
Viscosity	Not available.		
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	The product is insoluble in water and oil.		
Ionicity (in Water)	Non-ionic.		
Dispersion Properties	Is not dispersed in cold water, hot water, methanol,	diethyl ethe	er, n-octanol, acetone.
Solubility	Insoluble in cold water, hot water, methanol, diethyl	ether, n-ox	ctanol, acetone.
Physical Chemical Comments	Not available.		

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity Data		
Chemical Stability	The product is stable.	
Conditions of Instability Over melting point, toxic metallic oxides may be evolved.		
Incompatibility with various substances	Molten metal reacts violently with water.	
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Not available.	
Hazardous Polymerization	No.	

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.AIM 58

Section 11. Toxicologi	ical Information
Toxicity to Animals	LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.
Chronic Effects on Humans	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: [LEAD]: Classified + (Proven) by OSHA, A3 (Proven for animal) by ACGIH, 28 (Possible for human) by IARC. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: PROVEN [Lead] The product may be toxic to blood, kidneys, liver, heart, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, the nervous system, the reproductive system, spleen, brain, digestive system, gastro-intestinal tract, lungs.
Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Fumes and/or dusts produced by this product may be hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. This product may be hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, sensitizer).
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	No additional remark.
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	Human: LEAD crosses the placental barrier. CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE EFFECTS; Increase of LEAD LEVEL in blood, muscle soreness, metallic taste, abdominal cramps, headaches. Overexposure to fin oxide furnes may result in benigne pneumoconiosis (stannosis). Overexposure to furnes may cause irritation to the respiratory tract, digestive system and to the eyes. Repeated and prolonged contact with bare skin may cause irritation, dermatitis and/or an allergic reaction (sensitization) in susceptible individuals.
Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Hnmans	MOLTEN METAL can cause severe BURNS!

Section 12. Ecologica	I Information
Ecotoxicity	Not available.
BOD5 and COD	Not available.
Products of Biodegradation	Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.
Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation	The products of degradation are more toxic.
Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation	No additional remark.

Section 13. Disposal Con	siderations	
Waste Disposal Re	ecycle, if possible.	Consult your local or regional authorities.

Section 14. Transport	Section 14. Transport Information			
DOT Classification	Not a DOT controlled material (United States).			
Propper Shipping Name	Not applicable.			
DOT Identification Number	Not applicable.			
Packing Group	Not applicable.			
Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity	Not available.			
Special Provisions for Transport	Not applicable.			
TDG Classification	Not controlled under TDG (Canada).			
IMDG Classification	Not controlled under IMDG.			
LATA Classification	Not controlled under IATA.			

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Section 15. Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations

California prop. 65: This product contains [LEAD] for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm (female, male), which would require a warning under the statute.

California prop. 65 (no significant risk level): Lead: 0.0005 mg/day (inhalation)

Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Lead, Tirr,

Pennsylvania RTK: Indium; Lead; Tin;

Florida: Indium; Lead; Tin; Minnesota: Indium; Lead; Tin; Michigan critical material: Lead;

Massachusetts RTK: Indium; Lead; Tirr,

New Jersey: Lead; Tirt,

TSCA inventory: Bismuth; Indium; Lead; Tirr,

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification; Leadt delayed health hazard;

SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Lead: 0.1%;

CERCLA hazardous substances: Lead: 10 lbs. (4.536 kg);

NOTE:

BE AWARE THAT THESE REGULATIONS MAY NOT APPLY TO THE PARTICULAR FORM IN WHICH THIS

PRODUCT IS SOLD.

PLEASE CHECK WITH YOUR LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

Other Classifications

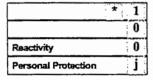
WHMIS (Canada) WHMIS CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC)
R33- Danger of cumulative effects.
R61- May cause harm to the unborn child.
R62- Possible risk of impaired fertility.

R20/22- Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.

Section 16. Other Information

HMIS (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health



Fire Hazard

Reactivity

Specific hazard

References

-ACGIH, Threshold Limit Values, 1994-1995. -Canada Gazette Part II, Vol. 122, No. 2 Registration SOR/88-64 31 December, 1987 Hazardous Products Act "Ingredient Disclosure List". -CFR29, OSHA's Permissible Exposure Limits, revision July, 1993. -CFR29, part 1910.1200, Hazard Communication. -Components' manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet. -CRC Handbook of chemistry and physics, 67 th edition, CRC Press inc., Boca Rota, Florida. -CSST (Comission de Santé et Sécurité au Travail), document #RT-12: Classification of Certain Chemical Substances. -NFPA, Fire Protection Guide to Chemical Hazards, 11th edition. -NIOSH, Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, revision June 1994. -TSCA (Toxic Substance Contral Act), Chemical Substance Inventory List, 1985. - IATA, Dangerous Goods Regulations, 37th edition (January 1, 1996). - LOUPRO vol. 13, Environmental Health & Safety Series II, Micromedex Inc.

Other Special Considerations

-ALL INGREDIENTS WITH SUSCEPTIBLE HAZARDS THAT ARE PRESENT IN A CONCENTRATION GREATER THAN 1 % (GREATER THAN 0.1 % FOR CARCINOGENS) HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED IN THIS SAFETY DOCUMENT.

Validated by C. Gosselin on 5/20/98. 😓

Verified by C. Gosselin.

Printed 8/20/99.

USA: Infotrac (800)535-5053

INTERNATIONAL: Infotrac (708)918-1900

CANADA: not available

Notice to Reader

To the best of mer knowledge, the information contained berein is occurred. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries accounts any liability whotoever for the occurrery or completeness of the information contained herein. Finel determination of swinklifty of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with cention. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that there are the only hazards that exist.

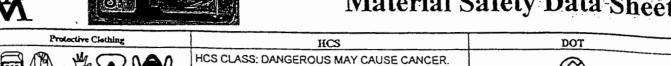




SMD 1 CHIP QUIK SMD Removal Kit

Flux Icc

Material Safety Data Sheet



HCS CLASS: Irritating substance. HCS CLASS: Target organ effects.

Common/Trade name	2 44 444		
Containory (rade insine	Sn63 291AX	CI#	Not applicable.
Synonyms	Sn63/Pb37 291 AX solder paste		
Chemical name	Not applicable.	DSL	Not available.
Chemical formula	Sr/Pb (metal)	- CAS#	Not applicable.
Chemical family	Metallic/organic mixture (Inert material/Metal.)	Code	SPSn63291AX
		Molecular weight	Not applicable.
Supplier	A.I.M. INC. 9100 Henri-Bourassa east, Montreal, Quebec, H1E 2S4 (514)494-2000	Manufacturer	A.I.M. Inc. 9100 Henri Bourassa east, Montreal, Quebec, H1E 2S4
Material uses .	Industrial applications: Electronics industry. Soldering		(514)494-2000

Section IA. Fir	Section IA. First Aid Measures		
Eye contact	Furnes may cause eye irritation. Flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.		
Skin contact	Prolonged and repeated contact with bear skin may cause irritation. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.		
विभव्यात्वेल्यड skin contact	MOLTEN METAL causes SEVERE BURNS! In case of BURNS: DO NOT USE WATER. Cover with antiseptic ointment and steril gauze. Seek IMMEDIATE medical attention.		
Slight inhalation	Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek immediate medical attention,		
Hazardous inhalation	Furnes: HARMFUL IF INHALED. Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.		
Slight ingestion	Remove dentures if any. Have conscious person drink several glasses of water or milk. INDUCE VOMITING by sticking finger in throat. Lower the head so that the vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. NEVER give an unconscious person anything to ingest. Seek medical attention.		
Hazardous ingestion	Fumes: Harmful if ingested. SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION		

Section II. Hazardous Ingredients				
Name	CAS#	% hy Weight	TLV/PEL	LC ₅₀ /1.D ₅₄
Lead	7439-92-1	31 0-36.0	TWA: 0.05 (mg/m³) from OSHA/NIOSH [1993]. TWA: 0.05 (mg/m³) from	Not available
Diethylene glycol dibutyl ether	112-73-2	1 0-5 0	ACGIH [1991] Not available	ORAL (LD50) mg/kg: Acute: 3900 (Rat).

Physical state and appearance	Solid. (Paste.)	Odor	Typical rosin
plf (1% soln/water)	Not applicable.	Taste	Not applicable
Odor threshold	Not available	Color	Dark grey
Volutility	Not available		
Melting point	183°C (361.4°F) based on metal alloy W	leighted average, 290 9)°C (555 6°F)

Sn63 291AX		Territory		
Boiling point	Not available.			
Specific gravity	Weighted average: 5.36 (Water = 1)			
Vapor density	Not available.			
Vapor pressure	Not available.			
Evaporation rate	Not applicable		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Viscosity	35-120 Kcps			
Water/oil dist. coeff.	Insoluble in water and oil.			
lonicity (surface active agent)	Non-ionic.			
Critical temperature	Not available.			
Instability temperature	330°C (626°F) based on data for; Lead.			
Conditions of instability	Stable in normal conditions. Over melting point, w	ill emit toxic lead and tin oxide	s furnes.	
Dispersion properties	Is not dispersed in cold water, hot water, methand See solubility in diethyl ether.	ol, diethyl ether, n-octanol, ace	tone.	
Solubility	Partially soluble in diethyl ether. Very slightly soluble in methanol. Insoluble in cold water, hot water, n-octanol, acet Partially soluble in isopropyl alcohol.	one.		

Section IV. Fire	and Explosion Data	
The product is:	Combustible.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Fire degradation products	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Some metallic oxides.	
Flash points	Not available.	
Flammable limits	Not available.	
Fire extinguishing procedures	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemicals, CO2, water spray or foam. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. DO NOT use water jet.	
t lamma bility	Slightly flammable in presence of alkalis. Very slightly flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat, of oxidizing materials. Non-flammable in presence of shocks, of reducing materials, of combustible materials, of organic materials, of metals, of acids, of moisture.	
	Remark Metallic part of product is nonflammable. The organic part may be flammable if exposed to direct flame.	
Risks of explosion	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available Non-explosive in presence of shocks, of heat.	
	Remark No additional remark.	

Section V. Rea	ctivity Data
Stability	The product is stable.
llazardous decomp. products	Not available.
Degradability	Not available.
Products of degradation	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Some metallic oxides The products of degradation are more toxic.
	Remark No additional remark.
Continued on A	

Sn63 291AX			
Corrosivity	Slightly corrosive in presence of copper. Non-corrosive in presence of glass, of steel, of aluminum, of zinc, of stainless steel(304), of stainless steel(316).		
	Remark No additional remark,		
Reactivity	Slightly reactive with oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.		
	Remark Incompatible with halogens and halogen trifluorides. (Tin)		

Section VI. Tox	icological Properties
_	Ingestion. Inhalation.
	Lead TWA: 0.05 (mg/m³) from OSHA/NIOSH [1993] TWA: 0.05 (mg/m³) from ACGIH [1991] Tin TWA: 2 (mg/m³) from ACGIH [1982] TWA: 2 (mg/m³) from OSHA/NIOSH [1993] Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.
Toxicity to animals	Not available.
	Remark No additional remark.
Chronic effects on humans	FUMES: Extremely dangerous in case of ingestion, of inhalation. Very dangerous in case of eye contact (irritant). Slightly dangerous in case of skin contact (irritant, sensitizer). CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 2A by IARC [Lead]. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 2A by IARC [Lead]. The substance is toxic to lungs, liver and reproductive system. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.
	Remark Overexposure to furnes may cause severe imitation to the respiratory tract and to the eyes. Overexposure to tin oxide furnes may result in benigne penumoconiosis (stannosis).
Acute effects on humans	FUMES: Very dangerous in case of ingestion, of inhalation. Very dangerous in case of eye contact (irritant). Slightly dangerous in case of skin contact (irritant, sensitizer). This product may irritate eyes and skin upon contact. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching.
	Remark Contact with skin can cause irritation. Contact with eyes can cause irritation. Fumes may irritate eyes, digestive system and respiratory tract.

Section VII. P.	reventive Measures
Waste disposal	Recycle to process, if possible. Consult your local or regional authorities.
Storage	Keep container dry. Keep in a cool place. Carcinogenic, teratogenic or mutagenic materials should be stored in a separate locked safety storage cabinet or room.
Precautions	Keep locked up. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. DO NOT ingest. DO NOT breathe dust. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles as oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.
Small spill and leak	MOLTEN METAL: Let cool before picking up and returning to process or recycling. OTHER: Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a container reserved to that effect.
Large spill and leak	Our data base contains no additional information in case of a large spill and/or a leak of the product.
Protective clothing in case of large spill	Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots, Gloves, A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Section VIII. Classification

DOT

Not a DOT controlled material (United States).



Not applicable (PIN and PG).

Remark

Not applicable.

HCS

HCS CLASS: DANGEROUS MAY CAUSE CANCER.

HCS CLASS: Imitating substance. HCS CLASS: Target organ effects.

Remark

No additional remark.

Section IX. Protective Clothing

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Gloves (disposable, vinyl). Fume respirator. Dust respirator. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.











Section X. Other Information

References

-Canada Gazette Part II, Vol. 122, No. 2 Registration SOR/88-64 31 December, 1987 Hazardous Products Act "Ingredient Disclosure List". -CFR29, OSHA's Permissible Exposure Limits, revision July, 1993. -CFR29, part 1910.1200, Hazard Communication. -Components' manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet. -CSST (Comission de Santé et Sécurité au Travail), document #RT-12: Classification of Certain Chemical Substances. -Material safety data sheet issued by: la Commission de la Santé et de la Sécurité du Travail du Québec. -NFPA, Fire Protection Guide to Chemical Hazards, 11th edition. -NIOSH, Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, revision June 1994: -TSCA (Toxic Substance Contral Act), Chemical Substance Inventory List, 1985.

-OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). -The following component(s) of this product is(are) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, 1988) and 40 CFR Part 372: LEAD. -This product is not regulated as hazardous by DOT, IMO, or IATA. -TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act): The components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory. -ALL INGREDIENTS WITH SUSCEPTIBLE HAZARDS THAT ARE PRESENT IN A CONCENTRATION GREATER THAN 1 % (GREATER THAN 0.1 % FOR CARCINOGENS) HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED IN THIS SAFETY DOCUMENT.

Validated by C. Gosselin on 6/18/96.

Verified by C. Gosselin.

Printed 6/18/96.

Emergency phone: Infotrac (800)535-5053 (USA), (708)918-1900 (International); (514)494-2000 (Canada)

To the best of our houseledge, the information contained hereto is occurring in completeness and makes the short named supplier nor very of the substituted actions any histology interpret or for the occurring or completeness of the information contained hereto. Plant determination of makes highest production of makes and threat and describe the standard transfer of makes and threat or occurring the control of the control o