



Function Generator

Model 72-14110 and 72-14111

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Chapter 1 Safety Information

1.1 Safety Terms and Symbols

Terms in the manual

The following terms may appear in the manual:

Warning: warning statement, pointing out conditions and behaviors that may endanger life safety.

Caution: cautionary statement, pointing out conditions and behaviors that may cause damage to the product and other properties.

Terms on the product

The following terms may appear on the product:

Danger: indicate that you may be immediately harmed when reading this sign.

Warning: indicate that you may not be immediately harmed when reading this sign.

Caution: indicate that the product or other properties may be damaged.

Symbols on the product

The following symbols may appear on the product



Alternating Current



Ground Terminal for Testing



Ground Terminal for Chassis



On/Off Button



High Voltage



Caution! Refer to Manual



Protective Ground Terminal

1.2 General Safety Overview

- This instrument is designed and manufactured in compliance with: G84793, IEC61010-1, CAT III 600V, Pollution Degree 2 and Double Insulation standards.
- When using electrical appliances basic safety precautions should always be followed.
- Check that the voltage indicated on the rating plate corresponds with that of the local network before connecting the appliance to the mains power supply.
- Please operate according to this manual, otherwise the protection provided by the device will be impaired or fail.
- This product must be grounded.
- This product is grounded through the earth wire in the mains lead. In order to prevent electric shock, please check whether the power socket to be used for the product is grounded. Please ensure that the protective ground terminal of the product is reliably connected to the ground terminal of power line before connecting any input or output terminal.
- This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience or knowledge. They should be given supervision and instruction in the use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
- Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.
- There are no user-serviceable parts in this product. Refer servicing to qualified personnel.
- In order to prevent fire or electric shock, please pay attention to all rated values and modes of the product. Please read user's manual before connection of the product to further understand information about rated values.
- Check the test leads, cables and case insulation before using. If you find any breakage or abnormality, or you consider the device is broken, stop using the device immediately.
- Do not use the product for any purpose other than that for which it is designed.
- Don't insert metal objects into input or output terminal of the product.
- If you suspect that the product is damaged, please ask qualified maintenance personnel to inspect.
- Never operate the product with the cover removed.
- Do not operate or store in an environment of high humidity or where moisture may enter the product.
- Do not use the meter around explosive gas or vapour.
- Disconnect from the supply when not in use.

Chapter 2

Brief Introduction of Tenma Series

Function/Arbitrary Waveform Generator

This device is economical, high-performance, multi-functional single channel waveform generators. It uses direct digital synthesis (DDS) technology to produce accurate and stable waveforms, with a resolution as low as 1 μ Hz. It can generate accurate, stable, pure and low distortion output signals; also can provide high-frequency vertical edge square waves. UTG1000's convenient interface, superior technical indexes and user-friendly graphical display style can help users to complete tasks quickly and improve work efficiency.

2.1 Main Characteristics

- Sine wave output of 20MHz/10MHz/5MHz, full frequency range resolution is 1 μ Hz
- Square wave/pulse waveform of 5MHz, and its rising, falling, and duty cycle time are adjustable
- Using DDS implementation method, with 125M/s sampling rate and 14bits vertical resolution
- 6-bit high precision frequency counter that is TTL level compatible
- Arbitrary waveform storage of 2048 points, and it can store up to 16 groups of nonvolatile digital arbitrary waveforms
- Abundant modulation types: AM, FM, PM, ASK, FSK, PSK, PWM
- Powerful PC software
- 4.3-inch high resolution TFT liquid crystal display
- Standard configuration interface: USB Device
- Supports internal/external modulation and internal/external/manual trigger
- Supports sweep output
- Easy-to-use multifunctional control and number keyboard

2.2 Introduction of Panels and Keys

2.2.1 Front Panel

Function/arbitrary waveform generator provides users with a simple, intuitive, and easy to operate front panel. The front panel is shown in figure 2-1:

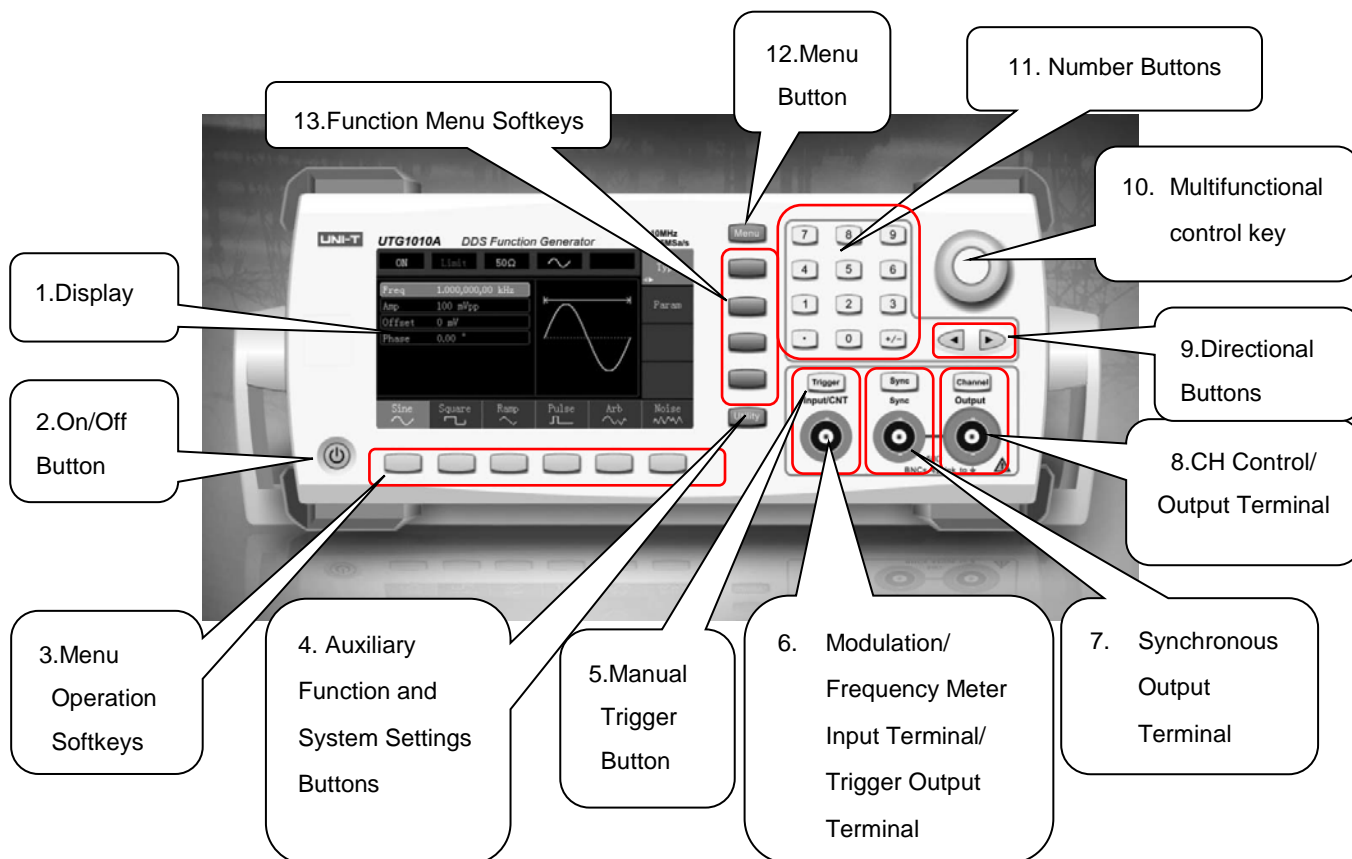


Figure 2-1 Structure of front panel

1. Display Screen

4.3-inch TFT LCD displays high-resolution output state, function menu, and other important channel information. It is designed to make human-computer interaction more convenient to improve work efficiency.

2. On/Off Button

To turn on/off the device, press this button and its backlight will turn on (orange), the display will show the function interface after the boot screen.

3. Menu Operation Softkeys

Correspondingly select or check the label contents by identifications of softkey labels (at the bottom of function interface).

4. Auxiliary Function and System Settings Button

This button includes 3 function labels: Channel settings, frequency meter, and system. A highlighted label (the midpoint of the label is gray and font is pure white) has a corresponding sub label at the bottom of the display.

5. Manual Trigger Button

Setting trigger, and carrying out manual trigger when flashing.

6. Modulation/Frequency Meter Input Terminal/Trigger Output Terminal

During AM, FM, PM or PWM signal modulation, when modulation source is external, modulation signal is input through external modulation input. When frequency meter function is on, the signal to be measured is input through this interface; when manual trigger for channel signal is enabled, manual trigger signal is output through this interface.

7. Synchronous Output Terminal

This button controls whether open synchronous output or not.

8. CH Control/ Output

Channel output can be turned on/off quickly by pressing **Channel** button, also can be set by pressing **Utility** button to pop-up the label, then pressing the **Channel** Setting softkey.

9. Direction Buttons

When setting parameters, move left and right to change number bit.

10. Multifunctional Control and Button

Rotate the multifunctional control to change numbers (rotate clockwise and numbers increase) or use the multifunctional control as direction button. Press the multifunctional control to select function, set parameters and confirm selection.

11. Number Keyboard

Number keyboard is used to enter parameter number 0 to 9, decimal point "." and symbol key "+/-". Decimal point can change units quickly.

12. Menu Button

Three function labels will display by pressing the menu button: Waveform, Modulation, and Sweep. Press the corresponding menu function softkey to access its function.

13. Functional Menu Softkeys

To select function menu options quickly.

2.2.2 Back Panel



Figure 2-2 Structure of back panel

1. USB Interface

PC software is connected through this USB interface.

2. Heat Dissipation Holes

To ensure this instrument dissipate heat well, please do not block these holes.

3. Protection Fuse

When AC input current is more than 2A, the fuse will cut off the AC input to protect the device.

4. Main Power Switch

Press down on "I" to power the instrument, and press down on "O" to cut off AC input.

5. AC Power Input Terminal

This device supports AC power from 100V to 240V, 45Hz to 440 Hz.

2.2.3 Function interface

Function interface is shown in figure 2-3:

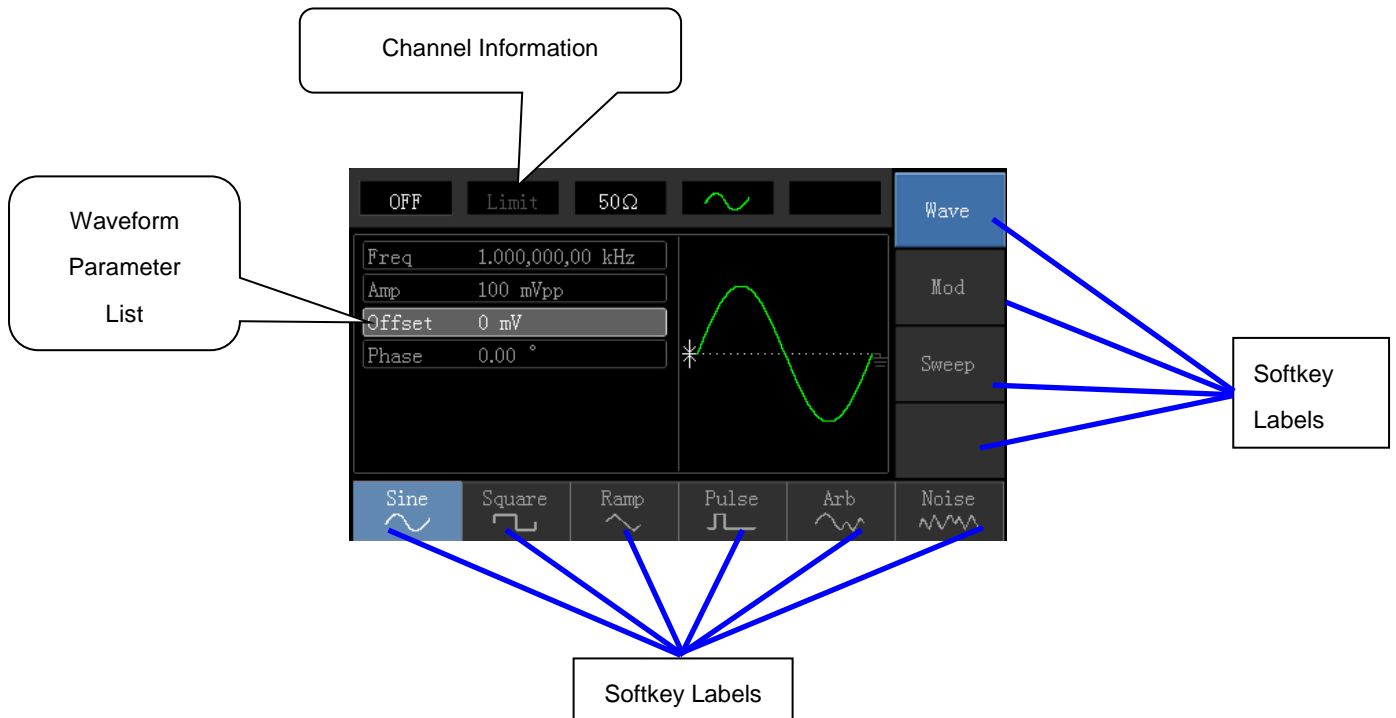


Figure 2-3 Function interface

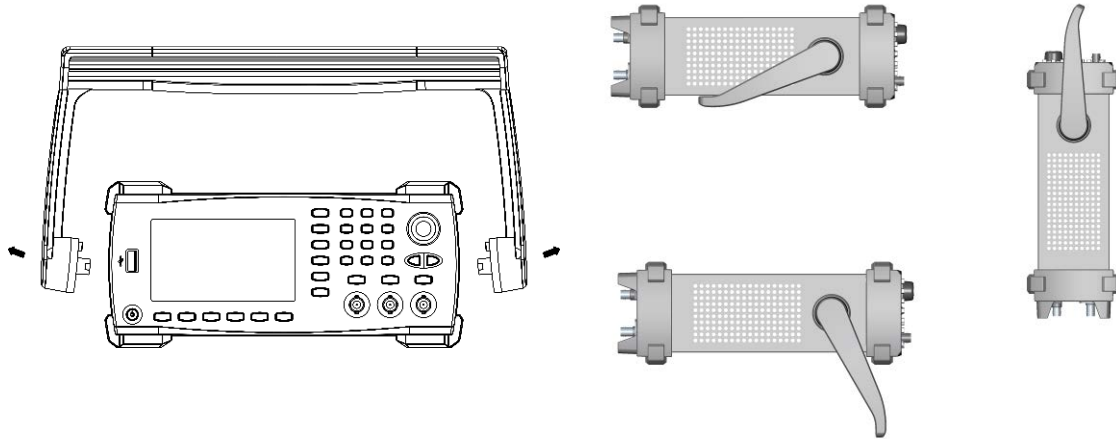
Detailed Description:

- ✧ Channel information: 1) “ON/OFF” on the left is channel open information. 2) There is a “Limit” logo indicates output range limit where white is valid and grey is invalid. The matched impedance of output terminal (1Ω to 1KΩ adjustable, or high resistance, factory default is 50Ω). 3) The right side is the current valid waveform.
- ✧ Softkey labels: Softkey labels are used for identifying menu softkey functions and menu operation softkey functions.
 - 1) Labels on the right of screen: Highlighted display indicates that the label is selected. If not, press corresponding softkey to select.
 - a) Labels at the bottom of screen: Sub label content belongs to the next category of **Type** label. Press corresponding button to select sub labels.
- ✧ Waveform Parameter List: Displays parameters of current waveform in a list.
- ✧ Waveform Display Area: Displays current channel's waveform.

Chapter 3 Quick Start

3.1 Handle Adjustment

The Tenma Series Function/Arbitrary Waveform Generator handle can be adjusted to carry and also support the unit. If the handle position needs to be changed, please hold the handle on both sides and pull out, then rotate the handle to the desired position, as shown in figure below:



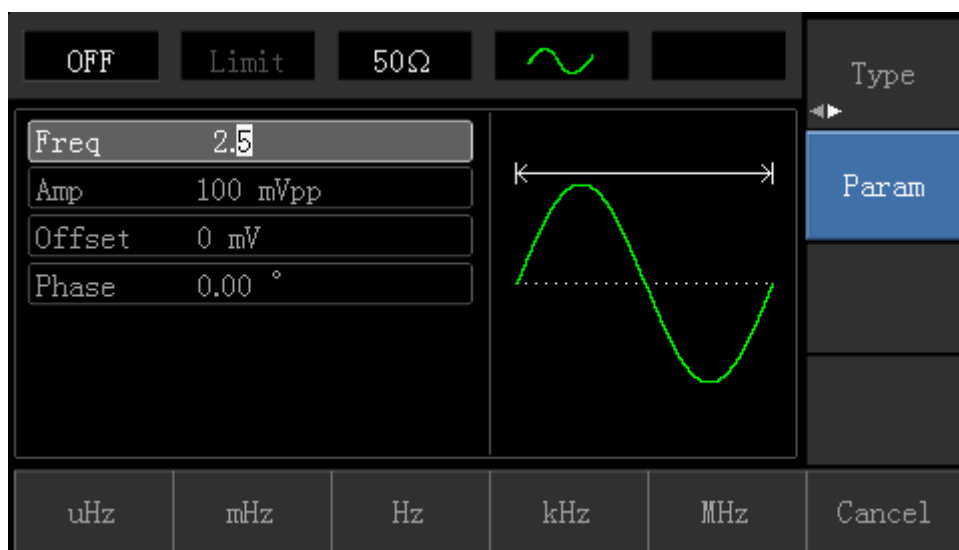
3.2 Basic Waveform Output

3.2.1 Frequency Setting

Default waveform: A sine wave of 1kHz frequency and 100mV amplitude (with 50Ω termination).

For example the specific steps for changing the frequency to 2.5MHz are shown as follows:

- Press **Menu**→**Waveform**→**Parameter**→**Frequency** in turn to frequency setting mode. Set parameters by pressing **Frequency** softkey to change frequency and period.
- Use number keyboard to input the required number of 2.5.
- Select corresponding unit MHz.



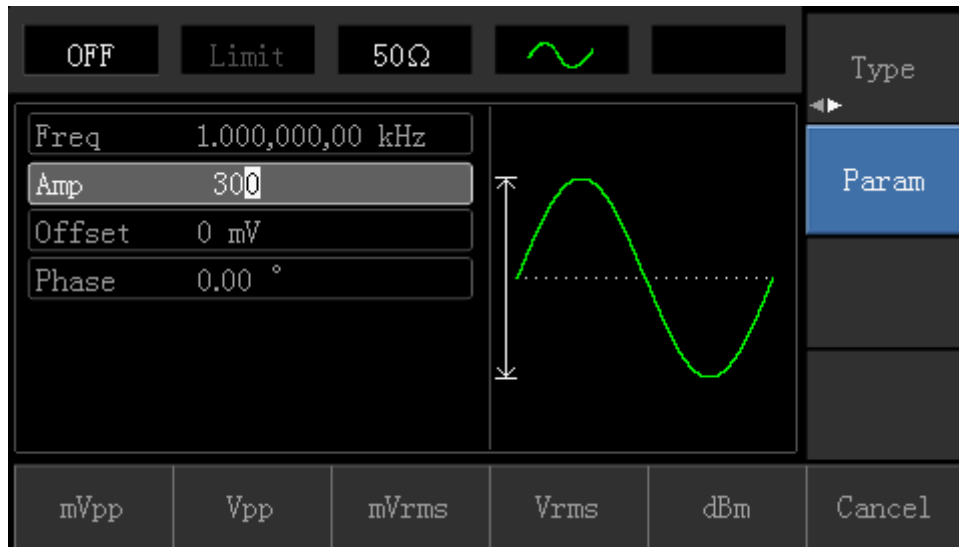
3.2.2 Amplitude Setting

Default waveform: A sine wave of 100mV peak-peak value with 50Ω termination.

Steps for changing the amplitude to 300mV are shown as follows:

1. Press **Menu**→**Waveform**→**Parameter**→**Amplitude** in turn. Press **Amplitude** softkey again can switch between Vpp, Vrms, and dBm.
2. Use number keys to input 300.
3. Select required unit: Press unit softkey Vpp.

Note: This parameter can be set by multifunctional control and direction buttons.

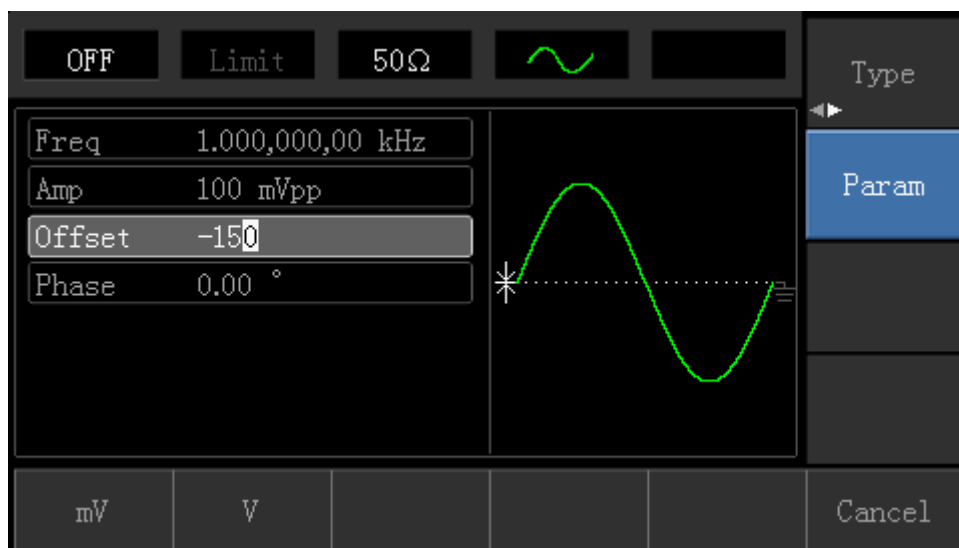


3.2.3 DC Offset Voltage Setting

The default waveform is a sine wave with 0V DC offset voltage (with 50Ω termination).

Steps for changing DC offset voltage to -150mV are shown as follows:

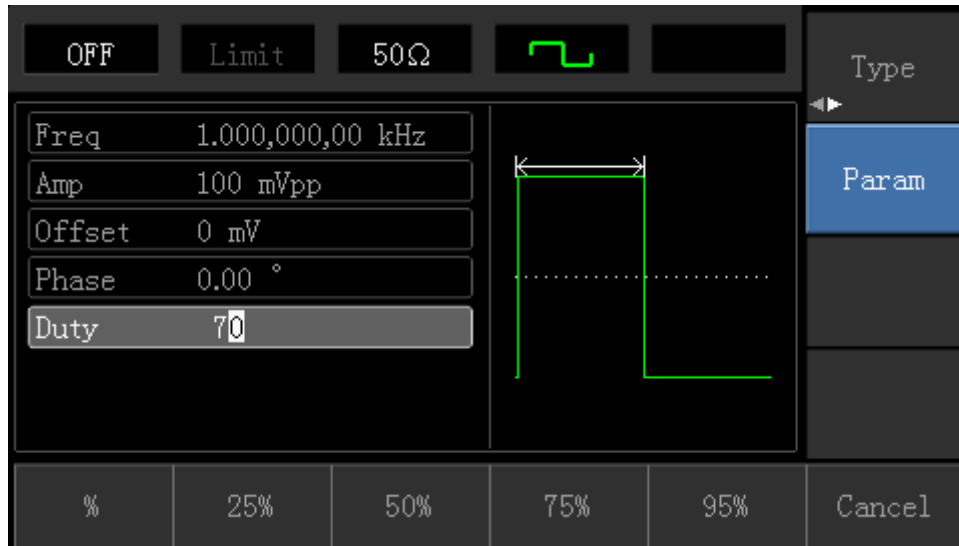
1. Press **Menu**→**Waveform**→**Parameter**→**Offset** to enter parameter setting.
2. Use number keys to input the required number of -150.
3. Select corresponding unit mV.



Note: This parameter can be set by multifunctional control and direction buttons.

3.2.4 Square Wave Setting

Press **Menu**→**Waveform**→**Type**→**Squarewave**→**Parameter** in turn (press **Type** softkey to select only when **Type** label is not highlighted). If parameter needs to be set, press corresponding softkey to enter required numerical value and select the unit.



Note: This parameter can be set by multifunctional control and direction buttons.

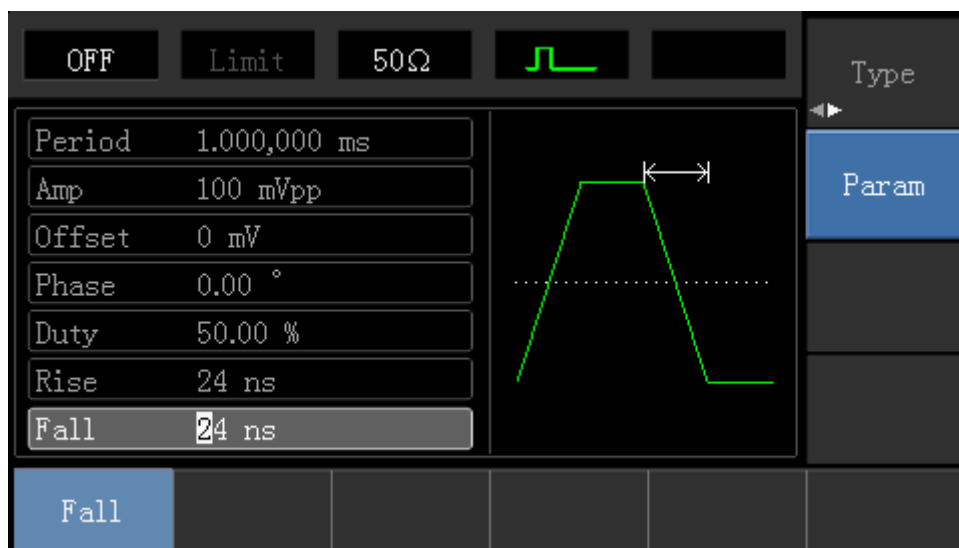
3.2.5 Pulse Wave Setting

Default duty cycle of pulse wave is 50% and rising/falling edge time is 1us.

Steps for setting square wave with 2ms period, 1.5Vpp amplitude, 0V DC offset and 25% duty cycle (limited by the minimum pulse width specification 80ns), 200us rising time and 200us falling time are as follows:

Press **Menu**→**Waveform**→**Type**→**PulseWave**→**Parameter** in turn, then press **Frequency** softkey to switch to Period. Enter required number value and select the unit. When entering duty cycle value, there is a quick label at the bottom of display, and select 25%.

If need to set falling edge time, press **Parameter** softkey or rotate multifunctional control to the right to enter sub label, then press **Falling Edge** softkey to enter required number and select unit.



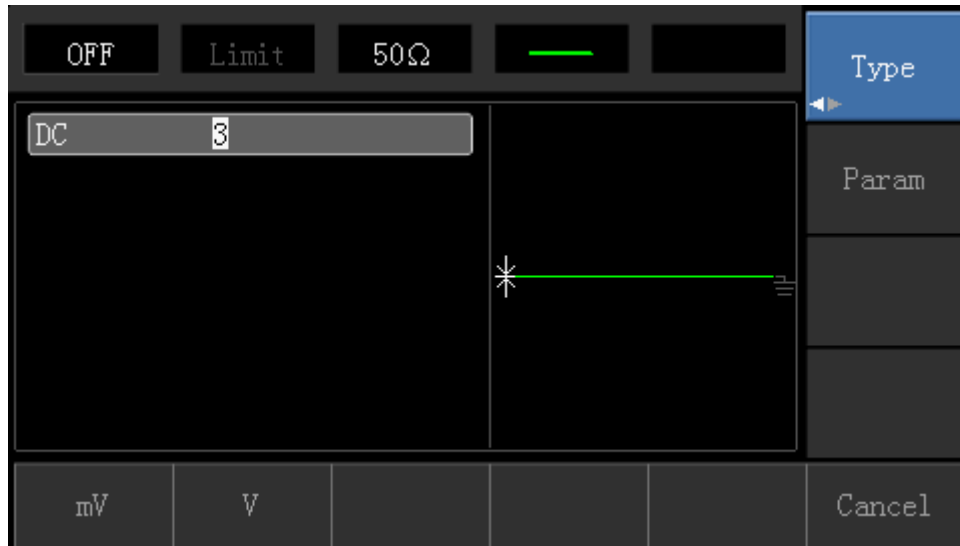
Note: This parameter can be set by multifunctional control and direction buttons.

3.2.6 DC Voltage Setting

DC voltage output is the setting of DC offset on powering on.

Steps for changing DC offset voltage to 3V are seen as follows:

1. Press **Menu**→**Waveform**→**Type**→**DC** in turn to enter parameter setting mode.
2. Use number keyboard to input the required number of 3.
3. Select required unit V



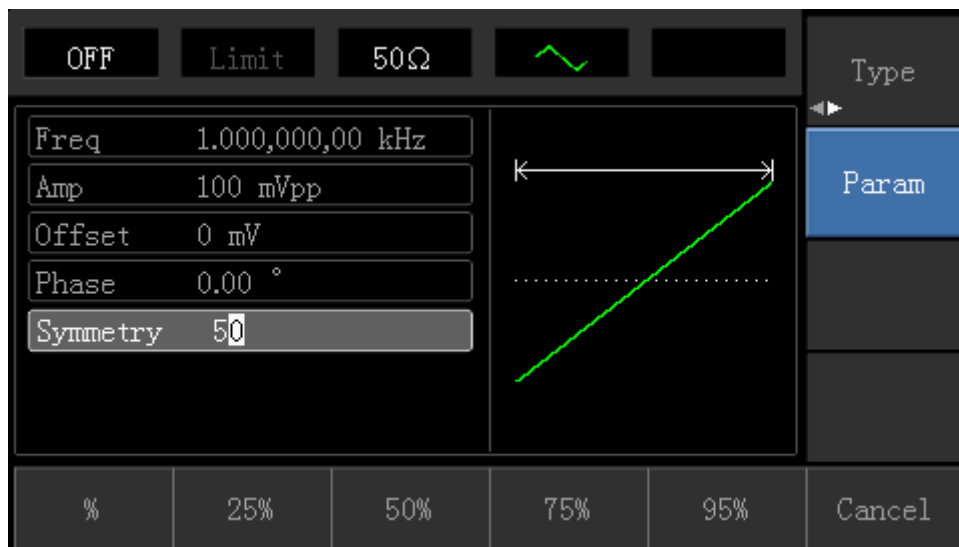
Note: This parameter can be set by multifunctional control and direction buttons.

3.2.7 Ramp Wave Setting

Default symmetry degree of ramp wave is 100%.

Steps for setting triangular wave with 10kHz frequency, 2V amplitude, 0V DC offset and 50% duty cycle are shown as follows:

Press **Menu**→**Waveform**→**Type**→**RampWave**→**Parameter** in turn to enter parameter setting mode. Select parameter to enter edit mode, then input required numbers and select unit. Note: When enter symmetry degree value, there is a **50%** label at the bottom of display, press corresponding softkey or use number keyboard.



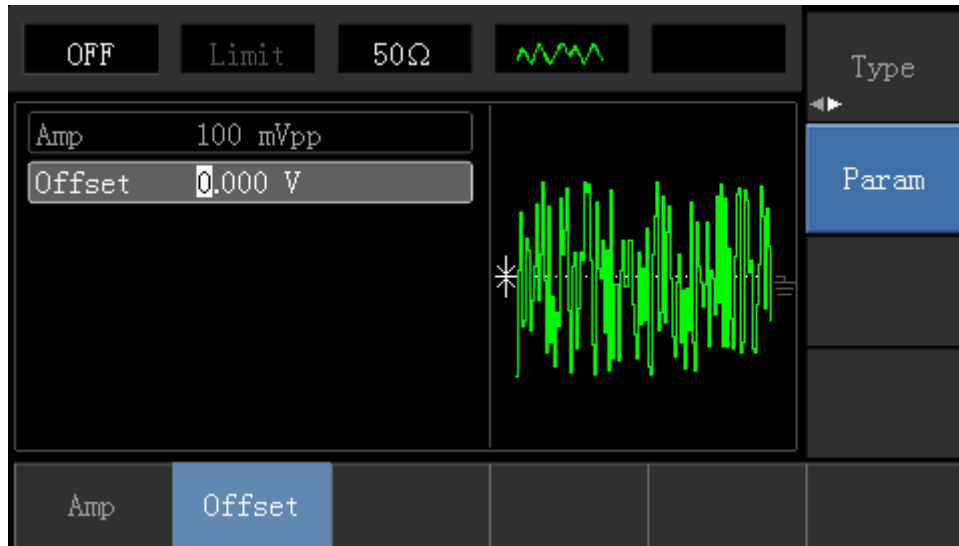
Note: This parameter can be set by multifunctional control and direction buttons.

3.2.8 Noise Wave Setting

Default Quasi Gauss noise amplitude is 100mVpp and DC offset is 0mV.

Steps for setting Quasi Gauss noise with 300mVpp amplitude and 1V DC offset are shown as follows:

Press **Menu**→**Waveform**→**Type**→**Noise**→**Parameter** in turn to enter parameter editing mode. After setting, enter required number and unit.



Note: This parameter can be set by multifunctional control and direction buttons.


3.3 Frequency Measurement

This device is suitable for measuring frequency and duty cycle of TTL compatible signals, with frequency range of 1Hz to 100MHz. The frequency meter takes signal through the input interface (Input/CNT terminal). Press **Utility** then **Counter** to collect Frequency, Period, and Duty Cycle values from input signal. Note: When there is no signal input, frequency meter parameter list always shows last measurement value. Frequency meter will refresh only when new TTL compatible signal is present at the Input/CNT terminal.



3.4 Built-in Help System

The built-in help system provides relevant information for any button or menu softkey. You also can use help topic list to get help. Operations for buttons help information are shown as following:

Long press any softkey or button to display relevant information. If the content is more than 1 screen size, use  softkey or multifunctional control to display the next screen. Press "Return" to exit.

Note!

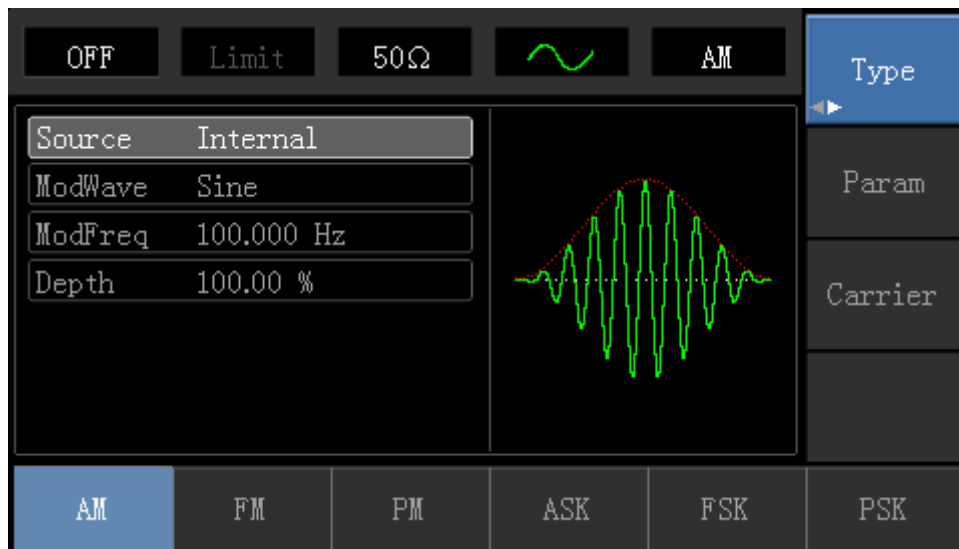
The built-in help system provides simplified Chinese and English languages. All information, context help and help topic are displayed in selected language. Language setting: Utility→System→Language.

Chapter 4 Advanced Applications

4.1 Modulation Waveform Output

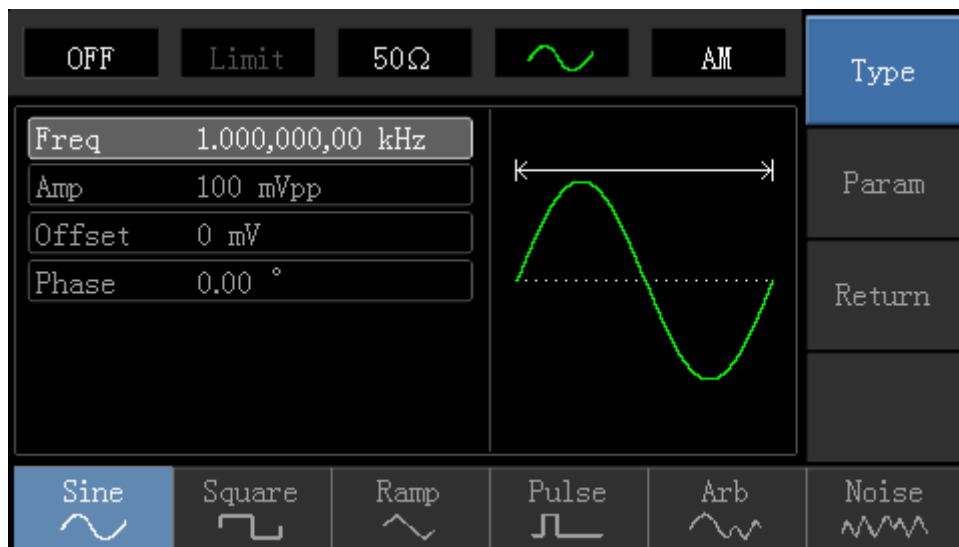
4.1.1 Amplitude Modulation (AM)

Press **Menu**→**Modulation**→**Type**→**Amplitude Modulation** in turn to start the AM function. Then the modulated waveform will output with modulation waveform and carrier wave set.



Select carrier waveform

AM carrier waveform can be: sine wave, square wave, ramp wave or arbitrary wave (except DC), and the default is sine wave. After selecting AM modulation, press Carrier Wave Parameter softkey to enter carrier waveform selection interface.



Carrier Wave Frequency Setting

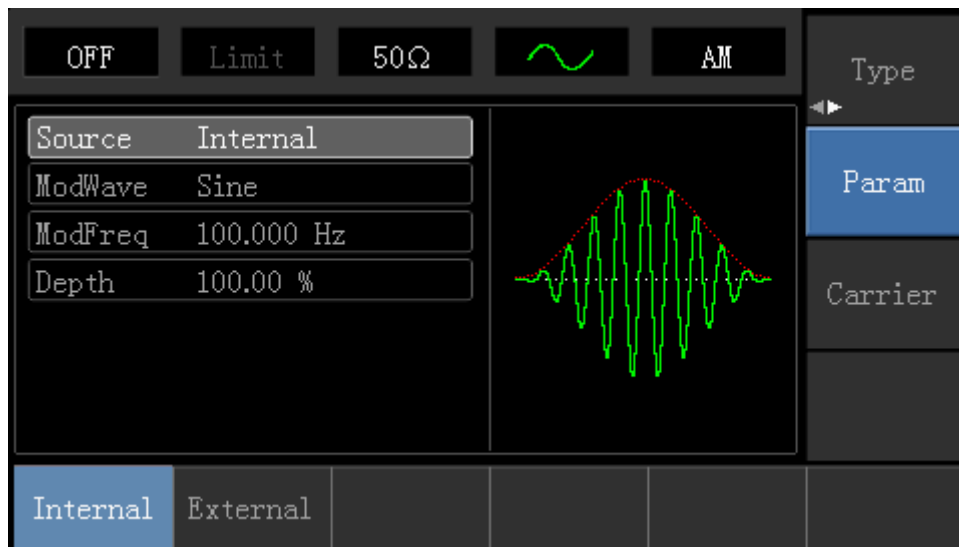
Settable carrier wave frequency range is different for different carrier waveforms. Default frequency of all carrier wave is 1kHz. The frequency setting range of each carrier wave can be seen in the following table:

Carrier Wave	Frequency			
	UTG1010A		UTG1005A	
	Minimum Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Sine Wave	1μHz	10MHz	1μHz	5MHz
Square wave	1μHz	5MHz	1μHz	5MHz
Ramp Wave	1μHz	400kHz	1μHz	400KHz
Arbitrary Wave	1μHz	2MHz	1μHz	1MHz

To set carrier frequency, please press **Parameter**→**Frequency** softkey, then enter required numerical value, and select unit after selecting carrier waveform.

Modulation Source Selection

This device can select internal modulation source or external modulation source. After enabling AM function, the default modulation source is internal. If need to change press **Parameter**→**ModulationSource**→**External** in turn.



1) Internal Source

When modulation source is internal, modulation wave can be: sine wave, square wave, rising ramp wave, falling ramp wave, arbitrary wave and noise. After enabling AM function, the default of modulation wave is sine wave. If need to change it, press **Carrier Wave** → **Parameter** → **Type** in turn.

- Square wave: duty cycle is 50%
- Rising Ramp Wave: symmetry degree is 100%
- Falling Ramp Wave: symmetry degree is 0%
- Arbitrary Wave: when arbitrary wave is modulated waveform, DDS function generator limits arbitrary wave length as 1kpts in the way of random selection
- Noise: White Gauss noise

2) External Source

When modulation source is external, parameter list will hide the modulation wave option and modulation frequency option, and carrier waveform will be modulated by an external waveform. AM modulation depth is controlled by $\pm 5V$ signal level of external modulation input terminal. For example, if modulation depth value is set to 100%, AM output amplitude is the maximum when external modulation signal is +5V, AM output amplitude is the minimum when external modulation signal is -5V.

Modulation Shape Frequency Setting

When modulation source is internal, frequency of modulation shape can be modulated. After enabling AM function, range of modulation wave frequency is 2mHz~50kHz (default is 100Hz). Press **Parameter** → **Modulation Frequency** to change. When modulation source is external, parameter list will hide the modulation shape option and modulation frequency option, and carrier waveform will be modulated by an external waveform. The range of modulation signal input from external is 0Hz~ 20Hz.

Modulation Depth Setting

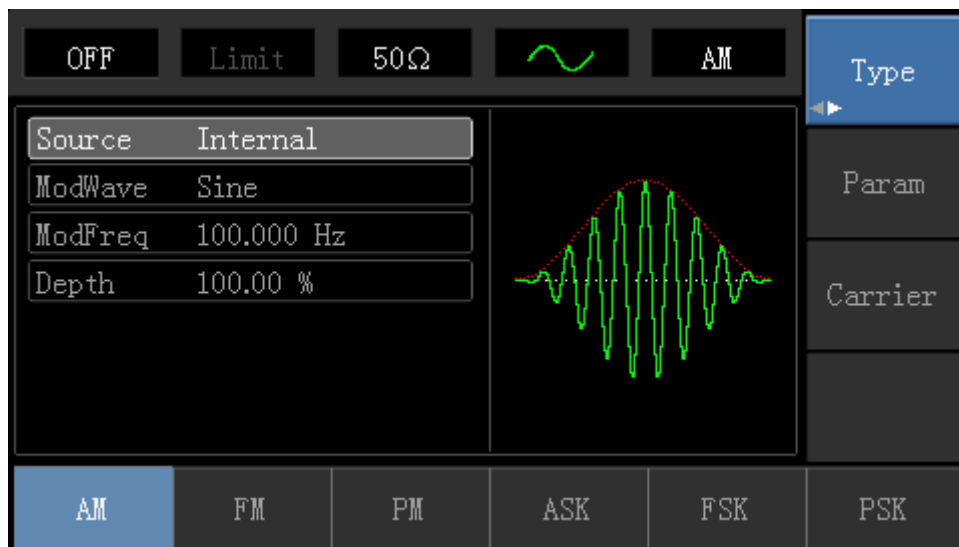
Modulation depth indicates the extent of amplitude variation and is expressed as percentage. Suitable setting range of AM modulation depth is 0% to 120%, and the default is 100%. When modulation depth is set to 0%, the constant amplitude (a half of the carrier wave amplitude that has been set) is output. Output amplitude changes as modulation waveform changes when modulation depth is set to 100%. The instrument output a peak-peak voltage less than $\pm 5V$ (is connected with 50Ω terminal) when modulation depth is more than 100%. If need to change, press **Parameter**→**Modulation Depth** in amplitude function interface. When modulation source is external, output amplitude of the instrument is controlled by $\pm 5V$ signal level of external modulation input terminal (Input/CNT probe) in rear panel. For example, if modulation depth value in parameter list has been set to 100%, AM output amplitude is the maximum when external modulation signal is +5V, AM output amplitude is the minimum when external modulation signal is -5V.

Comprehensive Example

Firstly, make the instrument work in amplitude modulation (AM) mode, then set a sine wave with 200Hz from the internal of the instrument as a modulation signal and a square wave with frequency of 10kHz, amplitude of 200mVpp and duty cycle of 45% as a carrier wave signal. Finally, set modulation depth to 80%. Specific steps are seen as following:

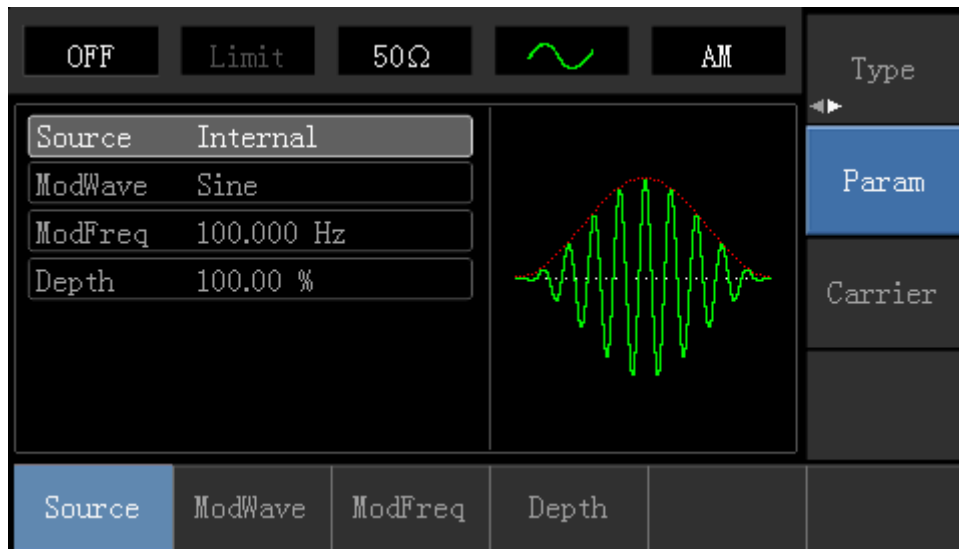
1) Enable Amplitude Modulation (AM) Function

Press **Menu**→**Modulation**→**Type**→**Amplitude Modulation** in turn.

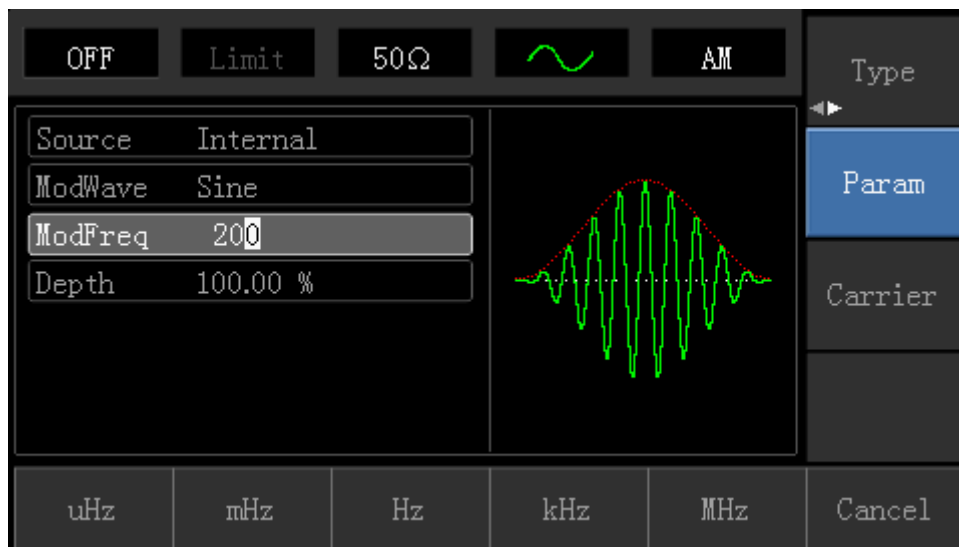


2) Set Modulation Signal Parameter

After enabling the AM function, press **Parameter** softkey and the interface will appear as following:

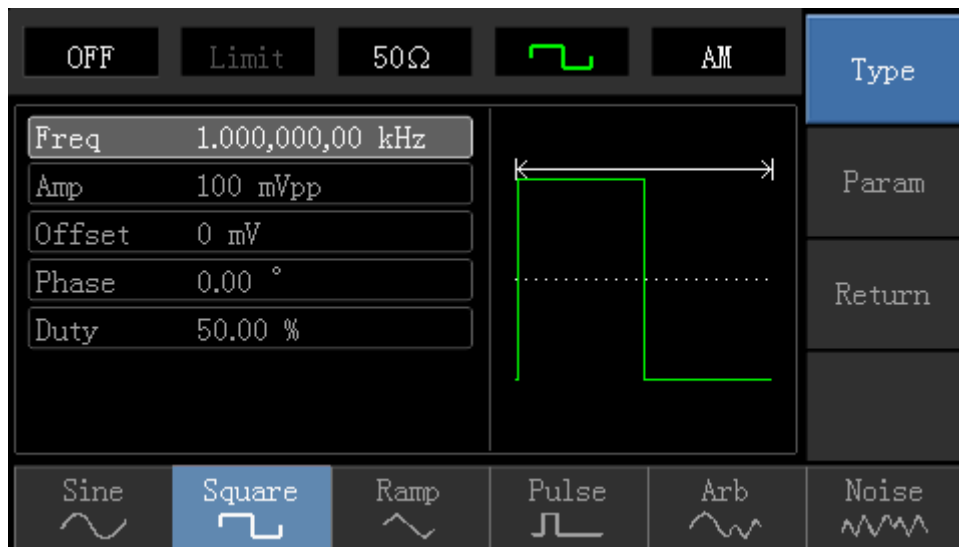


Press corresponding softkey, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.

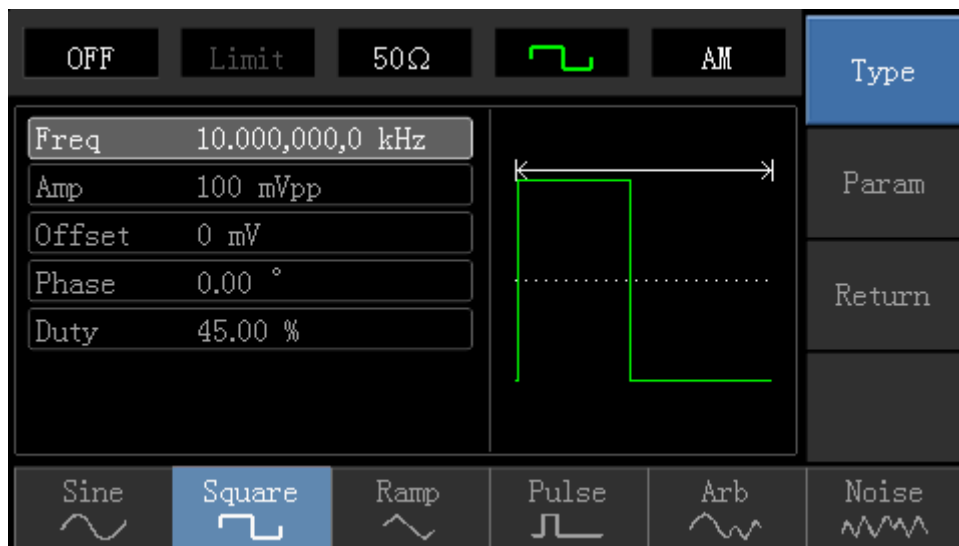


3) Set Carrier Wave Signal Parameter

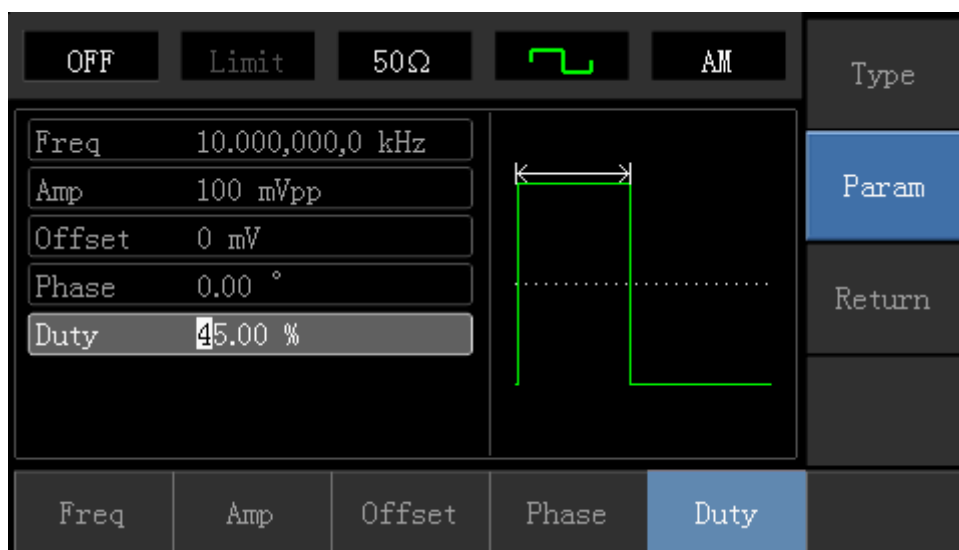
Press **Carrier Wave Parameter** → **Type** → **Square Wave** in turn to select square wave as carrier wave signal.



Press **Parameter** softkey again, and the interface will pop up as following:

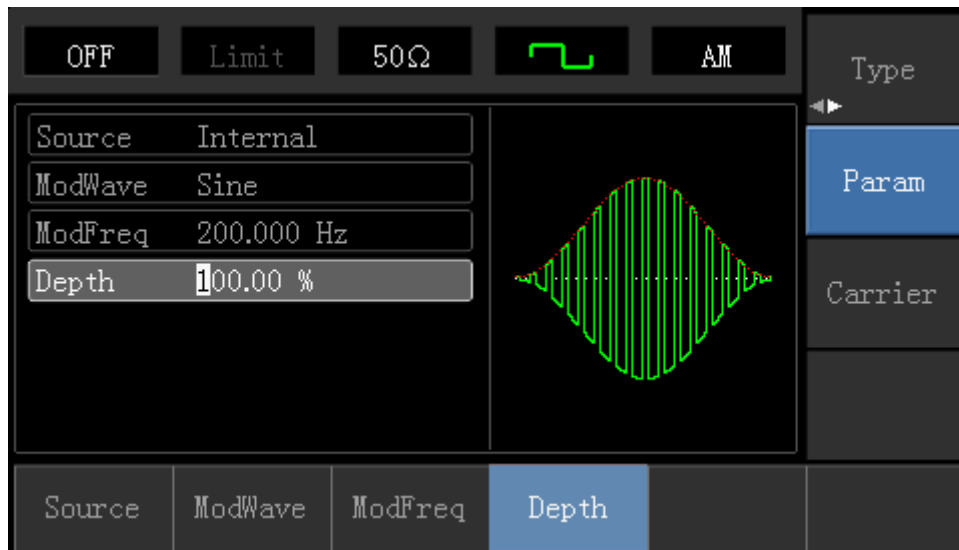


Press corresponding softkey, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.

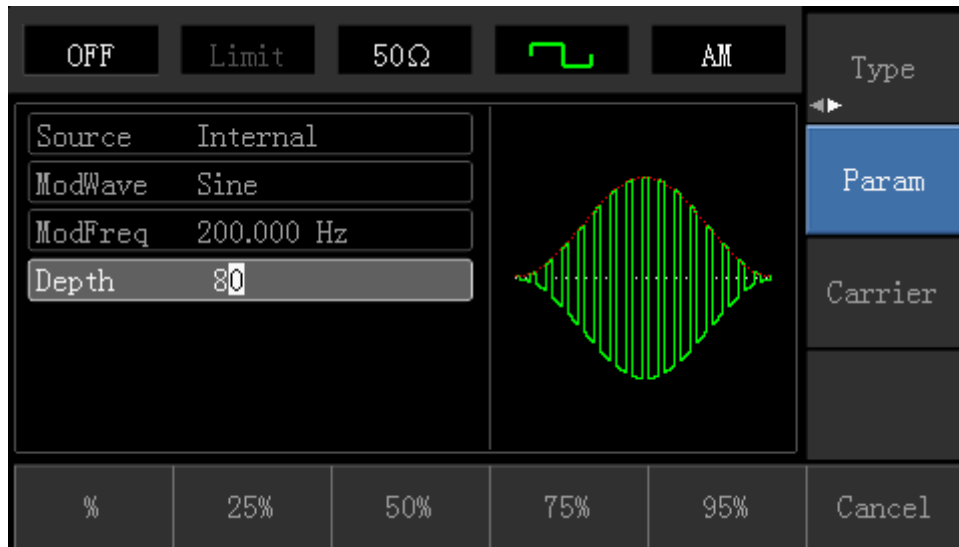


4) Set Modulation Depth

After setting carrier wave parameter, press **Return** softkey to back to the following interface for setting modulation depth.

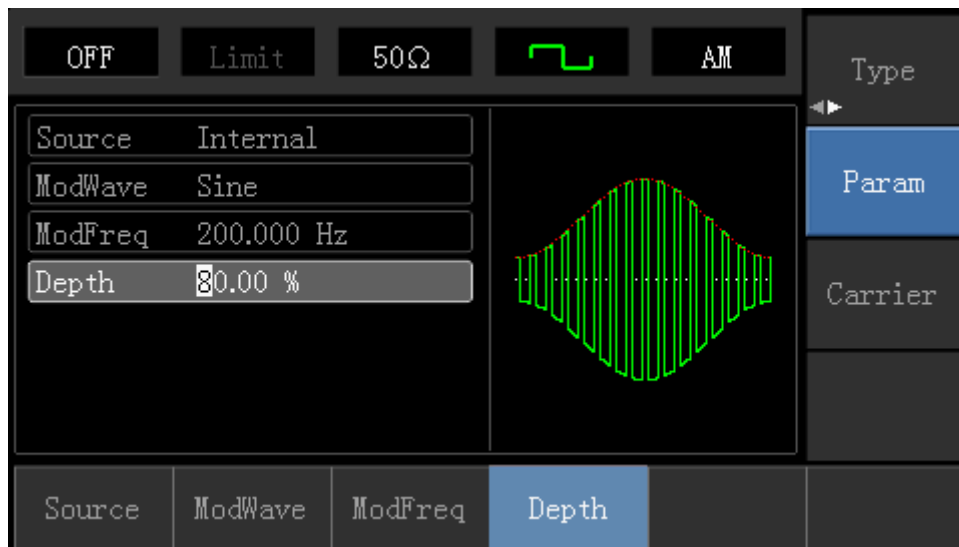


Press **Parameter** → **Modulation Degree** softkey again, then enter number 80 and press **%** softkey with number keyboard for setting modulation depth.

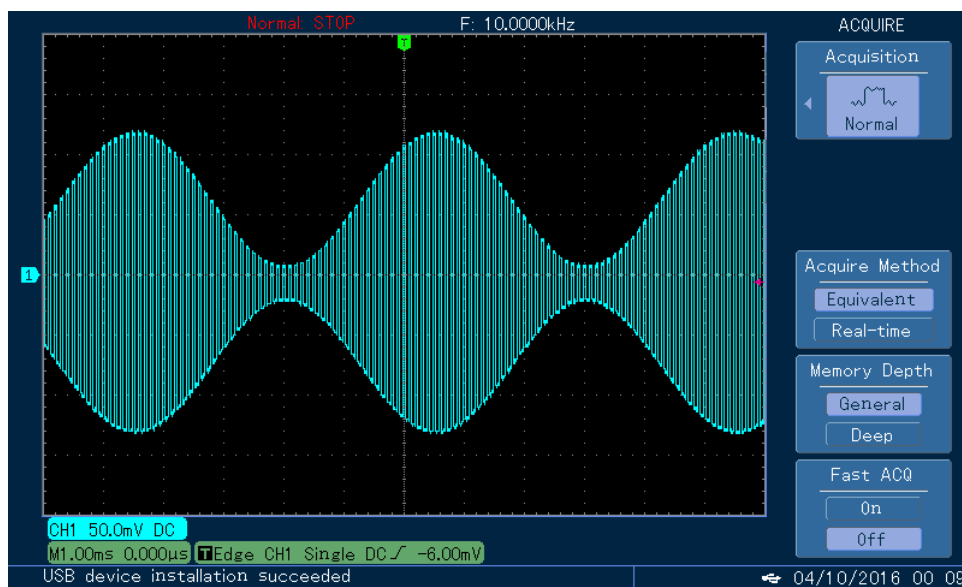


5) Enable Channel Output

Press **Channel** button start channel output quickly. Or enable output by pressing **Channel Setup** softkey after pressing **Utility** button and popping up labels. After channel output is opened, backlight of **Channel** button is on, and on the right side of channel information label, the font “OFF” changes to “ON”, meaning open channel output.



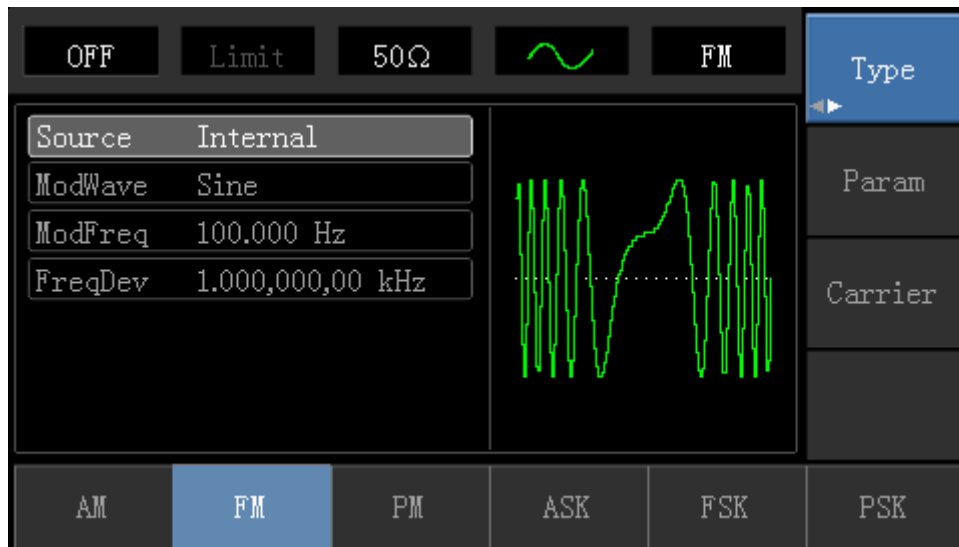
The shape of AM modulation waveform checked through oscilloscope is shown as following:



4.1.2 Frequency Modulation (FM)

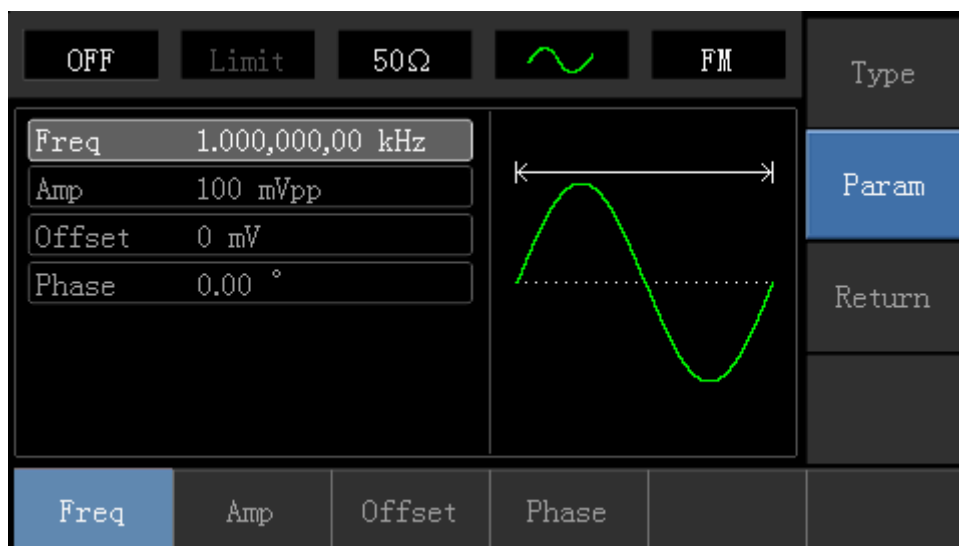
In frequency modulation, modulated waveform is usually composed of carrier wave and modulation shape. Carrier wave frequency will change as the amplitude of modulation shape changes.

Press **Menu**→**Modulation**→**Type**→**Frequency Modulation** in turn to start the FM function. The device will output modulated waveform with modulation waveform and carrier wave set currently.



Carrier Wave Waveform Selection

FM carrier waveform can be: Sine wave, square wave, ramp wave, pulse wave, arbitrary wave (except DC) and noise (the default is sine wave). After selecting FM modulation, press **Carrier Wave Parameter** softkey to enter carrier waveform selection interface.



Carrier Wave Frequency Setting

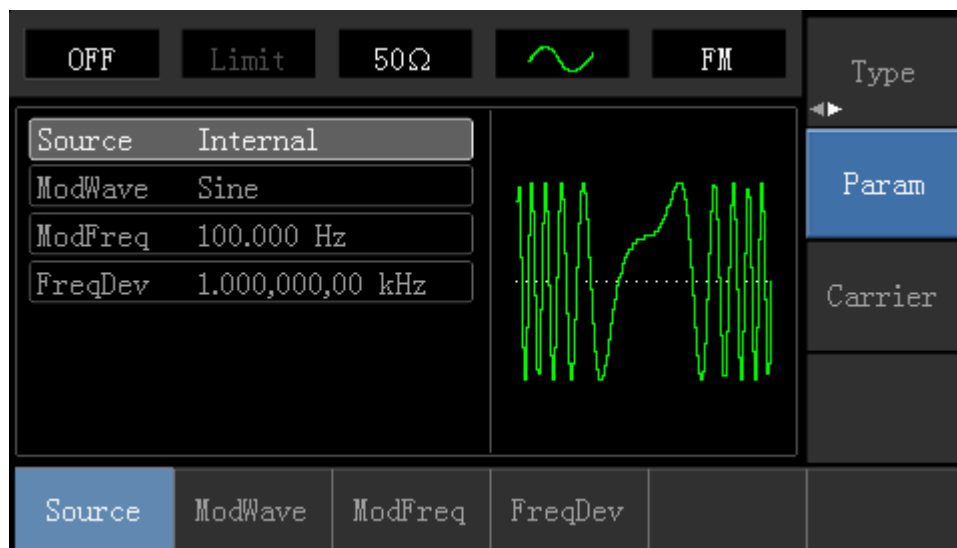
Settable carrier wave frequency range is different of different carrier waveform. Default frequency of all carrier wave is 1kHz. The frequency setting range of each carrier wave can be seen in the following table:

Carrier Waveform	Frequency			
	72-14111		72-14110	
	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
Sine Wave	1 μ Hz	10MHz	1 μ Hz	5MHz
Square wave	1 μ Hz	5MHz	1 μ Hz	5MHz
Ramp Wave	1 μ Hz	400kHz	1 μ Hz	400KHz
Arbitrary Wave	1 μ Hz	2MHz	1 μ Hz	1MHz

Press **Parameter** → **Frequency** softkey in turn to set carrier wave frequency, then enter required numerical value, and select unit.

Modulation Source Selection

This device can select internal modulation source or external modulation source. After enabling FM function, the default of modulation source is internal. If need to change, press



1) Internal Source

When modulation source is internal, modulation wave can be: sine wave, square wave, rising ramp wave, falling ramp wave, arbitrary wave and noise. After enabling FM function, the default of modulation wave is sine wave. If need to change, press **Carrier Wave** → **Parameter** → **Type** in turn.

- Square wave: duty cycle is 50%
- Lead Ramp Wave: symmetry degree is 100%
- Tail Ramp Wave: symmetry degree is 0%
- Arbitrary Wave: Arbitrary wave length limit is 1kpts
- Noise: White Gauss noise

2) External Source

When modulation source is external, carrier waveform will be modulated by an external waveform. FM frequency deviation is controlled by $\pm 5V$ signal level of external modulation input terminal on front panel. In positive signal level, FM output frequency is more than carrier wave frequency, while in negative signal level, FM output frequency is less than carrier wave frequency. Low external signal level has small deviation. For example, if the frequency offset is set to 1kHz and the external modulation signal is +5V, FM output frequency will be the current carrier frequency plus 1kHz. When the external modulation signal is -5V, FM output frequency will be the current carrier frequency minus 1kHz.

Modulation Shape Frequency Setting

When modulation source is internal, frequency of modulation shape can be modulated. After enabling FM function, the default of modulation shape frequency is 100Hz. If need to change, press **Carrier Wave Parameter** → **Modulation Frequency** in turn, and the modulation frequency range is 2mHz to 50kHz. When modulation source is external, parameter list will hide the modulation shape option and modulation frequency option, and carrier waveform will be modulated by an external waveform. The range of modulation signal input from external is 0Hz to 20Hz.

Frequency Deviation Setting

Frequency deviation represents the difference between frequency of the FM modulated waveform and the carrier frequency. Settable range of FM frequency deviation is from 1 μ Hz to the maximum of current carrier wave frequency, and the default value is 1kHz. If need to change, press **Parameter** → **Frequency Deviation** in turn.

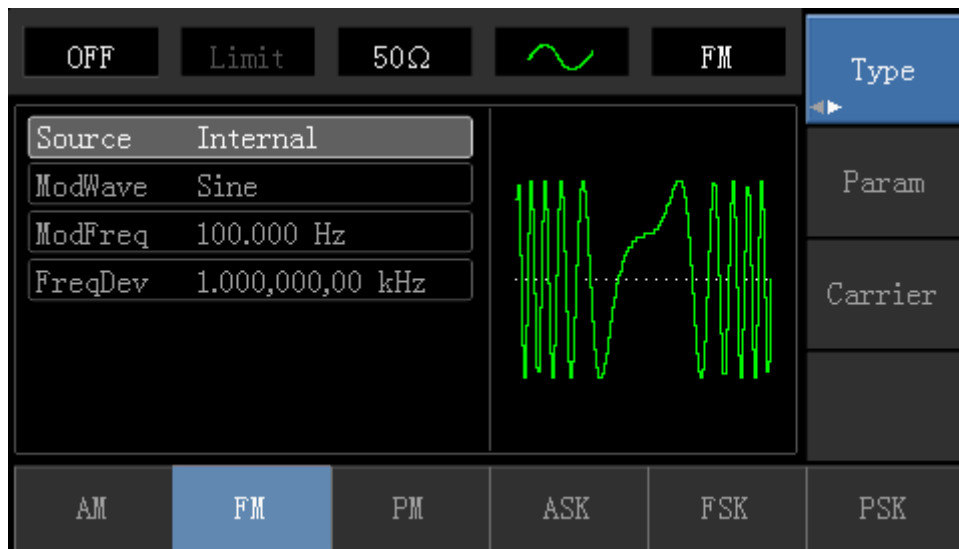
- Frequency deviation is less than carrier wave frequency. If frequency deviation value is set higher than carrier wave frequency, the device will automatically set the offset value to the carrier frequency's maximum allowable frequency.
- Sum of frequency deviation and carrier wave frequency is less than the allowed maximal frequency of current carrier wave. If the frequency deviation value is set to an invalid value, the device will automatically set the offset value to the carrier frequency's maximum allowable frequency.

Comprehensive Example:

Make the instrument work in frequency modulation (FM) mode, then set a sine wave with 2kHz from the internal of the instrument as a modulation signal and a square wave with frequency of 10kHz and amplitude of 100mVpp as a carrier wave signal. Finally, set frequency deviation to 5kHz. Specific steps are seen as following:

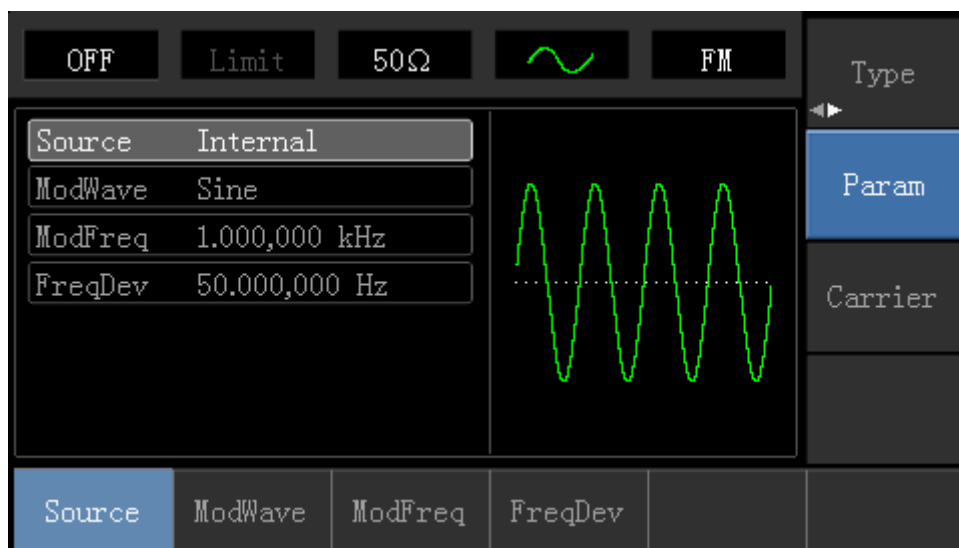
1) Enable Frequency Modulation (FM) Function

Press **Menu**→**Modulation**→**Type**→**Frequency Modulation** in turn to start the FM function.

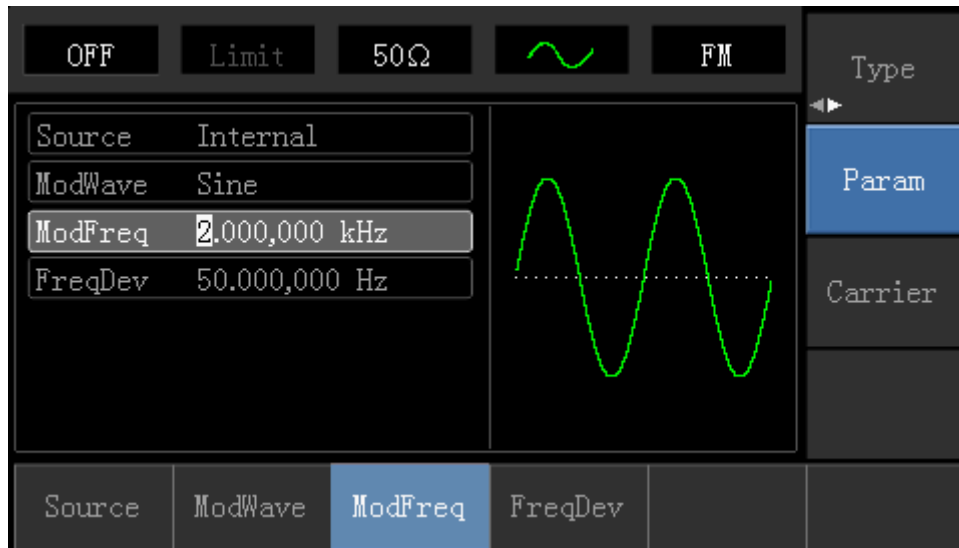


2) Set Modulation Signal Parameter

Press **Parameter** softkey. Then the interface will show as following:

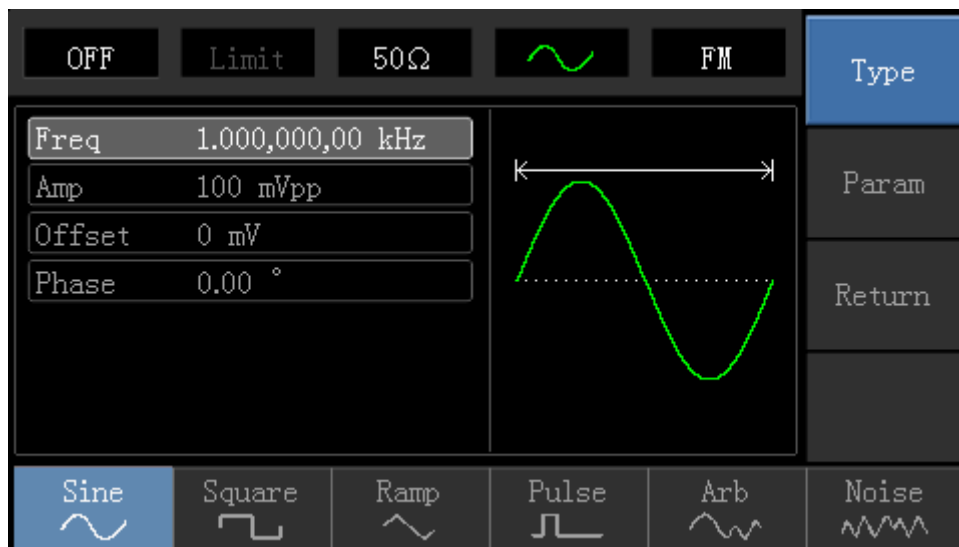


Press corresponding softkey, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.

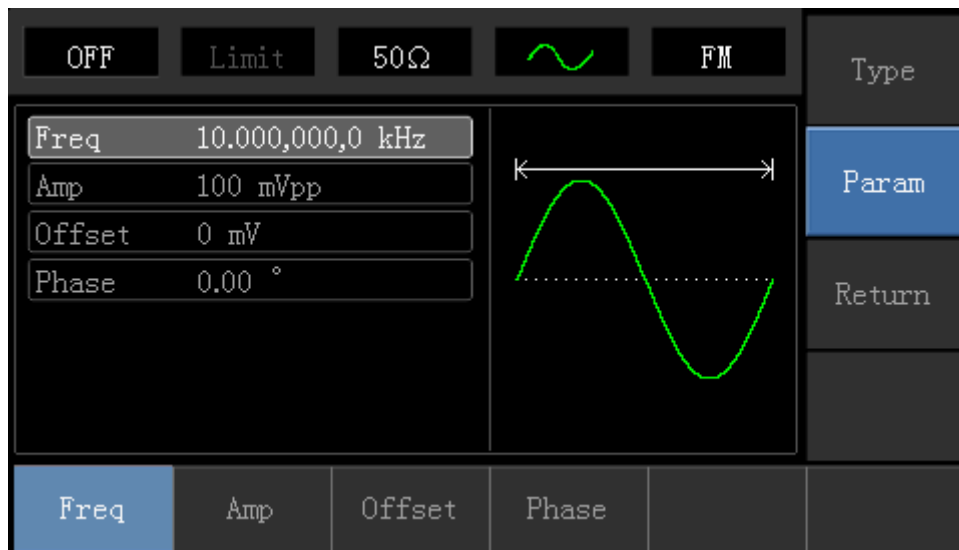


3) Set Carrier Wave Signal Parameter

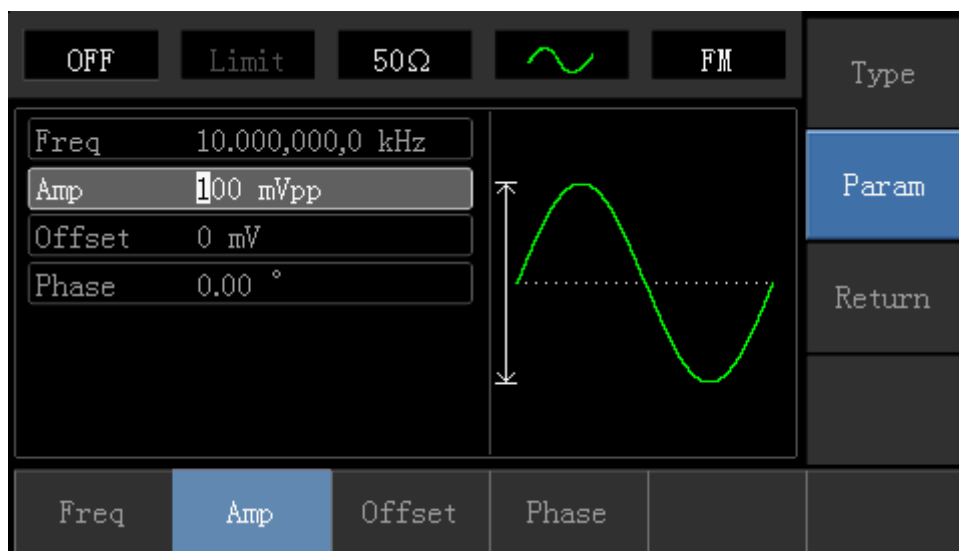
Press **Carrier Wave Parameter** → **Type** → **Sine Wave** in turn to select sine wave as carrier wave signal.



Press **Parameter** softkey, and the interface will display as following:


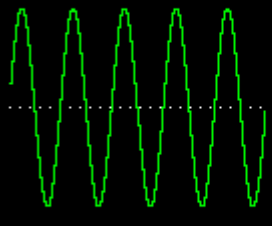


Press corresponding softkey first, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.


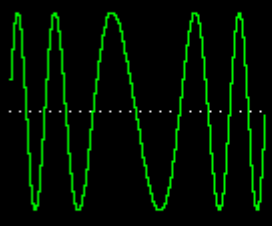


4) Set Frequency Deviation

After setting carrier wave parameter, press **Return** softkey to back to the following interface for setting frequency deviation.

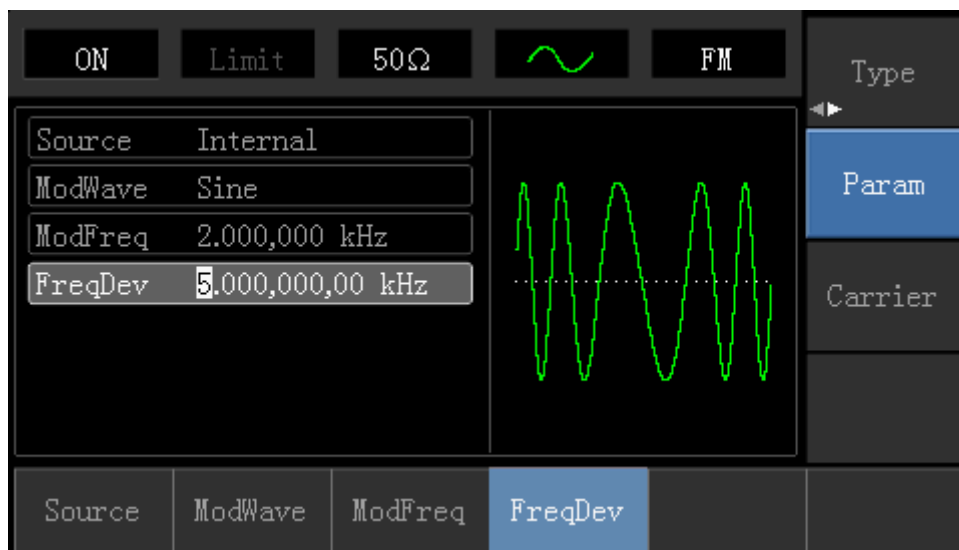
OFF	Limit	50Ω		FM	Type
Source Internal				Param	
ModWave Sine				Carrier	
ModFreq 2.000,000 kHz					
FreqDev 50.000,000 Hz					
Source	ModWave	ModFreq	FreqDev		

Press **Parameter** → **Frequency Deviation** softkey, then enter number 5 and press **kHz** softkey with number keyboard for setting frequency deviation.

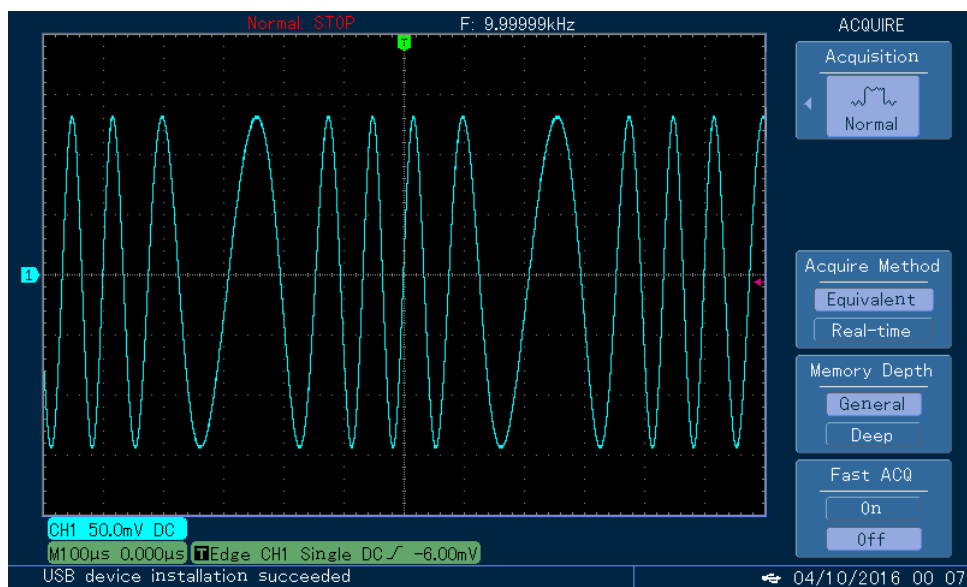
OFF	Limit	50Ω		FM	Type
Source Internal				Param	
ModWave Sine				Carrier	
ModFreq 2.000,000 kHz					
FreqDev 5.000,000,00 kHz					
Source	ModWave	ModFreq	FreqDev		

5) Enable Channel Output

Press Channel button to open channel output.



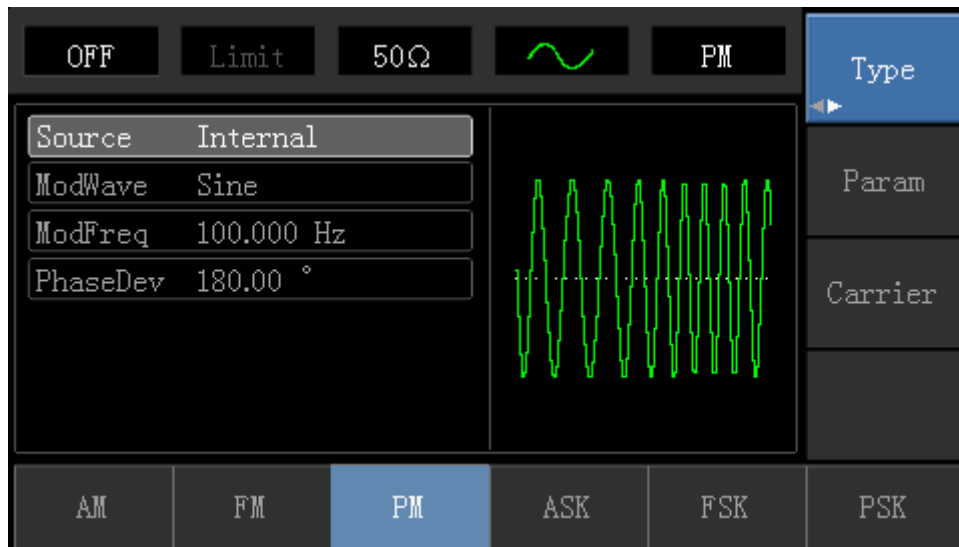
The shape of FM modulation waveform checked through oscilloscope is shown as following:



4.1.3 Phase Modulation (PM)

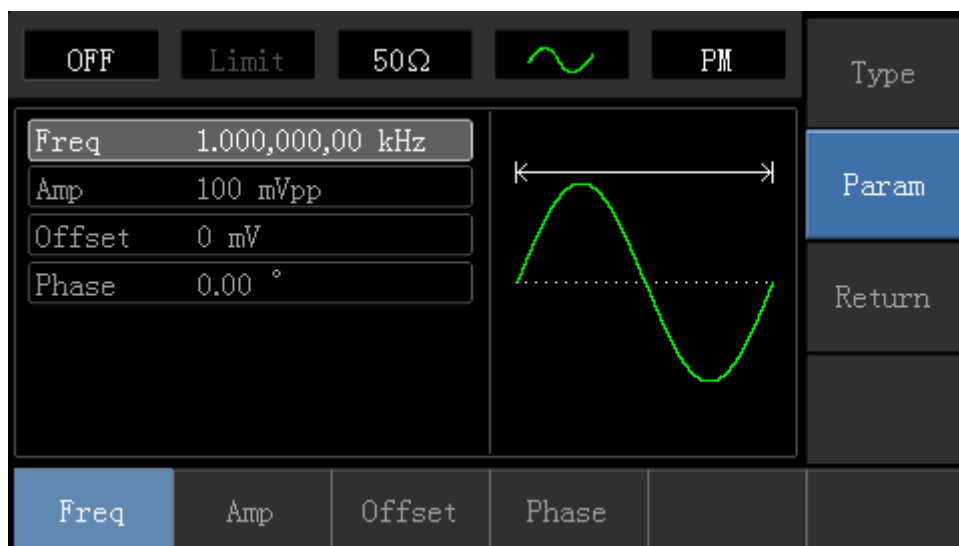
In phase modulation, modulated waveform is usually composed of carrier wave and modulation wave. The phase of carrier wave will change as the amplitude of modulation shape changes.

Press **Menu**→**Modulation**→**Type**→**Phase Modulation** in turn to start the PM function. The device will output modulated waveform with modulation waveform and carrier wave set currently.



Carrier Wave Waveform Selection

PM carrier waveform can be: Sine wave, square wave, ramp wave or arbitrary wave (except DC), and the default is sine wave. Press **Carrier Wave Parameter** softkey to select carrier waveform.



Carrier Wave Frequency Setting

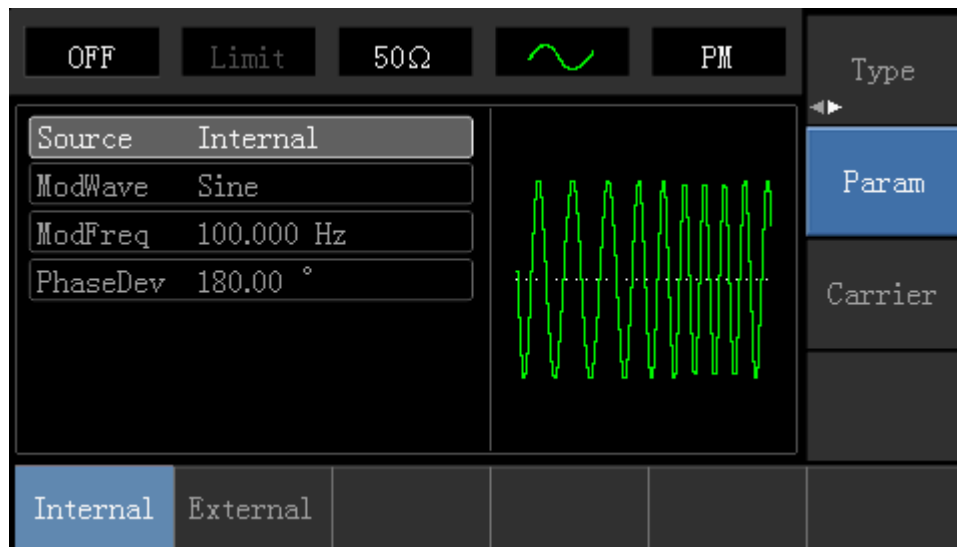
Settable carrier wave frequency range is different of different carrier waveform. Default frequency of all carrier wave is 1kHz. The frequency setting range of each carrier wave can be seen in the following table:

Carrier Wave Waveform	Frequency			
	72-14111		72-14110	
	Minimum Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Sine Wave	1μHz	10MHz	1μHz	5MHz
Square wave	1μHz	5MHz	1μHz	5MHz
Ramp Wave	1μHz	400kHz	1μHz	400KHz
Arbitrary Wave	1μHz	2MHz	1μHz	1MHz

Press **Parameter** → **Frequency** softkey to enter carrier wave frequency setting, then enter required numerical value, and select unit.

Modulation Source Selection

This device can select internal modulation source or external modulation source. After enabling PM function, the default of modulation source is internal. If need to change, press **Parameter** → **ModulationSource** → **External** in turn.



1) Internal Source

When modulation source is internal, modulation shape can be: sine wave, square wave, rising ramp wave, falling ramp wave, arbitrary wave and noise. After enabling PM function, the default of modulation wave is sine wave. If need to change, press **Carrier Wave Parameter** → **Type** in turn.

External Source

When modulation source is external, carrier waveform will be modulated by an external waveform. PM phase deviation is controlled by $\pm 5V$ signal level of external modulation input terminal on front panel. For example, if phase deviation value in parameter list has been set to 180° , $+5V$ of external modulation signal is equivalent to 180° phase shift.

Modulation Shape Frequency Setting

When modulation source is internal, frequency of modulation shape can be modulated. After enabling PM function, the default of modulation shape frequency is 100Hz. If need to change, press **Carrier Wave Parameter** → **Modulation Frequency** in turn, and the modulation frequency range is 2mHz to 50kHz. When modulation source is external, carrier waveform will be modulated by an external waveform. The range of modulation signal input from external is 0Hz to 20Hz.

Phase Deviation Setting

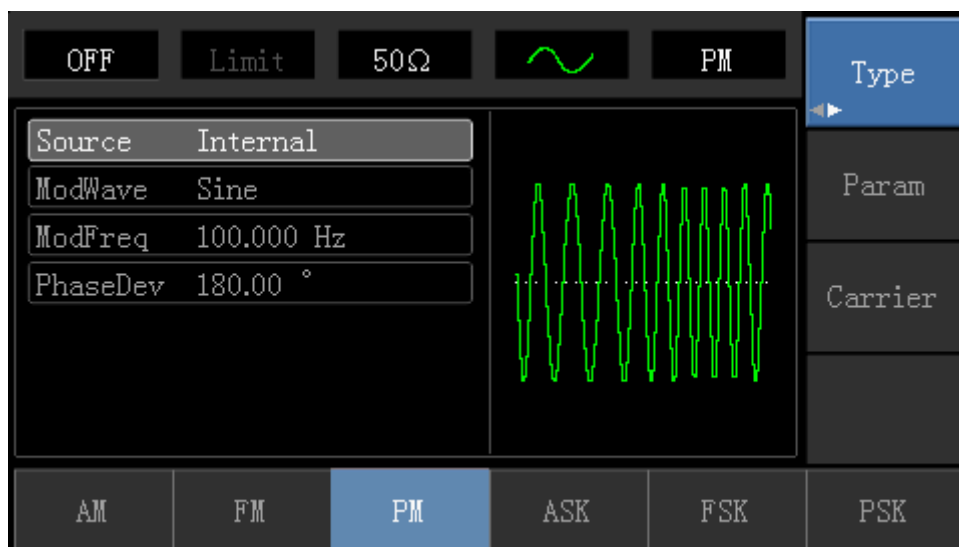
Phase deviation indicates the change between the phases of PM modulated waveform and the phase of carrier wave phase. Settable range of PM phase deviation is from 0° to 360° , and the default value is 50° . If need to change, press **Parameter** → **Phase Deviation** in turn.

Comprehensive Example

Firstly, make the instrument work in phase modulation (PM) mode, then set a sine wave with 200Hz from the internal of the instrument as a modulation signal and a square with frequency of 900Hz and amplitude of 100mVpp as a carrier wave signal. Finally, set the phase deviation to 200° . Specific steps are seen as following:

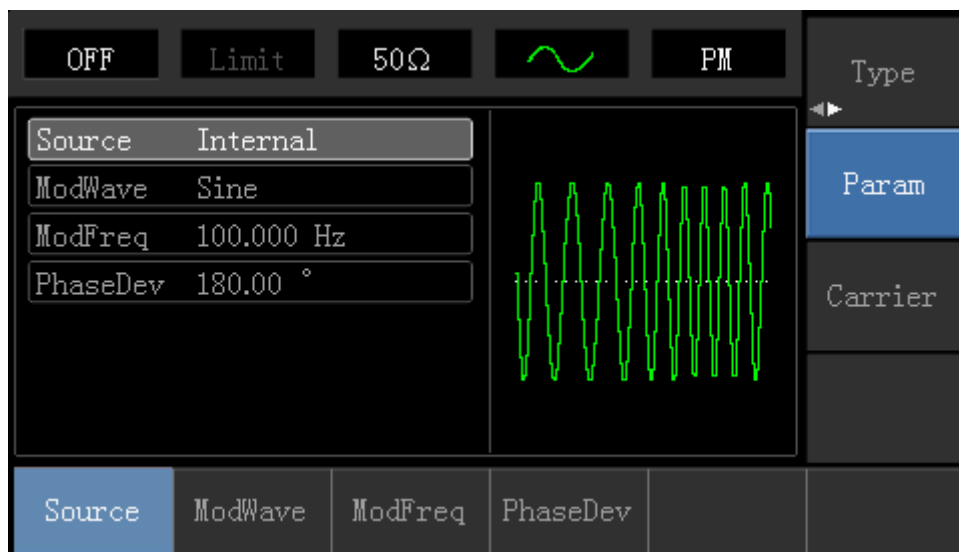
1) Enable Phase Modulation (PM) Function

Press **Menu** → **Modulation** → **Type** → **Phase Modulation** in turn to start the PM function.

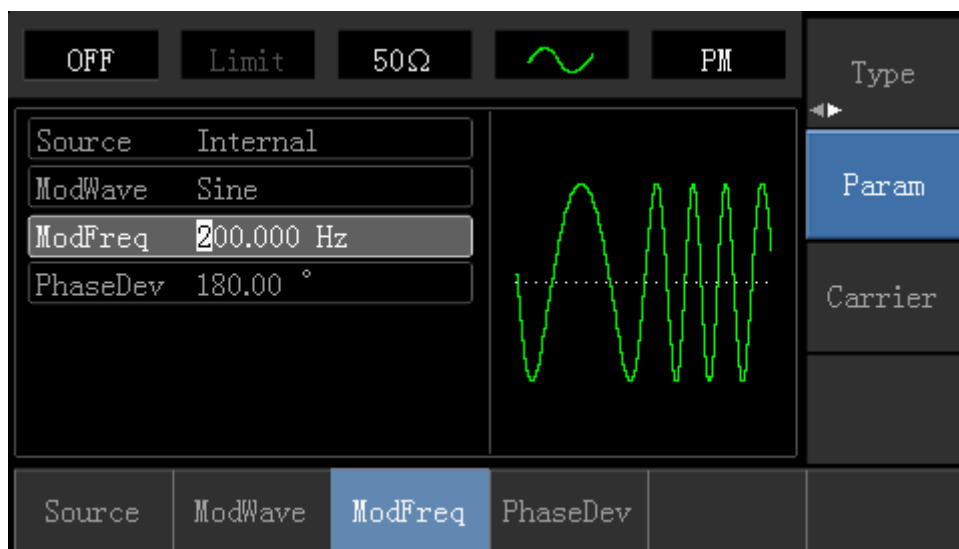


Set Modulation Signal Parameter

Press **Parameter** softkey and the interface will show as following:

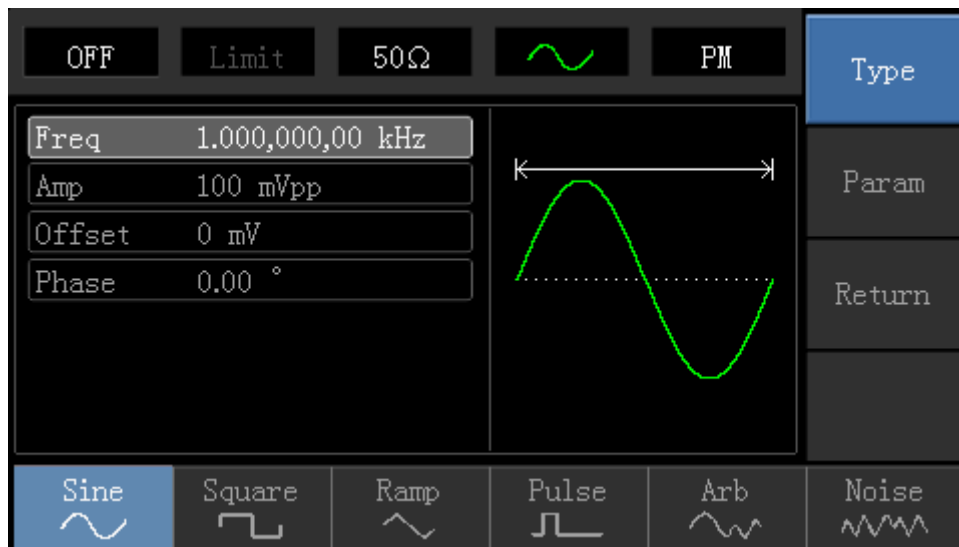


Press corresponding softkey first, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.

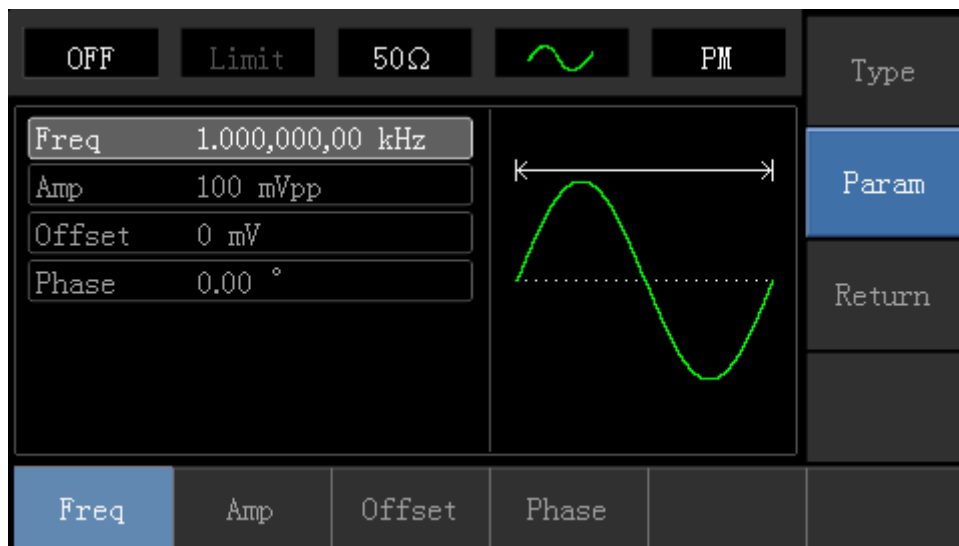


2) Set Carrier Wave Signal Parameter

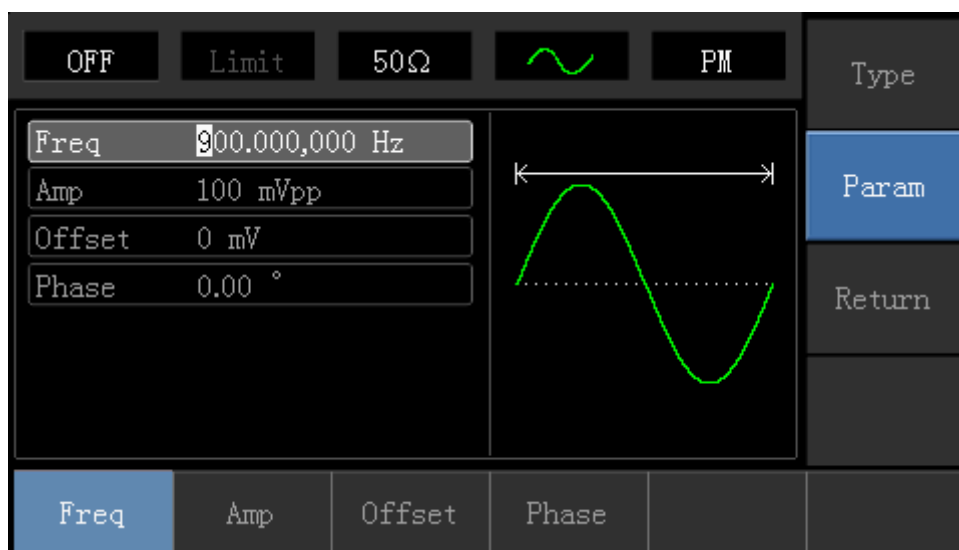
Press **Carrier Wave Parameter** → **Type** → **Sine Wave** in turn to select sine wave as carrier wave signal.



Press **Parameter** softkey, and the interface will pop up as following:

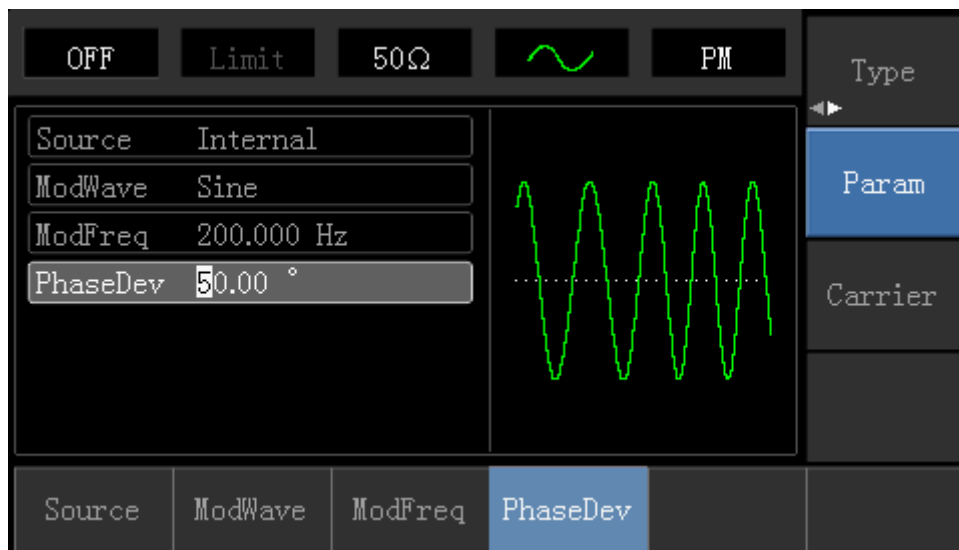


Press corresponding softkey, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.

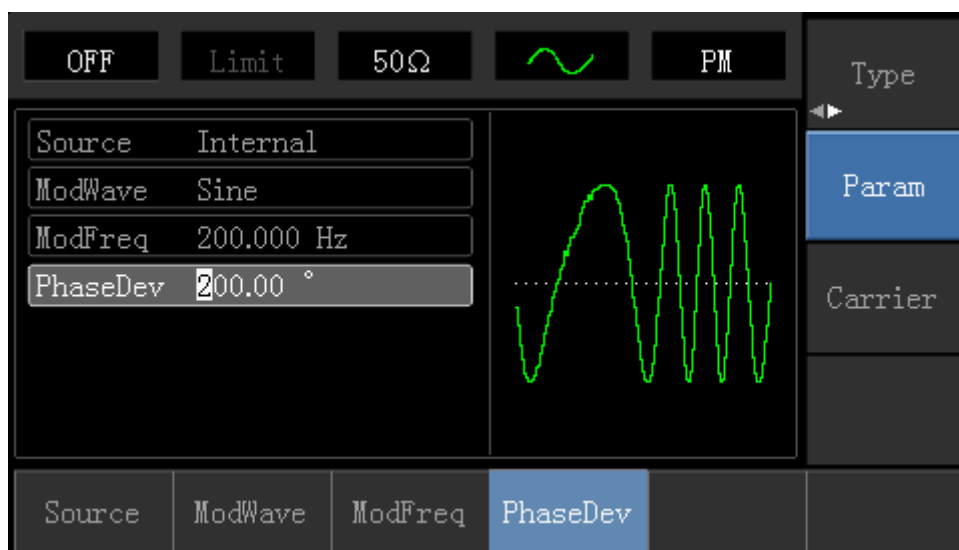


3) Set Phase Deviation

Press **Return** softkey to back to the following interface for setting phase modulation.

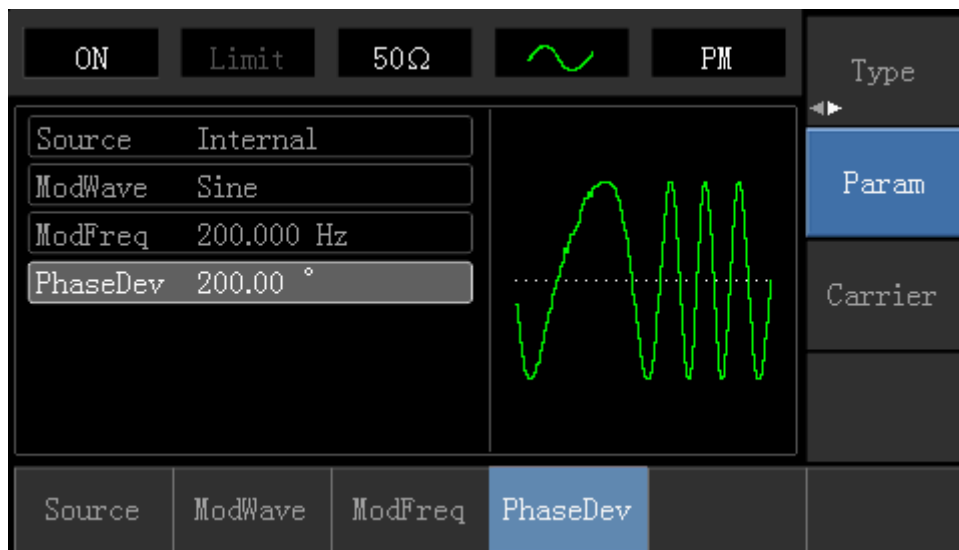


Press **Parameter** → **Phase Deviation** softkey, then enter number 200 and press **Enter** softkey with number keyboard for setting phase deviation.

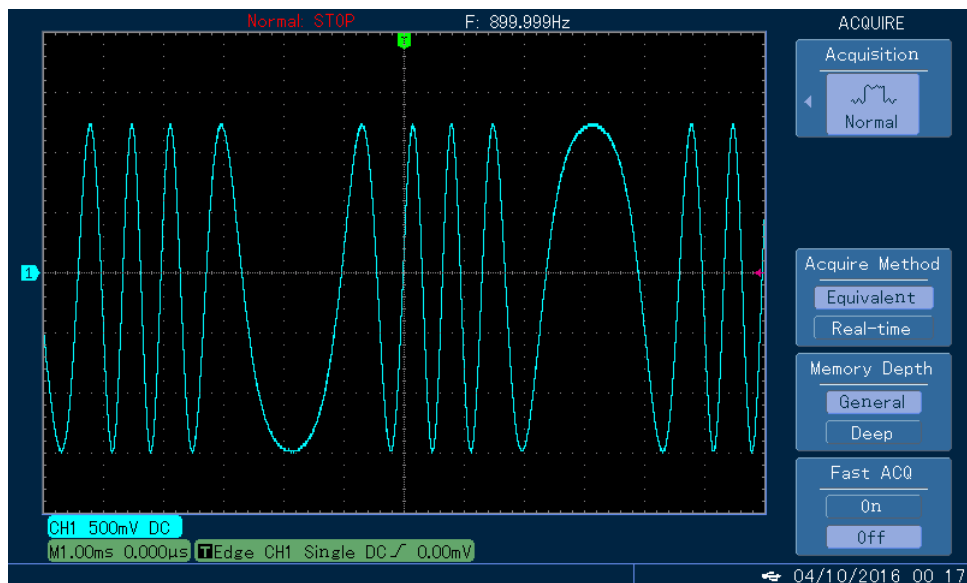


4) Enable Channel Output

Press **Channel** button to open channel output.



The shape of PM modulation waveform checked through oscilloscope is shown as following:

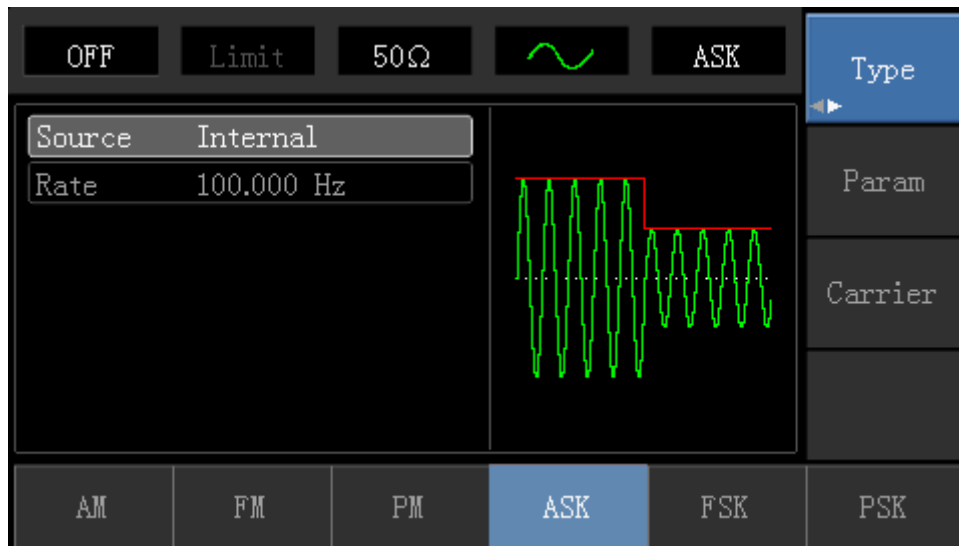


4.1.4 Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK)

ASK represents digital signal “0” and “1” by changing amplitude of carrier wave signal. Carrier wave signal with different amplitude will be output on the basis of different logic of modulation signal.

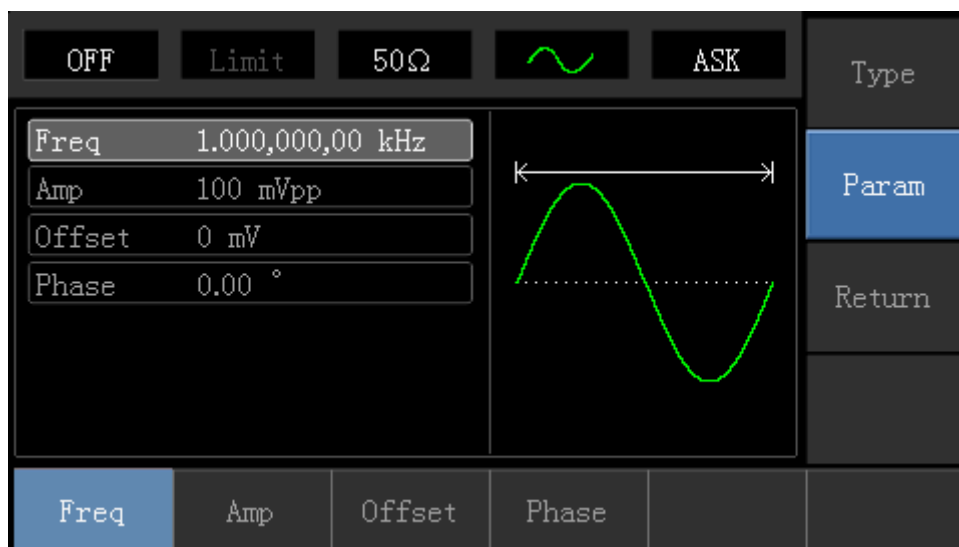
ASK Modulation Selection

Press **Menu**→**Modulation**→**Type**→**Amplitude Shift Keying** in turn to start the ASK function, the device will output modulated waveform with ASK rate and carrier wave set currently.



Carrier Wave Waveform Selection

ASK carrier waveform can be: Sine wave, square, ramp wave or arbitrary wave (except DC), and the default is sine wave. Press **Carrier Wave Parameter** softkey to enter carrier waveform selection interface.



Carrier Wave Frequency Setting

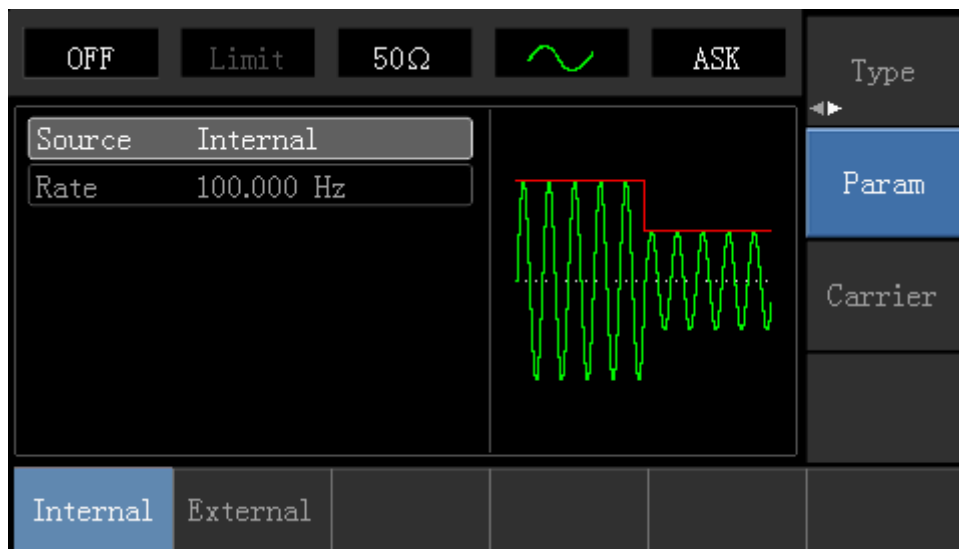
Settable carrier wave frequency range is different of different carrier waveform. Default frequency of all carrier wave is 1kHz. The frequency setting range of each carrier wave can be seen in the following table:

Carrier Wave Waveform	Frequency			
	72-14111		72-14110	
	Minimum Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Sine Wave	1μHz	10MHz	1μHz	5MHz
Square Wave	1μHz	5MHz	1μHz	5MHz
Ramp Wave	1μHz	400kHz	1μHz	400KHz
Arbitrary Wave	1μHz	2MHz	1μHz	1MHz

Press **Parameter**→**Frequency** softkey, then enter required number value, and select unit.

Modulation Source Selection

The device can select internal modulation source or external modulation source. After enabling ASK function, the default of modulation source is internal. If need to change, press **Parameter**→**ModulationSource**→**External** in turn.



1) Internal Source

When modulation source is internal, internal modulation wave is a square wave of 50% duty cycle (not adjustable). The ASK rate can be set to customize modulated waveform amplitude hopping frequency.

2) External Source

When modulation source is external, carrier waveform will be modulated by an external waveform. ASK output amplitude is determined by the logic level of modulation interface on front panel. For example, output the carrier wave amplitude of current setting when external input logic is low, and output carrier wave amplitude less than the amplitude of current setting when external input logic is high.

ASK Rate Setting

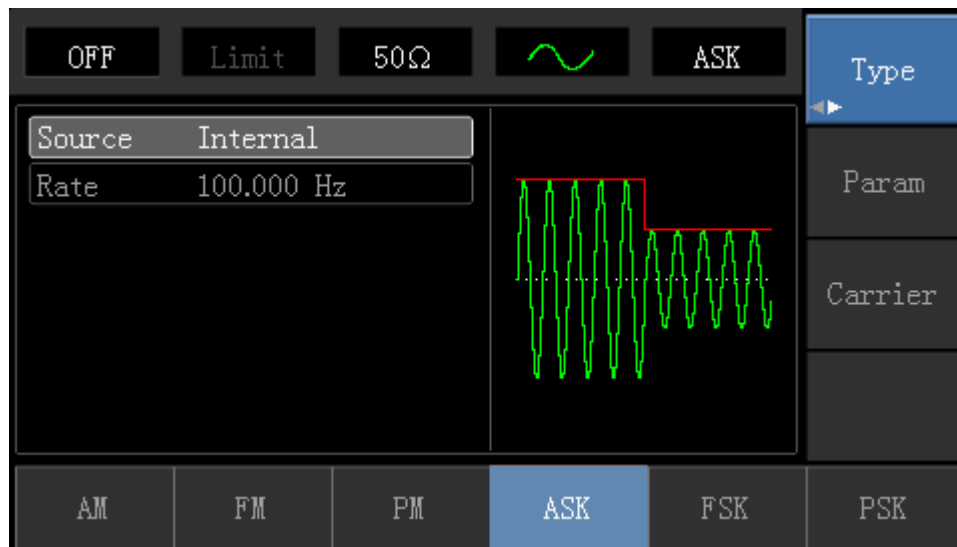
When modulation source is internal, frequency of ASK amplitude jump can be modulated. After enabling ASK function, ASK rate can be set and the settable range is 2mHz to 100kHz, the default rate is 1kHz. If need to change, press **Carrier Wave Parameter**→**Rate** in turn.

Comprehensive Example

Make the instrument work in amplitude shift keying (ASK) mode, then set a logic signal with 300Hz from the internal of the instrument as a modulation signal and a sine wave with frequency of 15kHz and amplitude of 2Vpp as a carrier wave signal. Specific steps to achieve this are as follows:

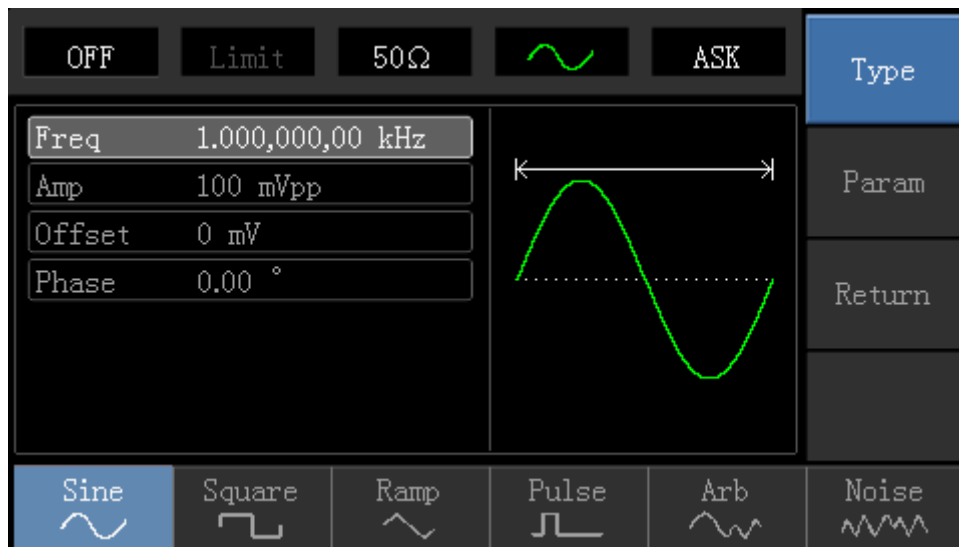
1) Enable Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK) Function

Press **Menu**→**Modulation**→**Type**→**Amplitude Shift Keying** in turn to start the ASK function.

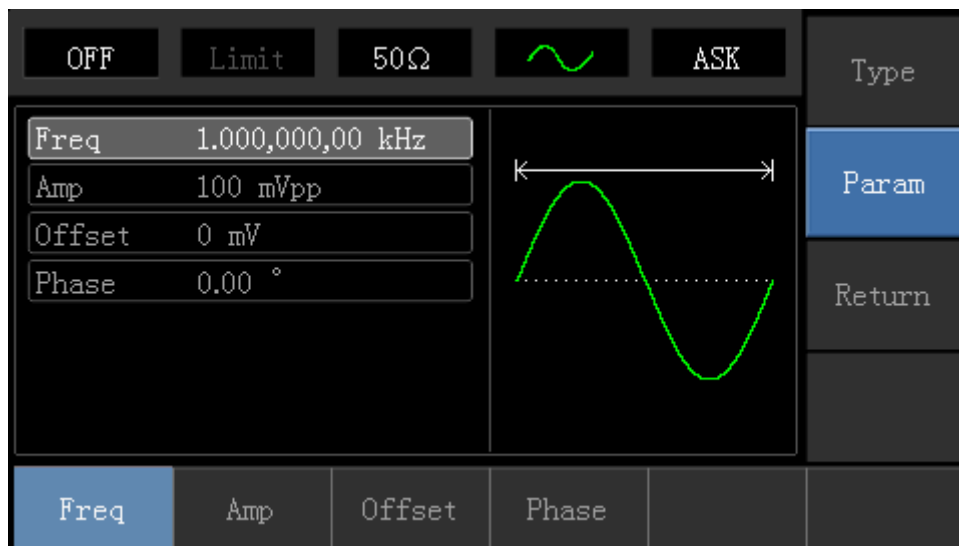


2) Set Carrier Wave Signal Parameter

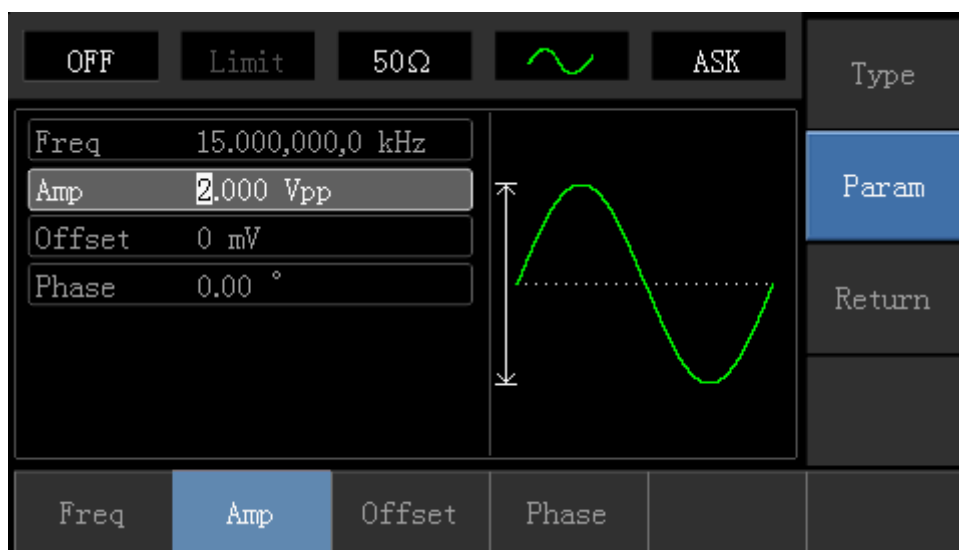
Press **Carrier Wave Parameter**→**Type**→**Sine Wave** in turn.



Press **Parameter** softkey, and the interface will pop up as following:

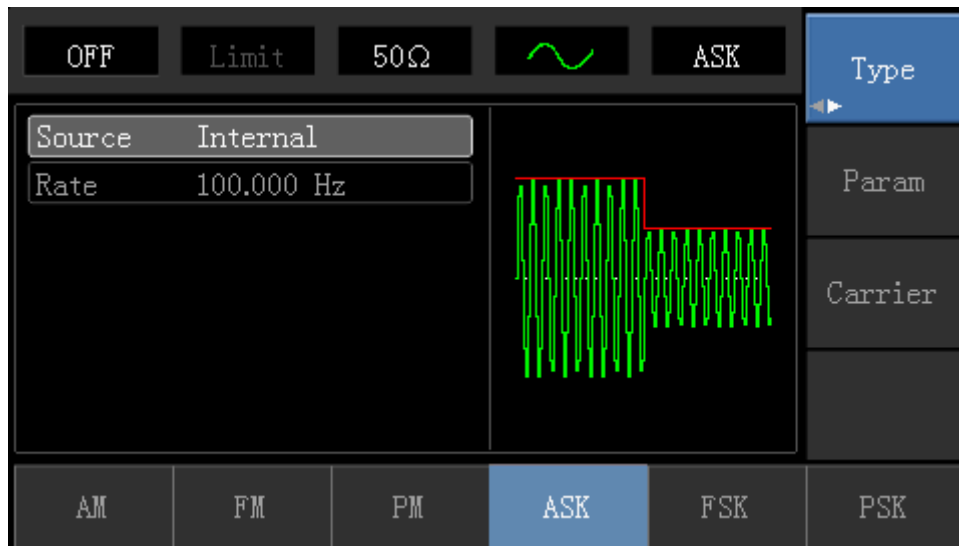


Press corresponding softkey, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.

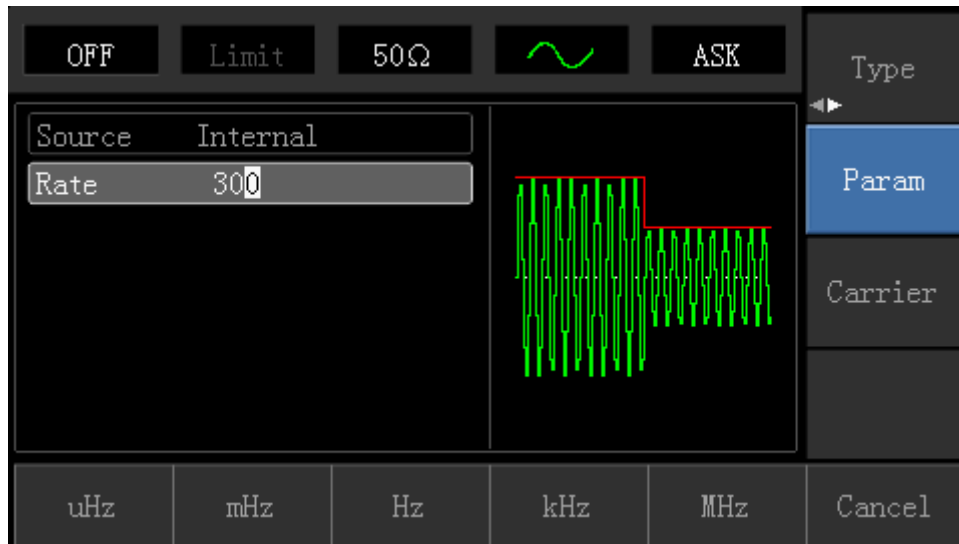


3) Set ASK Rate

After setting carrier wave parameter, press **Return** softkey to go back to the following interface for setting phase modulation.

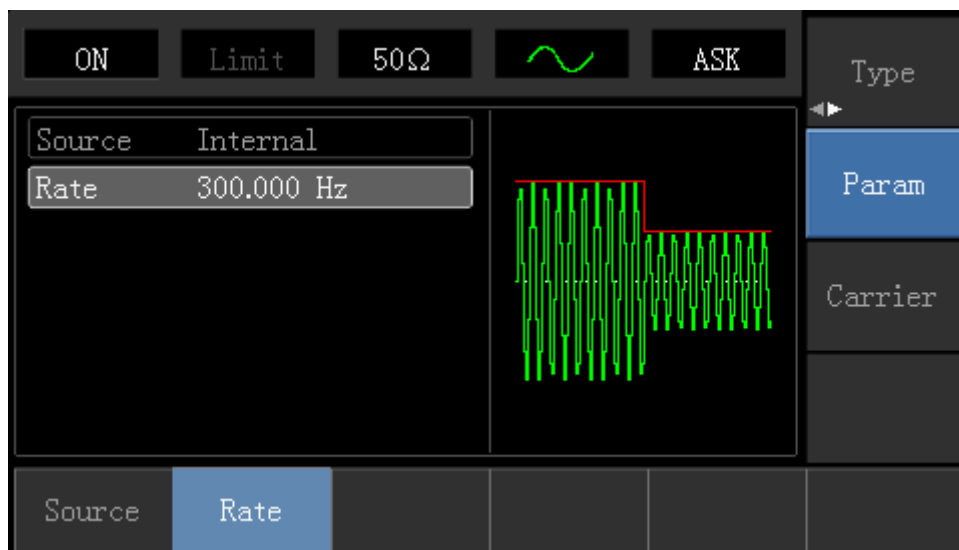


Press **Parameter** → **Rate** softkey again, then enter number 300 and press **Hz** softkey with number keyboard for setting ASK rate.

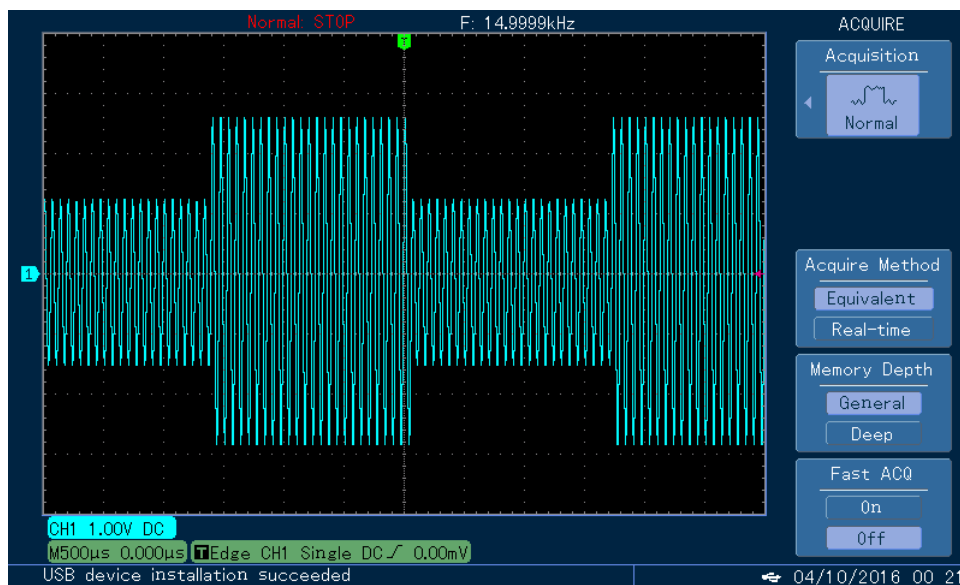


4) Enable Channel Output

Press Channel button to open channel output quickly.



The shape of ASK modulation waveform checked through oscilloscope is shown as following:

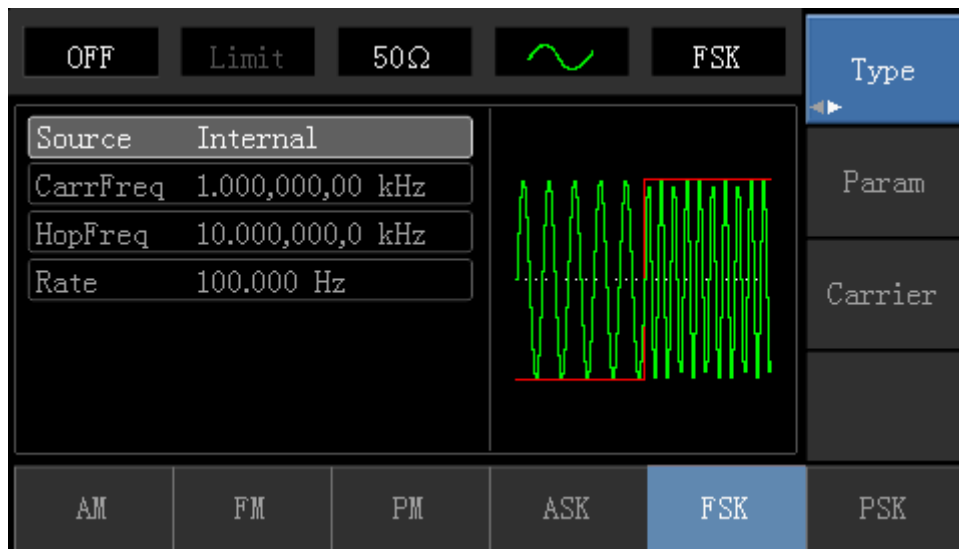


4.1.5 Frequency Shift Keying (FSK)

In frequency shift keying, rate of carrier wave frequency and hopping frequency can be changed.

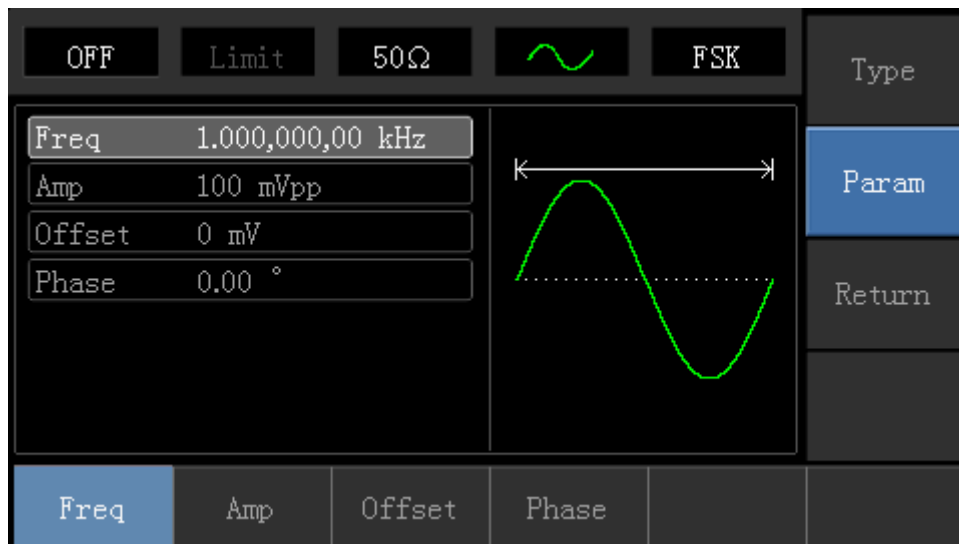
FSK Modulation Selection

Press **Menu**→**Modulation**→**Type**→**Frequency Shift Keying** in turn to start the FSK function. The device will output modulated waveform with current setting.



Carrier Waveform Selection

Press **Carrier Wave Parameter** softkey to enter carrier waveform selection interface. FSK carrier waveform can be: sine wave, square wave, ramp wave or arbitrary wave (except DC), and the default is sine wave.



Carrier Wave Frequency Setting

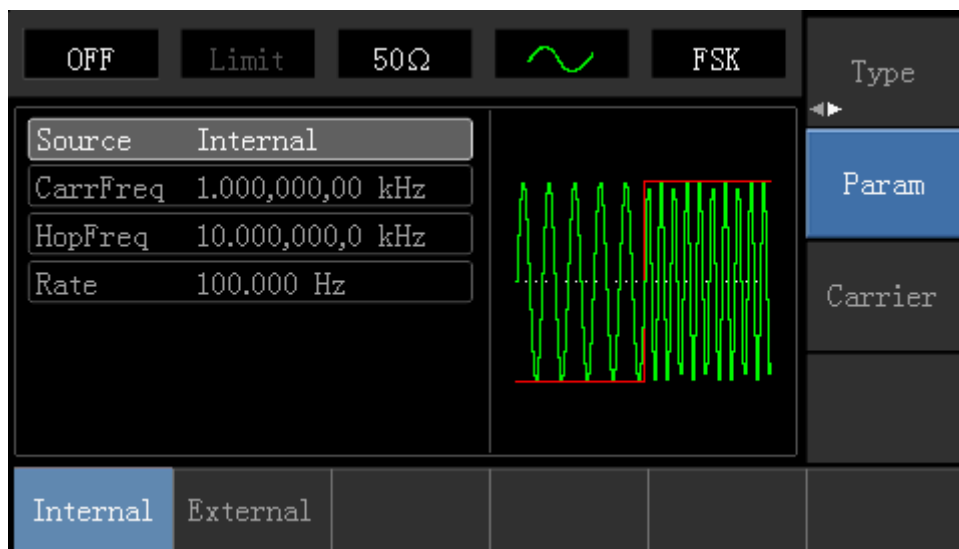
Settable carrier wave frequency range is different of different carrier waveform. Default frequency of all carrier wave is 1kHz. The frequency setting range of each carrier wave can be seen in the following table:

Carrier Wave Waveform	Frequency			
	72-14111		72-14110	
	Minimum Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Sine Wave	1μHz	10MHz	1μHz	5MHz
Square Wave	1μHz	5MHz	1μHz	5MHz
Ramp Wave	1μHz	400kHz	1μHz	400KHz
Arbitrary Wave	1μHz	2MHz	1μHz	1MHz

Press **Parameter**→**Frequency** softkey, then enter required numerical value, and select unit.

Modulation Source Selection

The device can select internal modulation source or external modulation source. After enabling FSK function, the default of modulation source is internal. If need to change, press **Parameter**→**ModulationSource**→**External** in turn.



1) Internal Source

When modulation source is internal, internal modulation wave is a square of 50% duty cycle (not adjustable). The FSK rate can be set to customize the moving frequency between carrier wave frequency and hop frequency.

2) External Source

When modulation source is external, carrier waveform will be modulated by an external waveform. FSK output frequency is determined by the logic level of modulation interface on front panel. For example, output the carrier wave frequency when external output logic is low, and output hop frequency when external input logic is high.

Hop Frequency Setting

After enabling FSK function, the default of hop frequency is 2MHz. If need to change, press **Parameter**→**Hop** **Frequency** in turn. Settable range of hop frequency is determined by carrier wave waveform.

See the following table for setting range of each carrier wave frequency:

Carrier Waveform	Frequency			
	UTG1010A		UTG1005A	
	Minimum Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Sine Wave	1μHz	10MHz	1μHz	5MHz
Square Wave	1μHz	5MHz	1μHz	5MHz
Ramp Wave	1μHz	400kHz	1μHz	400KHz
Arbitrary Wave	1μHz	2MHz	1μHz	1MHz

FSK Rate Setting

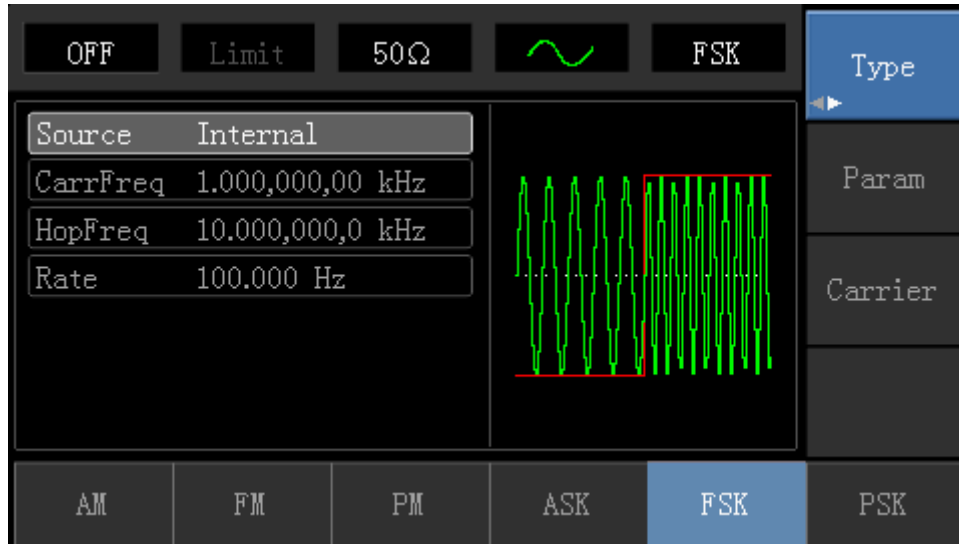
When modulation source is internal, the moving frequency between carrier wave frequency and hop frequency can be set. After enabling FSK function, FSK rate can be set and the settable range is 2mHz to 100kHz, the default rate is 1kHz. If need to change, press **Carrier Wave Parameter**→**Rate** in turn.

Comprehensive Example

Firstly, make the instrument work in frequency shift keying (FSK) mode, then set a sine wave with 2kHz and 1Vpp from the internal of the instrument as a carrier wave signal, and set hop frequency to 800 Hz, finally, make carrier wave frequency and hop frequency move between each other with 200Hz frequency. Specific steps to achieve this are as follows:

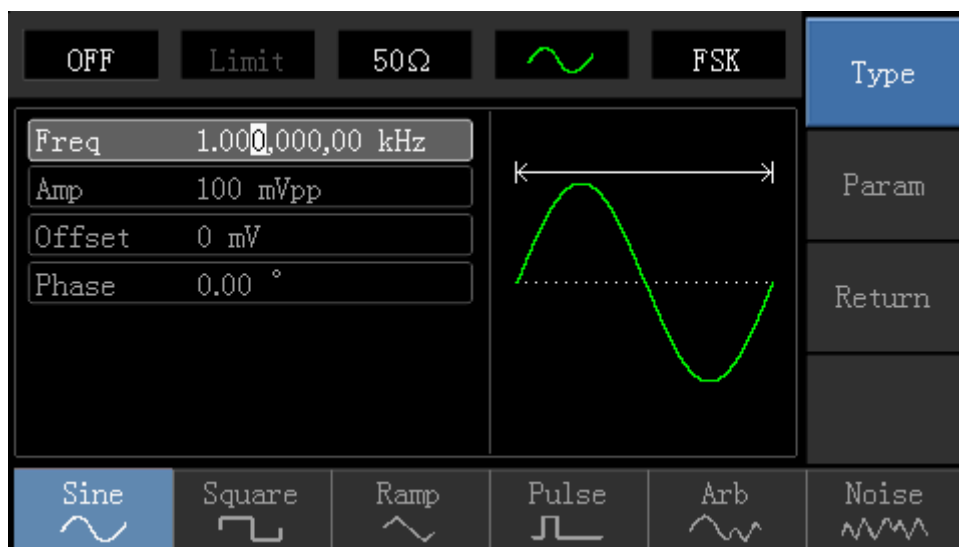
1) Enable Frequency Shift Keying (FSK) Function

Press **Menu**→**Modulation**→**Type**→**Frequency Shift Keying** in turn to start the FSK function.

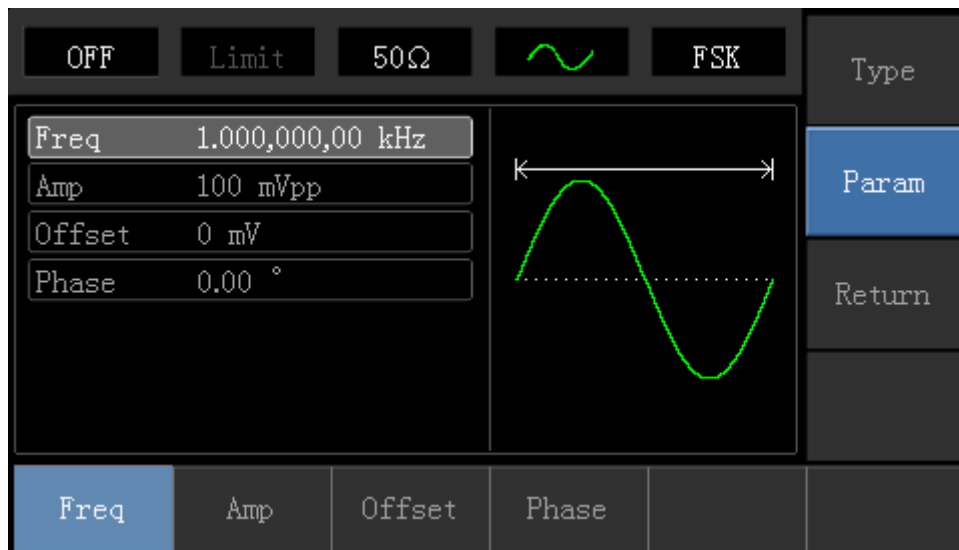


2) Set Carrier Wave Signal Parameter

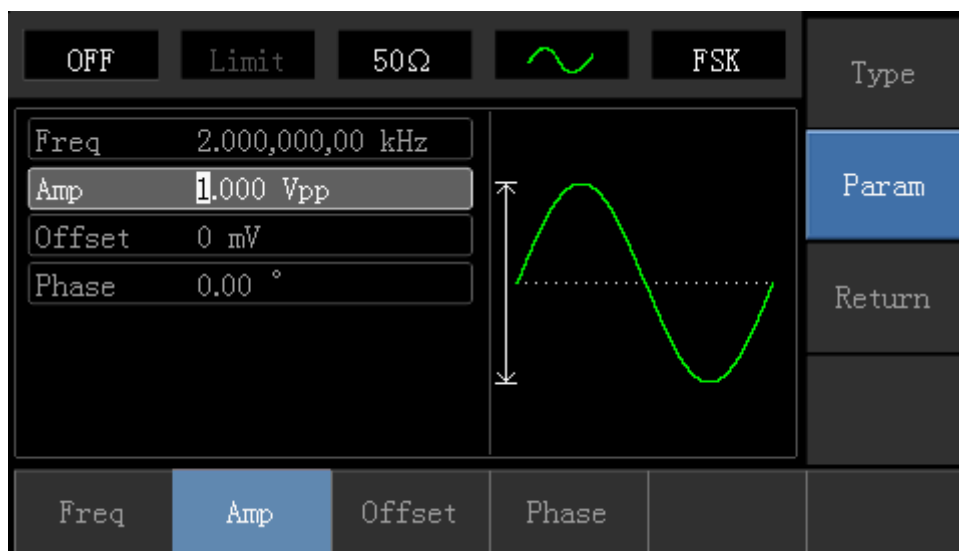
Press **Carrier Wave Parameter**→**Type**→**Sine Wave** in turn to select sine wave as carrier wave.



Press **Parameter** softkey again, and the interface will display the following:

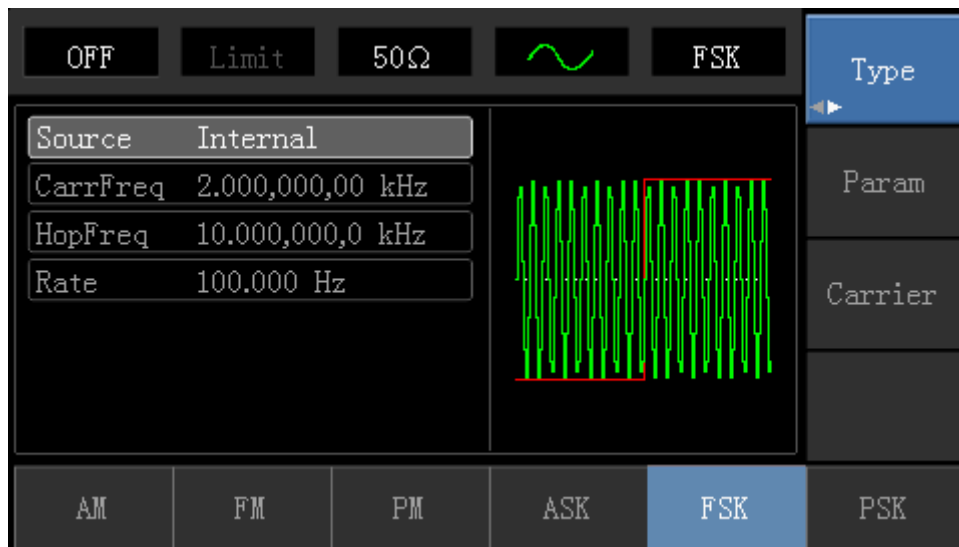


Press corresponding softkey first, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.

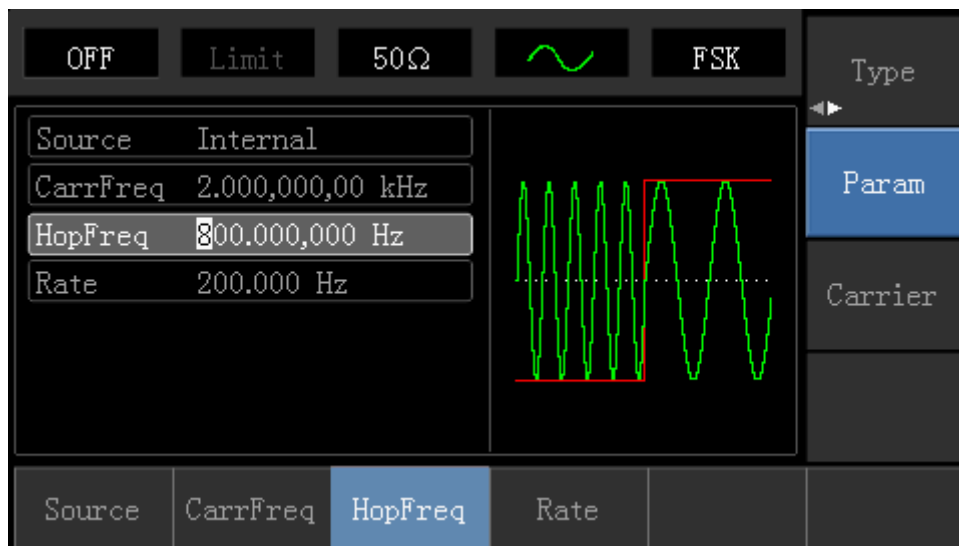


3) Set Hop Frequency and FSK Rate

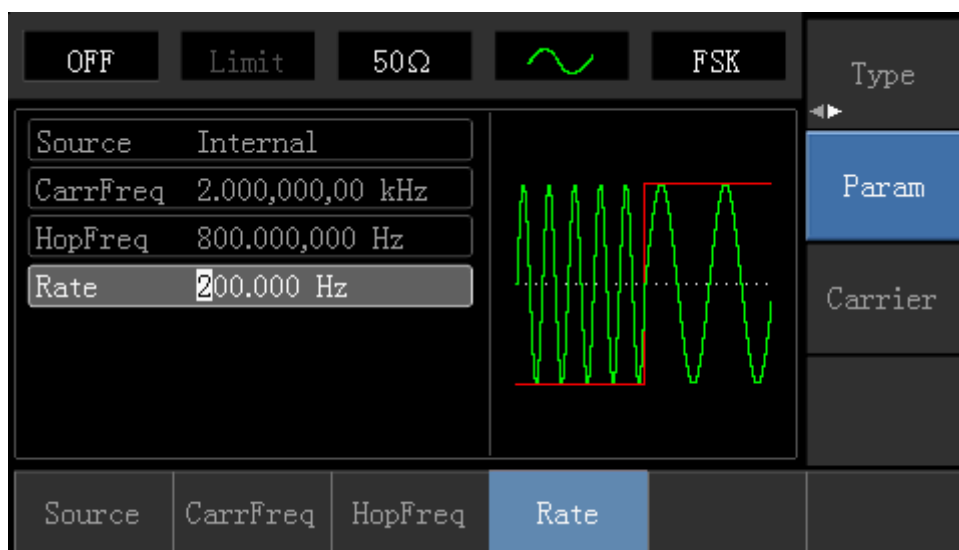
Press **Return** softkey to go back to the following interface.



Press **Parameter** softkey again, and the interface will pop up as following:

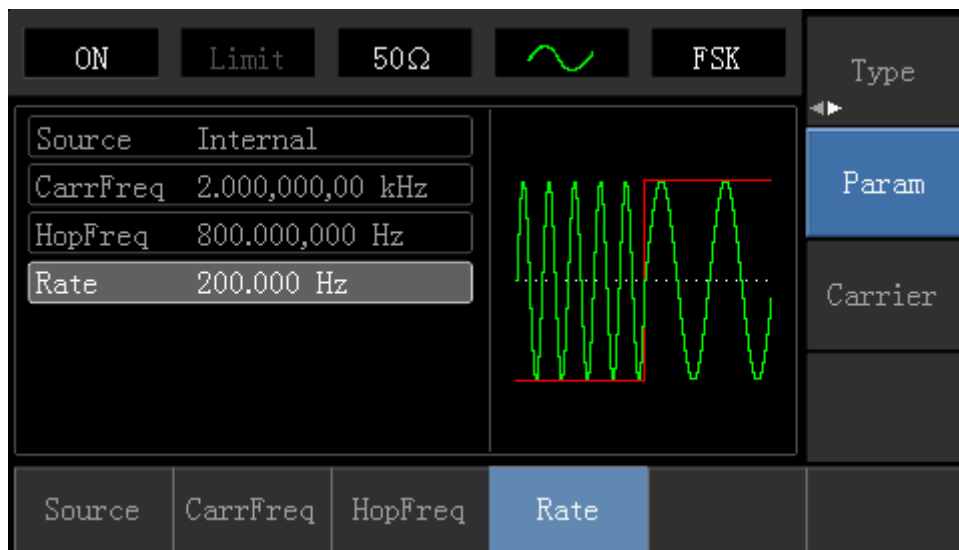


Press corresponding softkey first, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.

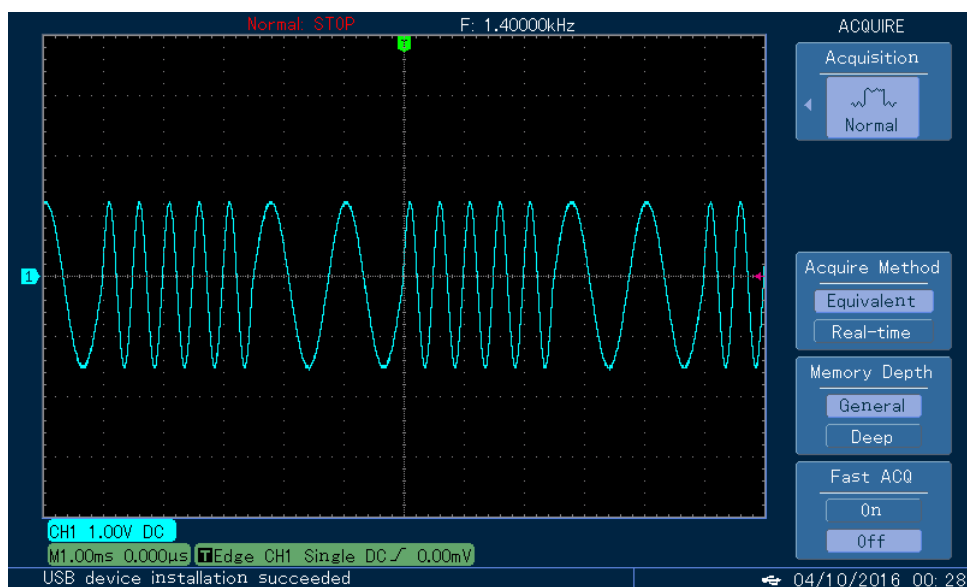


4) Enable Channel Output

Press Channel button on front panel to open channel output.



The shape of FSK modulation waveform checked through oscilloscope is shown as following:

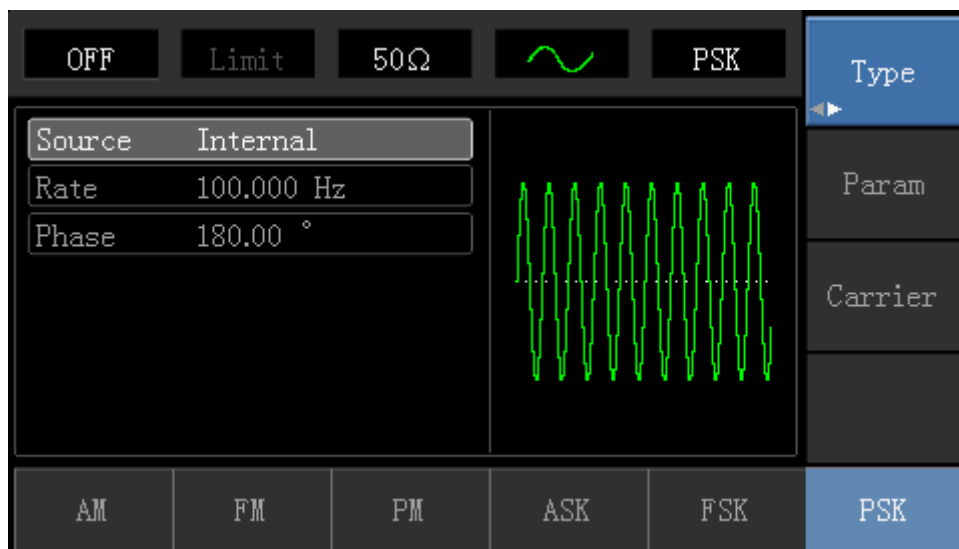


4.1.6 Phase Shift Keying (PSK)

In phase shift keying, DDS function generator can be configured to move between two preset phase (carrier wave phase and modulation phase). Output carrier wave signal phase or hop signal phase on the basis of the logic of modulation signal.

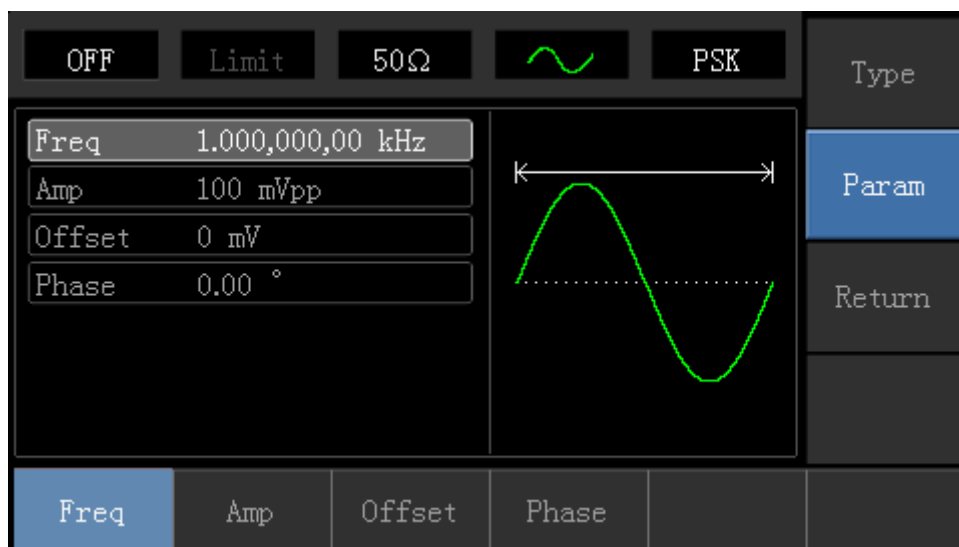
PSK Modulation Selection

Press **Menu**→**Modulation**→**Type**→**Phase Shift Keying** in turn to start the PSK function. The device will output modulated waveform with carrier wave phase (the default is 0° and is not adjustable) of current setting and modulation phase.



Carrier Wave Waveform Selection

PSK carrier waveform can be: Sine wave, square, ramp wave or arbitrary wave (except DC), and the default is sine wave. Press **Carrier Wave Parameter** softkey to enter carrier waveform selection interface.



Carrier Wave Frequency Setting

Settable carrier wave frequency range is different of different carrier waveform. Default frequency of all carrier wave is 1kHz. The frequency setting range of each carrier wave can be seen in the following table:

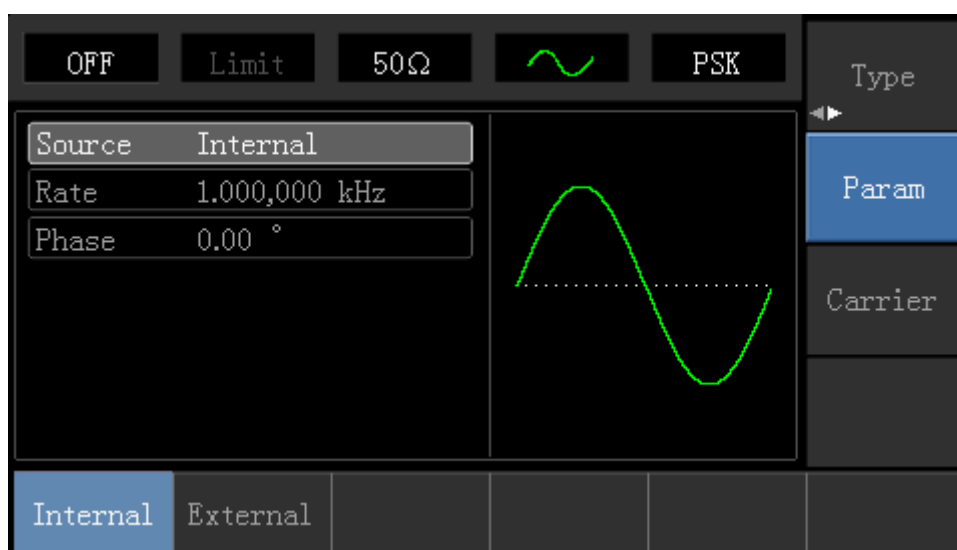
Carrier Waveform	Frequency			
	72-14111		72-14110	
	Minimum Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Sine Wave	1 μ Hz	10MHz	1 μ Hz	5MHz
Square Wave	1 μ Hz	5MHz	1 μ Hz	5MHz
Ramp Wave	1 μ Hz	400kHz	1 μ Hz	400KHz
Arbitrary Wave	1 μ Hz	2MHz	1 μ Hz	1MHz

Press **Parameter**→**Frequency** softkey, then enter required numerical value, and select unit.

Modulation Source Selection

The Tenma Function/Arbitrary Waveform Generator can select internal modulation source or external modulation source. After enabling PSK function, the default of modulation source is internal. If need to change, press

Parameter→**Modulation**→**Source**→**External** in turn.



1) Internal Source

When modulation source is internal, internal modulation wave is a square wave of 50% duty cycle (not adjustable).

The PSK rate can be set to customize the moving frequency between carrier wave phase and modulation phase.

2) External Source

When modulation source is external, carrier waveform will be modulated by an external waveform. Carrier wave phase will be output when external input logic is low, and modulation phase will be output when external input logic is high.

PSK Rate Setting

When modulation source is internal, the moving frequency between carrier wave phase and modulation phase can be set. After enabling PSK function, PSK rate can be set and the settable range is 2mHz to 100kHz, the default rate is 100Hz. If need to change, press **Carrier Wave Parameter**→**Rate** in turn.

Modulation Phase Setting

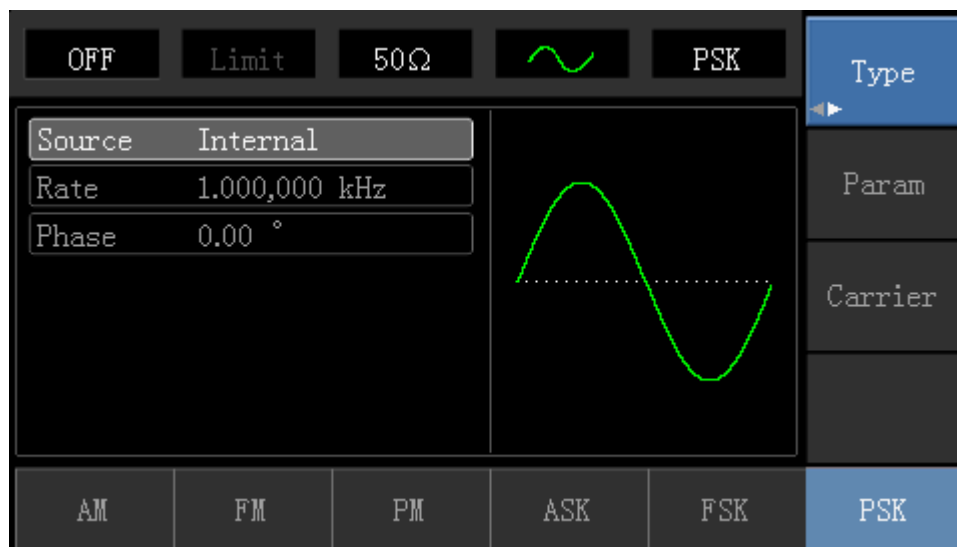
Modulation phase indicates the change between the phases of PSK modulated waveform and the phase of carrier wave phase. Settable range of PSK phase is from 0° to 360°, and the default value is 0°. If need to change, press **Parameter**→**Phase** in turn.

Comprehensive Example

Make the instrument work in phase shift keying (PSK) mode, then set a sine wave with 2kHz and 2Vpp from the internal of the instrument as a carrier wave signal, finally, make carrier wave phase and modulation phase move between each other with 1kHz frequency. Specific steps are seen as following:

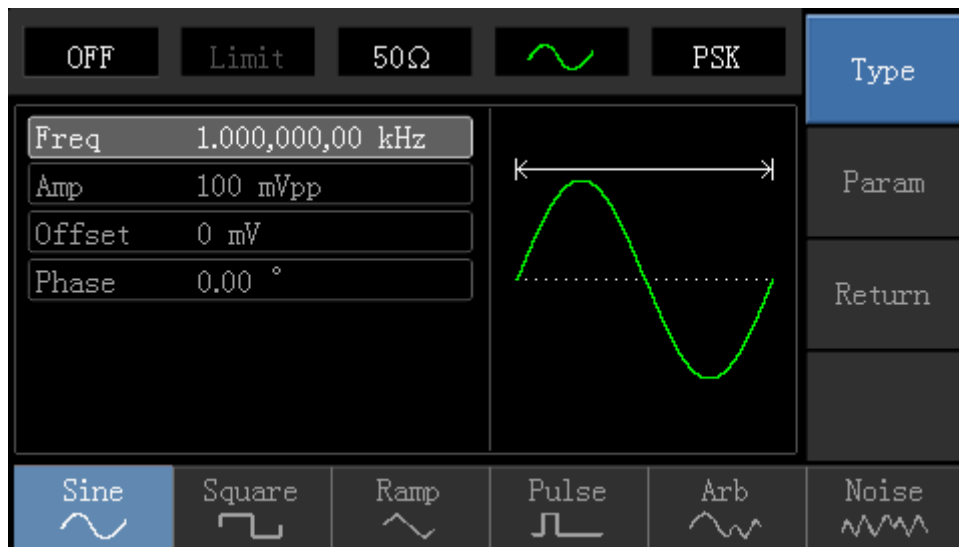
1) Enable Phase Shift Keying (PSK) Function

Press **Menu**→**Modulation**→**Type**→**Phase Shift Keying** in turn to start the PSK function.

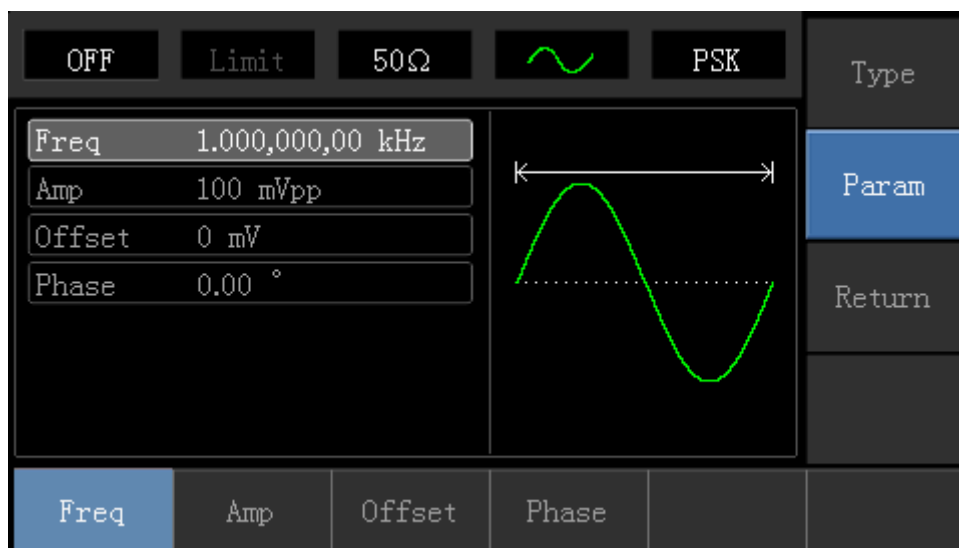


2) Set Carrier Wave Signal Parameter

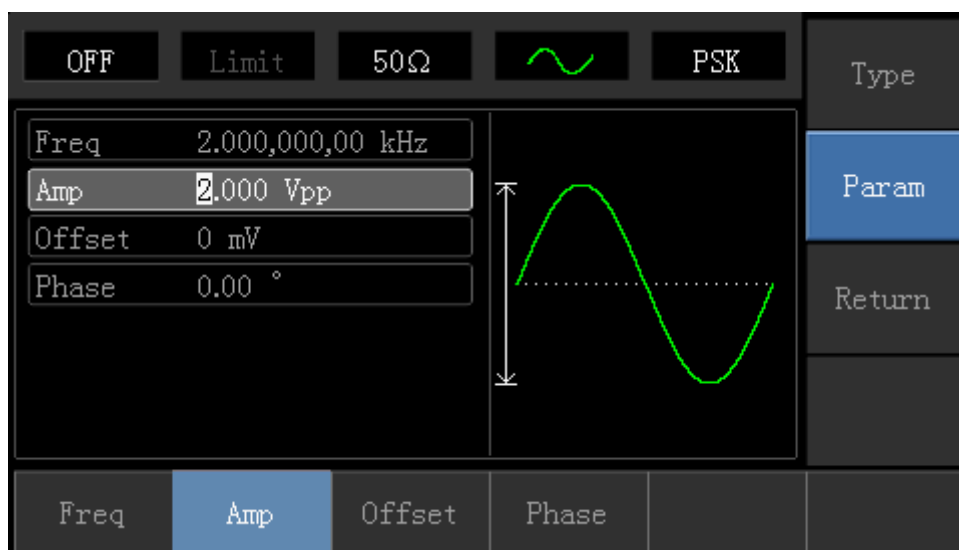
Press **Carrier Wave Parameter**→**Type**→**Sine Wave** in turn to select sine wave as carrier wave signal.



Press **Parameter** softkey, and the interface will pop up as following:

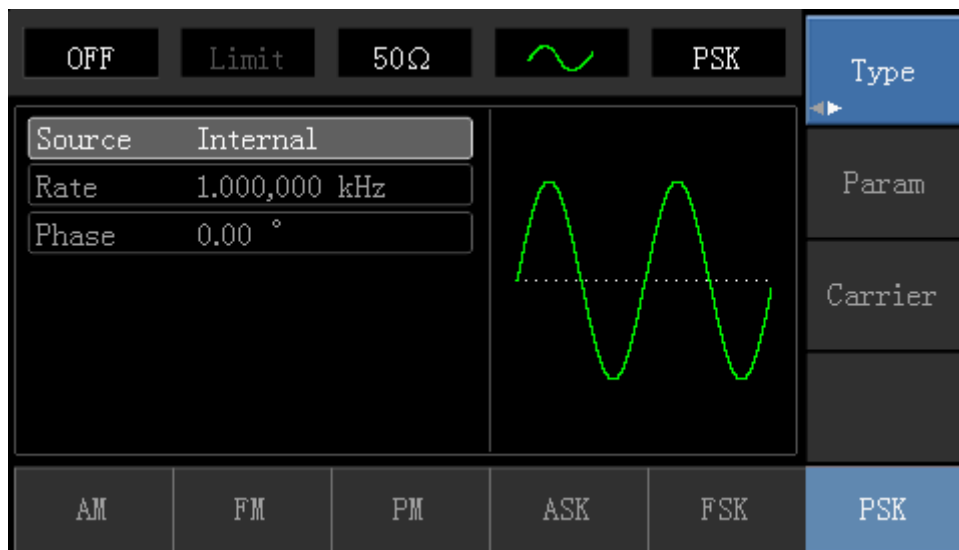


Press corresponding softkey, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.

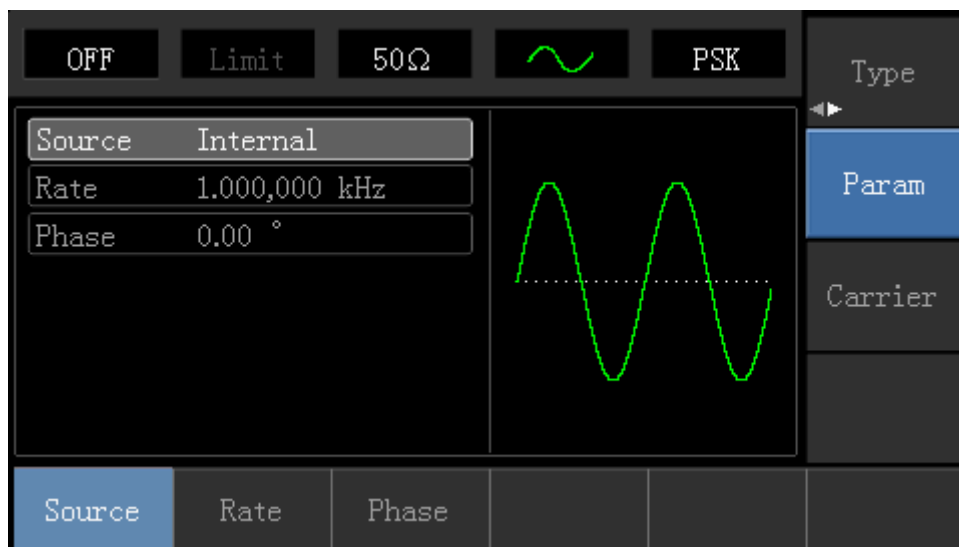


3) Set PSK Rate and Modulation Phase

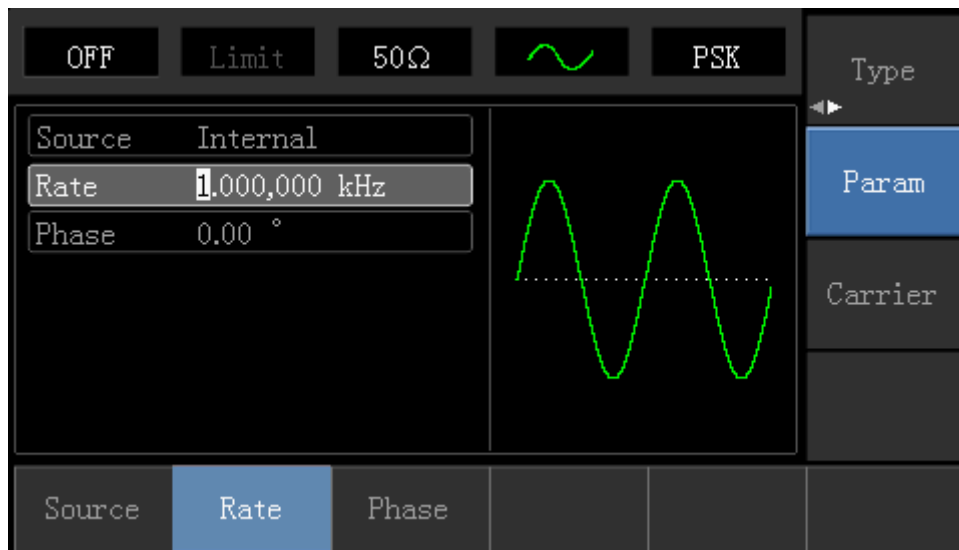
Press **Return** softkey to go back to the following interface:



Press **Parameter** softkey, and the interface will display the following:

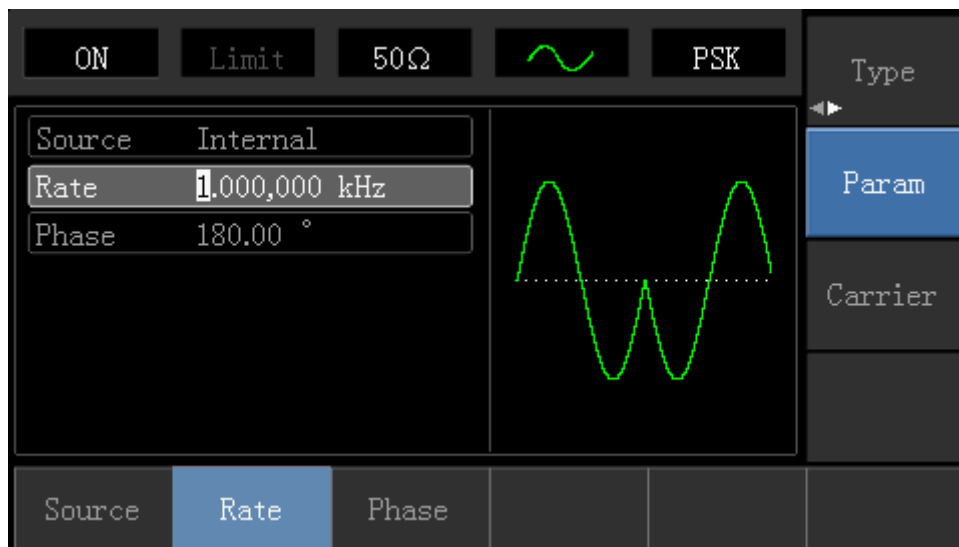


Press corresponding softkey, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.

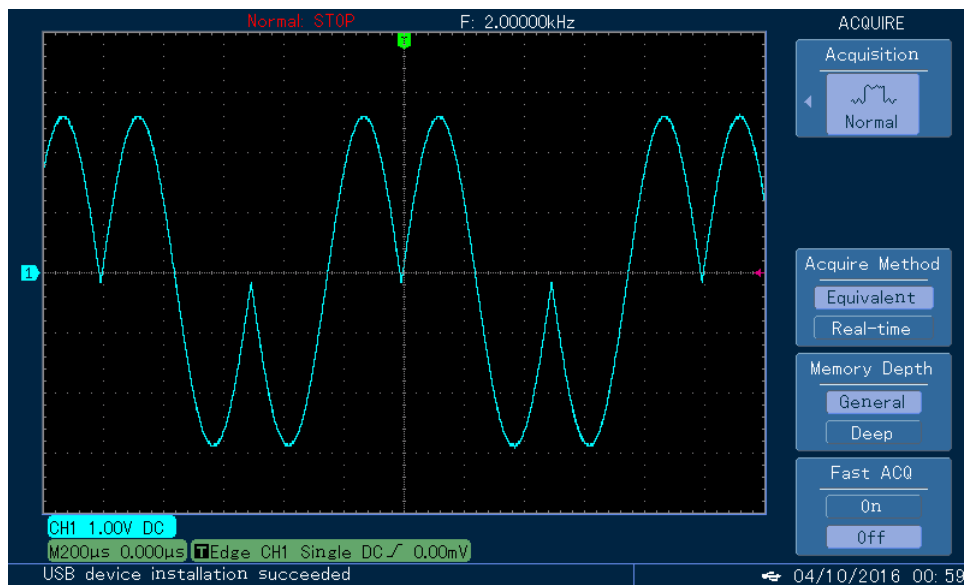


4) Enable Channel Output

Press Channel button to open channel output quickly.



The shape of PSK modulation waveform checked through oscilloscope is shown as follows:

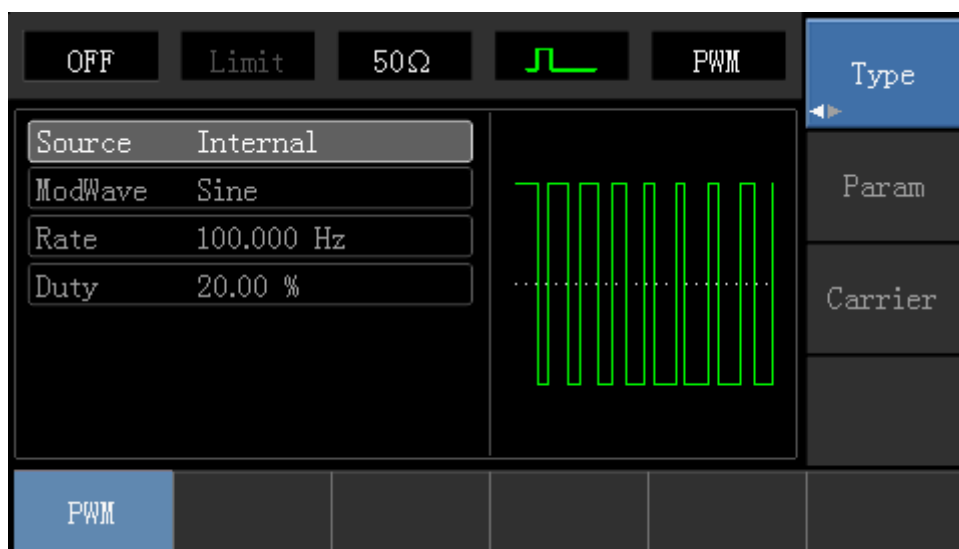


12. 4.1.7 Pulse Width Modulation (PWM)

In pulse width modulation, modulated waveform is usually composed of carrier wave and modulation shape, and the pulse width of carrier wave will change as modulation shape amplitude changes.

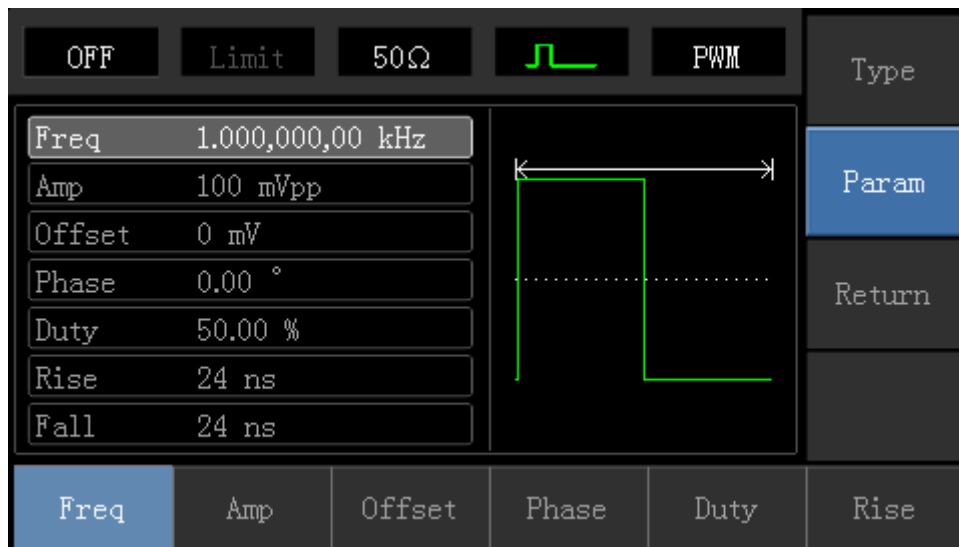
PWM Modulation Selection

Press **Menu**→**Modulation**→**Type**→**Pulse Width Modulation** in turn to start the PWMK function. The device will output modulated waveform with modulation waveform and carrier wave of current setting.



Carrier Wave Waveform

PWM carrier wave waveform can only be pulse wave. After PWM modulation, press **carrier parameter** softkey to enter carrier wave waveform selection interface, then it can be seen that **Pulse Wave** label is selected automatically.



Carrier Wave Frequency Setting

Settable range of pulse wave frequency is from 500uH to 25MHz, and the default frequency is 1kHz.

Press **Parameter** → **Frequency** softkey to change frequency, then enter required numerical value, and select unit.

Carrier Wave Duty Cycle Setting

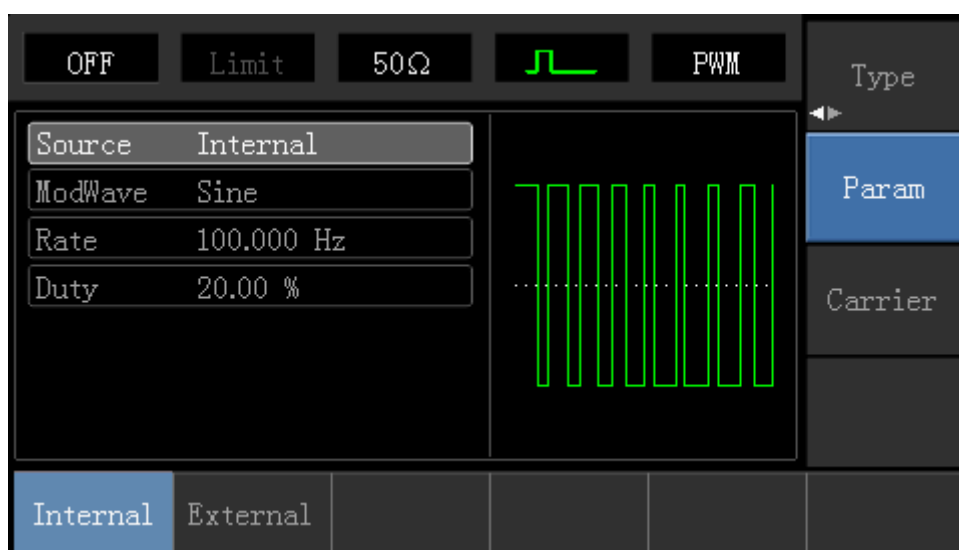
Settable range of pulse wave duty cycle is 0.01%~99.99%, and the default duty cycle is 50%.

Press **Parameter** → **Frequency** softkey to change, then enter required numerical value, and select unit.

Modulation Source Selection

The device can select internal modulation source or external modulation source. If need to change, press

Parameter → **ModulationSource** → **External** in turn.



1) Internal Source

When modulation source is internal, modulation wave can be: sine wave, square wave, rising ramp wave, falling ramp wave, arbitrary wave and noise, and the default wave is sine wave. If need to change, press **Carrier Wave** **Parameter** **Modulation Waveform** in turn.

- Square wave: duty cycle 50%
- Lead Ramp Wave: symmetry degree is 100%
- Tail Ramp Wave: symmetry degree is 0%
- Arbitrary Wave: Arbitrary wave length limit is 1kpts
- Noise: White Gauss noise

2) External Source

When modulation source is external, carrier wave waveform will be modulated by an external waveform.

Modulation Shape Frequency Setting

When modulation source is internal, frequency of modulation wave can be modulated (range is 2mHz~20kHz). After enabling PWM function, the default of modulation wave frequency is 1kHz. If need to change, press **Carrier Wave** **Parameter** **Modulation Frequency** in turn. When modulation source is external, carrier wave waveform (pulse wave) will be modulated by an external waveform. The range of modulation signal input from external is 0Hz to 20kHz.

Duty Cycle Deviation Setting

The duty cycle deviation represents the difference between the duty cycle of the modulated waveform and the current carrier's duty cycle. Settable range of PWM duty cycle is from 0% to 49.99%, and the default value is 20%. If need to change, press **Parameter** **Duty Cycle Deviation** in turn.

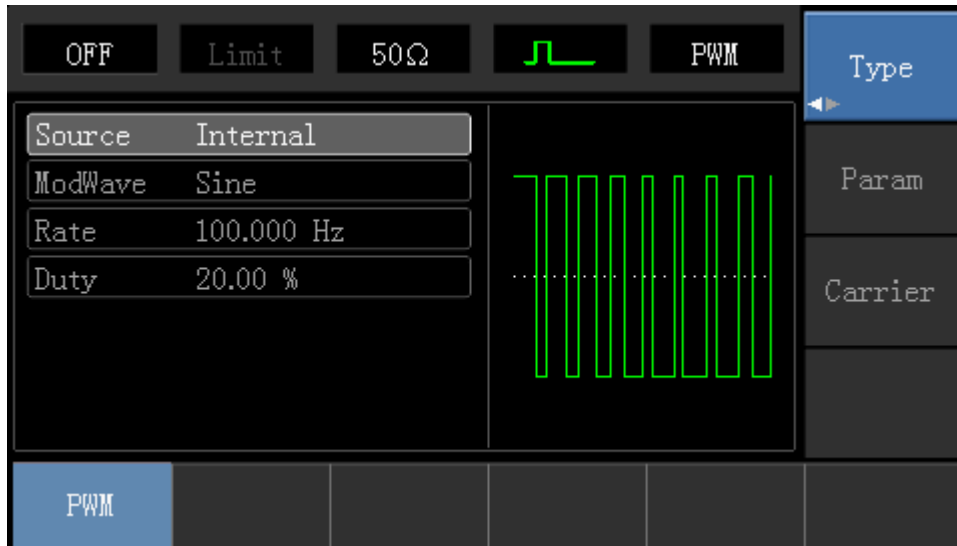
- The duty cycle deviation represents the difference between the duty cycle of the modulated waveform and the duty cycle of the original pulse waveform, represented in %.
- Duty cycle deviation cannot be beyond the duty cycle of current pulse wave.
- Sum of duty cycle deviation and the current pulse wave duty cycle must no more than 99.99%.
- Duty cycle deviation is limited by the minimal duty cycle of pulse wave and current edge time.

Comprehensive Example

Make the instrument work in pulse modulation (PWM) mode, then set a sine wave with 1kHz from the internal of the instrument as a modulation signal and a pulse wave with 10kHz frequency, 2Vpp amplitude and 50% duty cycle as a carrier wave signal, finally, set duty cycle deviation to 40%. Specific steps to achieve this are as follows:

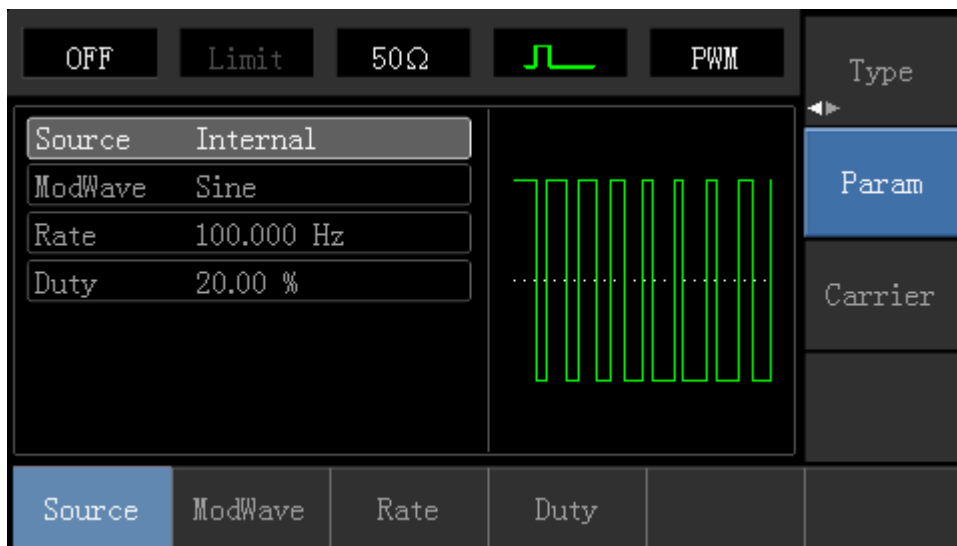
1) Enable Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) Function

Press **Menu**→**Modulation**→**Type**→**Pulse Width Modulation** in turn to start the PWM function.

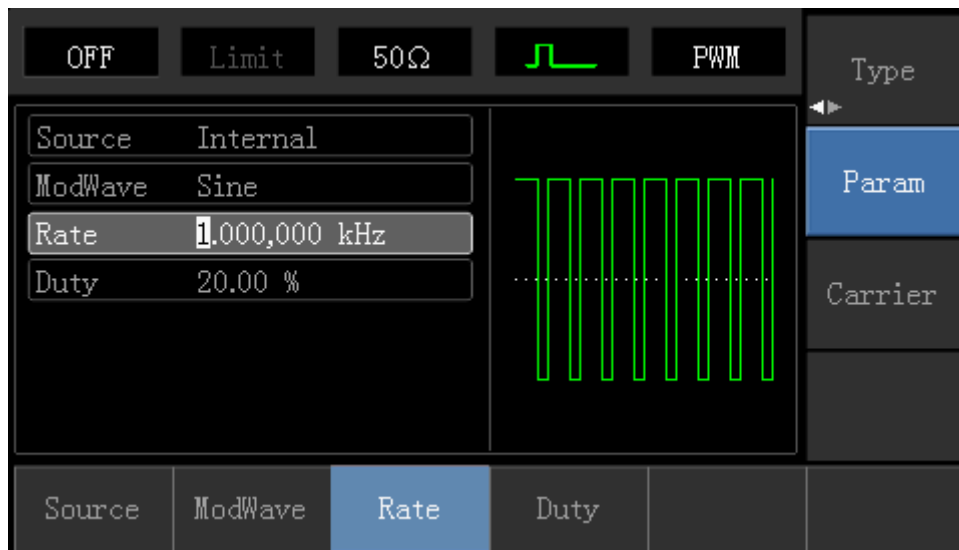


2) Set Modulation Signal Parameter

Press **Parameter** softkey and the interface will show as following:

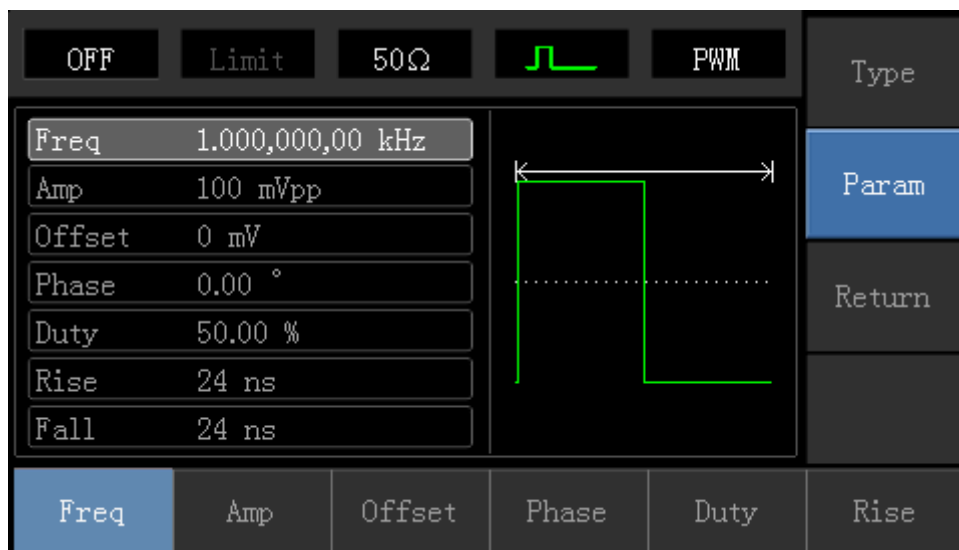


Press corresponding softkey, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.

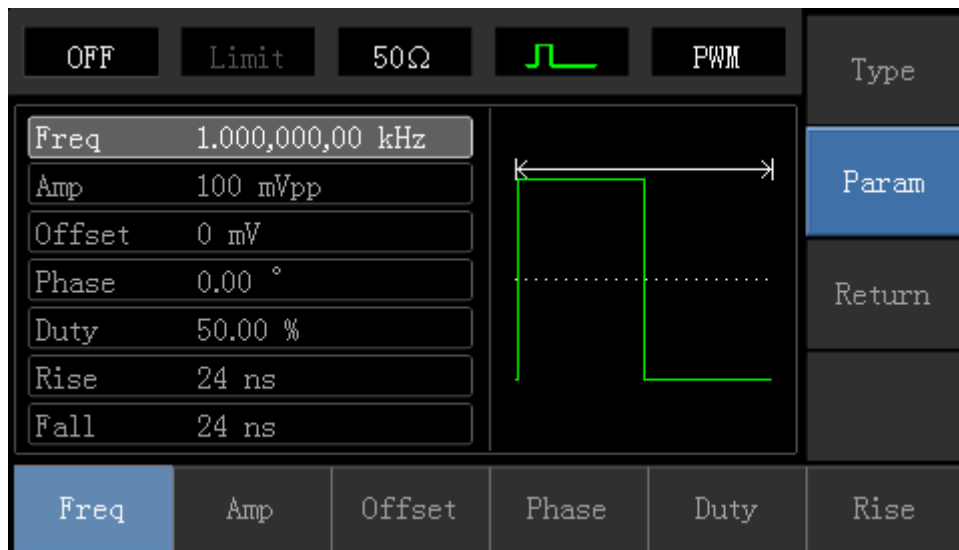


3) Set Carrier Wave Signal Parameter

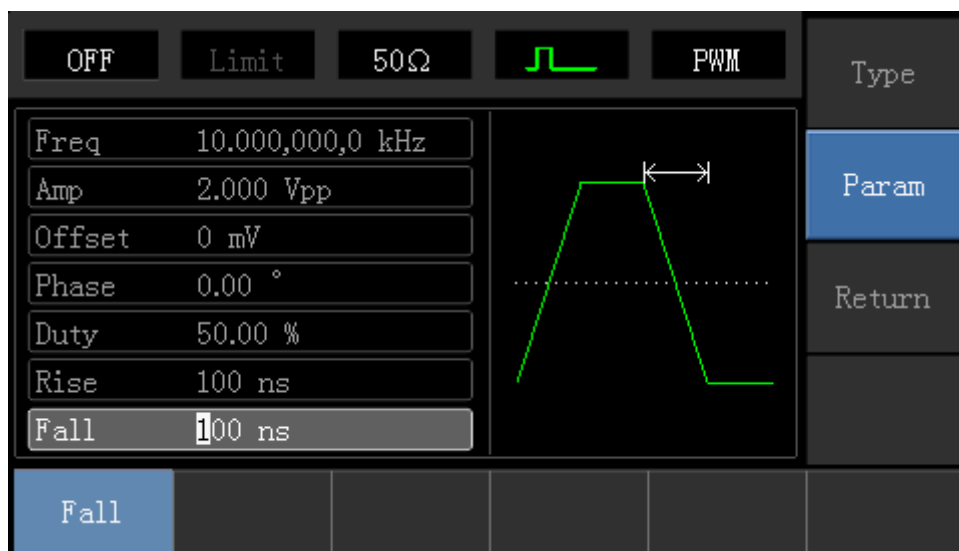
Press **Carrier Wave Parameter** softkey to enter carrier wave parameter setting interface.



Press **Parameter** softkey, and the interface will display as follows:


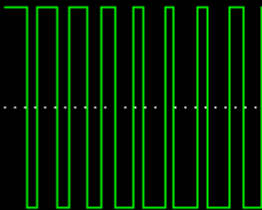


If need to set parameter, press corresponding softkey first, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.


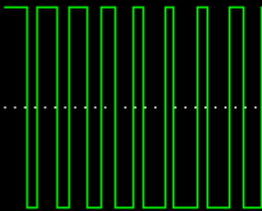


4) Set Duty Cycle Deviation

Press **Return** softkey to back to the following interface for duty cycle deviation setting:

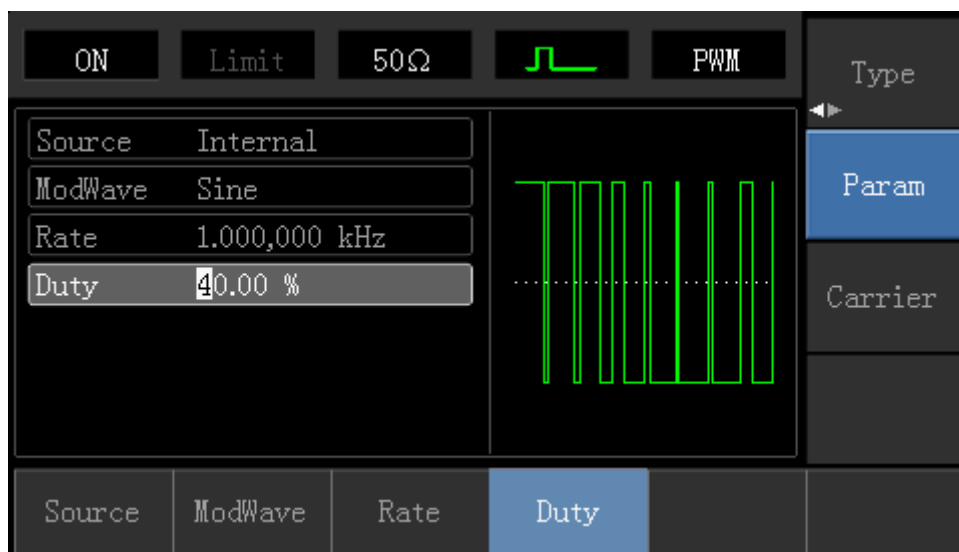
OFF	Limit	50Ω		PWM	Type									
<table border="1"><tr><td>Source</td><td>Internal</td></tr><tr><td>ModWave</td><td>Sine</td></tr><tr><td>Rate</td><td>1.000,000 kHz</td></tr><tr><td>Duty</td><td>20.00 %</td></tr></table>					Source	Internal	ModWave	Sine	Rate	1.000,000 kHz	Duty	20.00 %		Param
Source	Internal													
ModWave	Sine													
Rate	1.000,000 kHz													
Duty	20.00 %													
					Carrier									
Source	ModWave	Rate	Duty											

After pressing **Parameter** → **Dutycycle** softkey, enter number 40 and press **%** softkey with number keyboard for setting duty cycle deviation.

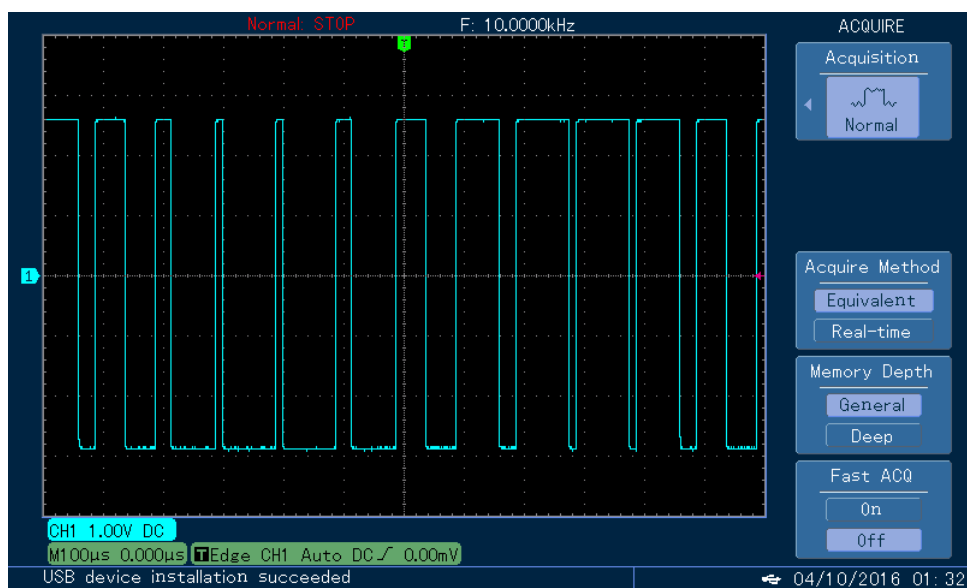
OFF	Limit	50Ω		PWM	Type									
<table border="1"><tr><td>Source</td><td>Internal</td></tr><tr><td>ModWave</td><td>Sine</td></tr><tr><td>Rate</td><td>1.000,000 kHz</td></tr><tr><td>Duty</td><td>40</td></tr></table>					Source	Internal	ModWave	Sine	Rate	1.000,000 kHz	Duty	40		Param
Source	Internal													
ModWave	Sine													
Rate	1.000,000 kHz													
Duty	40													
					Carrier									
%	25%	50%	75%	95%	Cancel									

5) Enable Channel Output

Press Channel button to open channel output quickly.



The shape of PWM modulation waveform checked through oscilloscope is shown as follows:



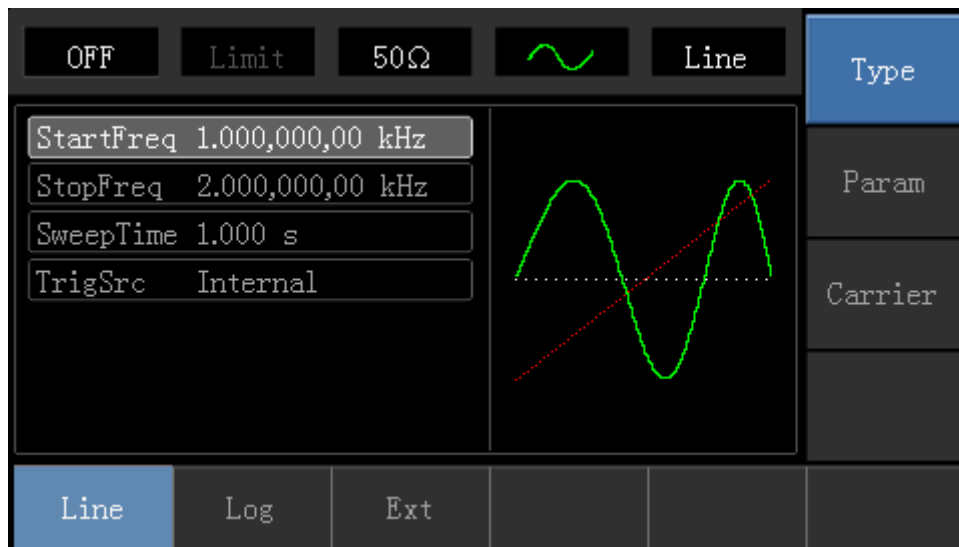
4.2 Sweep Waveform Output

In sweep mode, frequency is output in linear or logarithmic way during the specified sweep time. Trigger source can be internal, external or manual trigger; and sine wave, square wave, ramp wave and arbitrary wave (except DC) can produce sweep output.

4.2.1 Sweep Selection

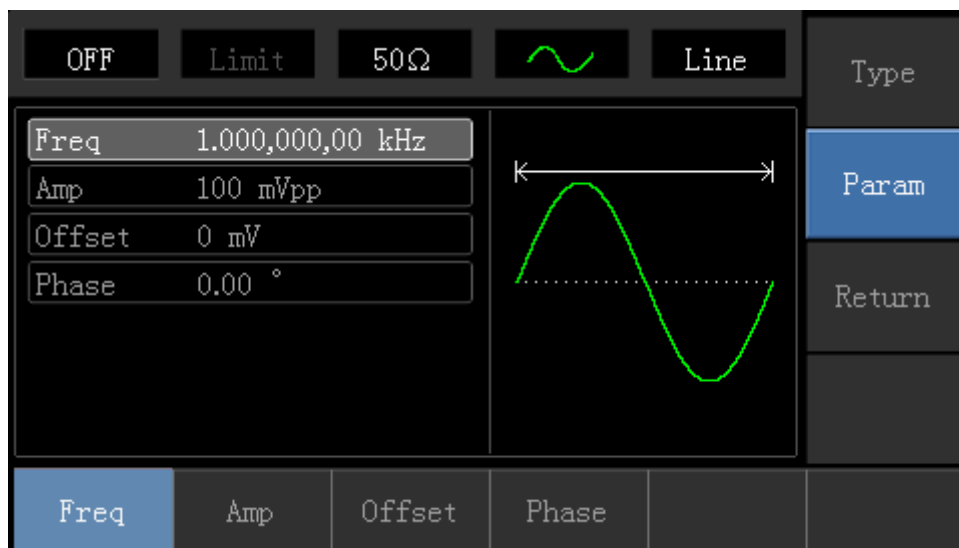
1) Enable Sweep Function

Press **Menu** button first, then press **Sweep** softkey to start sweep function. The device will output sweep waveform with current setting.



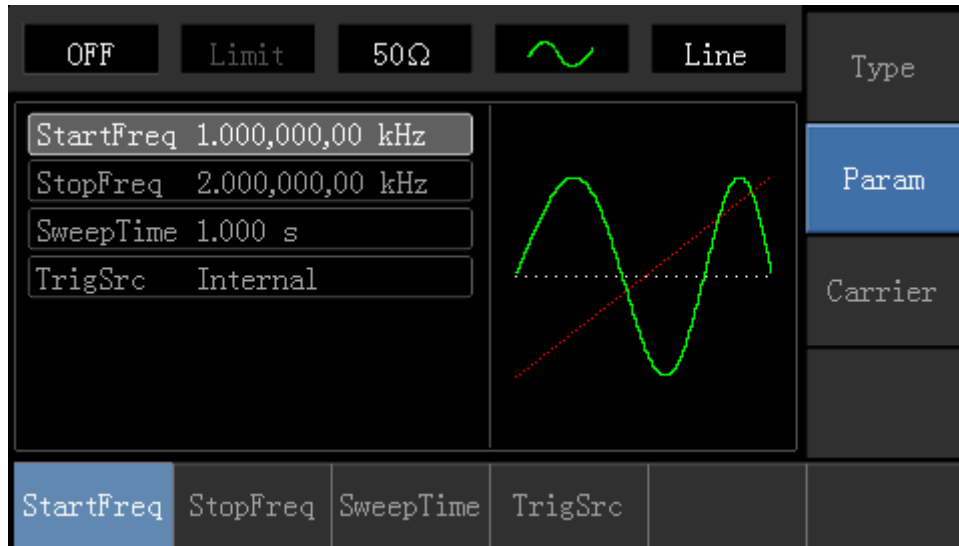
2) Sweep Waveform Selection

Press **Carrier Parameter** softkey to select sweep waveform, then the interface popping up will display as follows:



4.2.2 Start Frequency and Stop Frequency Setting

Start frequency and stop frequency are the upper limit and lower limit of frequency scanning. Press **[Return]** softkey to back to sweep interface. Press **[Parameter]**→**[Start Frequency]**→**[StopFrequency]** softkeys in turn, then enter number with number keyboard and press corresponding unit softkey.



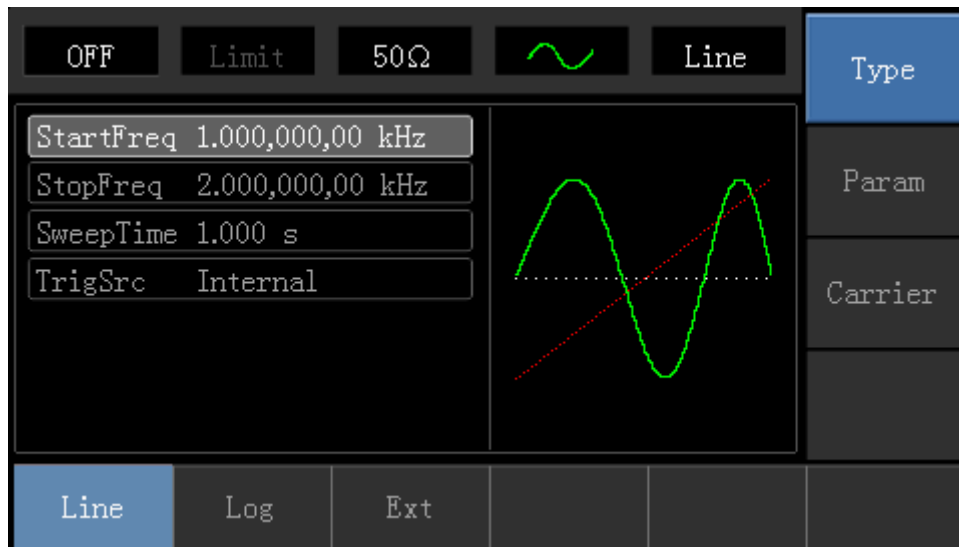
- If start frequency is lower than stop frequency, DDS function generator sweeps from low frequency to high frequency.
- If start frequency is higher than stop frequency, DDS function generator sweeps from high frequency to low frequency.
- If start frequency is equivalent to stop frequency, DDS function generator sweeps output fixed frequency.
- **Synchronous signal of sweep mode is a signal that is low from the start of sweep time to the middle of sweep time, and is high from the middle of sweep time to the end of sweep time.**

The default of start frequency is 1kHz, and stop frequency is 2kHz. Different sweep waveform has different settable range of enabling and stop frequency, settable frequency range of each sweep wave are shown in the following table:

Carrier Wave Waveform	Frequency			
	UTG1010A		UTG1005A	
	Minimum Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Sine Wave	1μHz	10MHz	1μHz	5MHz
Square Wave	1μHz	5MHz	1μHz	5MHz
Ramp Wave	1μHz	400kHz	1μHz	400KHz
Arbitrary Wave	1μHz	2MHz	1μHz	1MHz

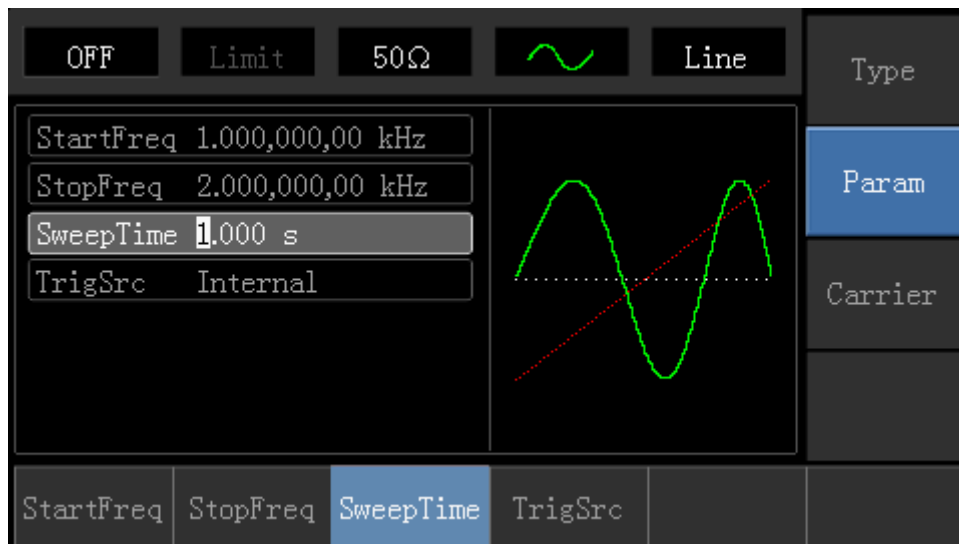
4.2.3 Sweep Mode

Linear sweep: waveform generator changes output frequency in the linear way during the sweep; Logarithmic sweep: waveform generator changes output frequency in logarithmic way; External sweep, the default is linear sweep way, if need to change, please press **Type** **Logarithm** softkey.



4.2.4 Sweep Time

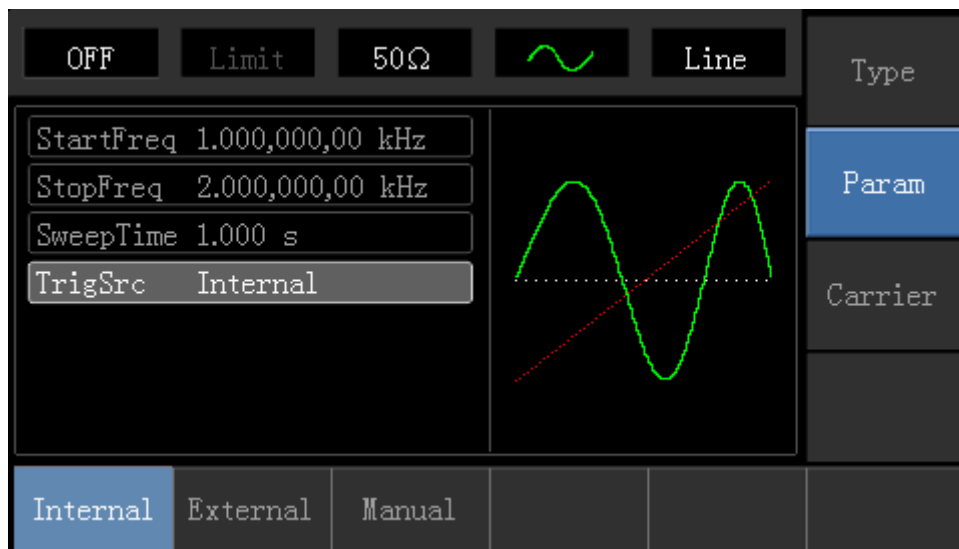
Set the required time from initial frequency to terminal frequency, the default is 1s, and the settable range is from 1ms to 500s. If need to change, press **Parameter** → **Sweep Time** softkey in turn, then enter number with number keyboard, and press corresponding unit softkey



4.2.5 Trigger Source Selection

When signal generator receives a trigger signal, it generates a sweep output, and then waits for the next trigger signal. Sweep source can be internal, external or manual trigger. If need to change, press **Parameter** → **Trigger** **Source** softkey in turn.

- 1) When internal trigger is selected, waveform generator will output a continuous sweep, and the rate is determined by sweep time.
- 2) When external trigger is selected, waveform generator will trigger through modulation interface hardware.
- 3) When manual trigger is selected, backlight of **Trigger** button will flash, press **Trigger** button for once, sweep will be output.



4.2.6 Trigger Output

When trigger source is internal or manual trigger, trigger signal (square wave) can be output through external modulation interface (Input/CNT probe). The default of trigger output option is "Close". If need to change, press **Parameter** → **Trigger Output** → **Open** softkey in turn.

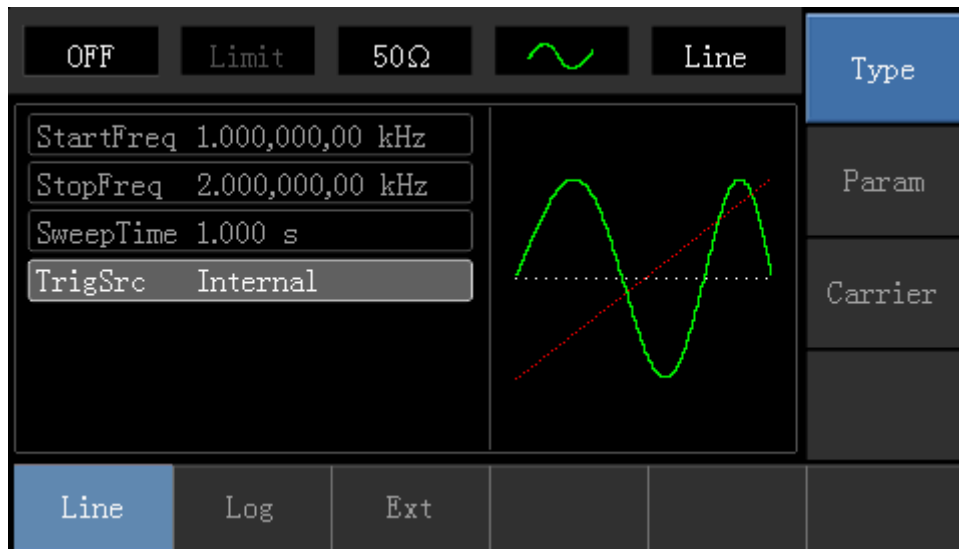
- In internal trigger, signal generator output a square of 50% duty cycle through external modulation interface (Input/CNT probe) at the beginning of sweep.
- In manual trigger, signal generator output a pulse that has pulse width more than 1us through external modulation interface (Input/CNT probe) at the beginning of sweep.
- In external trigger, trigger output is output through modulation interface (Input/CNT probe), but trigger output options in parameter list will be hidden.

Comprehensive Example

In sweep mode, set a sine wave signal with 1Vpp amplitude and 50% duty cycle as sweep signal, and sweep way is linear sweep, set the initial frequency of sweep to 1kHz and terminal frequency to 50kHz and sweep time to 2ms. Use rising edge trigger of internal source to output sweep wave. Specific steps to achieve this are as follows:

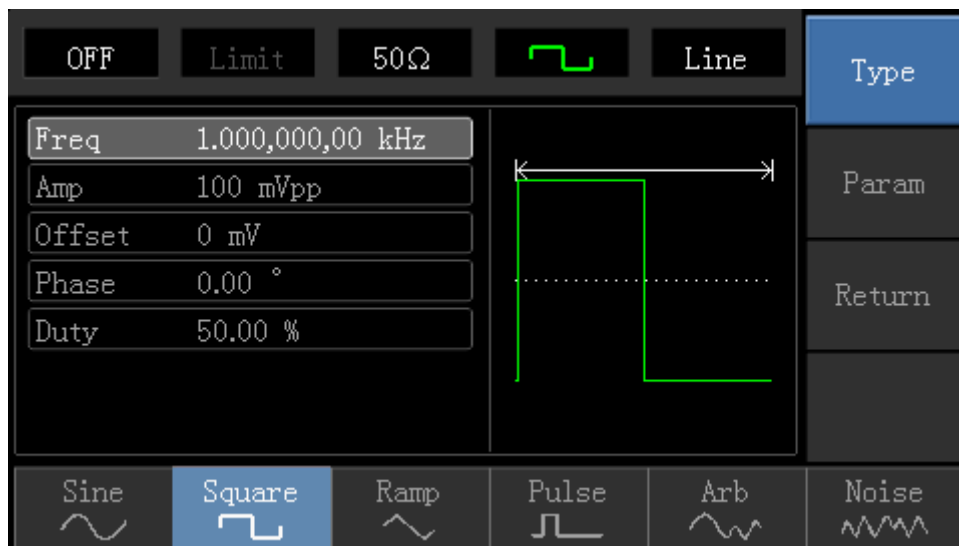
1) Enable Sweep Function

Press **Menu**→**Sweep**→**Type**→**Linear** in turn to start the Sweep function.


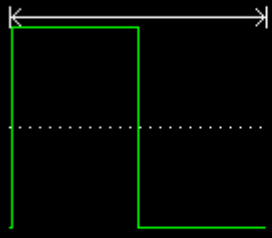


2) Select Sweep Waveform


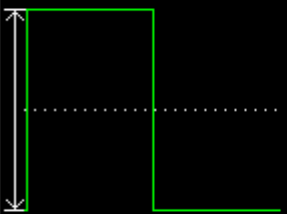
Press **Carrier Wave Parameter**→**Type**→**Square Wave** softkey to select sweep waveform, and the interface will display as follows:



Press **Parameter** softkey, and the interface will display as follows:

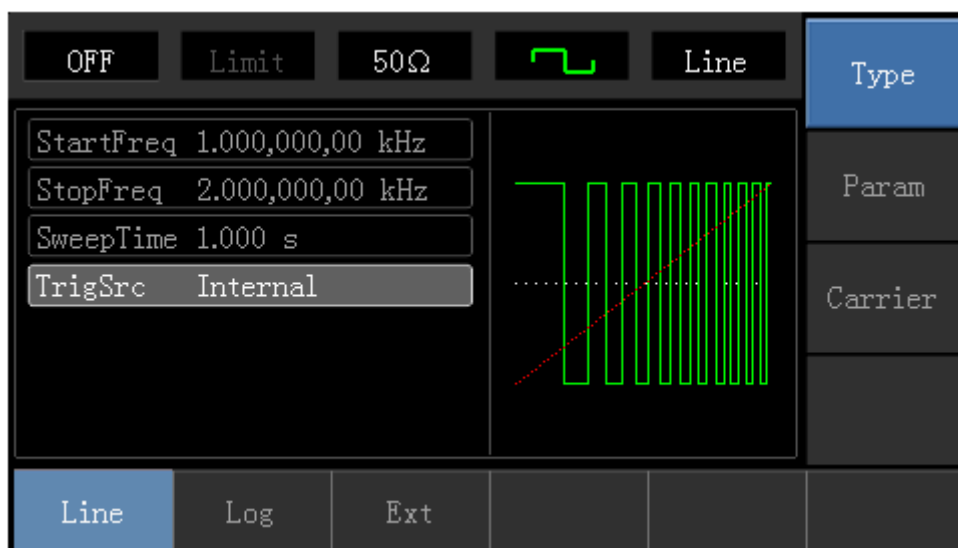
OFF	Limit	50Ω		Line	Type
Freq 1.000,000,00 kHz Amp 100 mVpp Offset 0 mV Phase 0.00 ° Duty 50.00 %					Param
					Return
Freq	Amp	Offset	Phase	Duty	

Press corresponding softkey, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.

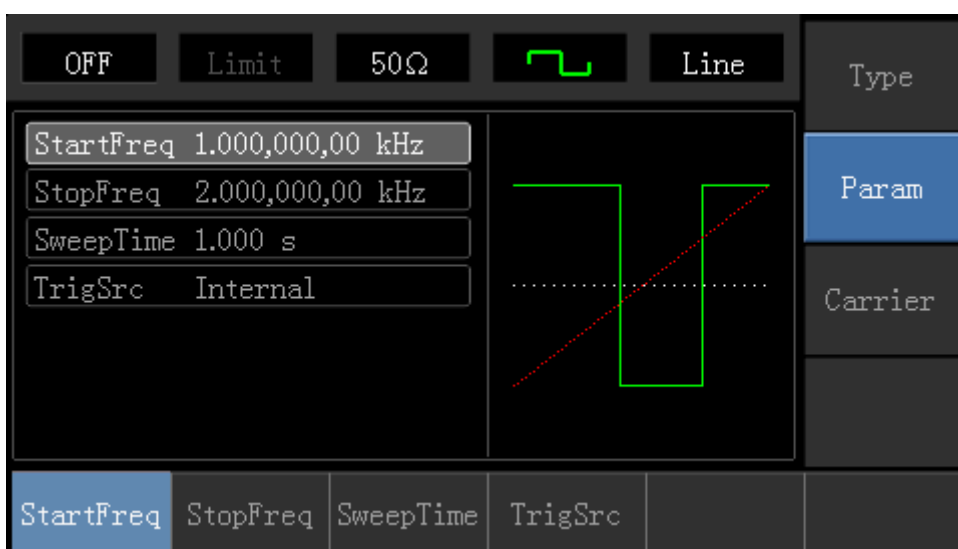
OFF	Limit	50Ω		Line	Type
Freq 1.000,000,00 kHz Amp 1.000 Vpp Offset 0 mV Phase 0.00 ° Duty 50.00 %					Param
					Return
Freq	Amp	Offset	Phase	Duty	

3) Set Initial/Terminal Frequency, Sweep Time, Trigger Source and Trigger Edge

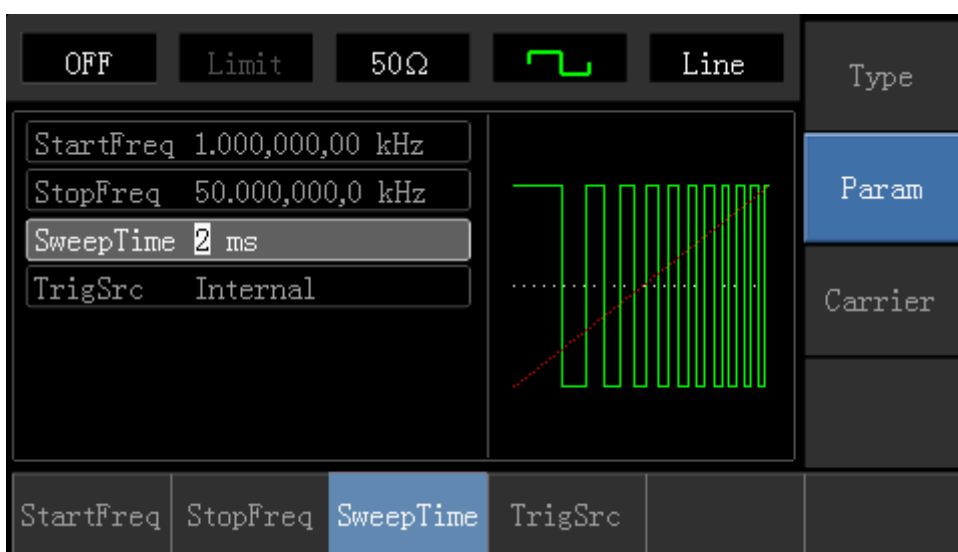
Press **Return** softkey to the following interface:



Press **Parameter** softkey, and the interface will display as follows:

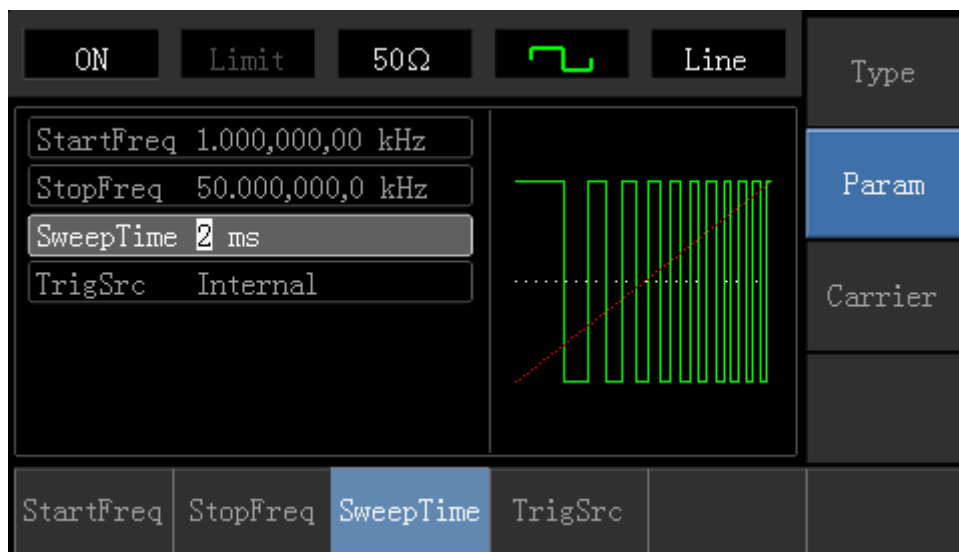


Press corresponding softkey, then enter required numerical value, and select the unit.

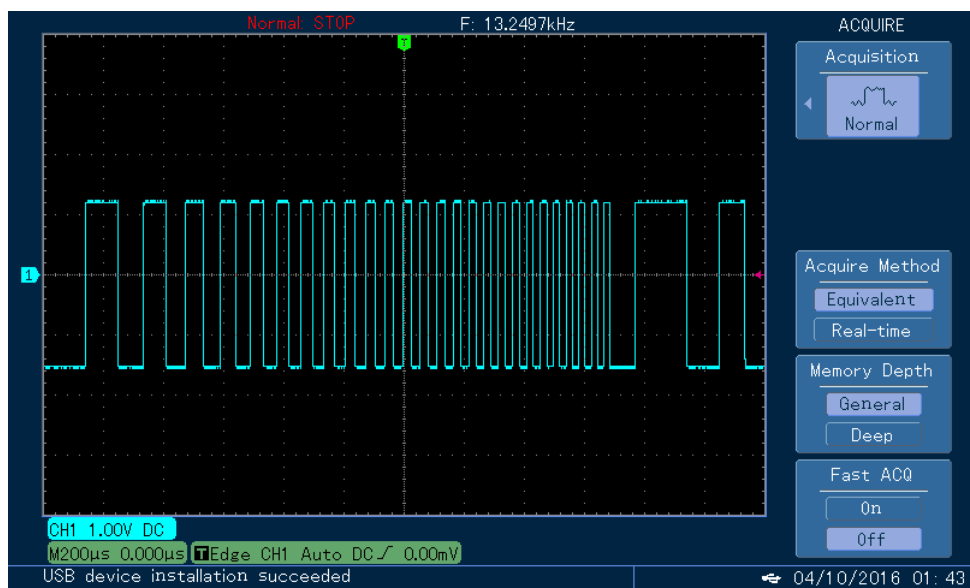


4) Enable Channel Output

Press Channel button to open channel output quickly.



The shape of sweep waveform checked through oscilloscope is shown as follows:

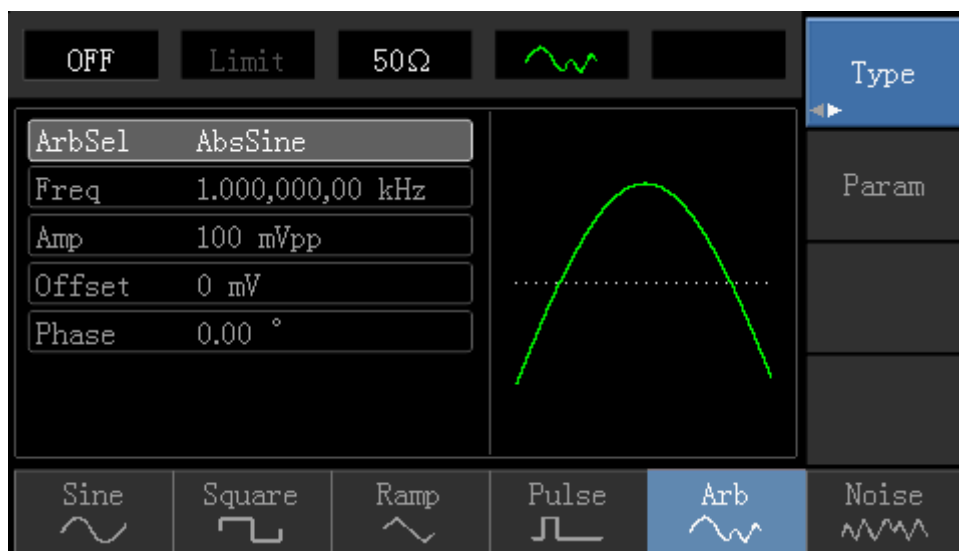


4.3 Arbitrary Wave Output

Function/Arbitrary Waveform Generator stores totally 16 types of standard waveforms, names of each waveform can be found in table below (built-in arbitrary wave list).

4.3.1 Enable Arbitrary Wave Function

Press **Menu**→**Waveform**→**Type**→**Arbitrary Wave** in turn to start the arbitrary wave function. The device will output arbitrary waveform with current setting.



4.3.2 Arbitrary Wave Selection

Users can select arbitrary waveform in the internal of instrument. Press **Parameter**→**Arbitrary Wave Selection** softkey to select required arbitrary wave.

Table 4-1 Built-in Arbitrary Wave List

AbsSine	AmpALT	AttALT	Gaussian Monopulse
GaussPulse	SineVer	StairUd	Trapezia
LogNormalSinc	Sinc	Electrocardiogram	Electroencephalogram
Index Rises	Index Falls	Lorentz	D-Lorentz

Chapter 5 Fault Handling

Possible troubles and trouble shooting methods are listed in following. Please follow the steps to handle problems. If you cannot handle them, please contact distributors of this product or local office, and also provide the equipment informations of your instrument (acquisition method: press **Utility** → **System** → **System** → **About** in turn).

5.1 No Display On Screen (Black Screen)

If the signal generator still does not display after pressing power switch on front panel

- (1) Check that the mains lead is connected and mains power is turned on.
- (2) Check the fuse in the mains plug.
- (3) Check whether the power switch on back panel is in the ON position.
- (4) Check that the power switch on front panel is in the ON position.
- (5) If the product still cannot be used normally, please contact the supplier you purchased it from.

5.2 No Waveform Output

Setting is correct but no waveform is output

- (1) Check whether the BNC cable and channel output terminal are connected correctly.
- (2) Check that channel is turned on.
- (3) If the product still cannot be used normally, please contact the supplier you purchased it from.

Appendix A Factory Reset State

Parameters	Factory Defaults
Channel Parameters	
Current Carrier Wave	Sine Wave
Output Outload	50Ω
Synchronous Output	Channel
Channel Output	Close
Channel Output Invert	Close
Amplitude Limit	Close
Amplitude Upper Limit	+5V
Amplitude Lower Limit	-5V
Basic Wave	
Frequency	1kHz
Amplitude	100mVpp
DC Offset	0mV
Initial Phase	0°
Duty Cycle of Square Wave	50%
Symmetry of Ramp Wave	100%
Duty Cycle of Pulse Wave	50%
Lead Edge of Pulse Wave	24ns
Tail Edge of Pulse Wave	24ns
Arbitrary Wave	
Built-in Arbitrary Wave	AbsSine
AM Modulation	
Modulation Source	Internal
Modulation Shape	Sine Wave
Modulation Frequency	100Hz
Modulation Depth	100%

FM Modulation	
Modulation Source	Internal
Modulation Shape	Sine Wave
Modulation Frequency	100Hz
Frequency Offset	1kHz
PM Modulation	
Modulation Source	Internal
Modulation Shape	Sine Wave
Modulation Phase Frequency	100Hz
Phase Offset	180°
PWM Modulation	
Modulation Source	Internal
Modulation Shape	Pulse Wave
Modulation Frequency	100Hz
Duty Cycle Deviation	20%
ASK Modulation	
Modulation Source	Internal
ASKRate	100Hz
FSK Modulation	
Modulation Source	Internal
Carrier Wave Frequency	1kHz
Hop Frequency	2MHz
FSKRate	100Hz
PSK Modulation	
Modulation Source	Internal
PSK Rate	100Hz
PSK Phase	180°

Sweep	
Sweep Type	Linear
Initial Frequency	1kHz
TerminalFrequency	2kHz
Sweep Time	1s
Trigger Source	Internal
Parameters of System	
Sound of Buzzer	Open
Number Format	,
Backlight	100%
Language*	Determined by Factory Settings

Appendix B Technical Specifications

Type	72-14111	72-14110
Channel	Single Channel	Single Channel
Max. Frequency	10MHz	5MHz
Sample Rate	125MSa/s	125MSa/s
Waveform	Sine Wave, Square Wave, Triangle Wave, Pulse Wave, Ramp Wave, Noise, DC, Arbitrary Waveform	
Working Mode	Output Strobe, Duration, Modulation, Scanning	
Modulation Type	AM、FM、PM、ASK、FSK、PSK、PWM	
Features of Waveform		
Sine Wave		
Frequency Range	1μHz~10MHz	1μHz~5MHz
Resolution	1μHz	
Accuracy	±50ppm in 90 days, ±100ppm in one year （18℃~28℃）	
Harmonic Distortion （Typical Value）	Test Condition: utput power 0dBm	
	-55dBc	
	-50dBc	
	-40dBc	
Total Harmonic Distortion （Typical Value）	DC~20kHz, 1Vpp<0.2%	
Square Wave		
Frequency Range	1μHz~5MHz	1μHz~5MHz
Resolution	1μHz	
Lead/Tail Time	<24ns（typical value, 1kHz, 1Vpp）	
Overshoot（Typical Value）	<2%	
Duty Cycle	0.01%~99.99%	
Min.Pulse	≥80ns	
Jittering（Typical Value）	1ns+ 100ppm of period	
Ramp Wave		

Frequency Range	1μHz~400kHz	
Resolution	1μHz	
Nonlinear Degree	1%±2 mV（typical value, 1kHz, 1Vpp, symmetry 50%）	
Symmetry	0.0% to 100.0%	
Min. Edge Time	≥400ns	
Pulse Wave		
Frequency Range	1μHz~5MHz	1μHz~5MHz
Resolution	1μHz	
Pulse Eidth	≥80ns	
Lead/Tail Time	<24ns（typical value, 1kHz, 1Vpp）	
Overshoot（Typical Value）	<2%	
Jittering（Typical Value）	1ns+ 100ppm of period	
DC Offset		
Range（Peak Value AC+DC）	±5V（50Ω）	
	±10V（High Resistance）	
Offset Precision	±（ 1% of offset setting +0.5% of ampltide +2mV）	
Features of Arbitrary Waveform		
Frequency Range	1μHz~2MHz	1μHz~1MHz
Resolution	1μHz	
Waveform Length	2048 points	
Vertical Resolution	14bits（including symbols）	
Sample Rate	125MSa/s	
Non-volatile Memory	16 types of waveform	
Output Features		
Amplitude Range	1mVpp~10Vpp （50Ω）	1mVpp~10Vpp （50Ω）
	2mVpp~20Vpp （high resistance）	2mVpp~20Vpp （high resistance）
Accuracy （Sine wave of 1kHz）	1% of amplitude setting value ±2 mV	

Amplitude Flatness（relative to sine wave of 1kHz, 1Vpp/50Ω）	<100kHz 0.1dB	
	100kHz~10MHz 0.2dB	
Waveform Output		
Impedance	Typical value of 50Ω	
Insulation	To earth wire, max.42Vpk	
Protection	Short-circuit Protection	
Modulation Type		
AM Modulation		
Carrier Wave	Sine Wave, Square Wave, Ramp Wave, Arbitrary Wave	
Source	Internal/External	
Modulation Shape	Sine Wave, Square Wave, Ramp Wave, Noise, Arbitrary Wave	
Modulation Frequency	2mHz~50kHz	
Modulation Depth	0%~120%	
FM Modulation		
Carrier Wave	Sine Wave, Square Wave, Ramp Wave,Arbitrary Wave	
Source	Internal/External	
Modsulation Shape	Sine Wave, Square Wave, Ramp Wave, Noise, Arbitrary Wave	
Modulation Frequency	2mHz~50kHz	
Frequency Offset	1μHz~5MHz	1μHz~2.5MHz
PM Modulation		
Carrier Wave	Sine Wave, Square Wave, Ramp Wave, Arbitrary Wave	
Source	Internal/External	
Modsulation Shape	Sine Wave, Square Wave, Ramp Wave, Noise, Arbitrary Wave	
Modulation Frequency	2mHz~50kHz	
Phase Offset	0°~360°	
ASK Modulation		
Carrier Wave	Sine Wave, Square Wave, Ramp Wave, Arbitrary Wave	

Source	Internal/External	
Modulation Shape	Square Wave of 50% duty cycle	
Modulation Frequency	2mHz~100kHz	
FSK Modulation		
Carrier Wave	Sine Wave, Square Wave, Ramp Wave, Arbitrary Wave	
Source	Internal/External	
Modulation Shape	Square Wave of 50% duty cycle	
Modulation Frequency	2mHz~100kHz	
PSK Modulation		
Carrier Wave	Sine Wave, Square Wave, Ramp Wave, Arbitrary Wave	
Source	Internal/External	
Modulation Shape	Square wave of 50% duty cycle	
Modulation Frequency	2mHz~100kHz	
PWM Modulation		
Carrier Wave	Pulse Wave	
Source	Internal/External	
Modulation Shape	Sine Wave, Square Wave, Ramp Wave, Noise, Arbitrary Wave	
Modulation Frequency	2mHz~50kHz	
Width Deviation	0%~49.99% of pulse width	
Sweep		
Carrier Wave	Sine Wave, Square Wave, Ramp Wave	
Type	Linearity, Logarithm	
Sweep Time	1ms~500s±0.1%	
Trigger Source	Manual, Internal, External	
Synchronous Signal		
Output Level	TTL compatible	
Output Frequency	1μHz~10MHz	1μHz~5MHz
Output Resistance	50Ω, typical value	
Coupled Mode	Direct Current	

Front Panel Connector	
Modulation Input	±5Vpk during the whole measurement
	20kΩ of input resistance
Trigger Output	TTL compatible
Frequency Meter Input	TTL compatible
Frequency Meter	
Input Level	TTL compatible
Input Frequency Range	1Hz~100MHz
Accuracy	±51ppm
Frequency Resolution	6 bit/s
Coupled Mode	Direct Current
General Technical Specifications	
Display	
Display Type	4.3 inch of TFT liquid crystal display
Display Resolution	480 horizontal ×272 vertical
Power	
Power Voltage	100~240 VAC, 45~440Hz,CAT II
Consume Power	Less than 25W
Fuse	2A, T Level, 250V
Environment	
Temperature Range	Operation: 10°C~+40°C
	Non operation: -20°C~+60°C
Cooling Method	Fan cooling
Humidity Range	+35°Cbelow: ≤90% relative humidity
	+35°C~+40°C: ≤60% relative humidity
Altitude	Operation: below 2000 meters
	Non Operation: below 15000 meters
Machine Specifications	
Size (Reference Data)	165mm×320mm×110mm
Net / Gross Weight	3.10kg / 4.10kg

Appendix C Accessories List

Type	UTG1000A
Standard Accessories	Power line meets local country standard
	USB data cable (UT-D06)
	BNC cable (1 meter)
	User CD

Appendix D Maintenance and Cleaning

Cleaning

- Clean the meter with a clean, soft cloth.
- Do not use any chemicals, abrasives or solvents that could damage the meter.
- Take great care when cleaning the screen to avoid scratches and use only a damp cloth to remove dirt.

Warning: please confirm that the instrument is completely dry before powering on to prevent electrical short circuit and even personal injury due to moisture.

INFORMATION ON WASTE DISPOSAL FOR CONSUMERS OF ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT.



When this product has reached the end of its life it must be treated as Waste Electrical & Electronics Equipment (WEEE). Any WEEE marked products must not be mixed with general household waste, but kept separate for the treatment, recovery and recycling of the materials used. Contact your local authority for details of recycling schemes in your area.



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