

#### Multicomp Epoxy Resin, Part A

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	Multicomp Epoxy Resin, Part A
Product number	MC002567, ZP
Product number	MC002567, ZP

1.2. Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Resin.
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3.	Details	of the	supplier	of the	safety	data	sheet
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Premier Farnell plc
150 Armley Road
Leeds
LS12 2QQ
+44 (0) 870 129 8608

1.4. Emergency telephone n	umber
Emergency telephone	+44 1865 407333

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1. Classification of the substar	nce or mixture
Classification (EC 1272/2008)	
Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram

Supplier



Signal word Hazard statements	Warning H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.</li> <li>P273 Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/face protection.</li> <li>P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>
Contains	Reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700), 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate, formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol, oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.





#### Supplementary precautionary statements

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

#### **SECTION 3:** Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Mixtures			
Reaction product: bisphenol-A-( (number average molecular weig	(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin ght ≤ 700)		10-30%
CAS number: 25068-38-6	EC number: 500-033-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119456619-26-XXXX	
<b>Classification</b> Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411			
Kaolin			1-5%
CAS number: 1332-58-7	EC number: 310-194-1		
Classification Not Classified			
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate			1-5%
CAS number: 26761-45-5	EC number: 247-979-2	REACH registration number: 01- 2119431597-33-XXXX	
Classification			
Skin Sens. 1 - H317			
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411			
formaldehyde, oligomeric reacti epoxypropane and phenol	on products with 1-chloro-2,3-		<1%
CAS number: 9003-36-5	EC number: 500-006-8	REACH registration number: 01- 2119454392-40-0000	





<1%

#### Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

#### oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.

CAS number: 68609-97-2 EC number: 271-846-8

#### Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**General information** 

See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

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REACH registration number: 01-

2119485289-22-XXXX



Inhalation Ingestion Skin contact Eye contact	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause irritation. May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to skin. Irritating to eyes.
4.5. Indication of any inimediate	
Notes for the doctor	individuals.
SECTION 5: Firefighting	measures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from	n the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during	
firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### **SECTION 6:** Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.



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#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3. Methods and material for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

#### 6.3. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1. Precautions for safe handlin	Ig
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
Advice on general	
occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage,	including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
Storage class	Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.





7.3. Specific end use(s) Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters Occupational exposure limits Kaolin

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>respirable dust WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering	
controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.





Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Dark-coloured liquid.	
Colour	Black.	
Odour	Not known.	
Odour threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point	Not available.	
Initial boiling point and range	Not available.	
Flash point	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Evaporation factor	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or		
explosive limits	Not available.	
Other flammability	Not available.	
Vapour pressure	Not available.	
Vapour density	Not available.	
Relative density	Not available.	
Bulk density	1.83 kg/l	
Solubility(ies)	Not available.	
Partition coefficient	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	150000 mPa s @ 23°C	
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.	
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.	

9.2. Other information

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
10.2. 10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.





10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions Possibility of hazardous	
reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	a products
mazardous decomposition	

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

#### **SECTION 11:** Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

products

Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD50)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD50)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC50)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation	1. 20.00
Animal data	Irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Deceder considered the classification with the constant
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	Deceder considered the classification with the constant
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 3
Denne du stive terrisite	Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to numans.
Reproductive toxicity	Deced on evailable date the classification evitaria are not mot
Reproductive toxicity - tertility	based on available data the classification chiena are not met.
Depreductive toxicity	
development	Pasad an available data the algoritization aritaria are not mot
Specific target organ toxicity	nalo exposure
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.





#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard		
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.	
Ingestion	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause irritation.	
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to skin.	
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.	
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact	
Target organs	No specific target organs known.	
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies.	
Toxicological information on ing	redients.	
	Aluminium Hydroxide	
Skin corrosion/irritation Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating.	
Skin sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.	
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.	
Reproductive toxicity	No suidence of some durative to definite animal studies	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.	
Reaction product: bisphe	enol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq$ 700)	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Irritating to skip	
Serious eve damage/irritation		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Irritation of eyes is assumed.	
<u>Carcinogenicity</u> Carcinogenicity	No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.	
Amphorous Silica		
<u>Acute toxicity - oral</u> Notes (oral LD50)	3160 mg/kg, Oral, Rat	
Carcinogenicity IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.	
	oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD50mg/kg)	17,100.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	17,100.0	

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological Information**

Ecological information on ingredients.

Aluminium Hydroxide

**Ecotoxicity** The product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.





Amphorous Silica		
Ecotoxicity	No information available.	
12.1. Toxicity		
Toxicity	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Ecological information on ingre	dients.	
Reaction product: bispn	enol-A-(epichiornydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight 5 700)	
<u>Acute aquatic toxicity</u> Acute toxicity - fish	LC <sub>80</sub> , 96 hours: 1.3 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)	
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 2.1 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
Chronic aquatic toxicity Chronic toxicity - aquatic		
invertebrates	NOEC, 21 days: 0.3 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.	
Ecological information on ingree	dients.	
Reaction product: bisph	enol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulative potential Partition coefficient	No data available on bioaccumulation. Not available.	
Ecological information on ingre	dients.	
	Aluminium Hydroxide	
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely.	
Reaction product: bisph	enol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	
Bioaccumulative potential Partition coefficient	Bioaccumulation is unlikely. log Kow: 2.64-3.78	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	No data available.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Ecological information on ingredients.		
Aluminium Hydroxide Results of PBT and vPvB		
assessment Reaction product: biomh	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT of VPVB.	
Results of PRT and vPvR	enol-A-(epichlornyurin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	
assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.	



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#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

None known.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Disposal methods Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### **SECTION 14:** Transport information

General

The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

#### 14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

#### Transport labels

No transport warning sign required.

#### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.





 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

 Transport in bulk according to

 Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

 and the IBC Code

 Not applicable.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

 National regulations
 Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

 The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

 Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

 EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

 EU legislation
 Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

 Commission Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms	
used in the safety data sheet	ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
	ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
	RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
	IATA: International Air Transport Association.
	ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.
	IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
	CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
	LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
	LD <sub>50</sub> : Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
	EC50: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.
	PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
	vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations	

#### Classification abbreviations and acronyms

Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation





Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation<br/>Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)Classification procedures<br/>according to Regulation<br/>(EC) 1272/2008Skin Irrit. 2 - H315: Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: Skin Sens. 1 - H317: : Calculation method. Aquatic<br/>Chronic 3 - H412: : Calculation method.Hazard statements in fullH315 Causes skin irritation.<br/>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.<br/>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.<br/>H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.<br/>H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Multicomp Epoxy Resin, Part B

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	Multicomp Epoxy Resin, Part B
Product number	MC002567, ZP

1.2. Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Hardener.
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Premier Farnell plc
	150 Armley Road
	Leeds
	LS12 2QQ
	+44 (0) 870 129 8608

1.4. Emergency telephone numberEmergency telephone+44 1865 407333

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)Physical hazardsNot ClassifiedHealth hazardsAcute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317Environmental hazardsAquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

2.2. Label elements Pictogram







Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray.
	P273 Avoid release to the environment.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
	Rinse skin with water or shower.
	P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
	Diract lenses, it present and easy to do. Continue finsing.
Containa	2 aminemethyl 2.5.5 trimethyleyeleboyylemine. Jeanenylebonel, atboyyleted, 2.2.4
Contains	or 2.4.4) trimethylbevane 1.6 diamine. Amines, coco alkyl, salicylic acid
Supplementary processionary	
supplementary precautionary	P261 Avoid breathing vanour/ sprav
Statements	P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling
	P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
	P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
	P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.
	P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
	P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
	P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
	P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	P391 Collect spillage.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Mixtures

#### 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

CAS number: 2855-13-2 EC number: 220-666-8

REACH registration number: 01-2119514687-32-XXXX

#### Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

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30-60%



<b>Isononylphenol, ethoxylated</b> CAS number: 37205-87-1			30-60%
<b>Classification</b> Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411			
Amines, coco alkyl CAS number: 61788-46-3 M factor (Acute) = 10	EC number: 262-977-1 M factor (Chronic) = 10		1-5%
<b>Classification</b> Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410			
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1	,6-diamine		1-5%
CAS number: 25513-64-8	EC number: 247-063-2	REACH registration number: 01- 2119560598-25-XXXX	
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1B - H317 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412			
<b>salicylic acid</b> CAS number: 69-72-7			1-5%
<b>Classification</b> Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Dam. 1 - H318			
xylene			<1%
CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7	REACH registration number: 01- 2119488216-32-XXXX	



# multicomp

#### Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4:** First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid r	neasures
General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
Skin contact	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
4.2. Most important sympton	ns and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms

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described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.



Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Severe irritation of nose and throat. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.	
Ingestion	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.	
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.	

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing	
media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	m the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build- up. This product is toxic. Severe corrosive hazard. Water used for fire extinguishing, which has been in contact with the product, may be corrosive.
Hazardous combustion	
products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very toxic or corrosive gases or vapours.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during	
firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Regular protection may not be safe. Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive- pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.





Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### **SECTION 6:** Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures **Personal precautions** No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid contact with contaminated tools and objects. 6.2. Environmental precautions **Environmental precautions** Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air). 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. This product is corrosive. Provide adequate ventilation. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. This product is corrosive. Immediate first aid is imperative. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.





Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.	
Storage class	Corrosive storage.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.	

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits xylene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

**Protective equipment** 



required instead.

Appropriate engineering controls Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.
 Eye/face protection
 Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be





Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.
Environmental exposure control	<b>s</b> Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

emissions to acceptable levels.

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear liquid.
Colour	Amber.
Odour	Not known.
Odour threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and range	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Evaporation factor	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or	
explosive limits	Not available.





Other flammability	Not available.
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Bulk density	0.92 kg/l
Solubility(ies)	Not available.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	200 mPa s @ 23°C
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.	
10.2. Chemical stability Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous re	eactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.	
10.5. Incompatible materials Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Corrosive gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological information		

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD50)	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed.
ATE oral (mg/kg)	782.46





Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD50)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	2,450.98
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC50)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Causes severe burns.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Corrosive to skin. Corrosivity to eyes is assumed.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 3 Not
	classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity -	
development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - s	ingle exposure
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
Specific target organ toxicity - re	epeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the
	length of exposure.
Inhalation	Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the
Instantion	Tonowing: Severe initiation of nose and throat.
ingestion	May cause sensitisation of allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause chemical
	include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Causes severe
okin contact	burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation.
	Redness. Blistering may occur.
Eve contact	Causes serious eve damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the
-	following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	No specific target organs known.
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies.





#### Toxicological information on ingredients.

	3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD50mg/kg)	1,030.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	1,030.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,100.0
	Isononylphenol, ethoxylated
Acute toxicity - oral	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	500.0
	Amines, coco alkyl
	500.0
ATE oral (mg/kg)	500.0
	2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine
Acute toxicity - oral	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	500.0
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Corrosive to skin. Corrosivity to eyes is assumed.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Does not contain any substances known to be mutagenic.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Not determined.
Specific target organ toxicity - s	ingle exposure
STOT - single exposure	No information required.
	salicylic acid
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD50mg/kg)	890.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	890.0
	xylene
Aguta taxiaitu darmal	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1 100 0
$\Delta cute toxicity - inhelation$	1,100.0
Acute toxicity inhelation	
(LC <sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)	27.571





Species ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) Carcinogenicity	Mouse 27.571	
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.	
SECTION 12: Ecological	Information	
Ecological information on ingred	lients.	
Amines, coco alkyl		
Ecotoxicity	Dangerous for the environment. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
12.1. Toxicity		
Toxicity	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Ecological information on ingred	lients.	
	Amines, coco alkyl	
Acute aquatic toxicity	10	
M factor (Acute)	10 L Cr. 06 hours 1.16 mg/l	
Acute toxicity - IISH		
invertebrates	EC <sub>50</sub> 48 hours: 0 1-1 0 mg/L Daphnia magna	
Chronic aquatic toxicity		
M factor (Chronic)	10	
	2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	
Acute aquatic toxicity		
Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 48 hours: 174 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)	
Acute toxicity - aquatic		
invertebrates	EC <sub>50</sub> , 24 hours: 31.5 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
12.2. Persistence and degradabi	lity	
Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.	
Ecological information on ingred	lients.	
	Amines, coco alkyl	
Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable. 2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	
Persistence and degradability	The product is not biodegradable.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.	
Partition coefficient	Not available.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	No data available.	





#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

	2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	None known.	
SECTION 13: Disposa	I considerations	
13.1. Waste treatment method	ls	

# General informationThe generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or<br/>recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed<br/>of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products<br/>should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste<br/>disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the<br/>safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should<br/>be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or<br/>rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be<br/>potentially hazardous.Disposal methodsDo not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled

Disposal methods Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

General	For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1760
UN No. (IMDG)	1760
UN No. (ICAO)	1760
UN No. (ADN)	1760
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	
(ADR/RID)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
	(CONTAINS 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine, Amines, coco alkyl)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
	(CONTAINS 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine, Amines, coco alkyl, Isononylphenol, ethoxylated)





Proper shipping name (ICAO)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine, Amines, coco alkyl)
Proper shipping name (ADN)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine , Amines, coco alkyl)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR/RID class	8
ADR/RID classification code	C9
ADR/RID label	8
IMDG class	8
ICAO class/division	8
ADN class	8
Transport labels	



14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	II
IMDG packing group	II
ADN packing group	11
ICAO packing group	II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS	F-A, S-B
ADR transport category	2
Emergency Action Code	2X
Hazard Identification Number	
(ADR/RID)	80
Tunnel restriction code	(E)

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.





#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
	Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### Inventories

**EU - EINECS/ELINCS** 

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **SECTION 16:** Other information

#### Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LC<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population. LD<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC50: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative. **Classification abbreviations** and acronyms Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)





Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC)	
1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4 - H302: Eye Dam. 1 - H318: Skin Corr. 1B - H314: Skin Sens. 1 - H317: : Calculation method. Aquatic Acute 1 - H400: Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410: :
	Calculation method.
Hazard statements in full	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318 Causes serious eye damage.
	H332 Harmful if inhaled.
	H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	H373 May cause damage to organs (Gastro-intestinal tract, liver, immune system)
	through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
	H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Part Number MC002567

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