

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	Multicomp Acrylic Conformal Coating 400ml
Product number	MC002230, ZP
1.2. Relevant identified us	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Appliance protection.
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheetSupplierPremier Farnell plc

150 Armley Road Leeds LS12 2QQ +44 (0) 870 129 8608

1.4. Emergency telephone numberEmergency telephone+44 1865 407333

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)	
Physical hazards	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Repr. 2 - H361d STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373
Environmental hazards	Not Classified

2.2. Label elements Pictogram

Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	 H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. EUH208 Contains 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.
Precautionary statements	 P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.





P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations. Contains Toluene, butanone Supplementary **Precautionary statements** P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P260 Do not breathe spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label). P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Mixtures Petroleum gases, liquefied CAS number: 68476-85-7	EC number: 270-704-2	30-60%
Classification Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280		
Toluene CAS number: 108-88-3	EC number: 203-625-9	30-60% REACH registration number: 01- 2119471310-51-XXXX
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Repr. 2 - H361d		

STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

butanone

CAS number: 78-93-3

EC number: 201-159-0

10-30% REACH registration number: 01-2119457290-43-XXXX

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Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

CAS number: 26530-20-1 M factor (Acute) = 1

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 EC number: 247-761-7 M factor (Chronic) = 1

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
Skin contact	Rinse with water.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

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4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.	
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.	
Skin contact	Redness. Irritating to skin.	
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.	

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment neededNotes for the doctorTreat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from	m the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous Combustion	
Products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
5.3. Advice for firefighters Protective Actions during	
Firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective	
Equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.



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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3. Methods and material for c	ontainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Approach the spillage from upwind. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
6.4. Reference to other sections	6
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health

Reference to other sections Fo

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Pregnant or breast feeding women should not work with this product if there is any risk of exposure. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or





cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists.

Occupational hygiene Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Storage precautions Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep container upright.

the original container. Keep away nom oxidising materials, near and names. Reep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, joint less and not absorbent.

Storage class Chemical storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Advice on General

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Petroleum gases, liquefied

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³

Toluene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 191 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 384 mg/m³ Sk

butanone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 600 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 300 ppm 899 mg/m³ Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate	
Engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and	
Body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.
Environmental	
Exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical propertiesAppearanceAerosol.

Colour	Light (or pale).
Odour	Characteristic.



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Odour threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and range	Not available.
Flash point	-4°C Closed cup.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Evaporation factor	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or Explosive limits	Not available.
Other flammability	Not available.
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Bulk density	0.78 kg/l
Solubility(ies)	Not available.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	300-350 mPa s @ 20°C
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information NA

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous re	actions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised container: may burst if heated



10.5. Incompatible materials



Materials to avoid No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation. 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products Hazardous decomposition Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or Products combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours. SECTION 11: Toxicological information 11.1. Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data Irritating. Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation. **Respiratory sensitisation** Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity IARC carcinogenicity Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. **Reproductive toxicity** Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Reproductive toxicity development Suspected of damaging the unborn child.





Specific target organ toxicity - si STOT - single exposure	i ngle exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Target organs	Central nervous system	
Specific target organ toxicity - re STOT - repeated exposure	epeated exposure STOT RE 2 - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard		
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
General information	Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.	
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.	
Skin contact	Redness. Irritating to skin.	
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.	
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact	
Target organs	Central nervous system	
Toxicological information on ingredients. Petroleum gases, liquefied		
Toxicological effects	Not regarded as a health hazard under current legislation.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity		
Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 10000 ppm, Inhalation, Mouse REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Fertility - NOAEC 9000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat F1 REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity -		
Development	Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: 10426 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity - re	epeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	NOAEC 10000 ppmV/4hr/day, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	





Toluene		
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Notes (dermal LD ₅₀)	LD ₅₀ 8390 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit	
Carcinogenicity IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.	
	2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	
Acute toxicity - oral ATE oral (mg/kg)	500.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal ATE dermal (mg/kg)	300.0	
Acute toxicity - inhalation ATE inhalation (gases ppm)	700.0	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	3.0	
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	0.5	
SECTION 12: Ecologica		
Ecotoxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.	
12.1. Toxicity		
Toxicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Ecological information on ingre	dients.	
	Petroleum gases, liquefied	
Toxicity	Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute aquatic toxicity		
Acute toxicity - fish	LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 147.54 mg/l, Freshwater fish Estimated value.	
Acute toxicity - aquatic		
invertebrates	EC50, 48 hours: 16.33 mg/l, Daphnia magna Estimated value.	
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 11.89 mg/l, Freshwater algae Estimated value.	
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one		
Acute aquatic toxicity		
LE(C)₅₀ M factor (Acute)	0.1 < L(E)C50 ≤ 1 1	





Chronic aquatic toxicity M factor (Chronic)	1	
12.2. Persistence and degradat	bility	
Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.	
Ecological information on ingre	dients.	
	Petroleum gases, liquefied	
Persistence and degradability	The substance is readily biodegradable.	
Biodegradation	Water - Degradation 100%: 385.5 hours	
	Toluene	
Persistence and degradability	No data available.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia		
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.	
Partition coefficient	Not available.	
Ecological information on ingre	dients.	
	Petroleum gases, liquefied	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.	
	Toluene	
Bioaccumulative potential	log Pow: 2.65,	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.	
Ecological information on ingredients.		
	Petroleum gases, liquefied	
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Toluene	
Mobility	No data available.	





12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
Ecological information on ingredients.

Petroleum gases, liquefied	
Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
	Toluene
Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment	No data available.
12.6. Other adverse effects Other adverse effects	None known.
Ecological information on ingredients. Toluene	
Other adverse effects	Not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

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13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of	
	the risk of an explosion. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents.	
SECTION 14: Transport information		
General	For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.	
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1950	

UN No. (IMDG)





UN No. (ICAO)	1950
UN No. (ADN)	1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name Proper shipping name	
(ADR/RID)	AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (ADN)	AEROSOLS
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID class	2.1
ADR/RID classification code	5F
ADR/RID label	2.1
IMDG class	2.1
ICAO class/division	2.1
ADN class	2.1

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group ADR/RID packing group	None
IMDG packing group	None
ADN packing group	None
ICAO packing group	None

14.5. Environmental hazards Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.





14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS	F-D, S-U
ADR transport category	2
Tunnel restriction code	(D)

 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

 Transport in bulk according to

 Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

 the IBC Code

 Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).
EU legislation	 Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC) (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories EU - EINECS/ELINCS None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms	
used in the safety data sheet	ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
	ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
	RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.





	 IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Aerosol = Aerosol
	Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Repr. = Reproductive toxicity Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure
Classification procedures	
according to Regulation (EC)	
1272/2008	STOT RE 2 - H373: STOT SE 3 - H336: Skin Irrit. 2 - H315: Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: Repr. 2 - H361d: : Calculation method. Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: : Expert judgement.
Hazard statements in full	 H220 Extremely flammable gas. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH208 Contains 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

Part Number MC002230

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