

Click [here](#) for production status of specific part numbers.

MAX5995B Evaluation Kit

Evaluates: MAX5995A/B/C/MAX5974D

General Description

The MAX5995 evaluation kit (EV kit) is a fully assembled and tested surface-mount circuit board featuring an Ethernet port, network powered-device (PD) interface controller circuit for -57V supply rail systems. The EV kit uses the MAX5995B IEEE® 802.3af/at/bt-compliant network PD interface controller in a 16-pin TQFN package with an exposed pad. The IC is used in Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) applications requiring DC power from an Ethernet network port for PDs such as VoIP phones, wireless access nodes, security cameras, lighting, and building automation.

The EV kit receives power from IEEE 802.3af/at/bt-compliant power-sourcing equipment (PSE). Refer to the MAX5952, MAX5965A/MAX5965B, and MAX5980 IC data sheets for PSE controllers. The PSE provides the required -36V to -57V DC power over an unshielded twisted-pair Ethernet network cable to the EV kit's RJ45 magnetic jack. The EV kit features a 1 x 1 Gigabit RJ45 magnetic jack and two active full-wave rectifiers (N101 and N102) for separating the DC power provided by an endspan or midspan Ethernet system.

The EV kit can also be powered by a wall adapter power source. The EV kit provides PCB pads to accept the output of a wall adapter power source. When a wall adapter power source is detected, it always takes precedence over the PSE source and allows the wall adapter to power the EV kit.

The EV kit demonstrates the full functionality of the IC, such as PD detection signature, PD classification signature, Multi-Event Classification (MEC), Intelligent MPS, inrush current control, input undervoltage lockout (UVLO), and DC-DC step-down converter. The step-down converter operates at a fixed 290kHz switching frequency and is configured for an isolated active-clamped forward topology with output voltage +12V DC that can deliver 5.5A of current.

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Warning: The EV kit is designed to operate with high voltages. Dangerous voltages are present on this EV kit and on equipment connected to it. Users who power up this EV kit or power the sources connected to it must be careful to follow safety procedures appropriately to work with high-voltage electrical equipment.

Under severe fault or failure conditions, this EV kit may dissipate large amounts of power, which could result in the mechanical ejection of a component or of component debris at high velocity. Operate this kit with care to avoid possible personal injury.

Features

- IEEE 802.3af/at/bt-Compliant PD Interface Circuit
- Multi-Event Classification 0-8
- -36V to -57V Input Range
- Demonstrates a 71W PD Design with Isolated Active-Clamped Forward Topology DC-DC Converter
- +12V Output at 5.5A
- Startup Inrush Current Limit of 135mA (typ)
- Current Limit During Normal Operation
- Evaluates Endspan and Midspan Ethernet Systems
- Type 1-4 PSE Classification Indicator
- Simplified Wall Adapter Interface
- Demonstrates Sleep and Ultra-Sleep Power-Saving Modes
- Proven PCB Layout
- Fully Assembled and Tested

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.

Quick Start

Required Equipment

- MAX5995_EVKIT_A
- An IEEE 802.3af/at/bt compliant PSE and a Category 5e Ethernet network cable
- -48V, 3A capable DC power supply
- Voltmeter

Procedure

The EV kit is fully assembled and tested. Follow the steps below to verify board operation:

Caution: Do not turn on the power supply until all connections are completed.

- 1) Use one of the following methods to power the EV kit:
 - a) **If network connectivity is required:** Connect a Category 5e Ethernet network cable from the EV kit input port RJ45 connector to the corresponding PSE Ethernet LAN connection that provides power to the EV kit.
 - b) **If network connectivity is not required:** Connect a -48V DC power supply between the -54V and GND PCB pads on the EV kit. Connect the power-supply positive terminal to the GND pad and the negative terminal to the -54V pad.
- 2) Activate the PSE power supply or turn on the external DC power supply.
- 3) Using a voltmeter, verify that the EV kit provides +12V across the V_{OUT} and RTN PCB pads.

Detailed Description of Hardware (or Software)

The MAX5995 EV kit features an Ethernet port and network PD interface controller circuit for -57V supply rail systems. The EV kit contains a IEEE® 802.3af/at-compliant network PD interface controller in a 16-pin TQFN-EP package. The IC is used in PoL applications for powering PDs from an unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) Ethernet Category 5e network cable and PSE port using endspan or midspan Ethernet systems.

The EV kit receives power from an IEEE 802.3af/at-compliant PSE and a UTP cable connected to the EV kit's RJ45 magnetic jack. The EV kit uses a 1 x 1 gigabit RJ45 magnetic jack and two active full-wave bridge power rectifiers to separate the -57V DC power sent by the PSE. The EV kit can accept power from an endspan or midspan PSE network configuration.

The EV kit can also accept power from a wall adapter power source. When a wall adapter power source is detected between the POWER+ and POWER- pads, the IC's internal isolation switch disconnects, which allows the wall adapter to supply power to the EV kit.

The EV kit demonstrates the full functionality of the IC such as PD detection signature, PD classification signature, Multi-Event Classification (MEC), Intelligent MPS, inrush current control, and UVLO. Resistor R101 sets the PD detection impedance. Resistors R44 and R6 set the PD classification signatures.

The EV kit's integrated DC-DC step-down converter is configured for an isolated ACTIVE-CLAMPED forward converter topology with output voltage of +12V and provides up to 5.5A at the output while achieving up to 92.5%, 92.4% and 92% efficiencies for 42V/48V/57V input, respectively. The step-down converter operates at a fixed 290kHz switching frequency.

PD Class selection by Classification resistors

By selecting the two external resistors connected to CLSA and CLSB pins, the power consumption requested by the PD can be defined. [Table 1](#) shows the the RCLSA and RCLSB resistor values needed to set for PD class and the PD power consumption defined by standards. RCLSA sets classification current for the 1st and 2nd class Events for 0~4 class PD complaint with IEEE 802.3af/at standard, and RCLSB set classification current for the 3rd to 5th class event for 0~8 class PD complaint with IEEE 802.3bt standard.

Table 1. PSE Type and PD Class with Classification Resistor RCLSA and RCLSB

| PD CLASS | POWER REQUESTED BY PD | RCLSA | RCLSB |
|----------|-----------------------|-------|-------|
| 0 | 12.95W | 619 | OPEN |
| 1 | 3.84W | 118 | OPEN |
| 2 | 6.49W | 66.5 | OPEN |
| 3 | 12.95W | 43.2 | OPEN |
| 4 | 25.5W | 30.9 | 30.9 |
| 5 | 38.25W | 30.9 | 619 |
| 6 | 51W | 30.9 | 118 |
| 7 | 61W | 30.9 | 66.5 |
| 8 | 71W | 30.9 | 43.2 |

Wall Adapter Power Source (POWER+, POWER-)

The EV kit can also accept power from a wall adapter power source. Use the POWER+ (0V) and POWER- (-10V to -57V) PCB pads to connect the wall adapter power source. The wall adapter power source operating-voltage range must be within +10V to +57V for the EV kit.

When the wall adapter power source is above +10V it always takes precedence over the PSE source. Once the wall adapter power source is detected, the IC's internal isolation switch disconnects. The wall adapter power is supplied to V_{DD} through diode S210. Once it takes over, the classification process is disabled.

When the wall adapter power source is below +8V, the PSE provides power through the IC's internal isolation switch. Diode S210 prevents the PSE from back-driving the wall adapter power source when it is below +8V.

Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO)

The EV kit operates up to a -57V supply with a turn-on UVLO threshold (V_{ON}) at -35.4V and a turn-off UVLO threshold (V_{OFF}) at -30.0V. When the input voltage is above V_{ON} , the EV kit is enabled. When the input voltage goes below V_{OFF} , the EV kit is disabled.

Sleep, Ultra-Sleep Modes and LED Operation

The EV Kit supports operating the MAX5995 in power saving modes such as the Sleep and Ultra Sleep. By using the SW3 DIP-switch, the \overline{SL} pin could be driven low to enter the Sleep mode. The ultra-sleep mode could be entered by driving both \overline{SL} and \overline{ULP} pin to low (using DIP switch SW1, SW3). The device could be commanded to exit sleep or ultra-sleep mode by driving the \overline{WK} pin low through the switch SW2.

The device features a dedicated LED pin which can be programmed to source out current when the device is in MPS, sleep or ultra-sleep modes. Diode named LED connects between LED pin and V_{SS} and lights up in green color to indicate LED current. The magnitude of the LED current can be controlled as per the value of the R105 resistor connected between the \overline{SL} pin and V_{SS} .

EV Kit Compliance to MAX5995A, MAX5995C

By default, the EV kit is installed with MAX5995B IC. However, the EV kit can also be used to evaluate the MAX5995A and MAX5995C variants of the IC without any change in schematic. Do note that for evaluating MAX5995C, the duty cycle of the MPS current is selectable through the choice of the resistor R40. This resistor should not be installed while evaluating MAX5995A, MAX5995B.

Component Suppliers

| SUPPLIER | WEBSITE |
|--------------------------|--|
| CoilCraft | www.coilcraft.com |
| Comchip | www.comchiptech.com |
| Diodes Incorporated | www.diodes.com |
| Emerson Network Power | www.vertivco.com |
| Fairchild Semiconductor | www.onsemi.com |
| Kemet | www.ir.kemet.com |
| Keystone | www.keyelco.com |
| Lite-On Electronics | www.us.liteon.com |
| Maxim Integrated | www.maximintegrated.com |
| Murata | www.murata.com |
| On Semiconductor | www.onsemi.com |
| Panasonic | www.panasonic.com |
| Pulse Electronics | www.pulseelectronics.com |
| Renesas Technology Group | www.renesas.com |
| Samsung Electronics | www.samsung.com |
| Stackpole Electronics | www.seiselect.com |
| Sumida | www.sumida.com |
| Taiyo Yuden | www.yuden.co.jp |
| TDK | www.us.tdk.com |
| TE Connectivity | www.te.com |
| Texas Instruments | www(ti.com |
| Vishay Dale | www.vishay.com |
| Wurth Elektronik | www.we-online.com |

Note: Indicate that you are using the MAX5995 when contacting these component suppliers.

Ordering Information

| PART | TYPE |
|----------------|-------|
| MAX5995BEVKIT# | EVKIT |

#Denotes RoHS compliant.

MAX5995B Evaluation Kit

Evaluates: MAX5995A/B/C/MAX5974D

MAX5995B EV Kit Bill of Materials

| PART | QTY | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------------------------|-----|--|
| C1 | 1 | 1µF ±10%, 16V X7R ceramic capacitor (0805) Murata GRM21BR71C105KA01 |
| C2, C11, C31, C36 | 4 | 100pF ±5%, 50V C0G ceramic capacitor (0603) Murata GRM1885C1H101JA01 |
| C3, C5, C10 | 3 | 0.047µF ±10%, 50V X7R ceramic capacitor (0603) Tdk CGA3E2X7R1H473K080AA |
| C4, C32 | 2 | 0.01µF ±5%, 50V X7R ceramic capacitor (0603) Kemet C0603C103J5RAC |
| C6 | 1 | 1µF ±10%, 16V X7R ceramic capacitor (0603) Taiyo Yuden EMK107B7105KA |
| C7, C8, C13 | 3 | 2.2µF ±10%, 100V X7R ceramic capacitor (1201) Murata GRM32ER72A225KA35 |
| C14 | 1 | 0.047µF ±10%, 500V X7R ceramic capacitor (1206) Vishay Vitramon VJ1206Y473KXEAT5Z |
| C15, C23, C25 | 3 | 0.1µF ±10%, 50V X7R ceramic capacitor (0603) Murata GCJ188R71H104KA12 |
| C19 | 1 | 220pF ±10%, 250V X7R ceramic capacitor (0603) Murata GRM188R72E221K |
| C21, C22, C24, C33, C60 | 5 | 1000pF ±10%, 250V X7R ceramic capacitor (2211) Murata GA352QR7GF102KW01) |
| C26 | 1 | 100µF ±20%, 16V X7R tantalum capacitor (7343) Panasonic 16TQC100MYF |
| C27-C30, C34 | 5 | 22µF ±10%, 16V X5R ceramic capacitor (1206) Samsung Electronics CL31A226KOCLFN |
| C38 | 1 | 33µF ±20%, 100V aluminium electrolytic capacitor (Case G) Panasonic EEE-FK2A330P |
| C39 | 1 | 4700pF ±10%, 50V X7R ceramic capacitor (0603) Murata GRM188R71H472KA01 |

| PART | QTY | DESCRIPTION |
|---------------------|-----|--|
| C41 | 1 | 2200pF ±10%, 50V X7R ceramic capacitor (0603) Murata GRM39X7R222K50V |
| C45 | 1 | 2200pF ±10%, 2000V X7R ceramic capacitor (1206) Kemet C1206X222KGRAC |
| C56-C59 | 4 | 0.1µF ±10%, 100V X7R ceramic capacitor (0805) Murata GRM21BR72A104KAC4 |
| C93, C105 | 2 | 0.1µF ±10%, 100V X7R ceramic capacitor (0603) Murata GCJ188R72A104KA01 |
| C101 | 1 | 0.068µF ±5%, 100V C0G ceramic capacitor (1206) Tdk CGA5L1C0G2A683J160 |
| D2, D3, D6, D7 | 4 | Schottky Diode, 100V, 2A, SMB Comchip CDBB2100-G |
| D9, D10, D12-D15 | 6 | Diode, 250V, 0.25A, SOD-323 Diodes Incorporated BAV21WS-7-F |
| D11 | 1 | Zener Diode, 10V, 0.005A, SOD-323 Diodes Incorporated BZT52C10S-7-F |
| D16 | 1 | Zener Diode, 16V, 0.005A, SOD-323 Diodes Incorporated BZT52C16S-7-F |
| D17, D18 | 2 | Rectifier bridge diode, 100V, 1.5A, SMT Diodes Incorporated DF1501S |
| D19 | 1 | TVS Diode, 120V, 2A, SMA Diodes Incorporated SMAJ120A-13-F |
| D20 | 1 | Zener Diode, 18V, 0.05A, SOD-323 Diodes Incorporated BZT52C18S-7-F |
| D101 | 1 | TVS Diode, 58V, 100A, SMB Diodes Incorporated SMBJ58A-13-F |
| D103 | 1 | Schottky Diode, 100V, 2A, SMT Fairchild Semiconductor S210 |
| D105-D108 | 4 | Zener Diode, 12V, 0.005A, SOD-323 On Semiconductor MM3Z12VT1G |
| H1-H4 | 4 | Standoff, 1/2 Inch, Female-Threaded, Hex, Aluminium Generic Part 2203 |
| H5-H8 | 4 | Phillips machine screw, 1/4 Inch, Stainless Steel McMaster-Carr; Keystone; McMaster-Carr 4C25MXPS; 9900;91772A106 |

MAX5995B Evaluation Kit

Evaluates: MAX5995A/B/C/MAX5974D

MAX5995B EV Kit Bill of Materials (continued)

| PART | QTY | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------------|-----|--|
| J1_DATA, J1_POWER | 2 | RJ45 Modular Jack Connector, Female, Through Hole, 8Pins Te Connectivity 5520252-4 |
| L1 | 1 | Inductor; Ferrite, 1000 μ H \pm 20%, 0.125A, SMT Coilcraft LPS4018-105MR |
| L2 | 1 | Inductor, Sheilded, 2.2 μ H \pm 20%, 6.0A, SMT Sumida CDMC6D28NP-2R2MC |
| L3 | 1 | Inductor, Sheilded, 4.7 μ H \pm 20%, 12.5A, SMT Sumida CDEP147NP-4R7MC-95 |
| L4-L7 | 4 | Inductor, Ferrite-Bead, 220, Tol = \pm 25%, 2A, SMT Murata BLM18EG221SN1 |
| L8-L15 | 8 | Inductor, Ferrite, 4.7 μ H \pm 20%, 1.10A, SMT (1008) Murata LQM2HPN4R7MG0 |
| LED | 1 | LED Diode, 2.1V, 0.03A, Green, SMT (1206) Lite-On Electronics Inc. LTST-C150GKT |
| N7 | 1 | MOSFET N-channel, 150V, 26A, SO-8 Vishay Siliconix SI7430DP-T1-GE3 |
| N9, N11 | 2 | MOSFET N-channel, 100V, 60A, SO-8 Vishay Siliconix SIR882DP-T1-GE3 |
| N12 | 1 | MOSFET P-channel, -150V, -8.9A, Powerpak1212-8 Vishay Siliconix SI7115DN-T1-GE3 |
| N101, N102 | 2 | MOSFET N-channel, 100V, 4.5A, SO-8 On Semiconductor FDS3992 |
| Q1 | 1 | Transistor NPN, 80V, 1A, SOT-89 Diodes Incorporated BCX5610TA |
| Q2 | 1 | Transistor PNP, 40V, 0.6A, SOT-23 Fairchild Semiconductor MMBT4403 |
| R1 | 1 | 316k Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW0603316KFK |
| R2 | 1 | 100k Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0805) Panasonic ERJ-6ENF1003V |
| R3 | 1 | 1.5k Ω \pm 0.1% Resistor (0603) Panasonic ERA-3YEB152V |
| R4, R31, R33, R54 | 4 | 10k Ω \pm 0.1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale TNPW060310K0BE |
| R5, R36 | 2 | 75k Ω \pm 0.1% Resistor (0603) Panasonic ERJ-PB3B7502 |

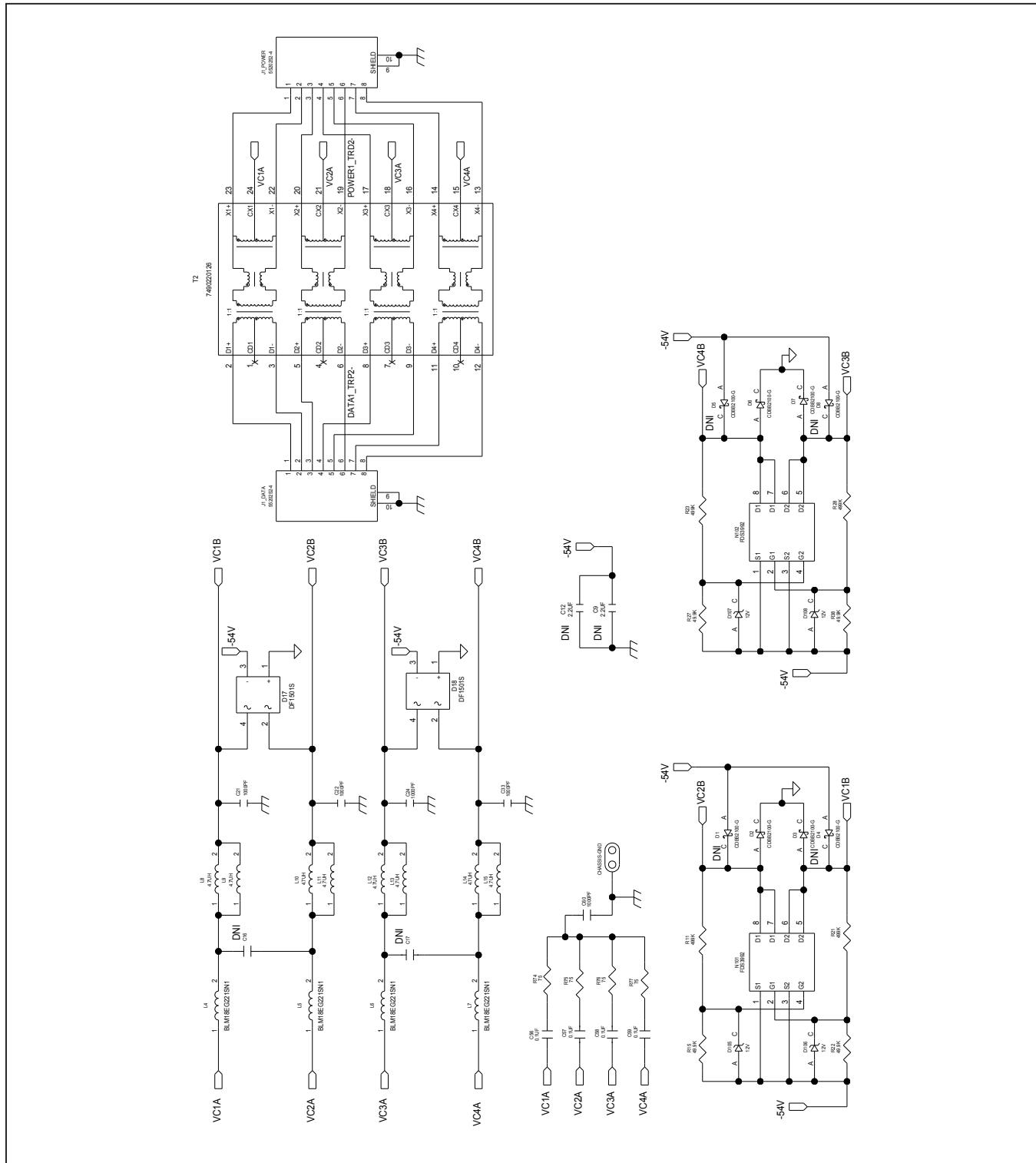
| PART | QTY | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------------|-----|---|
| R6 | 1 | 115 Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW0603115RFK |
| R7 | 1 | 30k Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW060330K0FK |
| R8, R79 | 2 | 0 Ω \pm 5% Resistor (0603) Samsung Electronics RC1608J000CS |
| R9, R102, R104 | 3 | 0 Ω \pm 0% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW06030000Z0 |
| R10 | 1 | 51k Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0805) Vishay Dale CRCW080551K0FK |
| R11, R21, R23, R28 | 4 | 499k Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0402) Panasonic ERJ-2RKF4993 |
| R13, R41-R43 | 4 | 3 Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Draloric CRCW06033R00FKEAHP |
| R15, R22, R27, R38 | 4 | 49.9k Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0402) Vishay Draloric CRCW040249K9FKEDHP |
| R16 | 1 | 3.6k Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale RK73H1J3601F |
| R17, R30 | 2 | 1k Ω \pm 0.1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale TNPW06031K00BE |
| R18 | 1 | 42.2k Ω \pm 0.1% Resistor (0805) TE Connectivity RN73C2A42K2B |
| R19 | 1 | 200k Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW06032003FK |
| R20 | 1 | 510 Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW0603510RFK |
| R24 | 1 | 200 Ω \pm 1% Resistor (1206) Vishay Dale CRCW1206200RFK |
| R25, R29 | 2 | 200 Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW06032000FK |
| R26 | 1 | 120k Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW0603120KFK |
| R32 | 1 | 2k Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0603) Stackpole Electronics Inc. RNCP0603FTD2K00 |
| R34 | 1 | 3.3k Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW06033K30FK |
| R35 | 1 | 13k Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW060313K0FK |
| R37 | 1 | 10 Ω \pm 1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW060310R0FK |

MAX5995B EV Kit Bill of Materials (continued)

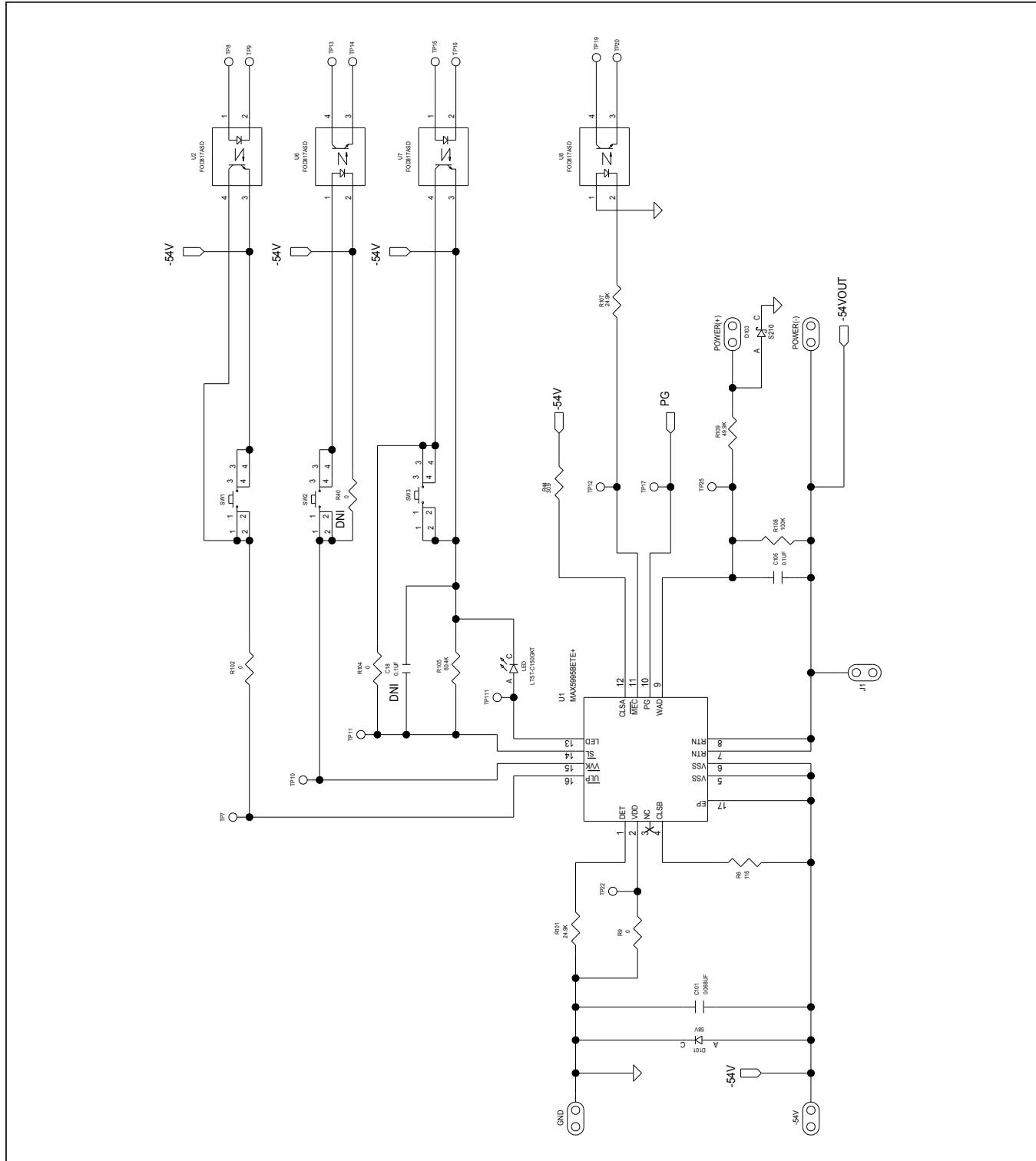
| PART | QTY | DESCRIPTION |
|--|-----|--|
| R44 | 1 | 30.9Ω ±1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW060330R9FK |
| R45, R46 | 2 | 0.04Ω ±1% Resistor (1206) Vishay Dale WSL1206R0400F |
| R74-R77 | 4 | 75Ω ±5% Resistor (0805) Stackpole Electronics Inc. RMCF0805JT75R0 |
| R101 | 1 | 24.9kΩ ±1% Resistor (1206) Vishay Dale CRCW120624K9FK |
| R105 | 1 | 60.4kΩ ±1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW060360K4FK |
| R107 | 1 | 24.9kΩ ±1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW060324K9FK |
| R108 | 1 | 100kΩ ±1% Resistor (0603) Vishay CRCW0603100KFK |
| R109 | 1 | 49.9kΩ ±1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW060349K9FK |
| RTN, VOUT | 2 | Banana Jack Connector, Straight, 1Pin Emerson Network Power 108-0740-001 |
| SW1-SW3 | 3 | Surface Mount Switch SPST, 24V, 0.05A Omron B3FS-1000P |
| T1 | 1 | Power Transformer, SMT-12 Pulse PA5318NL |
| T2 | 1 | LAN Transformer, Turns Ratio: 1:1, 350µH, 100Khz, SMD, Wurth Elektronik 7490220126 |
| TP1, TP3, TP22 | 3 | Black Test Point; Dia 0.1Inch Keystone 5000 |
| TP2, TP4 | 2 | Red Test Point; Dia 0.1Inch Keystone 5001 |
| TP7, TP10-TP12, TP17, TP25, TP111 | 7 | Orange Test Point; Dia 0.1Inch Keystone 5003 |
| TP8, TP9, TP13-TP16, TP19, TP20 | 8 | Blue Test Point; Dia 0.1Inch Keystone 5117 |
| U1 | 1 | Powered Device, 802.3af/at/bt compliant, YQFN-16 Maxim MAX5995BETE+ |
| U2, U6-U8 | 4 | Phototransistor Optocoupler, SMT Fairchild Semiconductor FOD817ASD |

| PART | QTY | DESCRIPTION |
|--|-----|--|
| U3 | 1 | Current-Mode Pwm Controller, TQFN-16 Maxim MAX5974DETE+ |
| U4 | 1 | High Isolation Voltage Sop Photocoupler, SOP-4 Renesas Technology Corp. PS2801-1 |
| U5 | 1 | Adjustable Shunt Regulator, SOT-23 Texas Instruments TL432BIDBZ |
| -54V, CHASSIS- GND, GND, J1, POWER(+), POWER(-), RTN_PAD1, RTN_PAD2, VOUT_PAD1, VOUT_PAD2 | 10 | WEICO wire, 20Awg, 9020 BUSS |
| PCB | 1 | Pcb: MAX5995 Maxim MAX5995 |
| C9, C12 | 0 | 2.2µF ±10%, 100V X7R ceramic capacitor (1206) Murata KRM31KR72A225KH01 |
| C16, C17 | 0 | Capacitor; Smt (1210); Open; Ipc Maximum Land Pattern N/A N/A |
| C18 | 0 | 0.1µF ±10%, 25V X5R ceramic capacitor (0402) Murata GRM155R61E104KA87 |
| C35, C40, C42, C43 | 0 | Capacitor; Smt (0603); Open; Formfactor N/A N/A |
| C91 | 0 | Capacitor; Smt (1206); Open; Ipc Maximum Land Pattern N/A N/A |
| C92 | 0 | Capacitor; Smt (Caseg); Open; Ipc Maximum Land Pattern N/A N/A |
| D1, D4, D5, D8 | 0 | Schottky Diode, 100V, 2A, SMB Comchip CDBB2100-G |
| R12, R39, R47, R48, R53 | 0 | Resistor (0603) N/A N/A |
| R40 | 0 | 0Ω Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale CRCW06030000Z0 |
| N101, N102 | 0 | Transistor NPN, 100V, 3.5A, SO-8 On Semiconductor FDS89141 |
| R5, R36 | 0 | 75kΩ ±0.1% Resistor (0603) Vishay Dale TNPW060375K0BE |

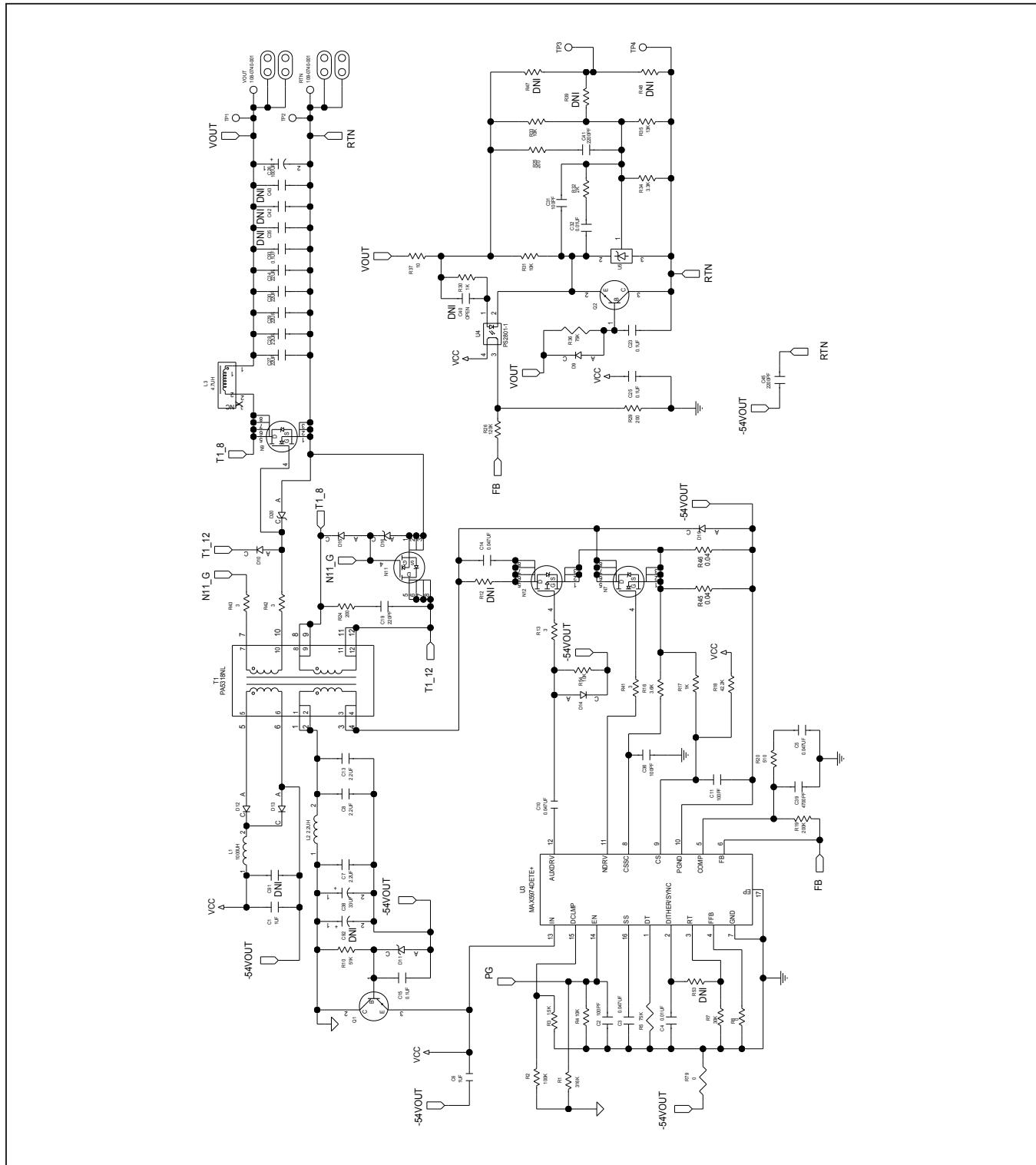
MAX5995B EV Kit Schematics



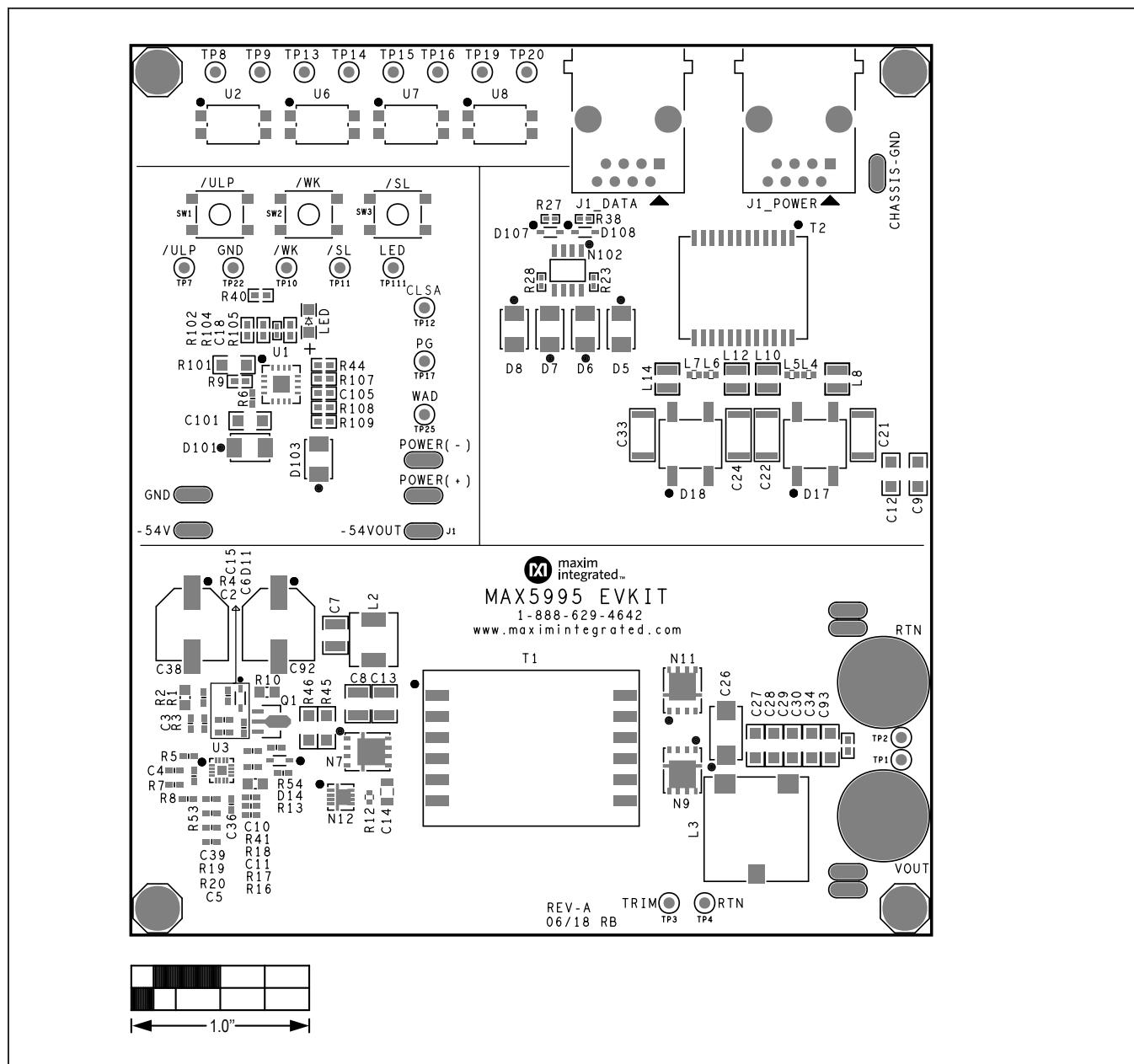
MAX5995B EV Kit Schematics (continued)



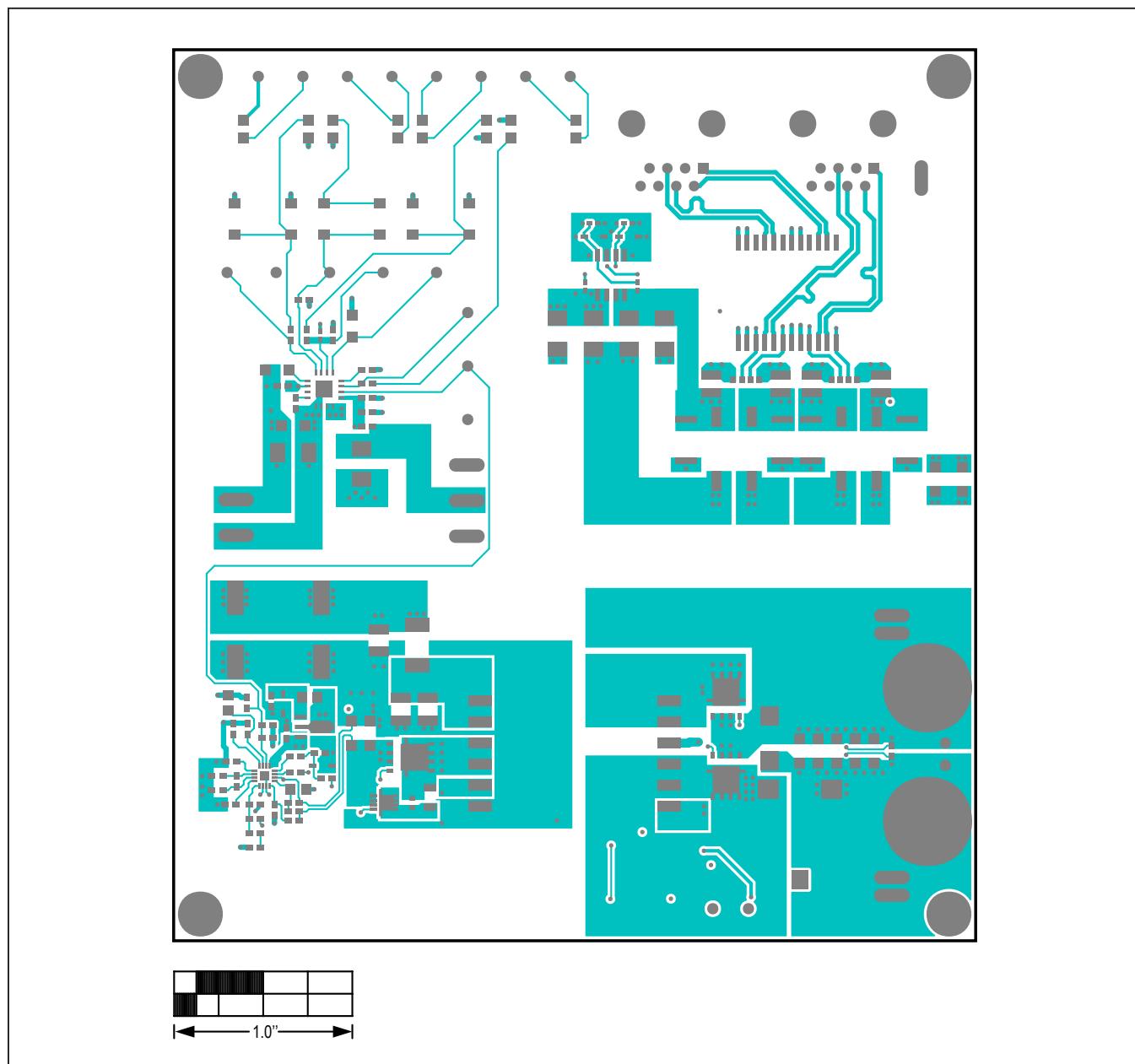
MAX5995B EV Kit Schematics (continued)



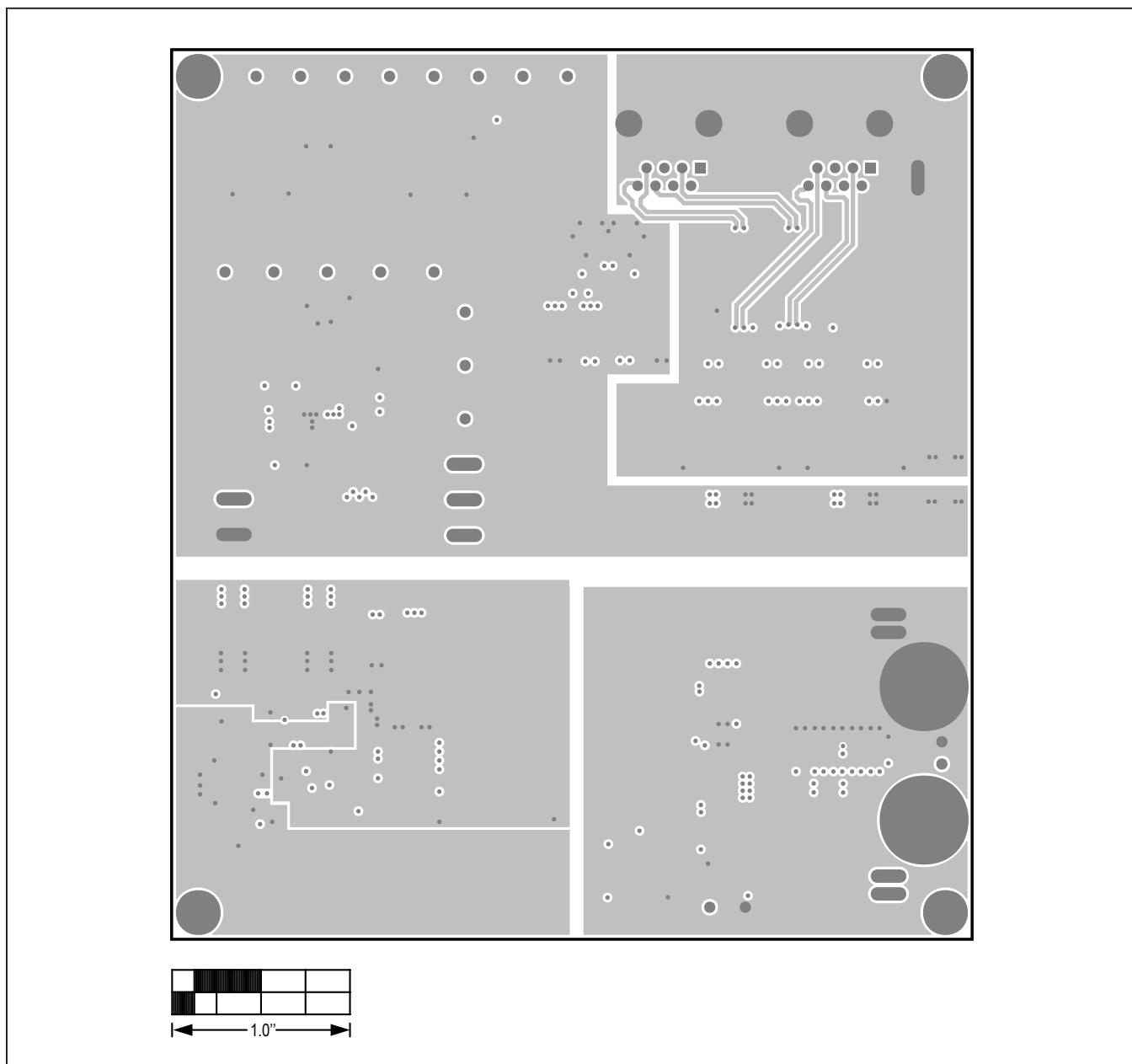
MAX5995B EV Kit PCB Layout Diagrams



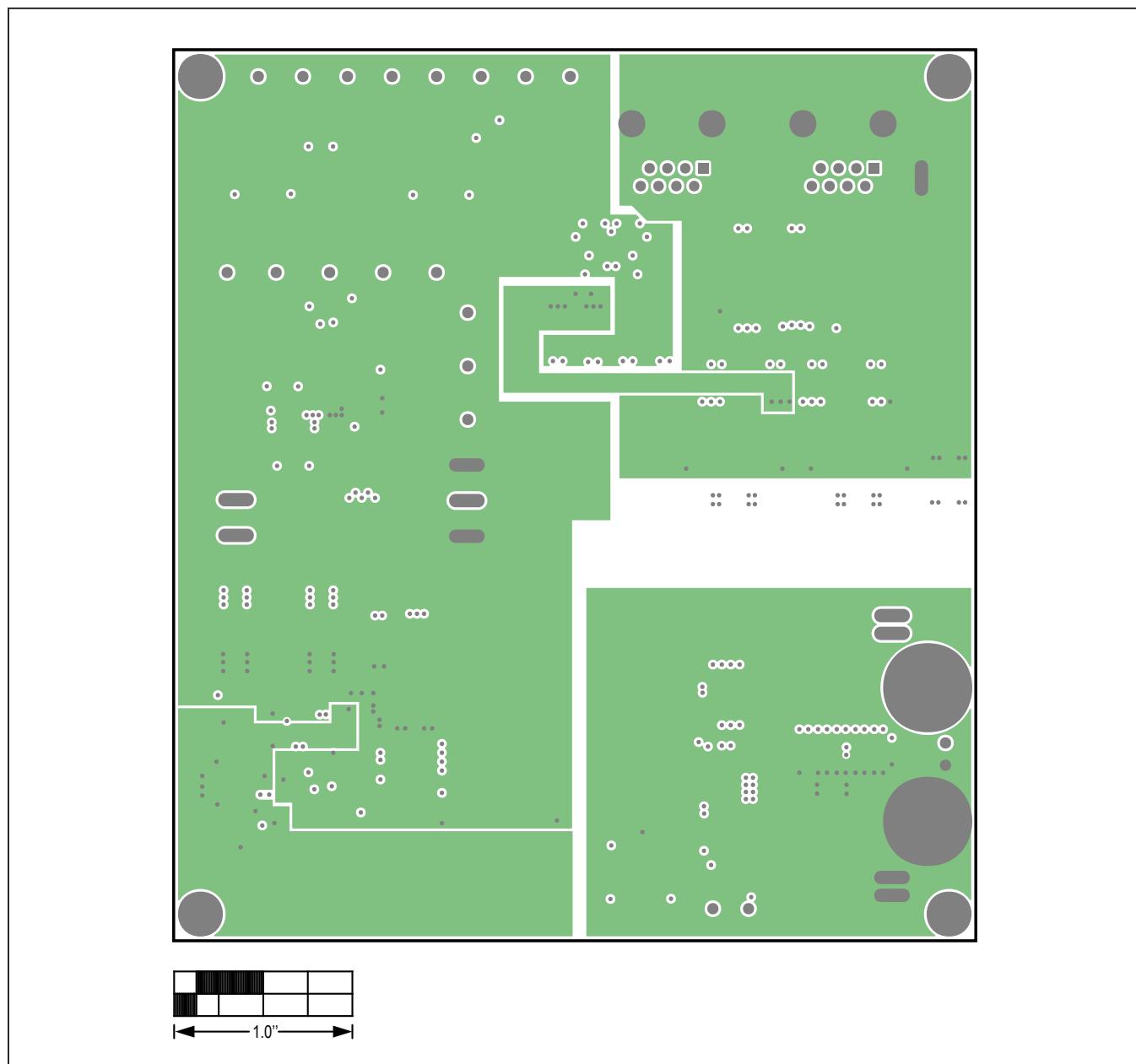
MAX5995 EV—Top Silkscreen

MAX5995B EV Kit PCB Layout Diagrams (continued)

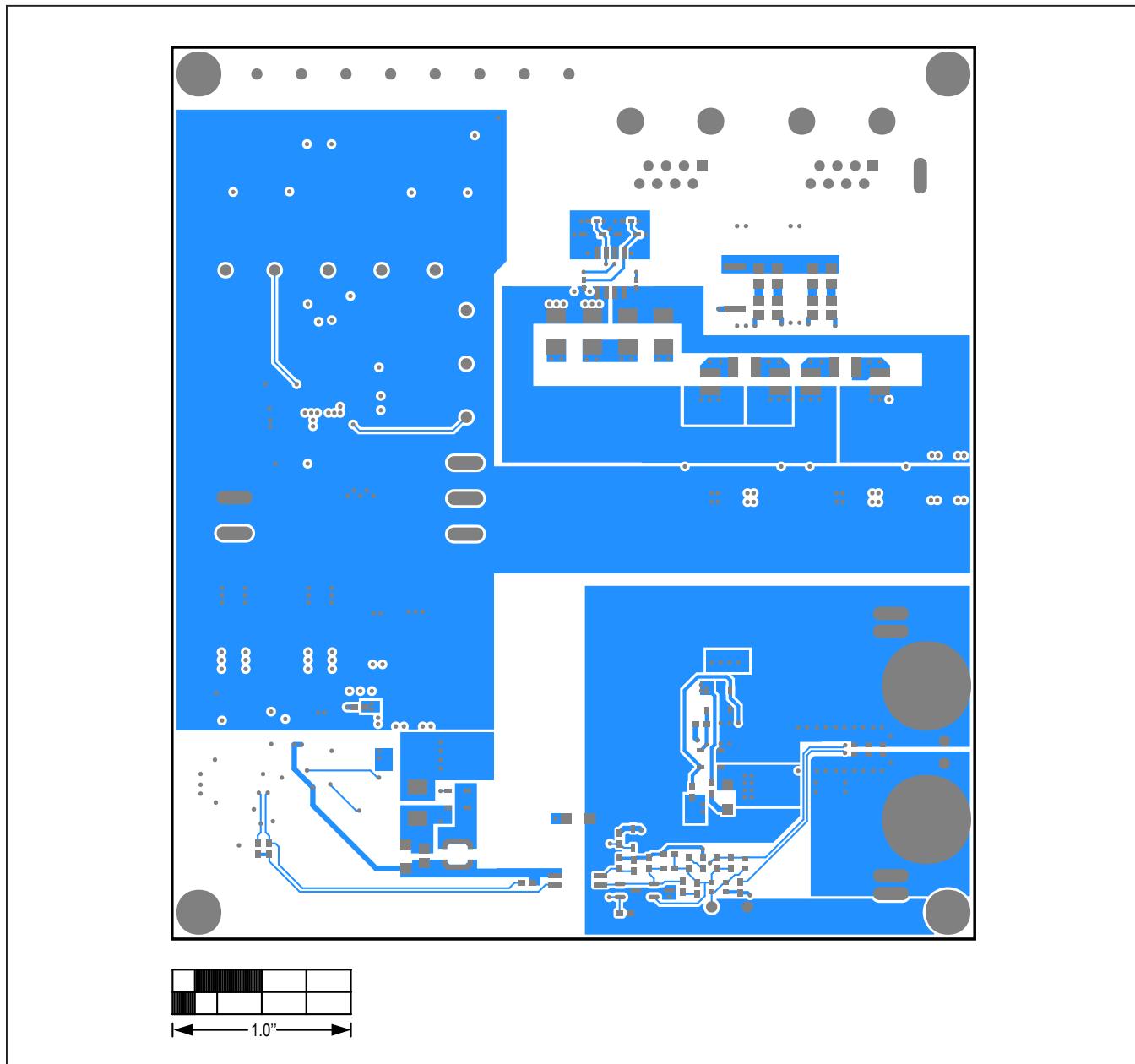
MAX5995 EV—Top View

MAX5995B EV Kit PCB Layout Diagrams (continued)

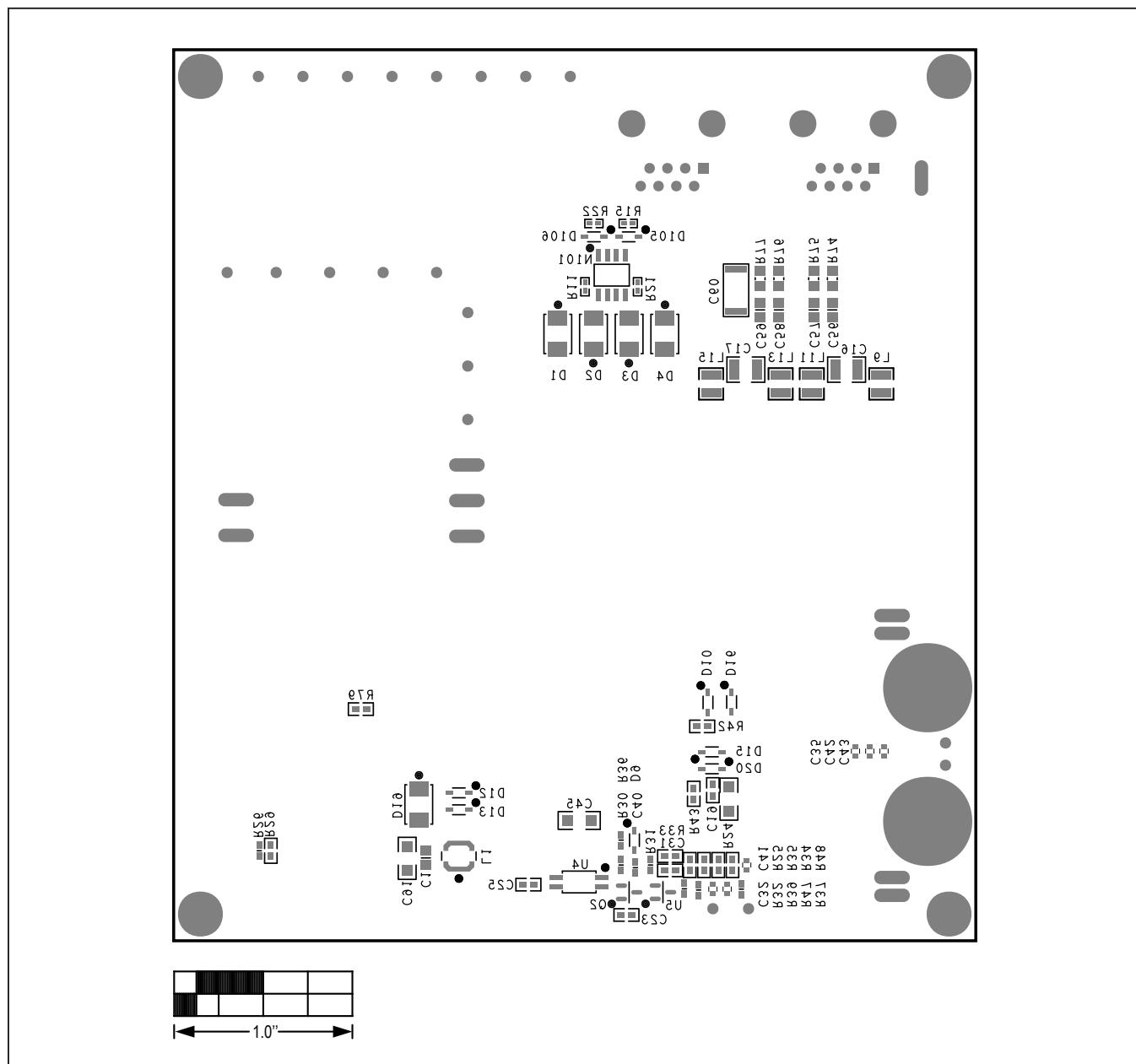
MAX5995 EV—Level GND

MAX5995B EV Kit PCB Layout Diagrams (continued)

MAX5995 EV—Level PWR

MAX5995B EV Kit PCB Layout Diagrams (continued)

MAX5995 EV—Bottom View

MAX5995B EV Kit PCB Layout Diagrams (continued)

MAX5995 EV—Bottom Silkscreen

Revision History

| REVISION NUMBER | REVISION DATE | DESCRIPTION | PAGES CHANGED |
|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 0 | 11/18 | Initial release | — |

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please visit Maxim Integrated's online storefront at <https://www.maximintegrated.com/en/storefront/storefront.html>.

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