P5200A Series
High Voltage Differential Probes
Instruction Manual
Copyright © Tektronix. All rights reserved. Licensed software products are owned by Tektronix or its subsidiaries or suppliers, and are protected by national copyright laws and international treaty provisions.

Tektronix products are covered by U.S. and foreign patents, issued and pending. Information in this publication supersedes that in all previously published material. Specifications and price change privileges reserved.

TEKTRONIX and TEK are registered trademarks of Tektronix, Inc.

**Contacting Tektronix**

Tektronix, Inc.
14150 SW Karl Braun Drive
P.O. Box 500
Beaverton, OR 97077
USA

For product information, sales, service, and technical support:
- In North America, call 1-800-833-9200.
- Worldwide, visit [www.tek.com](http://www.tek.com) to find contacts in your area.
Warranty

Tektronix warrants that this product will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from the date of shipment. If any such product proves defective during this warranty period, Tektronix, at its option, either will repair the defective product without charge for parts and labor, or will provide a replacement in exchange for the defective product. Parts, modules and replacement products used by Tektronix for warranty work may be new or reconditioned to like new performance. All replaced parts, modules and products become the property of Tektronix.

In order to obtain service under this warranty, Customer must notify Tektronix of the defect before the expiration of the warranty period and make suitable arrangements for the performance of service. Customer shall be responsible for packaging and shipping the defective product to the service center designated by Tektronix, with shipping charges prepaid. Tektronix shall pay for the return of the product to Customer if the shipment is to a location within the country in which the Tektronix service center is located. Customer shall be responsible for paying all shipping charges, duties, taxes, and any other charges for products returned to any other locations.

This warranty shall not apply to any defect, failure or damage caused by improper use or improper or inadequate maintenance and care. Tektronix shall not be obligated to furnish service under this warranty a) to repair damage resulting from attempts by personnel other than Tektronix representatives to install, repair or service the product; b) to repair damage resulting from improper use or connection to incompatible equipment; c) to repair any damage or malfunction caused by the use of non-Tektronix supplies; or d) to service a product that has been modified or integrated with other products when the effect of such modification or integration increases the time or difficulty of servicing the product.

THIS WARRANTY IS GIVEN BY TEKTRONIX WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT IN LIEU OF ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. TEKTRONIX AND ITS VENDORS DISCLAIM ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. TEKTRONIX’ RESPONSIBILITY TO REPAIR OR REPLACE DEFECTIVE PRODUCTS IS THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY PROVIDED TO THE CUSTOMER FOR BREACH OF THIS WARRANTY. TEKTRONIX AND ITS VENDORS WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER TEKTRONIX OR THE VENDOR HAS ADVANCE NOTICE OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

[W2 – 15AUG04]
# Table of Contents

- **Important Safety Information** ..................................................................................................... iii
  - General Safety Summary ........................................................................................................ iii
  - Service Safety Summary ........................................................................................................ v
  - Terms in this Manual ............................................................................................................. vi
  - Symbols and Terms on the Product ............................................................................................ vi
- **Compliance Information** .......................................................................................................... vii
  - Safety Compliance ................................................................................................................ vii
  - Environmental Considerations ................................................................................................... ix
- **Preface** ....................................................................................................................................... x
- **Probe Operating Information** .................................................................................................... 1
  - Connecting to the Instrument .................................................................................................. 2
  - Probe Controls ....................................................................................................................... 5
  - Functional Check .................................................................................................................... 7
- **Accessories** ................................................................................................................................ 8
  - Connecting to the Circuit ......................................................................................................... 8
- **Options** ...................................................................................................................................... 23
- **Operating Basics** .................................................................................................................... 24
  - Operating Characteristics and Probing Techniques ............................................................. 24
- **Specifications** ........................................................................................................................ 28
  - Warranted Specifications ....................................................................................................... 28
  - Typical Specifications ............................................................................................................ 29
  - Nominal Specifications ......................................................................................................... 31
  - Performance Specifications .................................................................................................. 32
- **Performance Verification** ......................................................................................................... 36
  - Required Equipment ............................................................................................................. 36
  - Test Procedures ..................................................................................................................... 37
- **Adjustments** ........................................................................................................................... 42
  - Equipment Required ............................................................................................................. 44
  - Adjustment Procedures ......................................................................................................... 45
- **Troubleshooting** ....................................................................................................................... 54
  - Host Instrument Firmware .................................................................................................... 54
  - Error Conditions .................................................................................................................... 54
  - Cleaning ................................................................................................................................... 55
  - Service ..................................................................................................................................... 55
- **Index**
Important Safety Information

This manual contains information and warnings that must be followed by the user for safe operation and to keep the product in a safe condition.

To safely perform service on this product, additional information is provided at the end of this section. (See page v, Service Safety Summary.)

General Safety Summary

Use the product only as specified. Review the following safety precautions to avoid injury and prevent damage to this product or any products connected to it. Carefully read all instructions. Retain these instructions for future reference.

This product shall be used in accordance with local and national codes.

For correct and safe operation of the product, it is essential that you follow generally accepted safety procedures in addition to the safety precautions specified in this manual.

The product is designed to be used by trained personnel only.

Only qualified personnel who are aware of the hazards involved should remove the cover for repair, maintenance, or adjustment.

Before use, always check the product with a known source to be sure it is operating correctly.

This product is not intended for detection of hazardous voltages.

Use personal protective equipment to prevent shock and arc blast injury where hazardous live conductors are exposed.

While using this product, you may need to access other parts of a larger system. Read the safety sections of the other component manuals for warnings and cautions related to operating the system.

When incorporating this equipment into a system, the safety of that system is the responsibility of the assembler of the system.

To Avoid Fire or Personal Injury

Use Proper Power Cord. Use only the power cord specified for this product and certified for the country of use.

Do not use the provided power cord for other products.

Ground the Product. This product is indirectly grounded through the grounding conductor of the mainframe power cord. To avoid electric shock, the grounding conductor must be connected to earth ground. Before making connections to the input or output terminals of the product, make sure that the product is properly grounded.

Do not disable the power cord grounding connection.

Power Disconnect. The power cord disconnects the product from the power source. See instructions for the location. Do not position the equipment so that it is difficult to operate the power cord; it must remain accessible to the user at all times to allow for quick disconnection if needed.

Use Proper AC Adapter. Use only the AC adapter specified for this product.
Connect and Disconnect Properly. Do not connect or disconnect probes or test leads while they are connected to a voltage source.

Use only insulated voltage probes, test leads, and adapters supplied with the product, or indicated by Tektronix to be suitable for the product.

Observe all Terminal Ratings. To avoid fire or shock hazard, observe all ratings and markings on the product. Consult the product manual for further ratings information before making connections to the product. Do not exceed the Measurement Category (CAT) rating and voltage or current rating of the lowest rated individual component of a product, probe, or accessory.

Do not apply a potential to any terminal, including the common terminal, that exceeds the maximum rating of that terminal.

Do Not Operate Without Covers. Do not operate this product with covers or panels removed, or with the case open. Hazardous voltage exposure is possible.

Avoid Exposed Circuitry. Do not touch exposed connections and components when power is present.

Do Not Operate with Suspected Failures. If you suspect that there is damage to this product, have it inspected by qualified service personnel.

Disable the product if it is damaged. Do not use the product if it is damaged or operates incorrectly. If in doubt about safety of the product, turn it off and disconnect the power cord. Clearly mark the product to prevent its further operation.

Before use, inspect voltage probes, test leads, and accessories for mechanical damage and replace when damaged. Do not use probes or test leads if they are damaged, if there is exposed metal, or if a wear indicator shows.

Examine the exterior of the product before you use it. Look for cracks or missing pieces.

Use only specified replacement parts.

Do Not Operate in Wet/damp Conditions. Be aware that condensation may occur if a unit is moved from a cold to a warm environment.

Do Not Operate in an Explosive Atmosphere.

Keep Product Surfaces Clean and Dry. Remove the input signals before you clean the product.

Probes and Test Leads

Before connecting probes or test leads, connect the power cord from the power connector to a properly grounded power outlet.

Keep fingers behind the protective barrier, protective finger guard, or tactile indicator on the probes.

Remove all probes, test leads and accessories that are not in use.

Use only correct Measurement Category (CAT), voltage, temperature, altitude, and amperage rated probes, test leads, and adapters for any measurement.
Beware of High Voltages. Understand the voltage ratings for the probe you are using and do not exceed those ratings. The following rating is important to know and understand:

- The maximum measurement voltage for probe tip.

The voltage rating depends on the probe and your application. Refer to the Specifications section of the manual for more information.

**WARNING.** To prevent electrical shock, do not exceed the maximum measurement or maximum floating voltage for the oscilloscope input BNC connector, probe tip.

To prevent damage to the alligator clip insulation, do not use in high A/m magnetic fields at high frequencies, which can cause induction heating of the jaws.

Connect and Disconnect Properly. Connect the probe output to the measurement product before connecting the probe to the circuit under test. Disconnect the probe input from the circuit under test before disconnecting the probe from the measurement product.

Inspect the Probe and Accessories. Before each use, inspect probe and accessories for damage (cuts, tears, or defects in the probe body, accessories, or cable jacket). Do not use if damaged.

**Service Safety Summary**

The Service safety summary section contains additional information required to safely perform service on the product. Only qualified personnel should perform service procedures. Read this Service safety summary and the General safety summary before performing any service procedures.

To Avoid Electric Shock. Do not touch exposed connections.

Do Not Service Alone. Do not perform internal service or adjustments of this product unless another person capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation is present.

Disconnect Power. To avoid electric shock, switch off the product power and disconnect the power cord from the mains power before removing any covers or panels, or opening the case for servicing.

Use Care When Servicing with Power On. Dangerous voltages or currents may exist in this product. Disconnect power, remove battery (if applicable), and disconnect test leads before removing protective panels, soldering, or replacing components.

Verify Safety After Repair. Always recheck ground continuity and mains dielectric strength after performing a repair.
Important Safety Information

Terms in this Manual

These terms may appear in this manual:

⚠️ WARNING. Warning statements identify conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.

⚠️ CAUTION. Caution statements identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to this product or other property.

Symbols and Terms on the Product

These terms may appear on the product:

- ⚠️ DANGER indicates an injury hazard immediately accessible as you read the marking.
- ⚠️ WARNING indicates an injury hazard not immediately accessible as you read the marking.
- ⚠️ CAUTION indicates a hazard to property including the product.

⚠️ When this symbol is marked on the product, be sure to consult the manual to find out the nature of the potential hazards and any actions which have to be taken to avoid them. (This symbol may also be used to refer the user to ratings in the manual.)

The following symbol(s) may appear on the product:

- ⚠️ CAUTION Refer to Manual
- ⚠️ Earth Terminal
- ⚠️ WARNING High Voltage
Compliance Information

This section lists the safety and environmental standards with which the instrument complies. This product is intended for use by professionals and trained personnel only; it is not designed for use in households or by children.

Questions about the following compliance information may be directed to the following address:

Tektronix, Inc.
PO Box 500, MS 19-045
Beaverton, OR 97077, USA
www.tek.com

Safety Compliance

This section lists the safety standards with which the product complies and other safety compliance information.

EU Low Voltage Directive
Compliance was demonstrated to the following specification as listed in the Official Journal of the European Union:
Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU.
- EN 61010-031. Particular requirements for handheld probe assemblies for electrical measurement and test equipment.

U.S. Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory Listing
- UL 61010-031. Particular requirements for handheld probe assemblies for electrical measurement and test equipment.

Canadian Certification
- CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-031. Particular requirements for handheld probe assemblies for electrical measurement and test equipment.

Additional Compliances
- IEC 61010-031. Particular requirements for handheld probe assemblies for electrical measurement and test equipment.

Equipment Type
Test and measuring equipment.
Compliance Information

Pollution Degree Descriptions
A measure of the contaminants that could occur in the environment around and within a product. Typically the internal environment inside a product is considered to be the same as the external. Products should be used only in the environment for which they are rated.

- Pollution degree 1. No pollution or only dry, nonconductive pollution occurs. Products in this category are generally encapsulated, hermetically sealed, or located in clean rooms.
- Pollution degree 2. Normally only dry, nonconductive pollution occurs. Occasionally a temporary conductivity that is caused by condensation must be expected. This location is a typical office/home environment. Temporary condensation occurs only when the product is out of service.
- Pollution degree 3. Conductive pollution, or dry, nonconductive pollution that becomes conductive due to condensation. These are sheltered locations where neither temperature nor humidity is controlled. The area is protected from direct sunshine, rain, or direct wind.
- Pollution degree 4. Pollution that generates persistent conductivity through conductive dust, rain, or snow. Typical outdoor locations.

Pollution Degree Rating
Pollution degree 2 (as defined in IEC 61010-1). Rated for indoor, dry location use only.

IP Rating
IP20 (as defined in IEC 60529).

Measurement and Overvoltage Category Descriptions
Measurement terminals on this product may be rated for measuring mains voltages from one or more of the following categories (see specific ratings marked on the product and in the manual).

- Category II. Circuits directly connected to the building wiring at utilization points (socket outlets and similar points).
- Category III. In the building wiring and distribution system.
- Category IV. At the source of the electrical supply to the building.

NOTE. Only mains power supply circuits have an overvoltage category rating. Only measurement circuits have a measurement category rating. Other circuits within the product do not have either rating.

Mains Overvoltage Category Rating
Overvoltage category II (as defined in IEC 61010-1).
Environmental Considerations

This section provides information about the environmental impact of the product.

Restriction of Hazardous Substances

Complies with RoHS2 Directive 2011/65/EU.

Product End-of-Life Handling

Observe the following guidelines when recycling an instrument or component:

Equipment Recycling. Production of this equipment required the extraction and use of natural resources. The equipment may contain substances that could be harmful to the environment or human health if improperly handled at the product’s end of life. To avoid release of such substances into the environment and to reduce the use of natural resources, we encourage you to recycle this product in an appropriate system that will ensure that most of the materials are reused or recycled appropriately.

This symbol indicates that this product complies with the applicable European Union requirements according to Directives 2012/19/EU and 2006/66/EC on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) and batteries. For information about recycling options, check the Tektronix Web site (www.tek.com/productrecycling).
This document provides operating information and specifications for the Tektronix P5200A Series high voltage differential probes. The probes share similar functions, properties, and operating procedures, and are discussed in the first part of the manual. The specifications and performance verification procedures for the probes follow.

**WARNING.** Only use the accessories that are designed for your probe and that are rated at or above the voltages you are measuring. (See Table i on page xi.) (See Table ii on page xiv.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Bandwidth</th>
<th>Attenuation</th>
<th>Oscilloscope interface</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P5200A</td>
<td>50 MHz</td>
<td>50X/500X</td>
<td>BNC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5202A</td>
<td>100 MHz</td>
<td>20X/200X</td>
<td>TekProbe BNC-Level 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5205A</td>
<td>100 MHz</td>
<td>50X/500X</td>
<td>TekProbe BNC-Level 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5210A</td>
<td>50 MHz</td>
<td>100X/1000X</td>
<td>TekProbe BNC-Level 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table i: P5200A, P5202A & P5205A probe standard accessories derating table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accessory</th>
<th>P5202A</th>
<th>P5200A &amp; P5205A</th>
<th>P5210A ¹</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Extender leads</td>
<td>450 V CAT I</td>
<td>1000 V CAT II</td>
<td>2300 V CAT I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>600 V CAT III</td>
<td>1000 V CAT III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hook clips (AC280-FL)</td>
<td>450 V CAT I</td>
<td>1000 V CAT II</td>
<td>1000 V CAT I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>600 V CAT III</td>
<td>1000 V CAT III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pincer clips (AC283-FL)</td>
<td>450 V CAT I</td>
<td>1000 V CAT II</td>
<td>1000 V CAT I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>600 V CAT III</td>
<td>1000 V CAT III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alligator clips (AC285-FL)</td>
<td>450 V CAT I</td>
<td>1000 V CAT II</td>
<td>1000 V CAT I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>600 V CAT III</td>
<td>1000 V CAT III</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ The P5200A, P5202A & P5205A standard accessories can also be used with the P5210A probe, but only at the reduced voltage levels listed here.
Figure ii: P5202A High Voltage Differential Probe with accessories
Figure iii: P5205A High Voltage Differential Probe with accessories
Figure iv: P5210A High Voltage Differential Probe with accessories

Table ii: P5210A probe standard accessories derating table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accessory</th>
<th>Combined probe and accessory common-mode voltage</th>
<th>and input voltage-to-earth ratings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P5202A ¹</td>
<td>P5200A &amp; P5205A ¹</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extender leads</td>
<td>450 V CAT I</td>
<td>1000 V CAT II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>600 V CAT II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test probe (TATP)</td>
<td>450 V CAT I</td>
<td>1000 V CAT II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>600 V CAT II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small hook tip (TASH)</td>
<td>450 V CAT I</td>
<td>1000 V CAT II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>600 V CAT II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large hook tip (TALH)</td>
<td>450 V CAT I</td>
<td>1000 V CAT II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>600 V CAT II</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ The P5210A standard accessories can be used with these probes at the reduced voltage levels listed in this table.
The P5200A Series probes share many common features, including connections to the circuit, compensation box buttons, and operating basics. The probes connect to the host oscilloscope through one of two probe-to-oscilloscope interfaces:

- **BNC** – this connection is a shielded 50 Ω coaxial cable with an outer ground connection and center signal pin. The BNC interface is used on the P5200A probe, which allows you to connect directly to most ground-referenced oscilloscopes.

- **TekProbe Level 2** – this interface adds probe communications with the oscilloscope to accomplish calibrated offset at the probe tip. This interface is used on the P5202A, P5205A, and P5210A probes, and many Tektronix oscilloscopes. These probes can also be used with Tektronix oscilloscopes that use the TekVPI interface, by connecting through an optional TPA-BNC Adapter.

### TPA-BNC Adapter

The TPA-BNC Adapter is an optional accessory that enables you to use existing TekProbe-interface probes with oscilloscopes that feature the TekVPI probe interface. The adapter recognizes TekProbe-interface probes and supplies the necessary power, serial communication, and offset control as used by the connected TekProbe product accessory.

**WARNING.** To reduce risk of shock or fire, do not exceed the ratings of the TPA-BNC adapter; it is not intended to be connected to voltages above 30 VAC, 42 Vpk, or 60 VDC. For BNC probes, connect the probe directly to the oscilloscope.
Connecting to the Instrument

P5200A Probe

The P5200A probe requires an external AC adapter to power the internal circuitry. Install the P5200A probe as follows:

1. Connect the output of the probe to the BNC input of the oscilloscope or other measurement instrument. The measurement instrument input must be ground-referenced (not floating).

2. Connect the power cord to the AC adapter.

3. Connect the output of the AC adapter to the DC input jack located on the output lead of the probe. All of the LEDs on the probe briefly light to confirm power-on, and then indicate the settings from the previous session.

4. Adjust the vertical offset (or position) of the measurement instrument input.

5. Select the proper range setting. For example, when using the P5200A probe, to achieve higher resolution and less noise when measuring signals below 130 Vpk, switch the attenuation to 50X. If the overrange indicator lights or flashes, the output signal may not be accurate. Use the 500X setting instead.

   If you want the oscilloscope to display the actual probe voltage instead of a scaled value, you must match the attenuation setting of the oscilloscope to the probe attenuation setting. Use the on-screen Probe Setup menu on the oscilloscope; the access method varies depending on oscilloscope model.

   For example, on DPO/MSO4000 series oscilloscopes, press the front-panel channel number button and then press the More button on the lower bezel until Probe Setup is highlighted. The oscilloscope attenuation setting displays in the Probe Setup menu. Change the attenuation by turning the multipurpose knob.

6. Using the appropriate probe accessories, connect the inputs of the probe to the circuit points to be measured.

**WARNING.** To avoid electrical shock, observe proper safety precautions when working with voltages above 60 VDC or 30 VAC

RMS. These voltage levels pose a shock hazard. Use only the accessories specified for the probe that you are using. Make sure that the accessories are fully mated before connecting or disconnecting.

To avoid electrical shock or fire, make sure the test leads are in good condition. The input leads and extender leads have a jacket wear indicator which becomes visible if the wire jacket becomes excessively worn. If the wear indicator is visible, do not use the probe. Contact Tektronix Service for repair or replacement.

To avoid electrical shock or fire, keep the probe body and output cable of the probe away from the circuits being measured. The probe body and output cable are not intended to be in contact with the circuits being measured.
Connecting P5202A, P5205A, & P5210A Probes to Oscilloscopes that feature the VPI Interface

1. Connect the TPA-BNC adapter to the oscilloscope.

2. Connect the probe to the input of the adapter.

3. Turn the probe connector clockwise to secure it. All of the LEDs on the probe briefly light to confirm power-on, and then indicate the settings from the previous session.

4. Adjust the vertical offset (or position) of the oscilloscope input.

---

**NOTE.** Do not attempt to adjust the offset adjustment in the probe compensation box; it is factory-preset to optimize the range of the electronic adjustment. To make the offset adjustment, refer to the procedures. (See page 46, Offset Zero.)

---

5. Select the proper range setting. For example, when using the P5202A probe, to achieve higher resolution and less noise when measuring signals below 64 V$_{pk}$, switch the attenuation to 20X. If the overrange indicator lights or flashes, the output signal may not be accurate. Use the 200X range setting instead.

---

**WARNING.** To avoid electrical shock, observe proper safety precautions when working with voltages above 60 VDC or 30 VAC$_{RMS}$. These voltage levels pose a shock hazard. Use only the accessories specified with the probe that you are using. Make sure that the accessories are fully mated before connecting or disconnecting.

To avoid electrical shock or fire, make sure the test leads are in good condition. The input leads and extender leads have a jacket wear indicator which becomes visible if the wire jacket becomes excessively worn. If the wear indicator is visible, do not use the probe. Contact Tektronix Service for repair or replacement.

To avoid electrical shock or fire, keep the probe body and output cable of the probe away from the circuits being measured. The probe body and output cable are not intended to be in contact with the circuits being measured.

---

6. Using the appropriate probe accessories, connect the inputs of the probe to the circuit points to be measured.
Disconnecting from the Instrument

**WARNING.** To avoid electrical shock, disconnect the probe inputs from the circuit before disconnecting the probe from the instrument.

**P5200A**
1. Turn the probe connector counterclockwise.
2. Pull straight out.

**P5202A, P5205A, P5210A**
1. Turn the probe connector counterclockwise.
2. Pull straight out.
3. Press the latch button on the adapter.
4. Pull straight out.
Probe Controls

The P5200A Series probes have several features that make probing and measurement a simpler task. Familiarize yourself with the controls shown on the following pages. The attenuation ranges differ between probe models.

Overrange Indicator

The overrange indicator lights red if the voltage of the input signal exceeds the linear range of the range setting. When this happens, the signal on the probe output does not accurately represent the signal on the probe input.

**WARNING.** The Overrange indicator does not detect overrange condition of common-mode voltages or voltage-to-earth potential at the probe inputs. The Overrange indicator only detects differentially between the + and – inputs (not relative to ground).

Do not exceed the common-mode voltage or input voltage-to-earth ratings of the probe when taking measurements. (See page 27, Overrange Detection.)

If you are not sure, make a single-ended measurement of each point you are intending to measure differentially first. Make a single-ended measurement by tying one input lead to ground (the “–” input) and then connecting the other lead (the “+” input) to the points of interest, one at a time.

Attenuation Button and Indicators

Press the button to select between the voltage range (attenuation) settings of the probe. The range is indicated by two LEDs on the probe and may be displayed on the oscilloscope screen, depending on the oscilloscope model.

P5200A models only: To display the actual probe voltage instead of a scaled value, you must match the attenuation setting of the oscilloscope to the probe attenuation setting. Use the on-screen Probe Setup menu on the oscilloscope to change the setting.

The Overrange LED lights if the applied voltage exceeds the selected range. To extinguish the LED, select a higher range. If a higher range is not available, do not attempt to take the measurement.
**Bandwidth Limit Button and Indicators**

Press the button to limit the probe bandwidth to 5 MHz. 5 MHz is close to the switching frequency of most switching transistors (FETs) in switch mode power supplies (SMPS).

The 5 MHz filter assists in the characterization and testing of power supplies in switch mode by removing all high frequency content, noise and harmonics from the measurement.

Press the button again to return to the Full position, which selects the full specified bandwidth of the probe.

**Audible Overrange On/Off Button and Indicators**

Press the button to light the ON LED and enable an audible alarm that indicates when the measured signal exceeds the selected range. Press the button again to light the OFF LED and disable the audible feature.
Functional Check

Using accessories that are shipped with your P5200A Series probe and a source that supplies AC line voltage, perform the following procedure.

**WARNING.** To reduce risk of shock or fire, ensure that the accessories are fully mated before you connect to voltage sources above 42 Vpk.

1. Connect the output of the probe to the oscilloscope input channel.
2. Connect the probe inputs to the AC voltage source.
3. Set the probe attenuation range to the highest setting and perform the check as each row of the following table indicates.

![Figure 1: Functional check setup](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input 1 (+ or –)</th>
<th>Input 2 (– or +)</th>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>Range setting</th>
<th>Check</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hot</td>
<td>Ground or Neutral</td>
<td>Differential</td>
<td>High (1000X, 500X, or 200X)</td>
<td>Measurement instrument displays or indicates the line voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hot</td>
<td>Ground or Neutral</td>
<td>Differential</td>
<td>Low (100X, 50X, or 20X)</td>
<td>Measurement instrument displays or indicates the line voltage. Overrange indicator lights if the input is ~20% over</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hot</td>
<td>Hot (same connection)</td>
<td>Common Mode</td>
<td>High or low</td>
<td>No signal $^1$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$^1$ If a DC offset voltage is present, zero the DC offset. (See page 46, Offset Zero.)
Accessories

The P5200A Series probes include standard accessories that make connecting to your circuit an easier task. Other accessories are available and are described in the Optional Accessories section. (See page 15, P5200A Series Probes Optional Accessories.)

Connecting to the Circuit

Make the connections to your circuit using the integral input leads or the accessories that best fit your application.

WARNING. To reduce risk of shock or fire, do not exceed either the voltage rating or category ratings of the probe or the probe accessory, whichever is the lesser of the two. Use only the accessories provided with the probe.

To avoid electric shock when using the probe or accessories, keep your fingers behind the finger guard of the probe body and away from the shaded area shown in the accessory illustrations below.

To avoid electrical shock or fire, make sure the test leads are in good condition. The input leads and extender leads have a jacket wear indicator which becomes visible if the wire jacket becomes excessively worn. If the wear indicator is visible, do not use the probe. Contact Tektronix Service for repair or replacement.

To avoid electrical shock or fire, keep the probe body and output cable of the probe away from the circuits being measured. The probe body and output cable are not intended to be in contact with the circuits being measured.

Integral Input Leads

The integral input leads extend ~9 in (0.23 m) from the probe body and have shrouded male banana plugs. Connect the leads directly to your circuit, or use the extender leads and the other accessories shown on the following pages.
P5200A, P5202A, & P5205A Probe Standard Accessories

**Extender Leads**
These cables extend the reach of the probes by ~67 in (1.5 m). The banana ends connect to all of the clip accessories that are included with the probes.
One pair of extender leads are included with the probes.
Maximum ratings:
2300 V CAT I *
1000 V CAT III
* See Specifications for the Over-Voltage Transient (OVT) rating for the probe that you are using.
Reorder Tektronix part number:
196-3523-xx (one pair)

**Hook Clips (AC280-FL)**
Plug the probe test leads into the banana plug connectors. Squeeze the grips to expose the hook clip and then clasp it around the circuit test point.
Maximum ratings:
1000 V CAT III
600 V CAT IV
One pair of hook clips is included with the probes.
Reorder Tektronix part number:
AC280-FL (one pair)
**Pincer Clips (AC283-FL)**

The plunger probes have long probe sleeves with retracting hooks. These probes safely connect to recessed test points that are otherwise difficult to reach.

Maximum ratings:
1000 V CAT III
600 V CAT IV

One pair of pincer clips is included with the probes.

Reorder Tektronix part number:
AC283-FL (one pair)

**Alligator Clips (AC285-FL)**

These large insulated alligator clips connect to many circuit components.

Maximum ratings:
1000 V CAT III
600 V CAT IV

One pair of clips is included with the probes.

Reorder Tektronix part number:
AC285-FL (one pair)
P5210A Probe Standard Accessories

WARNING. To avoid risk of electric shock or fire, do not use the P5210A test probe or hook tip accessories on CAT III or CAT IV circuits. Refer to the ratings tables in the beginning of the manual. (See Table i on page xi.) (See Table ii on page xiv.)

To avoid risk of electric shock or fire, when using the P5210A test probe or hook tip accessories with the P5200A, P5202A and P5205A probes, do not use on circuits above 1000 V.

Use only accessories that are rated for the application. Substitution of other accessories may create a shock or burn hazard. Keep the probe body and accessories clean to reduce the risk of shock due to surface conduction.

Extender Leads

These leads extend the reach of the probes by ~67 in (1.5 m), which allow you to reach connections as far as 3 m apart. Be sure to use both extension leads so that the input leads are the same length.

However, with longer lead length, differential noise induced into the input leads is greater. Also, because of the added inductance of the leads, voltage measurements at frequencies above approximately 10 MHz may not be as precise. For best performance, use the 20 MHz or lower-bandwidth filter on your oscilloscope.

The male banana-plug ends connect to the test probes that are included with the probes.

Maximum ratings:
1000 V CAT III
600 V CAT IV

Reorder Tektronix part number: 196-3523-xx (one pair)

P5210A Accessory Kit

Kit includes one pair of each of the accessories shown on the following pages:

- Test Probes (TATP)
- Small Hook Tips (TASH)
- Large Hook Tips (TALH)

Reorder Tektronix part number: 020-3070-xx
Test Probes (TATP)

Use the test probes to browse multiple test points or to connect the test leads to the hook tips.

1. The test probe tip is a 6-32 threaded post that accepts the large and small hook tips provided with the probe.

2. The finger guard provides protection when the hook tips are not being used. Keep your fingers behind the finger guard whenever possible to reduce the risk of a shock from the circuit under test.

3. Connect the back end of the test probe to the input test leads of the probe.

Maximum ratings:
2300 V CAT I*
1000 V CAT II

* See Specifications for the Over-Voltage Transient (OVT) rating for the probe that you are using.

WARNING. To prevent arc flash, use caution when probing circuits with raised components. Avoid getting the metal shell between components of different potentials. Use TASH for probing in hard to reach areas.

WARNING. To prevent arc flash, do not use the test probe or hook tips on CAT III circuits. To probe CAT III circuits, use the AC280-FL, AC283-FL, or AC285-FL.
Small Hook Tip (TASH)
Use the small hook tip for making connections to small conductors such as component leads. Screw the small hook tip onto the TATP test probe. To use the hook tip, hold the probe body and pull the tip shield back. Hook the tip onto the circuit and release the shield.

WARNING. To reduce the risk of shock when measuring voltages above 1000 V, always keep your fingers behind the tactile indicator.

Maximum ratings:
2300 V CAT I*
1000 V CAT II
* See Specifications for the Over-Voltage Transient (OVT) rating for the probe that you are using.

Large Hook Tip (TALH)
Use the large hook tip when working with larger components such as bolt terminals and bus bars typically found in power distribution equipment. Screw the large hook tip onto the TATP test probe and then clamp the hook tip onto the circuit.

WARNING. To reduce the risk of shock when measuring voltages above 1000 V, always keep your fingers behind the tactile indicator.

Maximum ratings:
2300 V CAT I*
1000 V CAT II
* See Specifications for the Over-Voltage Transient (OVT) rating for the probe that you are using.
P5200A Probe Power Supply and Power Cord Options

The P5200A Probe requires an external DC power supply, which is included with the probe. Power cord options are available for international locations and are listed in the table below.

Table 1: P5200A power supply and power cord options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Tektronix part number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>POWER SUPPLY: AC-DC, 18W, DESKTOP; 90-264 VAC, 47-63 Hz, IEC320-C14 IN; 9 VDC 2 A, CABLE WITH BARREL CONNECTOR OUT; SAFETY CONTROLLED</td>
<td>119-7758-xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>OPTION A0: CABLE ASSY PWR; 3, 18 AWG, 250V/10A, 98.0 L, STR, IEC320, RCPT X NEMA 5-15P, US, SAFETY CONTROLLED,</td>
<td>161-0066-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OPTION A1: CABLE ASSY, PWR; 3, 0.75MM SQ, 250V/10A, 99.0 L, STR IEC320, RCPT, EUROPEAN, SAFETY CONTROLLED</td>
<td>161-0066-09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OPTION A2: CABLE ASSY, PWR; 3, 1.0 MM SQ, 250V/10A, 2.5 METER, STR, IEC320, RCPT X 13A, FUSED UK PLUG (13A FUSE), UNITED KINGDOM, SAFETY-Controlled</td>
<td>161-0066-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OPTION A3: CABLE ASSY, PWR; 3, 1.0 MM SQ, 250V/10A, 2.5 METER, STR, IEC320, RCPT, AUSTRALIA, SAFETY CONTROLLED, INSULATED PINS</td>
<td>161-0066-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OPTION A5: CABLE ASSY, PWR; 3, 1.0MM SQ,250V/10A, 2.5 METER, STR, IEC320, RCPT, SWISS, SAFETY CONTROLLED</td>
<td>161-0154-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OPTION A6: CABLE ASSY, PWR; 3, 125V/7A, JAPAN, 98 LONG, STR, NEMA 5-15P PLUG X IEC320/C-13 RECEPTACLE, SAFETY CONTROLLED</td>
<td>161-0298-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OPTION A10: CABLE ASSY, PWR; 3, 1.0MM SQ,250V/10A, 2.5 METER, STR, IEC320, 3C CERTIFICATION , RCPT, CHINA, SAFETY CONTROLLED</td>
<td>161-0304-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OPTION A11: CABLE ASSY,PWR; 3, 1.0MM SQ,250V/6A,2.5 METER, STR, IEC320/C13, RCPT,PLUG, INDIA</td>
<td>161-0400-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OPTION A12: CABLE ASSY, PWR; 3, 1.00MM SQ, 250V/10A, 2.5 METER, STR, IEC320/C13 CERTIFICATION, RCPT, BRAZIL, SAFETY CONTROLLED</td>
<td>161-0357-00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
P5200A Series Probes Optional Accessories

WARNING. To reduce risk of shock or fire, do not exceed either the voltage rating or category ratings of the probe or the probe accessory, whichever is the lesser of the two. Use only the accessories provided with the probe or the optional accessories shown below.

To avoid electric shock when using the probe or accessories, keep your fingers behind the finger guard of the probe body and away from the shaded area shown in the accessory illustrations below.

To avoid electrical shock or fire, make sure the test leads are in good condition. The input leads and extender leads have a jacket wear indicator which becomes visible if the wire jacket becomes excessively worn. If the wear indicator is visible, do not use the probe. Contact Tektronix Service for repair or replacement.

To avoid electrical shock or fire, keep the probe body and output cable of the probe away from the circuits being measured. The probe body and output cable are not intended to be in contact with the circuits being measured.

TPA-BNC Adapter
This optional accessory enables you to use the P5202A, P5205A, and P5210A probes with oscilloscopes that feature the TekVPI probe interface.

The TPA-BNC Adapter allows the oscilloscope to recognize and provide power and communication to these TekProbe-interface probes.

NOTE. The P5200A probes connect directly to the BNC connector on the TekVPI interface, so they do not require this adapter.

WARNING. To reduce risk of shock or fire, do not exceed the ratings of the TPA-BNC adapter. Do not connect the adapter to voltages above 30 VAC, 42 Vpk, or 60 VDC.
Handheld Probes (TP175-FL)

These probes plug onto the banana input leads and extender leads. The tips are threaded to accept tip accessories that are included with the probe.

The insulator sheath at the probe tip extends and retracts into CAT III and CAT IV-rated spacings. Twist the probe body past the detent at each end of the twist to lock the probe into the CAT setting.

**WARNING.** Always verify that the probe body is locked into position before taking measurements. Do not use in the unlocked neutral position.

Ratings:

- 1000 V CAT II
- 1000 V CAT III
- 10 A

Order Tektronix part number:

TP175-FL (one pair)
Pogo Pin Tip Adapters & Tips

These insulated adapters hold pogo pins and screw on to the threaded tips of the TP175-FL handheld probes.

**WARNING.** To prevent electrical shock, tighten the pogo pin tip adapter completely to the TP175-FL probe.

Two pairs of pogo pin types are included with the adapters; one pair have sharp, cone points and the other pair have serrated edges for embedding in soft conductors.

**WARNING.** The pogo pins have very sharp points. To prevent injury, handle the pins carefully when you install and remove them.

**WARNING.** To prevent risk of arc flash, ensure that the pogo pin is completely inserted into the adapter. Verify that the exposed metal portion of the tip is 19 mm (0.75 in) or less.

**WARNING.** The probe input rating is derated to 150 V CAT II, 0.1 A, when used with the THDP and TMDP series probes. Do not use this pogo pin adapter to measure voltages that exceed this rating.

Maximum ratings:
- 150 V CAT II
- 0.1 A

Reorder Tektronix part number:
020-3107-xx (includes 2 Tip Adapters, 2 Cone-Tip Pogo Pins, & 2 Serrated-Tip Pogo Pins)
Extended Test Probe Adapters
These adapters screw on to the threaded tips of the handheld probes.
Use these adapters to reach into dense circuitry. The sharp tips can contact small component leads and circuit board features.

**WARNING.** The probe input rating is derated to 300 V CAT II, 1 mA, when used with the THDP and TMDP series probes. Do not use this extended probe adapter to measure voltages that exceed this rating.

**WARNING.** The tip on this adapter is very sharp. To prevent injury, do not touch the tip.

Maximum ratings:
- 300 V CAT II
- 3 A

Order Tektronix part number:
- 012-1724-xx (one pair)

Crocodile Clips
The crocodile clips connect easily to large bolts or bus bars. The connectors are double insulated for safety. The clips screw on to the threaded tips of the handheld probes.

Maximum ratings:
- 1000 V CAT III
- 10 A

One pair of clips is included with the probes.
Order Tektronix part number:
- 344-0670-xx (one pair)
**Table 2: Voltage derating for P5200A Series probes optional accessories**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accessory</th>
<th>P5202A</th>
<th>P5200A &amp; P5205A</th>
<th>P5210A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Handheld probes(^3) (TP175-FL)</td>
<td>450 V CAT I</td>
<td>1000 V CAT II</td>
<td>1000 V CAT I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>600 V CAT III</td>
<td>1000 V CAT III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pogo pin tip adapters with either style tips (020-3107-xx)</td>
<td>150 V CAT II</td>
<td>150 V CAT II</td>
<td>150 V CAT II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extended test probe adapters (012-1724-xx)</td>
<td>300 V CAT I</td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>300 V CAT I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crocodile clips (344-0670-xx)</td>
<td>450 V CAT I</td>
<td>1000 V CAT II</td>
<td>1000 V CAT I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>600 V CAT III</td>
<td>1000 V CAT III</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. The operating altitude of the probe is derated to 2000 m (6560 ft) when used with these accessories.
2. The voltage rating and CAT rating are derated to the voltage in this table when used with these accessories.
3. When using the TP175-FL test probes in CAT III circuits, the tip must be in the retracted position to prevent risk of arc flash. The exposed metal tip is about 3.7 mm (0.15 in) in the retracted position.
TPH1000 Probe Holder

The TPH1000 probe holder allows you to make a hands-free connection when using the optional handheld probes (TP175-FL). The probe holder can also be used with many other Tektronix probes.

You have two options for taking hands-free differential measurements:

- You can use the handheld probes with two TPH1000 probe holders (required if the test points are >1 inch apart).
- For test points <1 inch apart, use the handheld probes with the optional THV-Browser (shown on the following page).

To use the probe holder, do the following:

1. Insert the probe into one of the holder openings so that the Tektronix logo faces the circuit under test.
2. Slide the probe forward to secure it.

**CAUTION.** To avoid personal injury, always insert and remove the probe by gripping the handheld section of the probe.

3. Position the base of the probe holder on your circuit where it can maintain stability while contacting the test point.

   The weight of the probe holder keeps the probe in place.

**WARNING.** Do not use the probe holder without the rubber feet; internal metal would be exposed which presents a shock hazard.

**CAUTION.** If you are probing circuitry with dense contacts such as IC pins, Tektronix recommends that you use insulated probe tip accessories designed to prevent short-circuiting adjacent IC pins or circuitry.

Order Tektronix part number:

TPH1000
THV-Browser

The THV-Browser allows you to set and lock the spacing between two handheld probe tips, and then browse your circuit with one hand.

Handheld Browsing.

1. Place each TP175-FL handheld probe into the cavity and then slide the probe forward to lock it into place.

2. Loosen the thumb screw and adjust the spacing between the probe tips. Graticules near the thumb screw indicate the spacing. The maximum spacing is ~1 in (2.54 mm).

3. Tighten the thumb screw.

You can now browse your circuit.

**WARNING.** To avoid injury or short circuits, do not drop the THV-Browser on high voltage circuitry. The browser contains metal components.

Hands-free Probing.

If you want a stationary, hands-free connection, attach the browser to the TPH1000 probe holder:

4. Align the slots on the top of the probe holder with the pins on the bottom of the browser.

5. Rotate the browser 90° and making sure that the Tektronix logo on the probe holder faces the circuit under test.

6. Position the probe tips on your test points so that you can set the holder on a stable surface.

Order Tektronix part number: THV-Browser
Tektronix 1103 Probe Power Supply. Use the 1103 power supply for performing service procedures on the P5202A, P5205A, and P5210A probes. The 1103 power supply provides power to the probe and routes the probe output signal through a BNC connector on the front panel of the supply.

Order Tektronix part number: 1103

Replacement Label (Safety Item; Service Only). This reusable label covers the openings to the service-only adjustments on the back of the probe. To maintain the safety of the probe, the label must be replaced after service adjustments are made to the probe.

If the original label becomes damaged or lost, order a replacement label.

NOTE. This label is only replaceable on units with serial numbers C020000 and above

Order Tektronix part number: 335-2913-xx
Options

Service Options
- **Option C3.** Calibration Service 3 years
- **Option C5.** Calibration Service 5 years
- **Option D1.** Calibration Data Report
- **Option D3.** Calibration Data Report, 3 years (with Option C3)
- **Option D5.** Calibration Data Report, 5 years (with Option C5)
- **Option R3.** Repair Service 3 years
- **Option R5.** Repair Service 5 years
Operating Basics

To help you use the P5200A Series High Voltage Differential Probes safely and effectively, this section provides important information about safety limits, operating characteristics, and probing techniques.

Operating Characteristics and Probing Techniques

This section explains the operating characteristics of the P5200A Series High Voltage Differential Probes and includes techniques that you can use to maximize the performance of the probe.

Operating Limits

The probes have two operating ranges that you select with the ATTEN button. These ranges set the maximum differential voltage that can be measured. The ranges and voltage limits differ between probe models. (See Table 3.)

Table 3: Differential voltage limits (Peak)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Probe model</th>
<th>Voltage limit</th>
<th>Overload trip level</th>
<th>Voltage limit</th>
<th>Overload trip level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P5200A (50X/500X)</td>
<td>130 V</td>
<td>&gt;140 V</td>
<td>1300 V</td>
<td>&gt;1400 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5202A (20X/200X)</td>
<td>64 V</td>
<td>&gt;70 V</td>
<td>640 V</td>
<td>&gt;700 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5205A (50X/500X)</td>
<td>130 V</td>
<td>&gt;140 V</td>
<td>1300 V</td>
<td>&gt;1400 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5210A (100X/1000X)</td>
<td>560 V</td>
<td>&gt;600 V</td>
<td>5600 V</td>
<td>&gt;6000 V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The input signals that you attempt to measure must be considered both for the differential potential between each other and for the amplitude on each input with respect to ground (the common mode voltage specification). The maximum common mode voltage limits vary between probes, from 450 V for the P5202A, to 2300 V for the P5210A probe. You should consider both specifications when choosing a probe for your measurement task. Some examples that illustrate this are shown on the following pages.
Measurement Examples

Example 1. Consider a case where you need to measure two sinusoidal waveforms that are 180° out of phase with each other, each with an amplitude of 1000 Vpk with no DC offset (centered at 0 V). (See Figure 2.)

If both waveforms are at the same voltage potential, then the differential measurement would be 2 times the individual signal inputs (in this example, 2000 Vpk). Looking at the maximum measurable differential voltage specifications for the P5200A Series probes, the P5210A probe is capable of measuring this signal. (See Table 6 on page 29.) For reference, the rms values of the Common-Mode Voltage and Voltage-to-Earth ratings and Maximum Input Signals for each probe model are shown in the figure above.

Figure 2: Measuring two equal-amplitude waveforms that are 180 degrees out of phase

*Exceeding these voltages with sinusoidal waveforms of equal potential that are 180° degrees out of phase will exceed the maximum differential ratings and could result in a clipped waveform, measurement accuracy error, and increased risk of shock or fire.
Example 2. Next, assume that the same waveforms from the previous example are 120° out of phase with each other. (See Figure 3.) This phase relationship yields a maximum differential of 1.732 times the individual signal inputs, or 1732 V_pkm. Although this is a lower potential between the inputs than in example 1, it still exceeds the differential rating (1300 V_pkm) of the P5200A and P5205A probes, so you must use the P5210A.

---

In these examples with equal-amplitude signals on the inputs, the P5200A and P5205A probes can measure up to 1300 V/2 = 650 V_pkm (460 V rms) on each input when the signals are 180° apart, and 1300 / 1.732 = 750 V_pkm (530 V rms) when 120° apart. When you are taking these types of measurements, to prevent exceeding the maximum differential input voltage for the specific probe model that you are using, refer to the respective figures for the maximum input signal voltages (V_mrms).

Example 3. Your task is to measure two AC waveforms of the same phase, each with an amplitude of 300 V. However, one waveform is centered on ground (− input), and the other is centered on an offset of 400 VDC (+ input). The common mode voltage is the 300 V_mrms but the maximum voltage-to-earth (the common mode voltage plus the signal waveform) must also be taken into account for both inputs. The voltage-to-earth is 300 V_mrms on the (− input), but on the (+ input), the voltage-to-earth is 700 V_mrms (the 300 VAC_mrms plus the 400 VDC_mrms). Thus the (+ input) exceeds the maximum input voltage-to-earth rating of the P5202A probe, so it cannot be used for taking this measurement. In this case, you must use another probe; the next closest being either the P5200A or P5205A probe.
Operating Basics

Overrange Detection
Differential voltage outside the operating range will overdrive the circuitry of the probe and distort the output signal. When this differential overrange occurs, the probe detects the condition and lights the overrange indicator. With the Audible Overrange ON, the probe will also emit an audible alarm.

WARNING. The Overrange indicator does not detect an overrange condition of common-mode voltages or voltage-to-earth potential at the probe inputs. The Overrange indicator only detects differentially between the + and – inputs (not relative to ground). Do not exceed the Common-Mode Voltage or Input Voltage-to-Earth ratings of the probe when taking measurements.

If you are not sure, first take a single-ended measurement of each point that you are intending to measure differentially. Take a single-ended measurement by tying one input lead to ground (the – input) and then connecting the other lead (the + input) to the points of interest, one at a time.

Common-Mode Rejection
The common-mode rejection ratio (CMRR) is the specified ability of a probe to reject signals that are common to both inputs. More precisely, CMRR is the ratio of the differential gain to the common-mode gain. The higher the ratio, the greater the ability of probe to reject common-mode signals.

Common mode rejection decreases as the input frequency increases. For example, if you apply a 60 Hz line voltage of 500 V_p-p to both input leads of the probe, the probe rejects the signal by 80 dB (typical) and the signal appears as only a 50 mV_p-p signal on the oscilloscope screen.

Twisting the Input Leads
Twisting the input leads helps to cancel noise from high-EMI environments that is induced into the input leads.

Probe Loading
When you touch your probe tip to a circuit element, you are introducing a new resistance, capacitance, and inductance into the circuit. Frequency and impedance of the source determine how much the probe loads the circuit you are measuring. As the frequency of the source starts to increase beyond 1 kHz, the input impedance of the probe begins to decrease.

The lower the impedance of the probe relative to that of the source, the more the probe loads the circuit under test. For a graph of frequency versus input impedance, refer to the Specifications section. As the graph shows, the probes have virtually no loading effect on sources with relatively low impedance and low frequency.
Specifications

The specifications shown apply to the P5200A Series probes installed on Tektronix MSO/DSO4000 oscilloscopes. When a probe is used with another oscilloscope, the oscilloscope must have an input impedance of 1 MΩ and a bandwidth equal to or greater than the probe. The probe must have a warm-up period of at least 20 minutes and be in an environment that does not exceed the limits described. (See Table 5.) The probe calibration should be run on the host instrument before verifying the warranted probe specifications. Specifications for the P5200A Series probes fall into three categories: warranted, typical, and nominal characteristics.

Warranted Specifications

Warranted characteristics describe guaranteed performance within tolerance limits or certain type-tested requirements. (See Table 4.)

Table 4: Warranted electrical specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>P5200A</th>
<th>P5202A</th>
<th>P5205A</th>
<th>P5210A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rise time</td>
<td>≤7.0 ns</td>
<td>≤3.5 ns (slew rate) 240 V/ns (200X)</td>
<td>≤3.5 ns (slew rate) 590 V/ns (500X)</td>
<td>≤7.0 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gain accuracy</td>
<td>±2%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Output may be slew rate limited for large amplitude signals.

Table 5: Warranted environmental specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>P5200A</th>
<th>P5202A</th>
<th>P5205A</th>
<th>P5210A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating</td>
<td>0 °C to 40 °C (32 °F to +104 °F)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonoperating</td>
<td>-30° C to +70° C (–22 °F to +158 °F)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humidity</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating</td>
<td>5 to 85% RH (Relative Humidity) 0 °C to +40 °C (32 °F to +104 °F)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonoperating</td>
<td>5% to 85% RH at up to +40° C (+104 °F)</td>
<td>5% to 45% RH above +40° C up to +70° C (+104 to +158 °F)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Altitude</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating</td>
<td>3,000 m (10,000 ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonoperating</td>
<td>up to 15,240 m (50,000 ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Typical Specifications

Typical specifications describe typical but not guaranteed performance.

Table 6: Typical electrical specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>P5200A</th>
<th>P5202A</th>
<th>P5205A</th>
<th>P5210A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum measurable differential voltage</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(DC + Peak AC)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50X: ±130 V</td>
<td>20X: ±64 V</td>
<td>50X: ±130 V</td>
<td>100X: ±560 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500X: ±1300 V</td>
<td>200X: ±640 V</td>
<td>500X: ±1300 V</td>
<td>1000X: ±5600 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(V_{rms})</td>
<td>50X: 92 V_{rms}</td>
<td>20X: 45 V_{rms}</td>
<td>50X: 92 V_{rms}</td>
<td>100X: 396 V_{rms}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum common mode voltage (DC + Peak AC)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50X: ±130 V</td>
<td>20X: ±64 V</td>
<td>50X: ±130 V</td>
<td>100X: ±320 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500X: ±1300 V</td>
<td>200X: ±640 V</td>
<td>500X: ±1300 V</td>
<td>1000X: ±3200 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum input voltage-to-earth (V_{rms})</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000 V CAT II</td>
<td>300 V CAT II</td>
<td>1000 V CAT II</td>
<td>1000 V CAT III</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600 V CAT III</td>
<td>450 V CAT I</td>
<td>600 V CAT III</td>
<td>2300 V CAT I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAT I Maximum Rated Overvoltage Transient (OVT) (V_{pk})</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>1760 V</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>2250 V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 This is the maximum measurable range between the (+) and (-) inputs of the probe. Beyond these limits, the output could be clipped. (See Figure 4.)
2 This rating assumes that the common mode voltage and input voltage-to-earth ratings are not exceeded.
3 The maximum common-mode and input voltage-to-earth ratings are the maximum amount that each input lead (+/-) can be from ground.
4 Applies to CAT I ratings only. The OVT peak is typically measured on top of the Peak Working Voltage.

Figure 4: Specification table footnotes referring to the probe input limits shown on each probe label
### Table 7: Typical electrical specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>P5200A</th>
<th>P5202A</th>
<th>P5205A</th>
<th>P5210A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bandwidth (-3 dB)</td>
<td>DC to 50 MHz</td>
<td>DC to 100 MHz</td>
<td>DC to 100 MHz</td>
<td>DC to 50 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offset zero (+20 °C to +30 °C)</td>
<td>±10 mV</td>
<td>±200 mV (20X)</td>
<td>±500 mV (50X)</td>
<td>±1 V (100X)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(50X &amp; 500X)</td>
<td>±2 V (200X)</td>
<td>±5 V (500X)</td>
<td>±10 V (1000X)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>output referred</td>
<td>input referred</td>
<td>input referred</td>
<td>input referred</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input resistance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Between inputs</td>
<td>10 MΩ ±2%</td>
<td>5 MΩ ±2%</td>
<td>10 MΩ ±2%</td>
<td>40 MΩ ±2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Between each input and ground</td>
<td>5 MΩ ±2%</td>
<td>2.5 MΩ ±2%</td>
<td>5 MΩ ±2%</td>
<td>20 MΩ ±2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input capacitance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Between inputs</td>
<td>&lt;2.0 pF</td>
<td>&lt;2.0 pF</td>
<td>&lt;2.0 pF</td>
<td>&lt;2.5 pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&lt;4.0 pF per side</td>
<td>&lt;4.0 pF per side</td>
<td>&lt;4.0 pF per side</td>
<td>&lt;5.0 pF per side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Between each input and ground</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common Mode Rejection Ratio</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(20–30°C)</td>
<td>DC: &gt;80 dB</td>
<td>DC: &gt;80 dB</td>
<td>DC: &gt;80 dB</td>
<td>DC: &gt;80 dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 kHz: &gt;60 dB</td>
<td>100 kHz: &gt;60 dB</td>
<td>100 kHz: &gt;60 dB</td>
<td>100 kHz: &gt;60 dB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2 MHz: &gt;30 dB</td>
<td>3.2 MHz: &gt;30 dB</td>
<td>3.2 MHz: &gt;30 dB</td>
<td>3.2 MHz: &gt;30 dB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MHz: &gt;26 dB</td>
<td>100 MHz: &gt;26 dB</td>
<td>100 MHz: &gt;26 dB</td>
<td>100 MHz: &gt;26 dB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propagation delay</td>
<td>21 ns</td>
<td>18 ns</td>
<td>18 ns</td>
<td>18 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC offset drift (output referred)</td>
<td>50 μV/ °C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bandwidth limit filters</td>
<td>5 MHz filter</td>
<td>5 MHz filter</td>
<td>5 MHz filter</td>
<td>5 MHz filter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input overdrive recovery</td>
<td>&lt;20 ns to 10% of final value after 5X overdrive (1/50 gain)</td>
<td>&lt;20 ns to 10% of final value after 5X overdrive (1/20 gain)</td>
<td>&lt;20 ns to 10% of final value after 5X overdrive (1/50 gain)</td>
<td>&lt;30 ns to 10% of final value after 5X overdrive (1/100 gain)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated power input</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(P5200A only)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage</td>
<td>9 VDC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current</td>
<td>750 mA Max</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC adapter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(P5200A only)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input voltage</td>
<td>100 - 240 VAC</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequency</td>
<td>50 - 60 Hz</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output voltage and current</td>
<td>9 VDC/ 2 A</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 8: Typical mechanical specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>P5200A</th>
<th>P5202A</th>
<th>P5205A</th>
<th>P5210A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Probe body dimensions</td>
<td>185 mm x 56 mm x 25 mm (7.3 in x 2.2 in x 1.0 in)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input cable length</td>
<td>22.9 cm (9 in)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output cable length</td>
<td>1.5 m (59 in)</td>
<td>1.5 m (59 in)</td>
<td>1.5 m (59 in)</td>
<td>1.5 m (60 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight (probe only)</td>
<td>295 gm (9.4 oz)</td>
<td>323 gm (11.4 oz)</td>
<td>323 gm (11.4 oz)</td>
<td>340 gm (12.0 oz)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Nominal Specifications

Nominal specifications describe guaranteed traits, but the traits do not have tolerance limits.

Table 9: Nominal electrical specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>P5200A</th>
<th>P5202A</th>
<th>P5205A</th>
<th>P5210A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of inputs</td>
<td>Differential (two inputs, + and – )</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input coupling</td>
<td>DC only</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output coupling</td>
<td>DC coupling</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output termination</td>
<td>Terminate into 1 MΩ</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attenuation 50X/500X</td>
<td>20X/200X</td>
<td>50X/500X</td>
<td>100X/1000X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential overvoltage detection level 1</td>
<td>50X: &gt;140 V</td>
<td>20X: &gt;70 V</td>
<td>50X: &gt;140 V</td>
<td>100X: &gt;600 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500X: &gt;1400 V</td>
<td>200X: &gt;700 V</td>
<td>500X: &gt;1400 V</td>
<td>1000X: &gt;6000 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input referred noise (Vrms)</td>
<td>50X: &lt;40 mV</td>
<td>20X: &lt;25 mV</td>
<td>50X: &lt;45 mV</td>
<td>100X: &lt;150 mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500X: &lt;120 mV</td>
<td>200X: &lt;60 mV</td>
<td>500X: &lt;130 mV</td>
<td>1000X: &lt;350 mV</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 The Overrange/overvoltage indicator does not detect common mode voltage or voltage-to-earth potential at the probe inputs. To ensure that the common mode voltage or input voltage-to-earth ratings of the probe are not exceeded, the test points can be measured relative to ground by probing each separately with the + input lead while the – input lead is grounded (by taking a single-ended measurement).
Performance Graphs

Figure 5: P5200A Series impedance plots

Figure 6: P5200A and P5205A voltage derating curves
Figure 7: P5202A voltage derating curve

Figure 8: P5210A voltage derating curve
Figure 9: P5200A rise time (typical)

Figure 10: P5202A rise time (typical)
Figure 11: P5205A rise time (typical)

Figure 12: P5210A rise time (typical)
Performance Verification

Use the following procedures to verify the warranted specifications of the P5200A Series probes. Before beginning these procedures, photocopy the test record and use it to record the performance test results. (See Table 13 on page 41.) The recommended calibration interval is one year.

These procedures test the following specifications:

- Gain accuracy
- Rise time

Required Equipment

The equipment required to perform the performance verification procedures are shown in the table below. The types and quantities of connectors may vary depending on the specific equipment you use.

Table 10: Equipment required

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Minimum requirements</th>
<th>Example product</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oscilloscope</td>
<td>500 MHz</td>
<td>Tektronix MSO/DSO4000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generator</td>
<td>±100V variable amplitude, 100 Hz square wave, calibrated</td>
<td>Fluke 9100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulse generator</td>
<td>≥50 V, 200 ns pulse width, ≤500 ps rise time, 1 kHz</td>
<td>Avtech AVR-E2-B-W-P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TekProbe power supply</td>
<td>TekProbe inputs</td>
<td>Tektronix 1103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital Multimeter (DMM)</td>
<td>100 mV and 1 V true RMS AC ranges, &lt;±0.3 % accuracy</td>
<td>Tektronix DMM4040/4050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cable</td>
<td>Coax, BNC, 50Ω, 36 in</td>
<td>Tektronix part number 012-0482-xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adapter</td>
<td>BNC female-to-dual banana female</td>
<td>Tektronix part number 103-0090-xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adapter</td>
<td>BNC female-to-SMA male</td>
<td>Tektronix part number 015-1018-xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adapter</td>
<td>BNC female-to-female</td>
<td>Tektronix part number 103-0028-xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adapter</td>
<td>BNC male-to-dual banana male</td>
<td>Fluke PM9081</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Termination</td>
<td>BNC feedthrough, 50Ω</td>
<td>Tektronix part number 011-0049-xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attenuator</td>
<td>BNC, 50Ω, 2X</td>
<td>Tektronix part number 011-0069-xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Probe hook tips (2)</td>
<td>Included with probe accessory kit</td>
<td>Tektronix part number AC280–FL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adapter 1</td>
<td>TekVPI-to-BNC</td>
<td>Tektronix TPA-BNC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Not required for P5200A probe.
Test Procedures

WARNING. These procedures require the application of high voltage to the inputs of the probes. Only qualified personnel should perform any testing with voltage levels exceeding 30 Vrms. All pertinent safety rules and guidelines for elevated voltage measurements should be followed and adhered to.

Test Setup

1. Turn on the oscilloscope.

2. Connect the probe to any channel of the oscilloscope (for warm-up). Use the TPA-BNC Adapter if necessary.

3. If you are testing a P5200A probe, connect the 9 VDC output plug of the AC adapter to the DC input jack of the probe, and then connect the AC adapter to the correct line voltage.

4. Verify that the LEDs light on the probe.

5. Turn on the remaining test equipment and let the probe and equipment warm up for 20 minutes.

6. Make a copy of the test record to tabulate the test results. (See Table 13 on page 41.)
Gain Accuracy

**WARNING.** Dangerous voltages will be present on the calibration generator output terminals and connection cables. Always verify that the generator is in the standby mode before you make any connections to the generator.

The equipment and equipment settings for this test differ between probes. Refer to the table for specific settings for the probe that you are testing.

1. Verify that the generator output is off.

2. If you are testing a P5200A probe, connect the probe output directly to the DMM through a BNC-to-male banana jack adapter. Otherwise, connect the probe to the DMM through the Tektronix 1103 power supply.

3. Connect the probe inputs to the front outputs of the generator. Set the DMM to AC volts.

4. Set the probe attenuation to the lower range for the probe that you are testing. (See Table 11.)

5. Set the generator square wave output frequency and RMS voltage (on the main display) to the values shown in the table for the probe that you are testing.

6. Enable the generator output and record the probe output (as displayed on the DMM) in the test record.

7. Disable the generator output.

8. Set the probe attenuation to the next range and then repeat steps 5 through 7.

### Table 11: Gain accuracy equipment settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Probe</th>
<th>Generator output</th>
<th>Probe output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Model</td>
<td>Range</td>
<td>Voltage (rms)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5200A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>25 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500X</td>
<td>75 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5202A</td>
<td>20X</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>200X</td>
<td>60 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5205A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>25 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500X</td>
<td>75 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5210A</td>
<td>100X</td>
<td>75 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1000X</td>
<td>75 V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Rise Time

1. Verify that the pulse generator output is off and then connect the probe to the oscilloscope.

2. Connect the probe inputs, through the adapters shown below, to the pulse generator output. Set the probe input leads straight and parallel for best signal response.

3. Set the output of the pulse generator to 50 V, 1 kHz, and a 200 ns pulse output. (The probe input voltage will be 25 V due to the 2X attenuator in the circuit.)

4. Set the oscilloscope to 5 V/div, 10 ns/div, BW = full, average = 16.

5. Set the probe bandwidth to full and the attenuation to the first range listed in the table.

Table 12: Rise time test equipment settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Probe Range</th>
<th>Generator output</th>
<th>Measurement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P5200A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>50 V 1 kHz</td>
<td>≤7 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500X</td>
<td>50 V 1 kHz</td>
<td>≤7 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5202A</td>
<td>20X</td>
<td>50 V 1 kHz</td>
<td>≤3.5 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>200X</td>
<td>50 V 1 kHz</td>
<td>≤3.5 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5205A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>50 V 1 kHz</td>
<td>≤3.5 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500X</td>
<td>50 V 1 kHz</td>
<td>≤3.5 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5210A</td>
<td>100X</td>
<td>50 V 1 kHz</td>
<td>≤7 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1000X</td>
<td>50 V 1 kHz</td>
<td>≤7 ns</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. Enable the generator output and check that the rise time does not exceed the target rise time value listed in the table. Use the auto-measure feature of the oscilloscope to determine the rise time.

7. Record the rise time in the test record.
8. Set the probe attenuation to the next range and adjust the vertical volts/div to display the signal.

9. Record the rise time in the test record and disable the generator output.
Test Record

Photocopy this test record for recording the results of the performance verification procedures.

Table 13: P5200A Series probes test record

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Probe Model</th>
<th>Certificate Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Probe Serial Number</td>
<td>RH%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>Technician</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of Calibration</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Probe test</th>
<th>Attenuation</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Incoming</th>
<th>Outgoing</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gain accuracy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5200A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>490 mV</td>
<td>510 mV</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500X</td>
<td>147 mV</td>
<td>153 mV</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5202A</td>
<td>20X</td>
<td>980 mV</td>
<td>1.020 V</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>200X</td>
<td>294 mV</td>
<td>306 mV</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5205A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>490 mV</td>
<td>510 mV</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500X</td>
<td>147 mV</td>
<td>153 mV</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5210A</td>
<td>100X</td>
<td>735 mV</td>
<td>765 mV</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1000X</td>
<td>73.5 mV</td>
<td>76.5 mV</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rise time</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5200A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
<td>7 ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500X</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
<td>7 ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5202A</td>
<td>20X</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
<td>3.5 ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>200X</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
<td>3.5 ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5205A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
<td>3.5 ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500X</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
<td>3.5 ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5210A</td>
<td>100X</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
<td>7 ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1000X</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
<td>7 ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Adjustments

Use the following procedures to make adjustments to the P5200A Series probes. (For probes with serial numbers C019999 and below, see note and table that follow.) These procedures describe how to make adjustments to the specifications listed below.

NOTE. Only probes with serial numbers C020000 and above have internal adjustments. (See Table 14.) Probes with serial numbers C019999 and below, that require adjustments (other than offset zero), must be returned to Tektronix for service.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Adjustment method used</th>
<th>Probe serial number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Offset zero</td>
<td>External; user probe controls and comp box adjustment ¹</td>
<td>All serial numbers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gain accuracy</td>
<td>Internal; adjustments on PCB</td>
<td>Serial numbers C020000 and above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC CMRR</td>
<td>Internal; adjustments on PCB</td>
<td>Serial numbers C020000 and above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LF compensation</td>
<td>Internal; adjustments on PCB</td>
<td>Serial numbers C020000 and above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC CMRR</td>
<td>Internal; adjustments on PCB</td>
<td>Serial numbers C020000 and above</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ P5200A probe does not require comp box adjustment

NOTE. The adjustments in the probes are preset at the factory for best overall performance. However, you may follow these procedures to check the probe characteristics and optimize them if necessary.
Figure 13: P5200A Series probe serial number and adjustment locations

* Not used on P5200A

* Not used on P5202A
## Equipment Required

The equipment required to perform the adjustment procedures are shown in the table below. The types and quantities of connectors may vary depending on the specific equipment you use.

### Table 15: Equipment required for adjustments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Minimum requirements</th>
<th>Example product</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oscilloscope</td>
<td>500 MHz</td>
<td>Tektronix MSO/DSO4000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generator</td>
<td>±100 V variable, 100 Hz square wave, calibrated</td>
<td>Fluke 9100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TekProbe power supply</td>
<td>TekProbe inputs</td>
<td>Tektronix 1103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital Multimeter (DMM) 1</td>
<td>100 mV and 1 V true RMS AC ranges, &lt;±0.3 % accuracy</td>
<td>Tektronix DMM4040/4050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cable</td>
<td>Coax, BNC, 50 Ω, 36 in</td>
<td>Tektronix part number 012-0482-xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adapter</td>
<td>BNC male-to-dual binding post</td>
<td>Tektronix part number 103-0035-xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adapter</td>
<td>BNC female-to-SMA male</td>
<td>Tektronix part number 015-1018-xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adapter</td>
<td>BNC male-to-dual banana male</td>
<td>Fluke PM9081</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Probe hook tips (2)</td>
<td>Included with probe accessory kit</td>
<td>Tektronix part number AC280–FL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adapter 1</td>
<td>TekVPI-to-BNC</td>
<td>Tektronix TPA-BNC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustment tool</td>
<td>Insulated, slotted (straight) head</td>
<td>Tektronix part number 003-1433-xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustment tool 2</td>
<td>Insulated, narrow-slotted (straight) head</td>
<td>Tektronix part number 003-1928-xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replacement rear-panel label 3</td>
<td>Reusable, adhesive-backed label that covers adjustment access openings</td>
<td>Tektronix part number 335-2913-xx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replacement rear-panel label 4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Not required for P5200A probe
2. Required for the CMRR adjustment
3. The original label is backed with a reusable adhesive. If the label does not sufficiently adhere to the probe, order a replacement.
4. Label removal is not required to access offset zero adjustments

---

**WARNING.** These procedures require you to remove a reusable label from the back of the probe. You must replace the label after you complete the probe adjustments. Failure to do so may subject the user to high voltages present in the probe during measurements.
Adjustment Procedures

**WARNING.** These procedures require the application of high voltage to the inputs of the probes. Only qualified personnel should perform any testing with voltage levels exceeding 30 Vrms. All pertinent safety rules and guidelines for elevated voltage measurements should be followed and adhered to.

**WARNING.** These procedures require you to remove a reusable label from the back of the probe. You must replace the label after you complete the probe adjustments. Failure to do so may subject the user to high voltages present in the probe during measurements. If you need a replacement label, refer to the Equipment Required table for the Tektronix part number. (See Table 15 on page 44.)

**WARNING.** These procedures require the application of high voltages to the probes. Use only an insulated tool to make the adjustments described in the procedures. Failure to do so presents a potential shock hazard.

**Test Setup**

1. Turn on the oscilloscope.
2. Connect the output of the probe to channel 1 of the oscilloscope.
3. If you are testing a P5200A probe, connect the 9 VDC output plug of the AC adapter to the DC input jack of the probe, and then connect the AC adapter to the correct line voltage.
4. Turn on the generators and let the probe and test equipment warm up for 20 minutes.
Offset Zero

- This procedure is identical for three of the probes. The fourth probe (P5200A) only uses a digital control for offset, so there is no hardware adjustment.
- For probes with serial numbers C199999 and below, Offset Zero is the only adjustment that can be done to the probe.
- For probes with serial numbers C020000 and above, Offset Zero is the only adjustment that can be done without removing the back label.
- The adjustment for each range is independent and does not interact between the ranges.

1. Set the oscilloscope offset to 0 volts.
2. Connect the probe inputs together with the hook tips.
3. This step only applies to P5202A, P5205A, and P5210A probes. Using an insulated adjustment tool, center the OFFSET ADJUST pot in the probe comp box.
4. Press and hold the probe BANDWIDTH and ATTENUATION buttons until the OVERRANGE LED on the probe flashes.
5. Release the buttons. The OVERRANGE LED continues to flash, indicating that the digitally-controlled offset zero adjustment is enabled.
6. Use the probe BANDWIDTH and ATTENUATION buttons to set the probe offset voltage as close to 0 V as possible, as displayed on the oscilloscope. The BANDWIDTH button decreases the offset voltage and the ATTENUATION button increases it.

NOTE. To display the actual P5200A probe voltage instead of a scaled value on the oscilloscope, you must match the attenuation setting of the oscilloscope to the probe attenuation setting. Use the on-screen Probe Setup menu on the oscilloscope; the access method depends on the oscilloscope model.

For example, on DPO/MSO4000 series oscilloscopes, press the front-panel channel number button and then press the More button on the lower bezel until Probe Setup is highlighted. The oscilloscope attenuation setting is displayed in the Probe Setup menu. Change the attenuation by turning the multipurpose knob.

7. Press the AUDIBLE OVERRANGE button on the probe to store the adjusted offset value. The OVERRANGE LED stops flashing to indicate that the offset value is stored and that the adjustment is disabled.
8. Select the remaining attenuation range and repeat steps 4 through 7.
Accessing the Internal Adjustments

**NOTE.** Only probes with serial numbers C020000 and above have internal adjustments. (See Figure 14.) Probes with serial numbers C019999 and below that require adjustments (other than offset zero) must be returned to Tektronix for service.

1. Remove the reusable back-panel label shown below to gain access to the adjustments. Store the label in a safe place to preserve the adhesive backing for reuse.

![Figure 14: Internal adjustment locations (S/N C020000 and above only)](image)

**CAUTION.** You must replace the reusable label after you complete the adjustment procedures. Failure to do so may subject the user to high voltages present in the probe during measurements. If you need a replacement label, refer to the Equipment Required table for the Tektronix replacement part number. (See Table 15 on page 44.)
Gain Accuracy

The equipment and equipment settings for this test differ between probes. Refer to the table for specific settings for the probe that you are testing. (See Table 16 on page 49.)

WARNING. Dangerous voltages will be present on the calibration generator output terminals and connection cables. Always verify that the generator is in the standby mode before you make any connections to the generator.

1. Verify that the generator output is off.
2. If you are adjusting a P5200A probe, connect the probe output directly to the DMM through a BNC-to-male banana jack adapter. Otherwise, connect the probe to the DMM through the Tektronix 1103 power supply. Set the DMM to AC volts.

3. Connect the probe inputs to the front outputs of the generator, using adapters if necessary.
4. Set the probe attenuation to the lower (most sensitive) range for the probe that you are adjusting.
5. Set the generator square wave output frequency and voltage to the values shown in the table for the probe that you are adjusting. (See Table 16 on page 49.)
6. Enable the generator output.
7. Adjust the low-range DC gain pot in the probe to \( \leq 2\% \) of the expected output.

WARNING. Use only an insulated tool to make the adjustment. Failure to do so presents a potential shock hazard.

8. Disable the generator output.
9. Set the probe attenuation to the next range and set the generator output voltage to the value shown in the table.

10. Enable the generator output and adjust the high-range DC gain pot in the probe to ≤2% of the expected output.

11. Disable the generator output.

Table 16: Adjust gain accuracy equipment settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Generator square wave output</th>
<th>Probe output voltage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Voltage (rms)</td>
<td>Frequency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5200A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>25 V</td>
<td>100 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5200A</td>
<td>500X</td>
<td>75 V</td>
<td>100 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5202A</td>
<td>20X</td>
<td>20 V</td>
<td>100 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5202A</td>
<td>200X</td>
<td>60 V</td>
<td>100 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5205A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>25 V</td>
<td>100 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5205A</td>
<td>500X</td>
<td>75 V</td>
<td>100 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5210A</td>
<td>100X</td>
<td>75 V</td>
<td>100 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5210A</td>
<td>1000X</td>
<td>75 V</td>
<td>100 Hz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DC CMRR

**WARNING.** Dangerous voltages will be present on the calibration generator output terminals and connection cables. Always verify that the generator is in the standby mode before you make any connections to the generator.

1. Verify that the generator output is off.

2. Connect both of the probe inputs to the red (+) banana connector on the front output terminals of the generator. Use a BNC-banana adapter if necessary.

3. Set the sine wave output of the generator to the voltage and frequency listed in the table. (See Table 17 on page 50.)

4. Set the oscilloscope horizontal to 10 ms/div.

5. Set the probe attenuation to the lower (most sensitive) range of the probe.
6. Enable the generator output. Set the oscilloscope vertical to display the signal. For a stable display, connect the generator Sense output to another channel and trigger off of that channel.

7. Using the narrow-bladed tool, adjust the DC CMRR pot in the probe to minimize the amplitude of the waveform displayed on the oscilloscope. Use averaging or hi-res filters to make viewing the 40 Hz signal easier.

**WARNING. Use only an insulated tool to make the adjustment. Failure to do so presents a potential shock hazard.**

8. Disable the generator output.

Table 17: DC CMRR test equipment settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Probe Range</th>
<th>Voltage (rms)</th>
<th>Voltage (p-p)</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P5200A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>353.53 V</td>
<td>1000 V</td>
<td>40 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5202A</td>
<td>20X</td>
<td>200 V</td>
<td>566 V</td>
<td>40 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5205A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>353.53 V</td>
<td>1000 V</td>
<td>40 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5210A</td>
<td>100X</td>
<td>353.53 V</td>
<td>1000 V</td>
<td>40 Hz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
LF Compensation

NOTE. The P5202A probe only has one long-term +LF adjustment and one long-term –LF adjustment. The other three probe models have two long-term +LF adjustments and two long-term –LF adjustments each.

1. Verify that the generator output is off.
2. Connect the probe inputs to the signal output connector on the back of the generator, using adapters if necessary. Connect the red probe lead to the signal, and the black lead to ground.
3. Set the probe attenuation to the lower range for the probe that you are adjusting.
4. Set the oscilloscope horizontal to 4 μs/div, Acq mode = Average 16.
5. Set the generator fast-rise output (rise time waveform) frequency to 10 kHz.
6. Set the generator fast-rise output voltage to 50 Vp-p.
7. Enable the generator output. Set the oscilloscope vertical to display the signal.
8. Make the adjustments in the following order: long-term +LF, long-term +LF*, short-term +LF. (The long-term +LF* adjustment is not used in the P5202A probe.) Repeat this sequence as necessary to optimize the square-wave response.

WARNING. Use only an insulated tool to make the adjustment. Failure to do so presents a potential shock hazard.
9. Disable the generator output.

10. Reverse the probe input leads to the generator.

11. Invert the signal and trigger slope on the oscilloscope to display the rising edge of the signal.

12. Enable the generator output and make the adjustments in the following order: long-term –LF, long-term –LF*, short-term –LF. (The long-term –LF* adjustment is not used in the P5202A probe.) Repeat this sequence as necessary to optimize the square-wave response.

13. Disable the generator output.

Table 18: LF compensation test equipment settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Probe</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Voltage (p-p)</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Generator</td>
<td>P5200A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>50 V</td>
<td>10 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P5202A</td>
<td>20X</td>
<td>50 V</td>
<td>10 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P5205A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>50 V</td>
<td>10 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P5210A</td>
<td>100X</td>
<td>50 V</td>
<td>10 kHz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AC CMRR

**WARNING.** Dangerous voltages will be present on the calibration generator output terminals and connection cables. Always verify that the generator is in the standby mode before you make any connections to the generator.

1. Verify that the generator output is off.

2. Connect both of the probe inputs to the red (+) banana connector on the front output of the generator. Use a BNC-banana adapter if necessary.

3. Set the sine wave output of the generator to 297 Vp-p (105 Vrms) @100 kHz.

4. Set the oscilloscope horizontal to 10 μs/div.

5. Set the probe bandwidth to full and the attenuation to the lower range of the probe.
6. Enable the generator output. Adjust the oscilloscope vertical to display the signal.

7. Make only slight adjustments to only the +LF pots to optimize the CMRR (minimize the signal). Adjust the pots in the following order: short-term +LF, long-term +LF, long-term +LF*. (The long-term +LF* adjustment is not used in the P5202A probe.)

**WARNING.** Use only an insulated tool to make the adjustment. Failure to do so presents a potential shock hazard.

8. Disable the generator output.

Table 19: AC CMRR test equipment settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Voltage (p-p)</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P5200A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>297 V</td>
<td>100 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5202A</td>
<td>20X</td>
<td>297 V</td>
<td>100 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5205A</td>
<td>50X</td>
<td>297 V</td>
<td>100 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P5210A</td>
<td>100X</td>
<td>297 V</td>
<td>100 kHz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This completes the adjustment procedures.
Troubleshooting

Host Instrument Firmware

Some instruments may require a firmware upgrade to support full functionality of the latest probes that are offered by Tektronix. Instruments with lower versions of firmware may not display all probe controls and indicators on screen, and in some cases may require you to power-cycle the instrument to restore normal instrument operation. If you are having problems with your probe and suspect that you need to upgrade your instrument firmware, go to www.tektronix.com/probe-support to download the latest firmware.

To check the firmware version on Windows-based instruments, from the menu bar, click Help/About TekScope. On Linux-based instruments, press the Utilities button on the front panel.

Error Conditions

LEDs Do Not Remain Lit

If none of the LEDs remain lit after you connect the probe, a probe/oscilloscope interface fault may exist. Perform the following steps until you clear the fault or isolate the problem:

- If you are using a P5200A probe, check that the DC adapter is plugged in and functional.
- Disconnect and reconnect the probe to restart the power-on diagnostic sequence.
- Connect the probe to a different channel on the oscilloscope.
- Disconnect the probe from the oscilloscope, power-cycle the oscilloscope, and then reconnect the probe.
- Connect the probe to a different oscilloscope.

If the symptoms remain (they follow the probe), then the probe is defective and must be returned to Tektronix for repair.

Signal Display

If the probe is connected to an active signal source and you do not see the signal displayed on the oscilloscope:

- Check that the probe accessories that you are using are fully mated.
- Check the probe connection on your circuit.
- Perform a functional check on the probe.
Cleaning

Protect the probe from adverse weather conditions. The probe is not waterproof.

⚠️ CAUTION. To prevent damage to the probe, do not expose it to sprays, liquids, or solvents. Avoid getting moisture inside the probe when cleaning the exterior.

Clean the exterior surfaces of the probe with a dry, lint-free cloth or a soft-bristle brush. If dirt remains, use a soft cloth or swab dampened with a 75% isopropyl alcohol solution. Use only enough solution to dampen the cloth or swab. Do not use abrasive compounds on any part of the probe.

Service

There are no user-serviceable parts in the P5200A Series probes. If your probe requires service, contact your Tektronix service representative or repair center for instructions on returning your probe for repair.
Index

A
Accessories
- P5200A Series optional, 15
- P5200A standard, 9
- P5202A standard, 9
- P5205A standard, 9
- P5210A standard, 11
Adjustments (service-only), 42

B
Bandwidth limit, 6

C
Common-mode rejection, 27
Connecting
- P5200A, 2
- P5202A, 3
- P5205A, 3
- P5210A, 3

D
Disconnecting from the instrument, 4

E
Error conditions
- LEDs, 54
- signal display, 54

F
Firmware, 54
Functional check, 7

H
Host instrument firmware, 54

L
Loading, 27

M
Measurement examples, 25

O
Operating basics, 24
Operating limits, 24
Options
- P5200A Probe power supply & cords, 14
- Oscilloscope interface, 1
- Overrange, 5, 6
- Overrange detection, 27

P
Performance graphs, 32
Performance verification, 36
test record, 41

Probe controls
- attenuation, 5
- audible overrange, 6
- bandwidth limit, 6
- Probing techniques, 24

S
Specifications, 28
- mechanical, 31
- nominal, 31
- typical, 29
- warranted, 28

T
Test record, 41
THV-Browser, 21
TPA-BNC adapter, 1
TPH1000 probe holder, 20
Troubleshooting, 54