

Grove - Rotary Angle Sensor User Manual

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Wiki: http://www.seeedstudio.com/wiki/Grove -

_Rotary_Angle_Sensor

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SensorP-p-1242.html



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Disclaimer

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Under the supervision of Seeed Technology Inc., this manual has been compiled and published which covered the latest product description and specification. The content of this manual is subject to change without notice.

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1. Introduction

The rotary angle sensor produces analog output between 0 and Vcc (5V DC with Seeeduino) on its D1 connector. The D2 connector is not used. The angular range is 300 degrees with a linear change in value. The resistance value is 10k ohms, perfect for Arduino use. This may also be known as a "potentiometer".



There is another production - Grove - Rotary Angle Sensor(P). What does "P" mean? "P" is for "panel mount" in this product. It is the sister version of Grove - Rotary Angle Sensor. They are identical except the Grove connecter is moved to the back so that you can easily use it as a neat and wire-free human interface device.







2. Feature

- Grove Interface
- Easy to Use
- Grove Base Module



3. Specification

Item	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Voltage	4.75	5.0	5.25	VDC
Rotary Angle	0	~	300	Deg
Dimension 19x19x30.1				mm

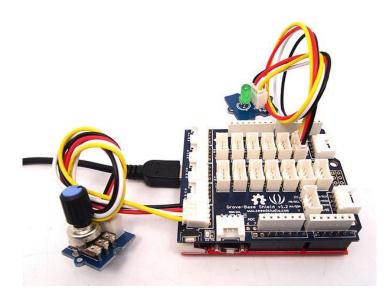


4. Usage

4.1 With Arduino

The following sketch demonstrates a simple application of using the rotary angle sensor to control the brightness of the LED. The degrees of Rotary Angle Sensor is 0~300 degrees, we should be converted to the corresponding voltage value in demo code for controlling the brightness of the LED.

 As the picture on the below indicates, the Rotary Angle Sensor sensor is connected to Analog port A0 of the Grove - Basic Shield and the LED is connected to digital port 2.



• Copy and paste code below to a new Arduino sketch.



```
int degrees;
    degrees = getDegree();
    Serial.println("The angle between the mark and the starting position:");
    Serial.println(degrees);
    int brightness;
    /*The degrees is 0^300, should be converted to be 0^2255 to control the*/
    /*brightness of LED
                                                                                 */
    brightness = map(degrees, 0, FULL_ANGLE, 0, 255);
    controlBrightness(brightness);
    delay(500);
void pinsInit()
    pinMode(ROTARY_ANGLE_SENSOR, INPUT);
    pinMode(LED, OUTPUT);
/*PWM control brightness
/*If brightness is 0, the LED is off.
/*The Greater the brightness, the brighter the LED. */
/*The range of brightness is 0~255
void controlBrightness(int brightness)
    analogWrite(LED, brightness);
/*Function: Get the angle between the mark and the starting position */
/*Parameter:-void
/*Return:-int, the range of degrees is 0~300
                                                                      */
int getDegree()
    int sensor_value = analogRead(ROTARY_ANGLE_SENSOR);
    float voltage;
    voltage = (float)sensor_value*ADC_REF/1023;
    float degrees = (voltage*FULL_ANGLE)/GROVE_VCC;
    return degrees;
```

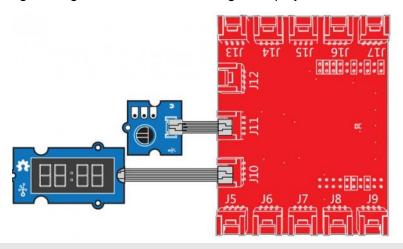
- Upload the code, please click here if you do not know how to upload.
- Then you can control the LED by rotating the sensor. Have a try!



4.2 With TI LaunchPad

Reading the Potentiometer (Rotary Angle Sensor)

This example shows how to read the analog output coming from the Grove potentiometer module. We will be combining a few Grove modules in this example! By turning the potentiometer knob, we will display the analog reading value on the Grove 4-digital display.



Rotary Angle Sensor

Demonstrates analog input by reading an analog sensor on J16 of the Grove Base BoosterPack. The speed of the red LED on the LaunchPad will change depending on the position of the potentiometer knob. This example will also display the analog reading value on the Grove 4-digital display.

The circuit:

- * Potentiometer attached to pin 24 (J6 on Grove Base BoosterPack)
- * center pin of the potentiometer to the analog pin
- st one side pin (either one) to ground
- * the other side pin to VCC (3.3V)
- * Note: Because of unstable of the voltage, the value of the rotary angle sensor varies slightly from run to run even you don't touch it.

Created by Oliver Wang

This example code is in the public domain.

 $\label{lem:http://www.seeedstudio.com/wiki/GROVE_-_Starter_Kit_v1.1b\#Grove_-_Rotary_Angle_Sensor*/$

#include "TM1637.h"

/* Macro Define */

#define CLK 39 /* 4-digital display clock pin */



```
#define DIO
                          38
                                           /* 4-digital display data pin */
                                           /* pin of rotary angle sensor */
#define ROTARY_ANGLE_P
                          24
/* Global Variables */
TM1637 tm1637(CLK, DIO);
                                         /* 4-digital display object */
int analog_value = 0;
                                          /* variable to store the value coming from rotary angle
sensor */
int8 t bits[4] = \{0\};
                                         /* array to store the single bits of the value */
/st the setup() method runs once, when the sketch starts st/
void setup() {
    /* Initialize 4-digital display */
    tm1637.init();
    tm1637.set(BRIGHT TYPICAL);
/* the loop() method runs over and over again */
void loop() {
    analog_value = analogRead(ROTARY_ANGLE_P);
                                                   /* read the value from the sensor */
    memset(bits, 0, 4);
                                                    /* reset array when we use it */
    for(int i = 3; i >= 0; i--) {
        /* get single bits of the analog value */
        bits[i] = analog_value % 10;
        analog_value = analog_value / 10;
        tm1637.display(i, bits[i]);
                                                   /* display by 4-digital display */
    delay(100);
```

4.3 With Raspberry Pi

This example uses ADC channel 0 to get the value of the rotary angle. Then gives PWM output to change brightness of LED.





```
# GrovePi + Grove Rotary Angle Sensor (Potentiometer) + Grove LED
import time
import grovepi
# Connect the Grove Rotary Angle Sensor to analog port AO
# SIG, NC, VCC, GND
potentiometer = 0
# Connect the LED to digital port D5
# SIG, NC, VCC, GND
led = 5
grovepi.pinMode(potentiometer, "INPUT")
grovepi.pinMode(led, "OUTPUT")
time.sleep(1)
# Reference voltage of ADC is 5v
adc\_ref = 5
\mbox{\#}\mbox{Vcc} of the grove interface is normally 5\mbox{v}
grove_vcc = 5
# Full value of the rotary angle is 300 degrees, as per it's specs (0 to 300)
full_angle = 300
while True:
    try:
        # Read sensor value from potentiometer
        sensor_value = grovepi.analogRead(potentiometer)
        # Calculate voltage
```



```
voltage = round((float)(sensor_value) * adc_ref / 1023, 2)

# Calculate rotation in degrees (0 to 300)
degrees = round((voltage * full_angle) / grove_vcc, 2)

# Calculate LED brightess (0 to 255) from degrees (0 to 300)
brightness = int(degrees / full_angle * 255)

# Give PWM output to LED
grovepi.analogWrite(led, brightness)

print "sensor_value =", sensor_value, " voltage =", voltage, " degrees =", degrees, " brightness = ", brightness
except IOError:
print "Error"
```

Run the program

• Find the path to the file(According to your own path)

cd GrovePi/Software/Python/

Run Program

sudo python grove_rotary_angle_sensor.py



5. Resource

- Grove-Rotary Angle v1.2 Sensor Eagle File
- Grove-Rotary Angle Sensor Eagle File
- github repository for Rotary Angle Sensor

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