ebm-papst Mulfingen GmbH & Co. KC	ebm-	papst	Mulfingen	GmbH	&	Co. I	K G
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1. SAFETY REGULATIONS AND NOTES

Please read these operating instructions carefully before starting to work with the device. Observe the following warnings to prevent malfunctions or physical damage to both property and people.

These operating instructions are to be regarded as part of this device. If the device is sold or transferred, the operating instructions must accompany it.

These operating instructions may be duplicated and forwarded for information about potential dangers and their prevention.

1.1 Levels of hazard warnings

These operating instructions use the following hazard levels to indicate potentially hazardous situations and important safety regulations:



DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. Compliance with the measures is mandatory.

WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. Exercise extreme caution while working.

CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or damage of property.

NOTE

A potentially harmful situation can occur and, if not avoided, can lead to property damage.

1.2 Staff qualification

The device may only be transported, unpacked, installed, operated, maintained and otherwise used by qualified, trained and authorised technical staff.

Only authorised specialists are permitted to install the device, to carry out a test run and to perform work on the electrical installation.

1.3 Basic safety rules

Any safety hazards stemming from the device must be re-evaluated once it is installed in the end device.

The local industrial safety regulations must always be observed when working on the device.

Keep the workplace clean and tidy. Untidiness in the working area increases the risk of injury.

Observe the following when working on the unit:

⇒ Do not make any modifications, additions or conversions to the device without the approval of ebm-papst.

1.4 Electrical voltage

- ⇒ Check the electrical equipment of the device at regular intervals, refer to chapter 6.3 Safety test.
- ⇒ Replace loose connections and defective cables immediately.



DANGER

Electrical load on the device

Risk of electric shock

→ Stand on a rubber mat if you are working on an electrically charged device.







WARNING

Terminals and connections have voltage even with a unit that is shut off

Electric shock

→ Wait five minutes after disconnecting the voltage at all poles before opening the device.

CAUTION

In the event of failure, there is electric voltage at the rotor and impeller

The rotor and impeller are base insulated.

→ Do not touch the rotor and impeller once they are installed.

CAUTION

If control voltage is applied or a speed setpoint is stored, the motor will restart automatically, e.g. after a mains failure.

Risk of injury

- → Keep out of the device hazard zone.
- → When working on the device, switch off the mains power and ensure that it cannot be switched back on.
- → Wait until the device stops.
- → After working on the device, remove any tools used or other objects from the device.

1.5 Safety and protective functions



DANGER

Protective device missing and protective device not functioning

Without a protective device there is a risk of serious injury, for instance if the hands reach or are sucked into the device during operation.

- → Operate the device only with a fixed protective device and guard grille.
- → The fixed protective device must be able to withstand the kinetic energy of a fan blade that becomes detached at maximum speed. There must not be any gaps which it is possible to reach into with the fingers, for example.
- → The device is a built-in component. As the operator, you are responsible for ensuring that the device is secured adequately.
- → Stop the device immediately if a protective device is found to be missing or ineffective.

1.6 Electromagnetic radiation

Interference from electromagnetic radiation is possible, e.g. in conjunction with open and closed-loop control devices.

If unacceptable emission intensities occur when the fan is installed, appropriate shielding measures have to be taken by the user.

NOTE

Electrical or electromagnetic interferences after integrating the device in installations on the customer's side.

→ Verify that the entire setup is EMC compliant.

1.7 Mechanical movement



DANGER

Rotating device

Body parts that come into contact with the rotor and impeller can be injured.

- → Secure the device against accidental contact.
- → Before working on the system/machine, wait until all parts have come to a standstill.



DANGER

Flying parts

Missing safety devices may cause balancing weights or broken fan blades to be ejected at high speeds, causing bodily harm.

→ Take appropriate safety measures.

WARNING

Rotating device

Long hair, dangling items of clothing, jewellery and similar items can become entangled and be pulled into the device. Risk of injury.

- → Do not wear any loose-fitting or dangling clothing or jewellery while working on rotating parts.
- → Protect long hair with a cap.

1.8 Emission

WARNING

Depending on the installation and operating conditions, a sound pressure level greater than 70 dB(A) may arise.

Danger of noise-induced hearing loss

- → Take appropriate technical safety measures.
- → Protect operating personnel with appropriate safety equipment, e.g. hearing protection.
- → Also observe the requirements of local agencies.

1.9 Hot surface



CAUTION

High temperature at the electronics housing Risk of burns

→ Ensure sufficient contact protection.

1.10 Transport

WARNING

Transportation of fan

Injuries from tipping or slipping

- Always transport the fan carefully and only in its original packaging.
- → Impact arising from setting down too hard or at an angle can cause bearing damage or deformation at the frame and impeller.
- → The fans must always be transported and handled such that they cannot tip over.
- → Secure the fan(s) with a lashing strip for example so that nothing can slip or tip up, particularly when stacking several fans.
- \rightarrow Also make allowance for possible wind forces.





1.11 Storage

- Store the device, partially or fully assembled, in the original packaging in a clean, dry and weatherproof place free of vibrations.
- Protect the device against environmental effects and dirt until final installation.
- We recommend storing the device for no longer than one year in order to guarantee trouble-free operation and longest possible service life
- Even devices explicitly intended for outdoor use are to be stored as described prior to commissioning.
- Maintain the storage temperature, see chapter 3.6 Transport and storage conditions.
- Please make sure that all screwed cable glands are fitted with dummy plugs.

2. PROPER USE

The device is exclusively designed as a built-in device for conveying air according to its technical data.

Any other usage above and beyond this does not conform with the intended purpose and constitutes misuse of the device.

Customer equipment must be capable of withstanding the mechanical and thermal stresses that can arise from this product. This applies for the entire service life of the equipment in which this product is installed.

Proper use also includes:

- Use the device in power systems with earthed neutral (TN/TT power systems) only.
- The device is to be used in networks with network quality characteristics as per EN 50160.
- Only using the device in stationary systems.
- Carrying out all maintenance.
- Conveying of air at an ambient air pressure of 800 mbar to 1050 mbar.
- Using the device in accordance with the permitted ambient temperature, see chapter 3.6 Transport and storage conditions and chapter 3.2 Nominal data.
- · Operating the device with all protective features in place.
- Minding the operating instructions.

Improper use

Using the device in the following ways is particularly prohibited and may cause hazards:

- Operating the device with an imbalance, e.g. caused by dirt deposits or icing.
- Resonance mode, operation with heavy vibrations. These also include vibrations that are transmitted from the customer system to the fan.
- Operation in medical equipment with a life-sustaining or lifesaving function.
- Moving solids content in flow medium.
- Painting the device
- Connections (e.g. screws) coming loose during operation.
- · Opening the terminal box during operation.
- Moving air that contains abrasive particles.
- Moving highly corrosive air, e.g. salt spray mist. Exceptions are devices that are intended for salt spray mist and protected accordingly.
- Moving air that contains dust pollution, e.g. suctioning off saw dust.

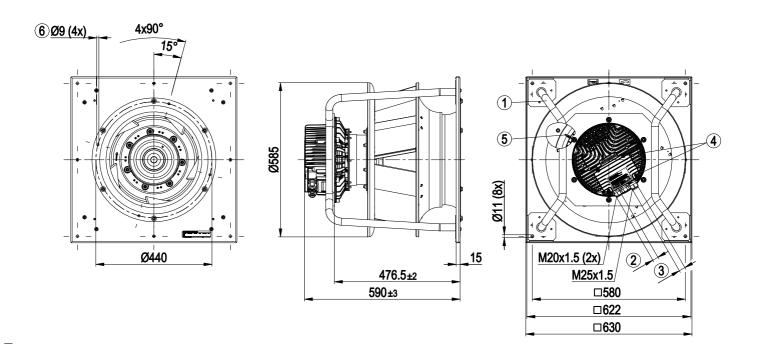
- Operating the device close to flammable materials or components.
- Operating the device in an explosive atmosphere.
- Using the device as a safety component or for taking on safetyrelated functions.
- Operation with completely or partially disassembled or modified protective features.
- In addition, all application options that are not listed under proper use.





3. TECHNICAL DATA

3.1 Product drawing



All measures have the unit mm

1	Installation position: Shaft horizontal (install the support struts only vertically as shown in the illustration!) or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on
	request
2	Cable diameter min. 4 mm, max. 10 mm, tightening torque 4±0.6 Nm
3	Cable diameter min. 9 mm, max. 16 mm, tightening torque 6±0.9 Nm
4	Tightening torque 3.5±0.5 Nm
5	Inlet nozzle with pressure tap (k-factor: 281)
6	Mounting holes for FlowGrid



3.2 Nominal data

Motor	M3G150-IF
Phase	3~
Nominal voltage / VAC	400
Nominal voltage range / VAC	380 480
Frequency / Hz	50/60
Type of data definition	ml
Speed (rpm) / min-1	2250
Power input / W	5700
Current draw / A	9
Min. ambient	-25
temperature / °C	
Max. ambient	40
temperature / °C	

ml = Max. load \cdot me = Max. efficiency \cdot fa = Running at free air

cs = Customer specs · cu = Customer unit

Subject to alterations

3.3 Data in accordance with ecodesign regulation EU 327/2011

	Actual	Request 2015	
01 Overall efficiency ηes / %	69.2	59.5	
02 Measurement category	Α		
03 Efficiency category	Static		
04 Efficiency grade N	71.7 62		
05 Variable speed drive	Yes		
06 Year of manufacture	The year of manufacture is specified on the rating plate on the product.		
07 Manufacturer		gen GmbH & Co. KG tgart · HRA 590344 n	
08 Type	K3G500-PB33-05		
09 Power input Ped / kW	5.72		
09 Air flow qv / m³/h	10945		
09 Pressure increase total psf / Pa	1245		
10 Speed (rpm) n / min-1	2265		
11 Specific ratio*	1.01		
12 Recycling/disposal		cycling and disposal is erating instructions.	
13 Maintenance		tallation, operation and ovided in the operating	
14 Additional components	efficiency that are	I to calculate the energy not apparent from the egory are detailed in the	

^{*} Specific ratio = 1 + pfs / 100 000 Pa

Data definition with optimum efficiency. The ErP data is determined using a motor-impeller combination in a standardised measurement configuration.

3.4 Technical features

150 4 1	
Mass 50.4 kg	
Size 500 mm	
Motor size 150	
Surface of rotor Coated in black	
Material of electronics Die-cast aluminium	
housing	
Material of impeller Aluminium sheet	
Material of mounting Sheet steel, galvanised	
plate	
Material of support Steel, coated in black	
bracket	
Material of inlet nozzle Sheet steel, galvanised	
Number of blades 5	
Direction of rotation Clockwise, seen on rotor	
Type of protection IP55	
Insulation class "F"	
Humidity (F) / H1	
environmental	
protection class (H)	
Mounting position Refer to product drawing	
Condensation Rotor-side	
drainage holes	
Operation mode S1	
Motor bearing Ball bearing	
Technical features - Output 10 VDC, max. 10 mA	
- Output 20 VDC, max. 50 mA	
- Output for slave 0-10 V	
- Operation and alarm display	
- Input for sensor 0-10 V or 4-20 mA	
- External 24 V input (programming)	
- External release input	
- Alarm relay	
- Integrated PID controller	
- Output limit	
- Motor current limit	
- PFC, passive	
- RS485 MODBUS RTU	
- Soft start	
- Control input 0-10 VDC / PWM	
- Control interface with SELV potentia	ıl
safely disconnected from the mains	
- Over-temperature protected	
electronics / motor	
- Line undervoltage / phase failure	
detection	
Touch current acc. <= 3.5 mA	
IEC 60990 (measuring	
network Fig. 4, TN	
system)	
Electrical connection Terminal box	
Motor protection Reverse polarity and locked-rotor protection	
[· (· p·································	
customer)	
Product conforming EN 61800-5-1; CE	
to standard	
Approval CSA C22.2 no. 77 + CAN/CSA- E60730-1; EAC; UL 1004-7 + 60730-	







For cyclic speed loads, note that the rotating parts of the device are designed for maximum one million load cycles. If you have specific questions, contact ebm-papst for support.

⇒ Use the device in accordance with its protection type.

Notes on surface quality

The surfaces of the products conform to the generally applicable industrial standard. The surface quality may vary during the production period. Strength, dimensional stability and dimensional accuracy are not affected by this

The colour pigments of the paints used react perceptibly to UV light over the course of time. This does not however have any influence on the technical properties of the products. To prevent the formation of patches and fading, the product is to be protected against UV radiation. Changes in colour are not a reason for complaint and are not covered by the warranty.

3.5 Mounting data

Strength class for	8.8
mounting screws	

 Secure the mounting screws against accidentally coming loose (e.g. by using self-locking screws).

Any further mounting data required can be taken from the product drawing or Section chapter 4.1 Connecting the mechanical system.

3.6 Transport and storage conditions

Max. permissible ambient motor temp. (transp./ storage)	+80 °C
Min. permissible	-40 °C
ambient motor temp. (transp./storage)	

3.7 Electromagnetic compatibility

EMC interference	Acc. to EN 61000-6-2 (industrial
immunity	environment)
EMC interference	Acc. to EN 61000-6-3 (household
emission	environment), except EN 61000-3-2 for
	professionally used devices with a total
	rated power greater than 1 kW



If several devices are switched in parallel on the mains side so that the line current of the arrangement is in the range of 16 - 75 A, then this arrangement conforms to IEC 61000-3-12 provided that the short-circuit power $S_{\rm SC}$ at the connection point of the customer system to the public power system is greater than or equal to 120 times the rated output of the arrangement. It is the responsibility of the installation engineer or operator/owner of the device to ensure, if necessary after consultation with the network operator, that this device is only connected to a connection point with a $S_{\rm SC}$ value that is greater than or equal to 120 times the rated output of the arrangement.

4. CONNECTION AND START-UP

4.1 Connecting the mechanical system



CAUTION

Cutting and crushing hazard when removing device from packaging



- → Carefully remove the device from its packaging, only touching the housing. Strictly avoid shocks.
- → Wear safety shoes and cut-resistant safety gloves.



CALITION

Device weighs more than 25 kg! Heavy load when removing the device!

Risk of physical injury, such as back injuries.

→ Use suitable hoisting equipment to remove the device from the packaging.

NOTE

Damage to device from vibration

Bearing damage, reduced service life

- → Forces or impermissibly high vibration levels must not be transmitted to the fan from system components.
- → If the fan is connected to air ducts, it should isolated from vibrations, for example using compensators or similar elements.
- → Fasten the fan to the substructure without distorting it.
- ⇒ The fan may not be handled in the area around the inlet nozzle during transport and installation.
 - There is a risk of damage to the impeller.
- ⇒ Check the device for transport damage. Damaged devices must no longer be installed.
- ⇒ Install the undamaged device according to your application.

4.1.1 Installation of RadiPac fan

During installation, transport the RadiPac only with suitable hoisting and supporting equipment. Use only suitable round slings (see 4.4 Technical description for product weight). Attach using four round slings wrapped around the struts. Position the slings as shown in the illustration below. Ensure that the struts of the support bracket to the left and right of the motor are vertical. Transport the centrifugal fan in its installed position as shown in the product drawing. Comply with the notices on the unit. The maximum acceleration during transport may not exceed 2 g.





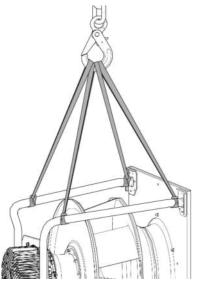


Fig. 1: Illustration showing transport of RadiPac



CAUTION

Possibility of damage to the device

Serious damage may result if the device slips during assembly.

- → Keep the device fixed in position at the installation location until all attachment screws have been tightened.
- The fan must not be strained on fastening.

4.2 Connecting the electrical system



DANGER

Electric voltage on the device

Electric shock

- → Always install a protective earth first.
- \rightarrow Check the protective earth.



DANGER

Incorrect insulation

Risk of fatal injury from electric shock

- → Use only cables that meet the specified installation requirements for voltage, current, insulation material, load etc.
- → Route cables such that they cannot be touched by any rotating parts.



DANGER

Electrical load (>50 μ C) between mains wire and protective earth connection after switching of the supply when switching multiple devices in parallel.

Electric shock, risk of injury

→ Make sure that sufficient protection against accidental contact is provided.

Before working on the electrical connection, the connections to the mains supply and PE must be shorted.

CAUTION

Electrical voltage

The fan is a built-in component and features no electrically isolating switch.

- → Only connect the fan to circuits that can be switched off with an all-pole separating switch.
- → When working on the fan, you must switch off the installation/machine in which the fan is installed and secure it from being switched on again.

NOTE

Interferences and failures are possible

Maintain a distance to the power supply line when routing the control lines of the device.

→ Ensure a sufficiently large clearance. Recommendation: clearance > 10 cm (separate cable routing)

NOTE

Water penetration into leads or wires

Water enters at the cable end on the customers side and can damage the device.

→ Make sure that the cable end is connected in a dry environment.



Connect the device only to circuits that can be switched off using an all-pole disconnecting switch.

4.2.1 Prerequisites

- ⇒ Check that the data on the type plate match the connection data.
- ⇒ Before connecting the device, ensure that the supply voltage matches the operating voltage of the device.
- Only use cables designed for current according to the type plate. For determining the cross-section, follow the basic principles in accordance with EN 61800-5-1. The protective earth must have a cross-section equal to or greater than the outer conductor cross-section

We recommend the use of 105 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ cables. Ensure that the minimum cable cross-section is at least

AWG26/0.13 mm².

Protective earth contact resistance as per EN 61800-5-1

Compliance with the resistance specifications as per EN 61800-5-1 for the protective earth connection circuit must be verified in the application. Depending on the installation situation, it may be necessary to connect an additional protective earth conductor by way of the extra protective earth terminal provided on the device. The protective earth terminal is located on the housing and provided with a protective earth symbol and a hole.

4.2.2 Power supply connection, fuse protection

Assignment of conductor cross-sections and the fuse protection required for them (overload protection only, no device protection).

Nominal	Safety		Automatic		Wire
voltage	fuse		circuit	cross-	cross-
			breaker	section	section
	VDE	UL	VDE	mm²	*AWG
3/PE AC	16 A	15 A	C16A	1.5	16
380 - 480					
VAC					
3/PE AC	20 A	20 A	C20A	2.5	14
380 - 480					
VAC					
3/PE AC	25 A	25 A	C25A	4.0	12
380 - 480					
VAC					
3/PE AC	32 A	30 A	C32A	6.0	10
380 - 480					
VAC					

^{*} AWG = American Wire Gauge





4.2.3 Idle current



Because of the EMC filter integrated for compliance with EMC limits (interference emission and interference immunity), idle currents in the mains cable can be measured even when the motor is at a standstill and the mains voltage is switched on.

- The values are typically in the range < 500 mA.
- At the same time, the effective power in this operating state (operational readiness) is typically < 6 W.

4.2.4 Residual current operated device



If the use of a residual current device (RCD) is required in your installation, only universal residual current devices (type B or B+) are permissible. Residual current devices (RCD) cannot provide personal safety while operating the device, as is also the case with frequency converters. When the device power supply is switched on, charging current pulses from the capacitors in the integrated EMC filter can lead to the instant triggering of residual current devices. We recommend residual current circuit breakers (RCCB) with an activation threshold of 300 mA and delayed tripping (super-resistant, characteristic K).

4.2.5 Leakage current



For asymmetrical power systems or if a phase fails, the leakage current can increase to a multiple of the nominal value.

4.2.6 Locked-rotor protection



Due to the locked-rotor protection, the start-up current (LRA) is equal to or less than the nominal current (FLA).

4.3 Connection in terminal box

4.3.1 Preparing connection lines for the connection

Strip the cable just enough so that the screwed cable gland is tight and the terminals are relieved of strain. Tightening torque, see chapter 3.1 Product drawing.



NOTE

Tightness and strain relief depend on the cable used.

→ The user must check this.

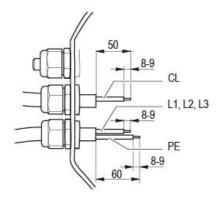


Fig. 2: Recommended stripping lengths in mm (inside the terminal box) Legend: CL = control lines

4.3.2 Connecting cables with terminals

A

WARNING

Terminals and connections have voltage even with a unit that is shut off

Flectric shock

- → Wait five minutes after disconnecting the voltage at all poles before opening the device.
- ⇒ Remove the cap from the screwed cable gland.

Remove the cap only in those places where cables are inserted.

- Mount the screwed cable glands with the seal inserts provided in the terminal box.
- Insert the line(s) (not included in the standard scope of delivery) into the terminal box.
- ⇒ First connect the "PE" (protective earth) connection.
- ⇒ Connect the lines to the corresponding terminals.

Use a screwdriver to do so.

During the connection work, ensure that no cables splice off.

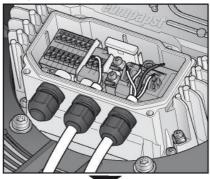








Fig. 3: Connecting the wires to terminals

⇒ Seal the terminal box.

4.3.3 Cable routing

No water may penetrate along the cable in the direction of the cable gland.



NOTE

Damage caused by moisture penetration.

Moisture can penetrate into the terminal box if water is constantly present at the cable glands.

- → To prevent the constant accumulation of water at the cable glands, the cable should be routed in a U-shaped loop (siphon) wherever possible.
- → If this is not possible, a drip edge can be produced by fitting a cable tie directly in front of the cable gland for example.

4.4 Factory settings

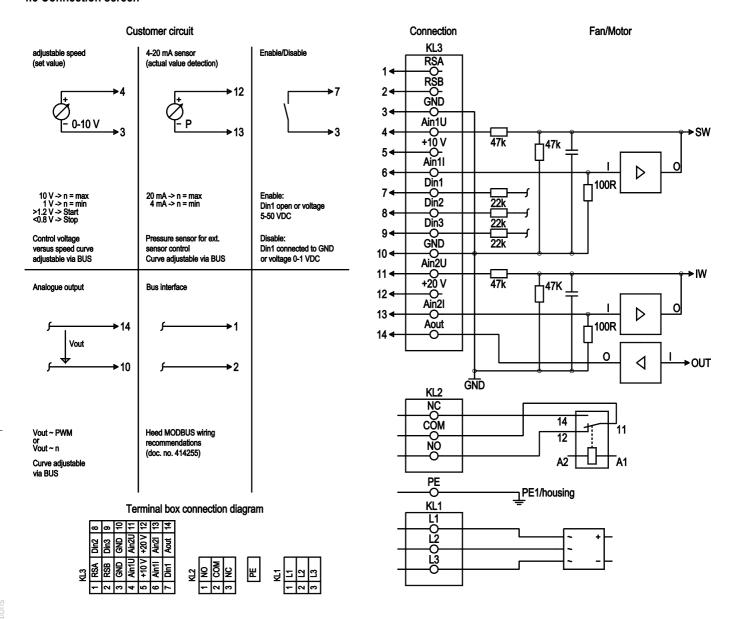
Factory settings with which the device is pre-set by ebm-papst.

Control mode	PWM controlling
parameter set 1	
Control mode	PWM controlling
parameter set 2	
Fan / device adress	01
Max. PWM / %	100
Min. PWM / %	5
Save set value to	Yes
EEPROM	
Set value control	Analogue (linear)
Control function	Positive (heating)
parameter set 1	
Control function	Positive (heating)
parameter set 2	





4.5 Connection screen



No.	Conn.	Designation	Function / assignment	
KL 1	1	L1	Mains connection, power supply, phase, see type plate for voltage range	
KL 1	2	L2	Mains connection, power supply, phase, see type plate for voltage range	
KL 1	3	L3	Mains connection, power supply, phase, see type plate for voltage range	
PE		PE	Earth connection, PE connection	
KL 2	1	NO	Status relay, floating status contact, make for failure	
KL 2	2	СОМ	Status relay, floating status contact, changeover contact, common connection, contact rating, max. 250 VAC/2 A (AC1)/min. 10 mA	
KL 2	3	NC	Status relay, floating status contact, break for failure	
KL 3	1	RSA	Bus connection RS485, RSA, MODBUS RTU; SELV	
KL 3	2	RSB	Bus connection RS485, RSB, MODBUS RTU; SELV	
KL 3	3 / 10	GND	Signal ground for control interface, SELV	
KL 3	4	Ain1 U	Analogue input 1, set value: 0-10 V, Ri = 100 kΩ, parametrisable curve, only for use as alternative to input Ain1; SELV	
KL 3	5	+ 10 V	Fixed voltage output 10 VDC, +10 V +/-3 %, max. 10 mA, short-circuit-proof, power supply for ext. devices (e.g. potentiometer); SELV	





No.	Conn.	Designation	Function / assignment		
KL 3	6	Ain1 I	Analogue input 1, set value: 4-20 mA; Ri = 100 Ω, parametrisable curve, only for use as alternative to input Ain1 U; SELV		
KL 3 7 D		Din1	Digital input 1: Enabling of electronics, Enabling: Pin open or applied voltage 5-50 VDC		
			Disabling: Bridge to GND or applied voltage <1 VDC Reset function: Triggers software reset after a level change to <1 VDC; SELV		
KL 3	8	Din2	Digital input 2: Parameter set 1/2 switching, depending on EEPROM setting, the valid/used parameter set can be selected via the bus or via the digital input DIN2. Parameter set 1: Pin open or applied voltage 5-50 VDC Parameter set 2: bridge to GND or applied voltage <1 VDC; SELV		
KL 3	9	Din3	Digital input 3: Controller function of integrated controller; depending on EEPROM setting, normal / inverse can be selected for the controller function of the integrated controller via the bus or the digital input Normal: Pin open or applied voltage 5-50 VDC Inverse: bridge to GND or applied voltage <1 VDC; SELV		
KL 3	11	Ain2 U	Analogue input 2, actual value: 0-10 V, Ri = 100 kΩ, parametrisable curve, only usable as alternative to input Ain2; SELV		
KL 3	12	+ 20 V	Fixed voltage output 20 VDC, +20 V +25/-10%, max. 50 mA, short-circuit-proof, power supply for ext. devices (e.g. sensors); SELV Alternatively: +24 VDC input for parametrisation without mains power		
KL 3	13	Ain2 I	Analogue input 2, actual value: 4-20 mA, Ri = 100 Ω , parametrisable curve, only for use as alternative to input Ain2 U; SELV		
KL 3	14	Aout	Analogue output 0-10 V, max. 5 mA, output of current motor level control coefficient; parametrisable curve; SELV		





4.6 Checking the connections

- ⇒ Make sure that the power is off (all phases).
- ⇒ Secure it from being switched on again.
- ⇒ Check the correct fit of the connection lines.
- Screw the terminal box cover closed again. Terminal box tightening torque, see chapter 3.1 Product drawing.
- Route the connecting cables in the terminal box so that the terminal box cover closes without resistance.
- Use all plug screws (the entire number). In doing so, insert the screws manually to avoid damage to the thread.
- Make sure that the terminal box is correctly closed and sealed and that all screws and screwed cable glands are properly tightened.

4.7 Switch on device

The device is not to be switched on until it has been installed properly and in accordance with its intended use, including the required protective devices and professional electrical connection. This also applies to devices which have already been equipped with plugs and terminals or similar connectors by the customer.



WARNING Hot motor housing

Fire hazard

- → Ensure that no combustible or flammable materials are located close to the fan.
- Inspect the device for visible external damage and the proper function of the protective features before switching it on.
- Check the air flow paths of the fan for foreign objects and remove any that are found.
- ⇒ Apply the nominal voltage to the voltage supply.
- ⇒ Start the device by changing the input signal.



Damage to device by vibrations

Bearing damage, reduced service life

- The fan must operate free of vibrations throughout its speed control range.
- → Strong vibrations can result from improper handling, imbalance resulting from damage during transport, or component-induced or structural resonances.
- → When putting the fan into service, determine the speed ranges with excessive vibration levels and also any resonance frequencies that may be present.
- → When regulating the speed, pass through resonance ranges as quickly as possible or find another remedy.
- Operation at excessive vibration levels can lead to premature failure.
- → The maximum vibration severity may not exceed 3.5 mm/s and should be checked every 6 months.
- → It must be measured along all 3 spatial axes at the place where the motor is attached to the motor support plate; see chapter 6. Maintenance, malfunctions, possible causes and remedies.

4.8 Switching off the device

Switching off the device during operation:

- ⇒ Switch off the device via the control input.
- Do not switch the motor (e.g. in cyclic operation) on and off via power supply.

Switching off the device for maintenance work:

- Switch off the device via the control input.
- Do not switch the motor (e.g. in cyclic operation) on and off via power supply.
- ⇒ Disconnect the device from the supply voltage.
- When disconnecting, be sure to disconnect the earth wire connection last

5. INTEGRATED PROTECTIVE FUNCTIONS

The integrated protective functions cause the motor to switch off automatically in case of faults described in the table.

Malfunctions	Description / Function of		
	safety feature		
Rotor position detection error	An automatic restart occurs.		
Locked rotor	⇒ After the blockage is		
	removed, the motor restarts		
	automatically.		
Line under-voltage (mains input	⇒ If the mains supply voltage		
voltage outside of permitted	returns to permitted values, the		
nominal voltage)	motor restarts automatically.		
Phase failure	A phase of the supply voltage		
	fails for at least 5 s.		
	⇒ If all phases are correctly		
	supplied again, the motor		
	automatically restarts after 10 -		
	40 s.		





6. MAINTENANCE, MALFUNCTIONS, POSSIBLE CAUSES AND REMEDIES

Do not perform any repairs on your device. Return the device to ebmpapst for repair or replacement.



WARNING

Terminals and connections have voltage even with a unit that is shut off

Electric shock

→ Wait five minutes after disconnecting the voltage at all poles before opening the device.

CAUTION

If control voltage is applied or a speed setpoint is stored, the motor will restart automatically, e.g. after a mains failure.

Risk of injury

- → Keep out of the device hazard zone.
- → When working on the device, switch off the mains power and ensure that it cannot be switched back on.
- → Wait until the device stops.
- → After working on the device, remove any tools used or other objects from the device.



NOTE

If the device is not operated for a lengthy period in installed condition in a dry environment, it is to be started up and operated at full speed for one hour at least every four months. If the device is not operated for a lengthy period in installed condition in a damp environment (e.g. outdoors), it is to be started up and operated at full speed for at least three hours once a month to move the bearings and allow any condensate that may have ingressed to evaporate.

Malfunction/error	Possible cause	Possible remedy
Impeller running	Imbalance in rotating	Clean the device; if
roughly	parts	imbalance is still
		evident after cleaning,
		replace the device.
		If you have
		attached any weight
		clips during cleaning,
		make sure to remove
		them afterwards.
Motor does not turn	Mechanical blockage	Switch off, de-
		energise, and
		remove mechanical
		blockage.
	Mains supply voltage	Check mains supply
	faulty	voltage,
		restore power
		supply.
		Important! The error
		message resets
		automatically.
		The device starts up
		again automatically
		without advance
		warning.
	Faulty connection	De-energise, correct
		connection, see
		connection diagram.

Motor winding broken	Replace device
Insufficient cooling	Improve cooling. Let the device cool down. To reset the error message, switch off the mains supply voltage for a min. of 25 s and switch it on again. Alternatively, reset the error message by applying a control signal of <0.5 V to DIN1 or by short circuiting Din1 to GND.
Ambient temperature too high	Reduce the ambient temperature. Let the device cool down. To reset the error message, switch off the mains supply voltage for a min. of 25 s and switch it on again. Alternatively, reset the error message by applying a control signal of <0.5 V to DIN1 or by short circuiting Din1 to GND.
Unacceptable operating point (e.g. counterpressure is too high)	Correct the operating point. Let the device cool down. To reset the error message, switch off the mains supply voltage for a min. of 25 s and switch it on again. Alternatively, reset the error message by applying a control signal of <0.5 V to DIN1 or by short circuiting Din1 to GND.



If you have any other problems, contact ebm-papst.

6.1 Vibration test

Checking the fan for mechanical vibrations based on ISO 14694. Recommendation: every 6 months. Maximum vibration severity is 3.5 mm/s measured at the motor's fastening diameter on the motor support plate towards and perpendicular to the motor's axis of rotation.





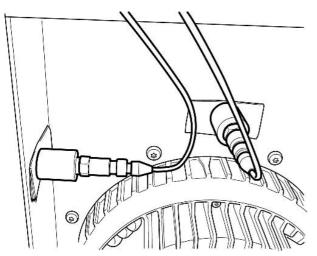


Fig. 4: Example showing vibration measurement. Positioning of the sensors will vary depending on the device and the circumstances of installation.

6.2 Cleaning

To ensure a long service life, the fans have to be regularly checked for proper operation and degree of soiling. The frequency of the checks is to be adapted to the occurrence of soiling.



DANGER

Risk of injury from rotating fan.

- → Only clean when not in motion. Do not disconnect the fan from the power supply, just switch it off via the control input. This will prevent start-up of the fan.
- Dirt deposits on the motor housing could lead to overheating of the motor.
- Dirt on the impeller can cause vibration which would shorten the service life of the fan.
- ⇒ Severe vibration could destroy the fan.
- ⇒ In such cases immediately switch off and clean the fan.
- The preferred method of cleaning is dry cleaning, e.g. using compressed air.
- ⇒ Use is never to be made of corrosive cleaning agents!

NOTE

Damage to the device during cleaning

Malfunction possible

- → Do not use a high-pressure cleaner to clean the device.# Do not use any acid, alkali or solvent-based cleaning agents.
- $\ensuremath{\rightarrow}$ Do not use any pointed or sharp-edged objects for cleaning
- ⇒ Completely remove any cleaning agents used.
- ⇒ Immediately switch off and replace the device if severe corrosion is apparent at load-bearing or rotating parts.
- ⇒ Repairs to load-bearing or rotating parts are not permissible!
- Operate the fan for 2 hours at maximum speed to permit the evaporation of any moisture which may have ingressed.
- ⇒ If cleaning does not eliminate vibration, the fan may have to be rebalanced. In such cases please contact ebm-papst.
- ⇒ The fan is provided with maintenance-free ball bearings. The lifetime lubrication of the ball bearings is designed for a service life of at least 40,000 hours.

- Please contact ebm-papst if bearing replacement is required after this period.
- ⇒ Adapt the maintenance intervals to the dust pollution occurring.

6.3 Safety test

NOTE

High-voltage test

The integrated EMC filter contains Y capacitors. Therefore, the trigger current is exceeded when AC testing voltage is applied.

→ Test the device with DC voltage when you carry out the high-voltage test required by law. The voltage to be used corresponds to the peak value of the AC voltage required by the standard.

What has to be tested?	How to test?	Frequency	Which measure?
Check the	Visual inspection	At least every	Repair or
protective	visuai irispectiori	At least every 6 months	replacement of
casing against		O IIIOIIIIIS	the device
accidental			line device
contact for			
damage and to			
ensure that it is			
intact			
Check the	Visual inspection	At least every	Replacement of
device for	Visual inspection	6 months	the device
damage to		O IIIOIIIII3	line device
blades and			
housing			
Mounting the	Visual inspection	At least every	Fasten
connection lines	Vioudi inopodion	6 months	l doton
Check the	Visual inspection	At least every	Replace wires
insulation of the	Troud in operation	6 months	
wires for damage			
Impeller for	Visual inspection	At least every	Clean impeller
wear/deposits/		6 months	or replace device
corrosion and			
damage			
Tightness of	Visual inspection	At least every	Retighten,
screwed cable	'	6 months	replace if
gland			damaged
Condensate	Visual inspection	At least every	Open bore holes
discharge holes		6 months	'
for clogging, as			
necessary			
Abnormal	acoustic	At least every	Replace device
bearing noise		6 months	
Vibration test	Vibration tester,	Recommended	Clean impeller
	acceleration or	every 6 months	or replace device
	deceleration		
	measurement		





6.4 Disposal

For ebm-papst, environmental protection and resource preservation are top priority corporate goals.

ebm-papst operates an environmental management system which is certified in accordance with ISO 14001 and rigorously implemented around the world on the basis of German standards.

Right from the development stage, ecological design, technical safety and health protection are fixed criteria.

The following section contains recommendations for ecological disposal of the product and its components.

6.4.1 Country-specific legal requirements



NOTE

Country-specific legal requirements

Always observe the applicable country-specific legal regulations with regard to the disposal of products or waste occurring in the various phases of the life cycle. The corresponding disposal standards are also to be heeded.

6.4.2 Disassembly

Disassembly of the product must be performed or supervised by qualified personnel with the appropriate technical knowledge. The product is to be disassembled into suitable components for disposal employing standard procedures for motors.



WARNING

Heavy parts of the product may drop off. Some of the product components are heavy. These components could drop off during disassembly.

This can result in fatal or serious injury and material damage.

→ Secure components before unfastening to stop them falling.

6.4.3 Component disposal

The products are mostly made of steel, copper, aluminium and plastic. Metallic materials are generally considered to be fully recyclable. Separate the components for recycling into the following categories:

- Steel and iron
- Aluminium
- Non-ferrous metal, e.g. motor windings
- Plastics, particularly with brominated flame retardants, in accordance with marking
- · Insulating materials
- Cables and wires
- Electronic scrap, e.g. circuit boards

Only ferrite magnets and not rare earth magnets are used in external rotor motors from ebm-papst Mulfingen GmbH & Co. KG.

Ferrite magnets can be disposed of in the same way as normal iron and steel.

Electrical insulating materials on the product, in cables and wires are made of similar materials and are therefore to be treated in the same manner.

The materials concerned are as follows:

- Miscellaneous insulators used in the terminal box
- Power lines
- Cables for internal wiring
- Electrolytic capacitors

Dispose of electronic components employing the proper procedures for electronic scrap.



→ Please contact ebm-papst for any other questions on disposal.



