

# Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

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SDS No.: 179515

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Replaces version from: 07.08.2015

LOCTITE SF 7649 known as Loctite 7649

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE SF 7649 known as Loctite 7649

#### **Contains:**

Acetone

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:

activator

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd

Adhesives

Wood Lane End

HP2 4RQ Hemel Hempstead

Great Britain

Phone: +44 (1442) 278000 Fax-no.: +44 (1442) 278071

ua-productsafety.uk@henkel.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (CLP):

Flammable aerosols Category 1

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Serious eye irritation Category 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Target organ: Central Nervous System

## 2.2. Label elements

#### Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:	
Signal word:	Danger
Hazard statement:	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Supplemental information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Precautionary statement:	P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P102 Keep out of reach of children.  "***" ***For consumer use only: P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P501 Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements***
Precautionary statement: Prevention	P261 Avoid breathing spray. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing.
Precautionary statement:	P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Response

The aerosol container is under pressure. Do not expose to high temperatures.

Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2. Mixtures

# General chemical description:

Activator

## Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	EC Number REACH-Reg No.	content	Classification
Acetone	200-662-2	50- 100 %	Flam. Liq. 2
67-64-1	01-2119471330-49		H225
			Eye Irrit. 2
			H319
			STOT SE 3
			H336
Propane	200-827-9	10- 20 %	Flam. Gas 1
74-98-6	01-2119486944-21		H220
			Press. Gas
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	205-743-6	0,1-< 1 %	Repr. 2
149-57-5	01-2119488942-23		H361d
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt	244-846-0	0,1-< 1 %	Repr. 2
22221-10-9			H361f

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact:

Rinse with running water and soap.

Seek medical advice.

Eve contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes). Seek medical attention if necessary.

Ingestion

Rinse out mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting.

Seek medical advice.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Carbon dioxide, foam, powder

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Water spray jet

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) can be released.

Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, irritating organic vapors.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.

#### Additional information:

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Wear protective equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For small spills wipe up with paper towel and place in container for disposal.

For large spills absorb onto inert absorbent material and place in sealed container for disposal.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Vapours should be extracted to avoid inhalation. Keep away from sources of ignition - no smoking. Avoid skin and eye contact. See advice in section 8

#### Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Refer to Technical Data Sheet

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

activator

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	1.500	3.620	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		EH40 WEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Ireland

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative OELV	IR_OEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Propane 74-98-6 [PROPANE]	1.000		Time Weighted Average (TWA):		IR_OEL
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5 [ETHYL HEXANOIC ACID]		5	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		IR_OEL

# $\label{eq:predicted} \textbf{Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):}$

Name on list	Environmental Compartment	Exposure period	Value			Remarks	
	Î	•	mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
Acetone	aqua		21 mg/l				
67-64-1	(intermittent						
	releases)						
Acetone	sewage		100 mg/l				
67-64-1	treatment plant						
	(STP)						
Acetone	sediment				30,4 mg/kg		
67-64-1	(freshwater)						
Acetone	sediment				3,04 mg/kg		
67-64-1	(marine water)						
Acetone	soil				29,5 mg/kg		
67-64-1							
Acetone	aqua		10,6 mg/l				
67-64-1	(freshwater)						
Acetone	aqua (marine		1,06 mg/l				
67-64-1	water)						
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	aqua		0,36 mg/l				
149-57-5	(freshwater)						
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	aqua (marine		0,036 mg/l				
149-57-5	water)						
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	aqua		0,493 mg/l				
149-57-5	(intermittent						
	releases)						
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	sewage		71,7 mg/l				
149-57-5	treatment plant						
	(STP)						
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	sediment				6,37 mg/kg		
149-57-5	(freshwater)			1			
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	sediment				0,637		
149-57-5	(marine water)			1	mg/kg		
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	soil				1,06 mg/kg		
149-57-5							

### **Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):**

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
Acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		2420 mg/m3	
Acetone 67-64-1	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		186 mg/kg	
Acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1210 mg/m3	
Acetone 67-64-1	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
Acetone 67-64-1	General population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		200 mg/m3	
Acetone 67-64-1	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		2 mg/kg	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		14 mg/m3	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1 mg/kg	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	General population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		3,5 mg/m3	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1 mg/kg	

## **Biological Exposure Indices:**

None

### 8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Respiratory protection:

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Filter type: P2

#### Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:

Wear protective glasses.

Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance green Odor pungent

Odour threshold No data available / Not applicable

pΗ Not applicable

Melting point No data available / Not applicable Solidification temperature No data available / Not applicable

Initial boiling point 56 °C (132.8 °F) -18 °C (0.4 °F) Flash point

Evaporation rate No data available / Not applicable Flammability No data available / Not applicable

Explosive limits

lower 2,5%(V)13 %(V) upper Vapour pressure 230 mbar

(20 °C (68 °F))

Relative vapour density: No data available / Not applicable

Density 0,8 g/cm3

(20 °C (68 °F))

Bulk density No data available / Not applicable Solubility No data available / Not applicable Miscible

Solubility (qualitative)

(Solvent: Water)

Solubility (qualitative) Soluble

(Solvent: Acetone)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available / Not applicable Auto-ignition temperature No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable Decomposition temperature No data available / Not applicable Viscosity Viscosity (kinematic) No data available / Not applicable Explosive properties No data available / Not applicable Oxidising properties No data available / Not applicable

### 9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts with strong oxidants.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Irritating organic vapours.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### General toxicological information:

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
Acetone	LD50	5.800 mg/kg	rat	not specified
67-64-1				
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	LD50	2.043 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
149-57-5				

### Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
Acetone	LD50	> 15.688 mg/kg	rabbit	Draize Test
67-64-1				
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
149-57-5				

#### Acute inhalative toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Test atmosphere	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			time		
Acetone	LC50	76 mg/l		4 h	rat	not specified
67-64-1						
Propane	LC50	> 800000 ppm	gas	15 min	rat	not specified
74-98-6						

#### Skin corrosion/irritation:

Solvent may remove essential oils from the skin making it susceptible to attack from other chemicals.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Acetone 67-64-1	not irritating		guinea pig	not specified
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

## Serious eye damage/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.		time		
Acetone	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
67-64-1				
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
149-57-5				

### Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Acetone	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation	guinea pig	not specified
67-64-1		test		

### Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Acetone 67-64-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Acetone 67-64-1	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Acetone 67-64-1	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Propane 74-98-6	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Propane 74-98-6	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		Ames Test

### Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Sex	Method
Acetone 67-64-1	not carcinogenic	dermal	424 d 3 times per week	mouse	female	not specified

## Reproductive toxicity:

No data available.

## STOT-single exposure:

No data available.

### STOT-repeated exposure::

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result / Value	Route of	Exposure time /	Species	Method
CAS-No.		application	Frequency of		
			treatment		
Acetone	NOAEL 900 mg/kg	oral:	13 w	rat	OECD Guideline 408
67-64-1		drinking	daily		(Repeated Dose 90-Day
		water			Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Propane		inhalation:	28 d	rat	OECD Guideline 422
74-98-6		gas			(Combined Repeated
					Dose Toxicity Study with
					the Reproduction /
					Developmental Toxicity
					Screening Test)

## **Aspiration hazard:**

No data available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

## 12.1. Toxicity

## **Toxicity (Fish):**

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Acetone	LC50	8.120 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
67-64-1					Acute Toxicity Test)
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	LC50	270 mg/l	96 h	Lepomis gibbosus	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
149-57-5					Acute Toxicity Test)

### Toxicity (Daphnia):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Acetone	EC50	8.800 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia pulex	OECD Guideline 202
67-64-1					(Daphnia sp. Acute
					Immobilisation Test)
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	EC50	85,4 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202
149-57-5					(Daphnia sp. Acute
					Immobilisation Test)

#### Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Acetone	NOEC	2.212 mg/l	28 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia
67-64-1		-			magna, Reproduction Test)

#### Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Acetone 67-64-1	NOEC	530 mg/l	8 d	Microcystis aeruginosa	DIN 38412-09
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	EC50	61 mg/l	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	EC10	33 mg/l	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

## Toxicity to microorganisms

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Acetone	EC10	1.000 mg/l	30 min	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 27
67-64-1					(Bacterial oxygen
					consumption test)
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	EC10	72 mg/l	17 h		DIN 38412, part 8
149-57-5					(Pseudomonas
					Zellvermehrungshemm-
					Test)

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

Hazardous substances	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure	Method
CAS-No.				time	
Acetone	readily biodegradable	aerobic	81 - 92 %	30 d	EU Method C.4-E (Determination
67-64-1					of the "Ready"
					BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle
					Test)
2-Ethylhexanoic acid		aerobic	> 70 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 302 B (Inherent
149-57-5					biodegradability: Zahn-
					Wellens/EMPA Test)
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	readily biodegradable	aerobic	99 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 E (Ready
149-57-5					biodegradability: Modified OECD
					Screening Test)

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

No substance data available.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

The product evaporates readily.

Hazardous substances	LogPow	Temperature	Method
CAS-No.			
Acetone	-0,24		OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake
67-64-1			Flask Method)
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	2,7		OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake
149-57-5			Flask Method)

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	PBT / vPvB
Acetone	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
67-64-1	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Propane	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
74-98-6	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
149-57-5	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Collection and delivery to recycling enterprise or other registered elimination institution.

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Waste code

14 06 03 Other solvents and solvent mixtures

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number

ADR	1950
RID	1950
ADN	1950
IMDG	1950
IATA	1950

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR	AEROSOLS
RID	AEROSOLS
ADN	AEROSOLS
IMDG	AEROSOLS
IATA	Aerosols, flammable

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR	2.1
RID	2.1
ADN	2.1
IMDG	2.1
IATA	2.1

# 14.4. Packing group

ADR RID ADN IMDG IATA

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR	not applicable
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR	not applicable
	Tunnelcode: (D)
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC content (2010/75/EC)

99,2 %

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

#### **Further information:**

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.