# 300 mA LDO Regulator, Low Dropout Voltage, Ultra Low Noise, High PSRR with Power Good

# **NCV8164C**

The NCV8164C is a 300 mA LDO, next generation of high PSRR, ultra–low noise and low dropout regulators with Power Good open collector output. Designed to meet the requirements of RF and sensitive analog circuits, the NCV8164C device provides ultra–low noise, high PSRR and low quiescent current. The device also offer excellent load/line transients. The NCV8164C is designed to work with a 1  $\mu F$  input and a 1  $\mu F$  output ceramic capacitor. It is available in industry standard TSOP–5, WDFNW6 0.65P, 2 mm x 2 mm and DFNW8 0.65P, 3 mm x 3 mm.

#### **Features**

- Operating Input Voltage Range: 1.6 V to 5.0 V
- Available in Fixed Voltage Option: 1.2 V to 4.5 V
- Adjustable Version Reference Voltage: 1.2 V
- ±2% Accuracy Over Load and Temperature
- Ultra Low Quiescent Current Typ. 30 μA
- Standby Current: Typ. 0.1 μA
- Very Low Dropout: 110 mV at 300 mA for 3.3 V Variant
- Ultra High PSRR: Typ. 85 dB at 10 mA, f = 1 kHz
- Ultra Low Noise: 9 µV<sub>RMS</sub> (Fixed Version)
- Stable with a 1 μF Small Case Size Ceramic Capacitors
- Available in TSOP–5 3 mm x 1.5 mm x 1 mm CASE 483
  - ♦ WDFNW6 2 mm x 2 mm x 0.75 mm CASE 511DW
  - ◆ DFNW8 3 mm x 3 mm x 0.9 mm CASE 507AD
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements
- AEC-Q100 Qualified and PPAP Capable
- These Devices are Pb–Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

#### **Typical Applications**

- Communication Systems
- In-Vehicle Networking
- Telematics, Infotainment and Clusters
- General Purpose Automotive

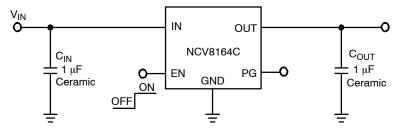


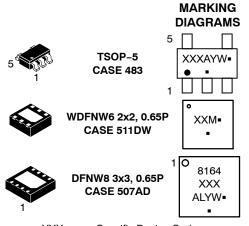
Figure 1. Typical Application Schematic

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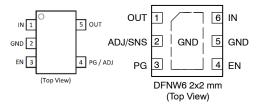


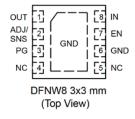
XXX = Specific Device Code A = Assembly Location

L = Wafer Lot
M = Month Code
Y = Year
W = Work Week
■ Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

#### **PIN CONNECTONS**





#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

See detailed ordering, marking and shipping information on page 8 of this data sheet.

**Table 1. PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION** 

Pin No. TSOP-5	Pin No. WDFNW6	Pin No. DFNW8	Pin Name	Description
1	6	8	IN	Input voltage supply pin
5	1	1	OUT	Regulated output voltage. The output should be bypassed with small 1 $\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitor
3	4	7	EN	Chip enable: Applying $V_{EN} < 0.2 \ V$ disables the regulator, Pulling $V_{EN} > 0.7 \ V$ enables the LDO
4 / –	3	3	PG	Power Good, open collector. Use 10 k $\Omega$ to 100 k $\Omega$ pull–up resistor connected to output or input voltage
2	5	6	GND	Common ground connection
- / 4	2	2	ADJ	Adjustable output feedback pin (for adjustable version only)
=	2	2	SNS	Sense feedback pin. Must be connected to OUT pin on PCB (for fixed versions only)
_	-	4, 5	N/C	Not connected, pin can be tied to ground plane for better power dissipation
_	EPAD	EPAD	EPAD	Expose pad should be tied to ground plane for better power dissipation

#### **Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage (Note 1)	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3 to 5.3	V
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-0.3 to V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3, max. 5.3	V
Chip Enable Input	V <sub>CE</sub>	-0.3 to 5.3	V
Power Good Voltage	$V_{PG}$	-0.3 to 5.3	V
Power Good Current	I <sub>PG</sub>	30	mA
Output Short Circuit Duration	t <sub>SC</sub>	unlimited	S
Maximum Junction Temperature	TJ	150	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	°C
ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Note 2)	ESD <sub>HBM</sub>	2000	V
ESD Capability, Charged Device Model (Note 2)	ESD <sub>CDM</sub>	1000	V

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.

2. This device series incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods:
ESD Human Body Model tested per AEC-Q100-002 (EIA/JESD22-A114)
ESD Charged Device Model tested per EIA/JESD22-C101, Field Induced Charge Model

**Table 3. THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS, TSOP-5 PACKAGE			
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 3)	$R_{ hetaJA}$	158	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (top)	$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	155	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (bottom) (Note 4)	$R_{ heta JC(bot)}$	102	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Board	$R_{ heta JB}$	197	°C/W
Characterization Parameter, Junction-to-Top	$\Psi_{JT}$	40	°C/W
Characterization Parameter, Junction-to-Board	$\Psi_{JB}$	82	°C/W
THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS, WDFNW6-2X2, 0.65 PITCH PACKAGE	GE		
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 3)	$R_{ hetaJA}$	51	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (top)	$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	142	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (bottom) (Note 4)	$R_{ heta JC(bot)}$	2.0	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Board	$R_{ hetaJB}$	117	°C/W
Characterization Parameter, Junction-to-Top	$\Psi_{JT}$	1.9	°C/W
Characterization Parameter, Junction-to-Board	$\Psi_{JB}$	7.7	°C/W
THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS, DFNW8-3X3, 0.65 PITCH PACKAGE	Ē		
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 3)	$R_{ hetaJA}$	50	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (top)	$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	142	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (bottom) (Note 4)	$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	7.9	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Board	$R_{ heta JB}$	125	°C/W
Characterization Parameter, Junction-to-Top	$\Psi_{JT}$	2.0	°C/W
Characterization Parameter, Junction-to-Board	$\Psi_{JB}$	7.5	°C/W

The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance under natural convection is obtained in a simulation on a high-K board, following the JEDEC51.7 guidelines with assumptions as above, in an environment described in JESD51-2a.
 The junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the IC exposed pad. Test description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.

Parameter	Test Co	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Operating Input Voltage			$V_{IN}$	1.6		5.0	٧
Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 0.5 \text{ V to } 5.0 \text{ V}, \\ 0.1 \text{ mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 300 \text{ mA}$		V <sub>OUT</sub>	-2		+2	%
Reference Voltage (Adjustable Ver. ADJ pin connected to OUT)	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.6 \ 0.1 mA ≤ I <sub>OU</sub>	$V_{IN} = 1.6 \text{ V to } 5.0 \text{ V},$ 0.1 mA \le I <sub>OUT</sub> \le 300 mA			1.2	1.224	V
Line Regulation	V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> + 0.5	5 V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 5.0 V	Line <sub>Reg</sub>		0.5		mV/V
Load Regulation	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1 mA	A to 300 mA	Load <sub>Reg</sub>		2		mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 6)	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 300 mA	V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 1.5 V	$V_{DO}$		170	295	mV
TSOP-5, WDFNW6		V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 1.8 V			155	255	
		V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 2.5 V			125	200	
		V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 2.8 V	1		115	185	1
		V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 3.0 V	1		113	177	
		V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 3.3 V	1		110	170	
		V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 4.5 V	1		95	135	
Dropout Voltage (Note 6)	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 300 mA	V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 1.5 V	V <sub>DO</sub>		180	315	mV
DFNW8		V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 1.8 V			165	275	
		V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 2.5 V			140	220	
		V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 2.8 V			130	205	
		V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 3.0 V			127	197	
		V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 3.3 V			125	190	
		V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> = 4.5 V			112	170	
Output Current Limit	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 90%	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 90% V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub>		350	560		mA
Short Circuit Current	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V		I <sub>SC</sub>		580		1
Quiescent Current	I <sub>OUT</sub> =	0 mA	ΙQ		30	40	μΑ
Shutdown Current	V <sub>EN</sub> ≤	0.4 V	I <sub>DIS</sub>		0.01	1.5	μΑ
EN Pin Threshold Voltage	EN Input Voltage "H"		$V_{ENH}$	0.7			V
	EN Input \	EN Input Voltage "L"				0.2	1
EN Pull Down Current	V <sub>EN</sub> =	5.0 V	I <sub>EN</sub>		0.2	0.6	μΑ
Power Good Threshold Voltage	Output Volta	$V_{PGUP}$		95		%	
	Output Volt	$V_{PGDW}$		90			
Power Good Output Voltage Low	I <sub>PG</sub> = 5 mA, Open drain		$V_{PGLO}$			0.3	V
Turn-On Time (Note 7)	$C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$ , From assertion of $V_{EN}$ to $V_{OUT} = 95\% V_{OUT(NOM)}$				120		μs
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_{OUT(NOM)} = 3.3 V,$	f = 100 Hz	P <sub>SRR</sub>		83		dB
(Note 7)	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 mA	f = 1 kHz		'	85		
		f = 10 kHz			80	1	
		f = 100 kHz		]	61	]	
Output Voltage Noise (Fixed Ver.)	f = 10 Hz to 100 kHz	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 mA	$V_N$		9		$\mu V_{RMS}$
Thermal Shutdown Threshold	Temperat	T <sub>SDH</sub>		165		°C	
(Note 7)	Temperature	T <sub>HYST</sub>		15		°C	
Active output discharge resistance	V <sub>EN</sub> < 0.2 V. \	V <sub>EN</sub> < 0.2 V, Version A only			260		Ω

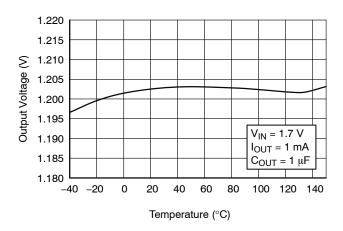
Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

<sup>5.</sup> Performance guaranteed over the indicated operating temperature range by design and/or characterization. Production tested at  $T_J = T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

<sup>6.</sup> Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during the testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible. Dropout voltage is characterized when V<sub>OUT</sub> falls 3% below V<sub>OUT(NOM)</sub>.

7. Guaranteed by design and characterization.

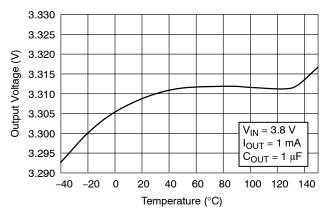
#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



1.830 1.825 () 1.820 1.815 1.810 1.805 1.800  $V_{IN} = 2.3 V$  $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$ 1.795  $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$ 1.790 100 120 140 -40 -20 0 20 40 60 80 Temperature (°C)

Figure 2. Output Voltage vs. Temperature –  $V_{OUT} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ 

Figure 3. Output Voltage vs. Temperature –  $V_{OUT} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ 



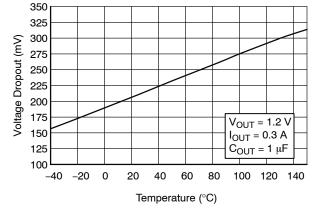
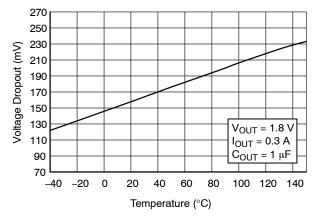


Figure 4. Output Voltage vs. Temperature –  $V_{OUT} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ 

Figure 5. Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature –  $V_{OUT} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ 



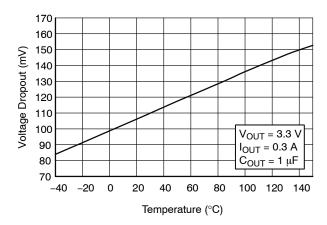


Figure 6. Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature –  $V_{OUT} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ 

Figure 7. Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature –  $V_{OUT} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ 

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

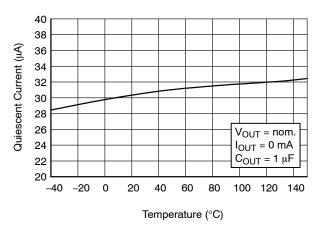


Figure 8. Quiescent Current va Temperature

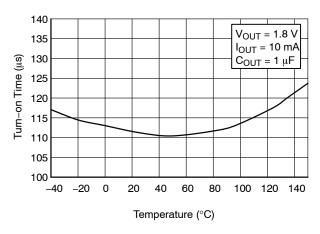


Figure 9. Turn-on Time vs. Temperature

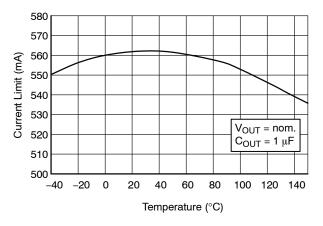


Figure 10. Current Limit vs. Temperature

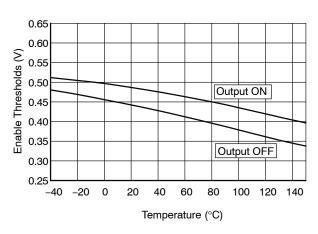


Figure 11. Enable Thresholds vs Temperature

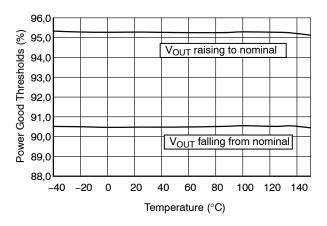


Figure 12. Power Good Threshold vs. Temperature

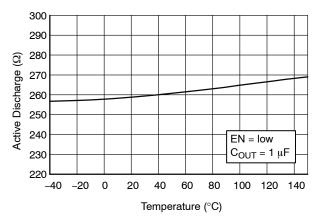


Figure 13. Active Discharge Resistance vs.
Temperature

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

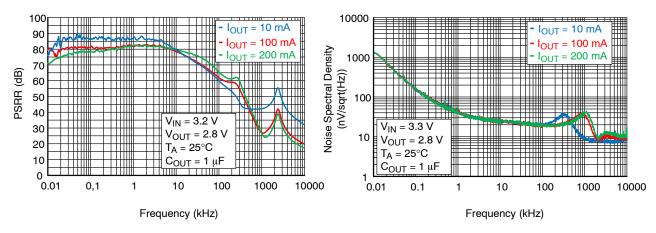


Figure 14. Power Supply Rejection Ration for  $V_{OUT}$  = 2.8 V,  $C_{OUT}$  = 1  $\mu F$ 

Figure 15. Output Voltage Noise Spectral Density for  $V_{OUT} = 2.8 \text{ V}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu\text{F}$ 

## **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

The NCV8164C is the member of new family of high output current and low dropout regulators which delivers low quiescent and ground current consumption, good noise and power supply ripple rejection ratio performance. The NCV8164C incorporates EN pin and power good output for simple controlling by MCU or logic. Standard features include current limiting, soft–start feature and thermal protection.

# Input Decoupling (CIN)

It is recommended to connect at least 1  $\mu F$  ceramic X5R or X7R capacitor between IN and GND pin of the device. This capacitor will provide a low impedance path for any unwanted AC signals or noise superimposed onto constant input voltage. The good input capacitor will limit the influence of input trace inductances and source resistance during sudden load current changes. Higher capacitance and lower ESR capacitors will improve the overall line transient response.

# Output Decoupling (COUT)

The NCV8164C does not require a minimum Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) for the output capacitor. The device is designed to be stable with standard ceramics capacitors with values of 1  $\mu$ F or greater. The X5R and X7R types have the lowest capacitance variations over temperature thus they are recommended.

#### **Power Good Output Connection**

The NCV8164C include Power Good functionality for better interfacing to MCU system. Power Good output is open collector type, capable to sink up to 10 mA. Recommended operating current is between 10  $\mu A$  and

1 mA to obtain low saturation voltage. External pull-up resistor can be connected to any voltage up to 5.0 V (please see Absolute Maximum Ratings table).

## **Power Dissipation and Heat Sinking**

The maximum power dissipation supported by the device is dependent upon board design and layout. Mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material, and the ambient temperature affect the rate of junction temperature rise for the part. For reliable operation junction temperature should be limited to +125°C, however device is capable to work up to junction temperature +150°C. The maximum power dissipation the NCV8164C can handle is given by:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{\left[T_{J(MAX)} - T_{A}\right]}{R_{\theta,JA}}$$
 (eq. 1)

The power dissipated by the NCV8164C for given application conditions can be calculated from the following equations:

$$P_D \approx V_{IN}(I_{GND}(I_{OLIT})) + I_{OLIT}(V_{IN} - V_{OLIT})$$
 (eq. 2)

or

$$V_{IN(MAX)} \approx \frac{P_{D(MAX)} + (V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT})}{I_{OUT} + I_{GND}}$$
 (eq. 3)

#### Hints

VIN and GND printed circuit board traces should be as wide as possible. When the impedance of these traces is high, there is a chance to pick up noise or cause the regulator to malfunction. Place external components, especially the output capacitor, as close as possible to the NCV8164C, and make traces as short as possible.

#### **Adjustable Version**

Not only adjustable version, but also any fixed version can be used to create adjustable voltage, where original fixed voltage becomes reference voltage for resistor divider and feedback loop. Output voltage can be equal or higher than original fixed option, while possible range is from 1.2 V up to 4.5 V. Figure 16 shows how to add external resistors to increase output voltage above fixed value.

Output voltage is then given by equation

$$V_{OUT} = V_{FIX} \times (1 + R1/R2)$$
 (eq. 4)

where  $V_{FIX}$  is voltage of original fixed version (from 1.2 V up to 4.5 V) or adjustable version (1.2 V). Do not operate the device at output voltage about 4.7 V, as device can be damaged.

In order to avoid influence of current flowing into SNS pin to output voltage accuracy (SNS current varies with voltage option and temperature, typical value is 300 nA) it is recommended to use values of R1 and R2 below 500 k $\Omega$ .

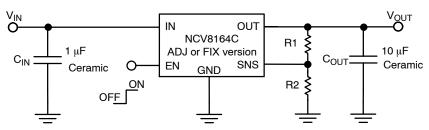


Figure 16. Adjustable Variant Application

Please note that output noise is amplified by  $V_{OUT}/V_{FIX}$  ratio. For example, if original 1.2 V fixed variant is used to create 3.6 V output voltage, output noise is increased 3.6 / 1.2 = 3 times and real value will be  $3 \times 9 \,\mu Vrms = 27 \,\mu Vrms$ . For noise sensitive applications it is recommended to use as

high fixed variant as possible – for example in case above it is better to use 3.3 V fixed variant to create 3.6 V output voltage, as output noise will be amplified only  $3.6 / 3.3 = 1.09 \times (9.8 \,\mu\text{Vrms})$ .

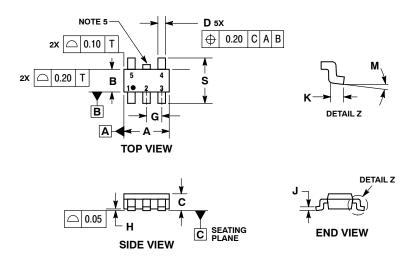
#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Device Part No.	Wafer Part	Marking	Package Option	Package	Shipping †
NCV8164CSN180T1G	A0C00HJ-FNT8	EJ	N/A	TSOP5 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8164CSN280T1G	A0C00HH-FNT8	EK	N/A	TSOP5 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8164CSNADJT1G	A0C00HP-FNT8	E4	N/A	TSOP5 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8164CMTW180TAG	A0C00HJ-FNT8	HJ	Wettable	WDFNW6 2 x 2 (WF, Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8164CMTW280TAG	A0C00HH-FNT8	HK	Wettable	WDFNW6 2 x 2 (WF, Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8164CMTW290TAG	A0C00HK-FNT8	НН	Wettable	WDFNW6 2 x 2 (WF, Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8164CMTWADJTAG	A0C00HP-FNT8	H2	Wettable	WDFNW6 2 x 2 (WF, Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8164CAMLADJTCG	A0C00HP-FNT8	G2	Wettable	DFNW8 3 x 3 (WF, Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel

<sup>†</sup>For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

# **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

## TSOP-5 **CASE 483** ISSUE M



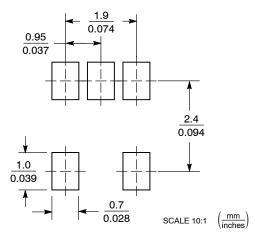
#### NOTES:

- NOTES:

  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
  3. MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH THICKNESS. MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BASE MATERIAL.
  4. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 PER SIDE. DIMENSION A.
  5. OPTIONAL CONSTRUCTION: AN ADDITIONAL TRIMMED LEAD IS ALLOWED IN THIS LOCATION.
- TRIMMED LEAD IS ALLOWED IN THIS LOCATION.
  TRIMMED LEAD NOT TO EXTEND MORE THAN 0.2

	MILLIMETERS				
DIM	MIN	MAX			
Α	2.85	3.15			
В	1.35	1.65			
С	0.90	1.10			
D	0.25	0.50			
G	0.95 BSC				
Н	0.01	0.10			
J	0.10	0.26			
K	0.20	0.60			
M	0 °	10 °			
S	2.50	3.00			

# **SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\***



\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

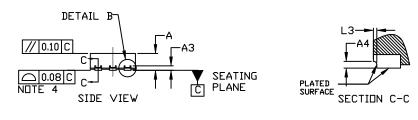
#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

## WDFNW6 2x2, 0.65P CASE 511DW ISSUE B

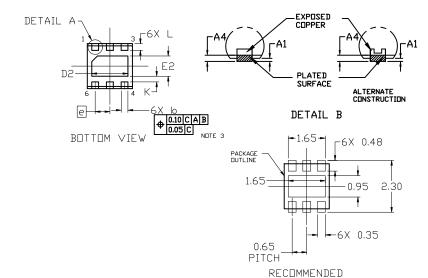
PIN ONE REFERENCE

DETAIL A

DETAIL A



TOP VIEW



#### NOTES:

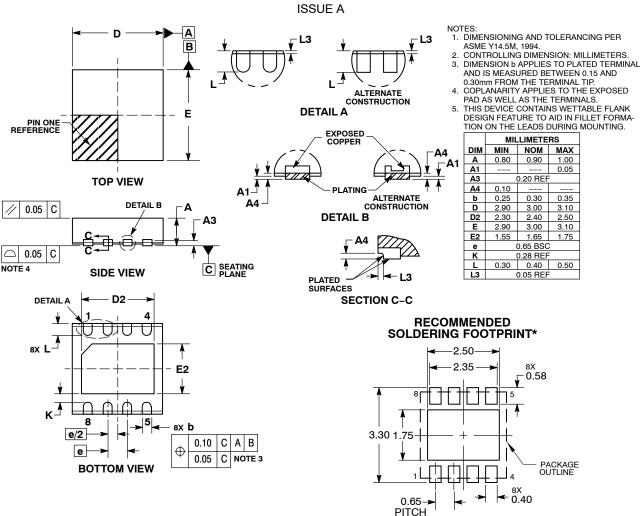
- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
- 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
- 3. DIMENSION 6 APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINALS AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.30MM FROM THE TERMINAL TIP.
- 4. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
- 5. THIS DEVICE CONTAINS WETTABLE FLANK
  DESIGN FEATURES TO AID IN FILLET
  FORMATION ON THE LEADS DURING MOUNTING.

	MILLIMETERS				
DIM	MIN.	N□M.	MAX.		
Α	0.70	0.75	0.80		
A1			0.05		
A3	Ü	0.20 REF	-		
Α4	0.10		-		
b	0.25	0.30	0.35		
D	1.90	2.00	2.10		
D2	1.50	1.60	1.70		
E	1.90	2.00	2.10		
E2	0.80	0.90	1.00		
ď	0.65 BSC				
K	0.25 REF				
L	0.25	0.30	0.35		
L3	0.05 REF				

MOUNTING FOOTPRINT

#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

# **DFNW8 3x3, 0.65P** CASE 507AD



\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

**DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS** 

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