

EV6508-F-00A

1.2A, 18V, Bipolar Stepper Motor Driver **Evaluation Board**

DESCRIPTION

The EV6508-F-00A is an evaluation board designed for the MP6508GF, a bipolar stepper motor driver with dual, built-in full bridges consisting of N-channel power MOSFETs.

The MP6508 operates from a 2.7V to 18V supply voltage range, and can deliver output currents up to 1.2A per channel. The safety features include sink and source current limits implemented with external sensors, undervoltage lockout (UVLO), and thermal shutdown. An over-temperature output flag is available to indicate thermal shutdown.

The EV6508-F-00A is a fully assembled and tested PCB. The input control signals for the MP6508 are applied through the connector or generated on the board. The board can drive a bipolar stepper motor with both full-step and half-step mode. It also can drive two independent DC motors.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Input voltage	V _{IN}	2.7 to 18	V
Output current	l _{out}	1.2	Α

FEATURES

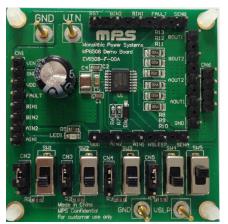
- Wide 2.7V to 18V Input Voltage Range
- Over-Current and Over-Temperature Indication
- Alternative Input Control Signals (External or Generated on Board)

APPLICATIONS

- **POS Printers**
- Video Security Cameras
- **Battery-Powered Devices**
- **USB-Powered Devices**

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EV6508-F-00A EVALUATION BOARD



(LxWxH) 5cmx5cmx1cm

Board Number	MPS IC Number		
EV6508-F-00A	MP6508GF		



QUICK START GUIDE

- 1. The power and control signals for the MP6508 are applied through connector CN1. Each pin in the connector is labeled on the EVB. The control signals for AIN1, AIN2, BIN1, and BIN2 can be generated on the board (see step 5 for more details). CN1 also outputs the FAULT signal and VDD (5V) from the IC.
- 2. Preset the power supply (2.7V to 18V) between the VIN and GND pins on CN1, or the external VIN and GND terminals.
- 3. Connector CN6 should be connected to the motor winding terminals. Each pin in the connector is labeled on the EVB as AOUT1, AOUT2, BOUT1, or BOUT2. The polarity of these connections affects the direction of the DC motor. For a stepper motor, one winding should be connected to AOUT1 and AOUT2, while the other should be connected to BOUT1 and BOUT2.
- 4. If SW5 is switched to the VIN position (top side), the SLEEP pin is pulled up to V_{IN} by a resistor divider. This ensures that the part does not enter sleep mode. If sleep mode is controlled externally, switch SW5 to the VSLP position (bottom side) and connect the SLEEP control signal from the external controller directly to the VSLP terminal.
- 5. Jumpers (CN2, CN3, CN4, and CN5) select the source of the control signals (AIN1, AIN2, BIN2, and BIN1, respectively).
 - By placing a shunt between positions 1 and 2, the source of the control signals is routed to connector CN1. This connection allows the user to set these signals through an external controller.
 - If the shunt is placed between positions 2 and 3, then the source of the control signals is routed to the switches (SW1, SW2, SW3, and SW4). These switches can be used to control the state of the input control signals. Refer to the MP6508 datasheet for more details on the state of the motor outputs for various input combinations.
- 6. Diode LED1 indicates the FAULT pin status. If over-current (OC) or over-temperature protection (OTP) occurs, the FAULT pin is pulled low, and the LED lights up.
- 7. R8, R9, and R10, as well as R11, R12, and R13 are the current-sense resistors connected directly to SENA and SENB, respectively. The other sides of these resistors are connected to GND. These resistors control the current through the MP6508, which is set to be 1.2A per channel. To change the output current, the resistor values must also be changed. The relationship between the output current limit and R8 through R10, and R11 through R13, can be calculated with Equation (1) and Equation (2), respectively:

$$I_{LIM-A} = \frac{200mV}{R8//R9//R10}$$
 (1)

$$I_{LIM-B} = \frac{200mV}{R11/(R12/(R13))}$$
 (2)



EVALUATION BOARD SCHEMATIC

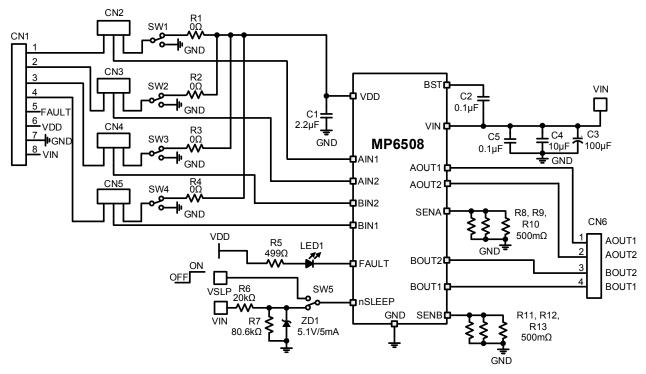


Figure 1: Evaluation Board Schematic



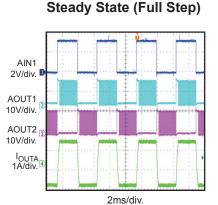
EV6508-F-00A BILL OF MATERIALS

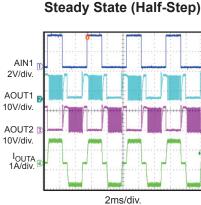
Qty	Ref	Value	Description	Package	Manufacturer	Part Number
1	C1	2.2µF	Ceramic capacitor, 10V, X7R	0603	Murata	GRM188R71A225KE15D
2	C2, C5	0.1µF	Ceramic capacitor, 25V, X7R	0603	Murata	GRM188R71E104KA01D
1	C3	100μF	Electrolytic capacitor, 50V, X5R	DIP	Jianghai	CD287-50V100
1	C4	10μF	Ceramic capacitor, 50V, X7R	1206	Murata	GRM32ER71H106KA12L
4	R1, R2 R3, R4	Ω0	Film resistor, 5%	0603	Royal Ohm	0603J0000T5E
1	R5	499Ω	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-07499RL
1	R6	20kΩ	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0720KL
1	R7	80.6kΩ	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0780K6L
6	R8, R9, R10, R11, R12, R13	500mΩ	Film resistor, 1%	1206	Yageo	RL1206FR-070R5L
1	ZD1	5.1V, 5mA	Zener diode	SOD-123	Diodes	BZT52C5V1
1	LED1	Red	LED	0805	Bright LED	BL-HUF35A-TRB
5	SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4, SW5	SPDT	Button	DIP	Any	
1	CN1	8-bits/ 2.54mm	Connector	DIP	Any	
4	CN2, CN3, CN4, CN5	3-bits/ 2.54mm	Connector	DIP	Any	
4	CN2, CN3, CN4, CN5	2.54mm	Short jumper	DIP	Any	
1	CN6	4-bits/ 2.54mm	Connector	DIP	Any	
4	VIN, VSLP, GND, GND	Φ = 1mm	Connector	DIP	Any	
1	U1	18V, 1.2A	Stepper motor driver	TSSOP-16EP	MPS	MP6508GF

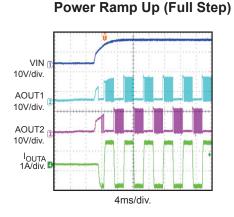


EVB TEST RESULTS

Performance waveforms are tested on the evaluation board, $V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_{OUT} = 1.2A$, $f_{STEP} = 200Hz$, R + L Load: L = 1.5mH, R = 3.3Ω , T_A = 25° C, unless otherwise noted.







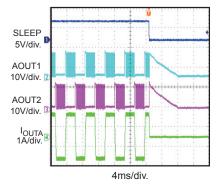
Power Ramp Up (Half-Step)

Sleep Entry (Full Step)

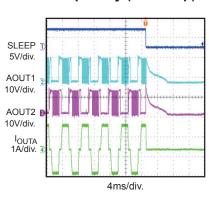
Sleep Recovery (Full Step) SLEEP 5V/div. AOUT1 10V/div. AOUT2 10V/div.

4ms/div.

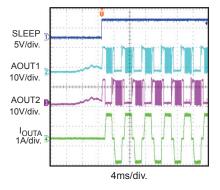
VIN 10V/div. AOUT1 10V/div. AOUT2 10V/div. I_{OUTA} 4ms/div.



Sleep Entry (Half-Step)

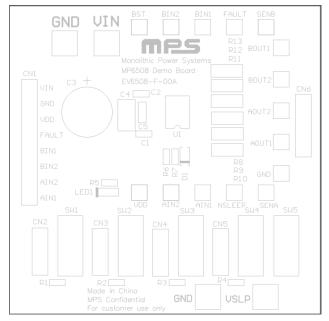


Sleep Recovery (Half-Step)





PCB LAYOUT



0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 31 • 0 O O 0 00 0

Figure 2: Top Silk Layer

Figure 3: Top Layer

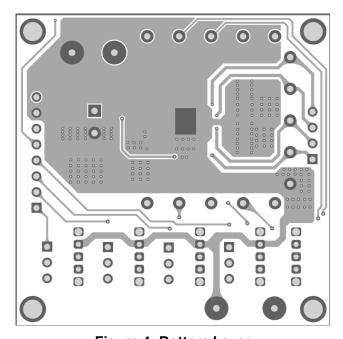


Figure 4: Bottom Layer

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