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## UltraBK™ 4A DC-DC Converter Module

## **Product Description**

The MYTNC1R84RELA2RA is miniature UltraBK™ called "Ultra Block", an ultra-thin high efficiency integrated power solution that combines a 4A DC/DC converter with components.

This totally integrated module provides up to 90.5% efficiency in a small and thin 10.5mm x 9.0mm x 2.1mm LGA package. Murata's easy-to-use module terminal design allows simple power layout and maximum efficiency by minimizing routing parasitic resistance.

- Wide input voltage 6.0V to 14.4V
- Output voltage 0.7V to 1.8V
- Efficiency up to 90.5%
  - Up to 90.0% Efficiency with 12VIN/1.8VOUT/4A
- Up to 4A
- Ultra-thin/small 10.5 x 9.0 x 2.1mm LGA package

### **Features**

- Power-good output
- Over-current and Over-temperature protection
- Remote on/off control
- Output voltage sense
- I<sup>2</sup>C 6.0-compatible serial interface operating up to 1MHz.

## **Typical Applications**

- PCIe / server applications
- FPGA and DSP
- Datacom / telecom systems
- Distributed bus architectures (DBA)
- Programmable logic and mixed voltage systems



## **Efficiency**

Ta=25°C 12VIN 1.8VOUT

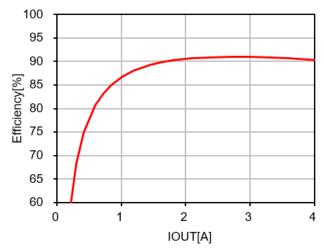


Figure 1. Efficiency Plot

## **Simplified Application Circuit**

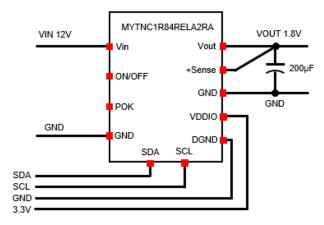


Figure 2. Simplified Circuit Diagram



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## Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)(2)

PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Vin, ON/OFF Pin <sup>(3)</sup>	-0.3	16	V
POK Pin, SCL, SDA, VDDIO	-0.3	5.5	V
Storage Temperature	-40	125	°C
Soldering / Reflow temperature <sup>(4)</sup>	-	260	ô
ESD Tolerance, HBM <sup>(5)</sup>	-	1000	V

#### Notes:

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may extremely reduce device reliability.
- (2) All voltages are with respect to GND plane.
- (3) Do NOT exceed more than 0.3V from Vin voltage.
- (4) Recommended Reflow profile is written in "Soldering Guidelines".
- (5) Human body model, per the JEDEC standard JS-001-2012.

**Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

## Recommended Operating Conditions(1)

PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range	6.0	14.4	V
Ambient Temperature <sup>(2)</sup>	-40	105	°C
Junction Temperature	-40	120	°C
Load Current	0	4	Α

#### Notes:

- (1) This module should be operated inside the recommended operating conditions. This module has been designed and tested on the assumption that it will be used under the recommended operating conditions. Operating in not recommended condition may reduce reliability of the module.
- (2) See the temperature derating curves in the thermal deratings. However, do not condensate.

**Table 2. Recommended Operating Conditions** 

## Package Thermal Characteristics(1)(2)

PARAMETER		TYP	UNITS
Θjcb-1	Junction-case-bottom at heat Junction1	10.0	°C/W
Θjcb-2	Junction-case-bottom at heat Junction2	47.3	°C/W
Θjct-1	Junction-case-top a heat Junction1	64.9	°C/W
Θjct-2	Junction-case-top a heat Junction2	53.7	°C/W
Θја	Junction-air	19.9	°C/W

#### Notes:

- (1) Package thermal characteristics and performance are acquire and reported in according to the JEDEC standard JESD51-12. See "Fig.40" below for more information on our measurement conditions.
- (2) Junction thermal resistance is a function not only of the internal parts, but it is also extremely sensitive to the environment which includes, but is not limited to, board thickness, number of layers, copper weight / routes, and air flow. Attention to the board layout is necessary to realize expected thermal performance.

**Table 3. Package Thermal Characteristics** 



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## **Electrical Characteristics**

VIN=12V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=4A, Ta=+25°C, unless otherwise noted. The Electrical Characteristics table is based on the test circuit in Figure 35.

Figure 35.	0.415.01			T) (D		
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
INPUT SUPPLY	\ \/\L			40		
Input Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	VIN		6	12	14.4	V
Input Voltage Start-up Slew rate <sup>(3)</sup>	VINSR		Note <sup>(2)</sup>	-	150	V/ms
VIN Under Voltage Lockout						
Threshold High <sup>(3)</sup>	VIUVH		-	-	5.45	V
VIN Under Voltage Lockout	\ // I\ //		4.5			
Threshold Low <sup>(3)</sup>	VIUVL		4.5	-	-	V
VIN Under Voltage Lockout	VIUVHYS		-	215	_	mV
Hysteresis			_	210	_	111 V
VIN Current Supply, Switching	IVINSW	No Load	-	25	-	mA
VIN Current Supply, Shutdown	IVINSD	VOUT=0V, ON/OFF=0V,	-	160	-	μA
Remote ON/OFF Control (ON/O	FF Pin)		1			
Threshold High <sup>(3)</sup>	VTREH	Logic ON by pull-up or open of	1.1	-	-	V
		ON/OFF Pin Logic OFF by pull-down of				
Threshold Low <sup>(3)</sup>	VTREL	ON/OFF Pin	-	-	0.4	V
01//055 B: 1 1 0 (/2)		VIN=14.4V, ON/OFF=0V,				
ON/OFF Pin Leakage Current <sup>(3)</sup>	ILEN	From Vin to ON/OFF	-	-	200	μA
CONVERTER						
		VIN=12.0V, VOUT=1.8V,	_	90	_	%
Efficiency	EFF	IOUT=4A	-	90	-	/0
Linciency		VIN=12.0V, VOUT=1.2V,	_	88	_	%
0 0 11		IOUT=4A				,,,
Charge Pump Switching		Per a phase	-	500	-	kHz
Frequency Buck Converter Switching						
Frequency		Per a phase	-	1000	-	kHz
Troquency		VOUT=5% to 95% of VOUT				
Start-up Time		VSET1[7:0] = 01000110	_	6	-	msec
•		SS[2:0] = 100				
POWER GOOD (POK Pin)						
POK Sink Current <sup>(3)</sup>		POK=0.4V	4	-	-	mA
POK Pin Leakage Current <sup>(3)</sup>	ILPG	POK=5V, POK=High	-	-	1	μA
POK & Output Under-Voltage		VOUT falling (fault)	-	90	-	
- Crea Surpar Sinasi Tollago		VOUT rising (good)	-	95	-	% of
POK & Output Over-Voltage		VOUT rising (fault)	-	110	-	VOUT
THERMAL SHUTDOWN		VOUT falling (good)	-	105	-	
	TOD	Object descent and a section of		450	1	00
Thermal Shutdown Threshold	TSD	Shutdown operating	-	150	-	°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	TSDHYS		-	20	-	°C
OUTPUT	1	T				
2		9.6V ≤ VIN ≤ 14.4V	0.7	-	1.8	V
Output Voltage <sup>(4)</sup>	VOUT	7.0V ≤ VIN ≤ 14.4V	0.7	-	1.35	V
		6.0V ≤ VIN ≤ 14.4V	0.7		1.0	V
Out 1 \ / -   1 A \ / 4 \/ 5 \		6.0V ≤ VIN ≤ 14.4V				6,
Output Voltage Accuracy (1)(5)		0.7V ≤ VOUT ≤ 1.8V <sup>(4)</sup>	-3	-	+3	%
Output Current <sup>(1)</sup>	IOUT	0 ≤ IOUT≤ 4A	0		4	٨
•	1001		0	11		A
Current Limit Inception	+		-		-	Α
Current Limit Method	1	VINI main 4	4	Hiccup		0/
Line Regulation <sup>(3)(5)</sup>	1	VIN=min. to max.	-1	-	+1	%
Load Regulation <sup>(3)(5)</sup>		IOUT=min. to max.	-1	-	+1	%



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VIN=12V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=4A, Ta=+25°C, unless otherwise noted. The Electrical Characteristics table is based on the test circuit in Figure 35.

igure 35. PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Dynamic Load Peak Deviation		IOUT=50-100%, SF	R=1.0A/µs	-	±3.0	-	%
Ripple and Noise <sup>(3)(5)</sup> (20MHz bandwidth)		6.0V ≤ VIN ≤ 14.4V 0.7V ≤ VOUT ≤ 1.8 0 ≤ IOUT≤ 4A	<b>/</b> (4)	-	,	40	mV pk-pk
			SS[2:0] = 000			600	
External Output Capacitance Range <sup>(3)</sup>	COUT	6.0V≤ VIN≤14.4V 0.7V≤VOUT≤1.8V <sup>(4)</sup> 0≤IOUT≤4A	SS[2:0] = 001	200	-	1200	μF
			Other than the above			2000	
TELEMETRY							
Output Voltage Sense Measurement Time		12-bit ADC resolution	on		512		μs
Output Voltage Sense Refresh Rate					1.5		ms
Output Voltage Sense Measurement Resolution					1		mV
Output Voltage Sense Measurement Accuracy					±1		%
Average Output Current Sense					512		
Measurement Time		8-bit ADC resolution	n		128		μs
Current Sense Amplifier Input Offset Voltage					400	2000	μV
Output Inductor DC resistance Measurement Resolution	DCR				0.8		mΩ
Current Sense Amplifier Gain Error					1		%
I <sup>2</sup> C SERIAL INTERFACE(SCL, S	DA, VDDIO)	•				•	
VDDIO Supply Voltage	V <sub>DDIO</sub>			1.08		5.5	V
SDA, SCL Input High Voltage	ViH			0.7 x VDDIO			V
SDA, SCL Input Low Voltage	VıL					0.3 x VDDIO	V
SDA, SCL Input Hysteresis	V <sub>H</sub> ys			0.05 x VDDIO			V
SDA, SCL Input Current	ISCL, ISDA			-1		1	μA
SDA Output Low Level	Vol	ISDA = 20mA				0.4	V
I <sup>2</sup> C Interface Initial Wait Time		Initial wait time from high to 1st I <sup>2</sup> C comr accepted	n EN logic nand	1000			μs
MTP Non-Volatile Memory Write Cycle Time					34	50	ms
SDA, SCL Pin Capacitance <sup>(3)</sup>	C <sub>I/O</sub>					10	рF
I <sup>2</sup> C INTERFACE TIMING CHARA	CTERISTICS	FOR STANDARD MO	DDE AND FA	AST MODE	PLUS		
		Standard mode				100	kbits/s
Serial Clock Frequency	FscL	Fast mode				400	kbits/s
		Fast mode plus				1	Mbits/s
		Standard mode		4.7			μs
Clock Low Period	T <sub>LOW</sub>	Fast mode		1.3			μs
		Fast mode plus		0.5			μs
		Standard mode		4			μs
Clock High Period	T <sub>HIGH</sub>	Fast mode		600			ns
		Fast mode plus		260			ns
BUS Free Time between a	Т	Standard mode		4.7			μs
STOP a START Condition	T <sub>BUF</sub>	Fast mode		1.3			μs



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VIN=12V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=4A, Ta=+25°C, unless otherwise noted. The Electrical Characteristics table is based on the test circuit in Figure 35.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		Fast mode plus	0.5			μs
Oatro Time for a Dancated		Standard mode	4.7			μs
Setup Time for a Repeated START Condition	T <sub>SU:STA</sub>	Fast mode	600			Ns
START Condition		Fast mode plus	260			Ns
Held Time for a Demonstrat		Standard mode	4			μs
Hold Time for a Repeated START Condition	T <sub>HD:STA</sub>	Fast mode	600			Ns
START Condition		Fast mode plus	260			Ns
		Standard mode	4			μs
Setup Time of STOP condition	T <sub>SU:STO</sub>	Fast mode	600			Ns
		Fast mode plus	260			Ns
		Standard mode	250			Ns
Data Setup Time	T <sub>SU:DAT</sub>	Fast mode	100			Ns
		Fast mode plus	50			Ns
		Standard mode	0			μs
Data Hold Time	T <sub>HD_DAT</sub>	Fast mode	0			ns
		Fast mode plus	0			ns
D: T: (0DA 100)	T <sub>R</sub>	Standard mode			1000	ns
Rise Time of SDA and SCL signals		Fast mode	20		300	ns
Signais		Fast mode plus			120	ns
		Standard mode			300	
Fall time of SDA and SCL Signals	TF	Fast mode	20 x VDDIO/ 5.5V		300	ns
Oignais		Fast mode plus	20 x VDDIO/ 5.5V		120	ns
		Standard mode			3.45	μs
Data Valid Time	$T_{VD}$	Fast mode			900	ns
		Fast mode plus			450	ns
		Standard mode			3.45	μs
Data Valid Acknowledge Time	$T_{VDA}$	Fast mode			900	ns
		Fast mode plus			450	ns
Consoitive Lond for CDA and		Standard mode			400	pF
Capacitive Load for SDA and SCL	C <sub>BUS</sub>	Fast mode			400	pF
		Fast mode plus			550	pF

#### Notes:

**Table 4. Electrical Characteristics** 

<sup>(1)</sup> Min/Max specifications are 100% production tested at Ta=25 °C, unless otherwise noted. Limits over the operating range are guaranteed by design.

<sup>(2)</sup> See the section of "Limitation of Input Voltage slew rate".

<sup>(3)</sup> Guaranteed by design.

<sup>(4)</sup> See the Output Voltage Range of fig.9.

<sup>(5)</sup> Only statics state.



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# Pin Configuration

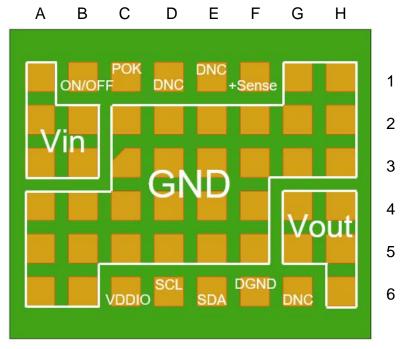


Figure 3. Module Terminal (Top View)

# **Pin Descriptions**

PIN NO.	NAME	DESCRIPTION
A1-A3, B2-B3	Vin	Input Voltage pins. Apply input voltage between these pins and GND pins.
A4-A6, B4-B6, C2-C5, D2-D5,E2-E5, F2-F5, G1-G3, H1-H3	GND	Ground pins. Connect to the GND plane.
B1	ON/OFF	Remote ON/OFF pin. The pin is connected to Vin through the internal resistance.
C1	POK	Power Good pin. The function is operated by internal opendrain FET.
C6, D1, E1,	DNC	Do not connect pins. Those pins must be left floating individually.
D6	DGND	Digital ground pin. Connect to I <sup>2</sup> C signal GND.
E6	SDA	I <sup>2</sup> C Serial bus data input/output pin.
F6	SCL	I <sup>2</sup> C Serial bus clock input pin.
G4-G5, H4-H6	Vout	Output pins. Connect the output load between these pins and Ground pins. Place external bypass capacitors as close as possible to these pins to reduce parasitic inductance.
G6	VDDIO	Digital I/O supply voltage for I <sup>2</sup> C interface.
F1	+Sense	Output Voltage Sensing pin. Connect to an output near the load to improve load regulation. This pin must be connected to output near the load, or at the module pins.

**Table 5. Pin Descriptions** 



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# **Functional Block Diagram**

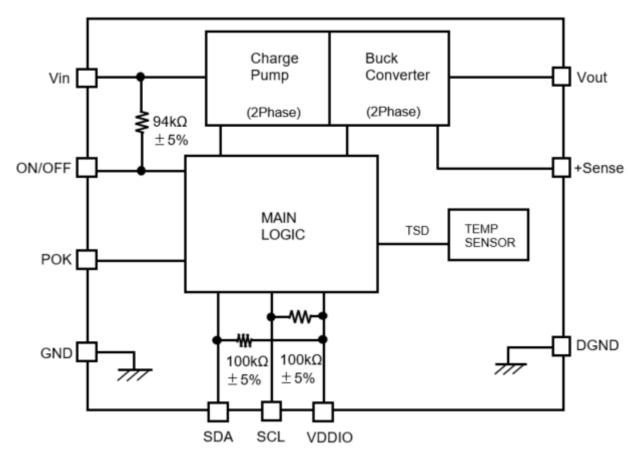
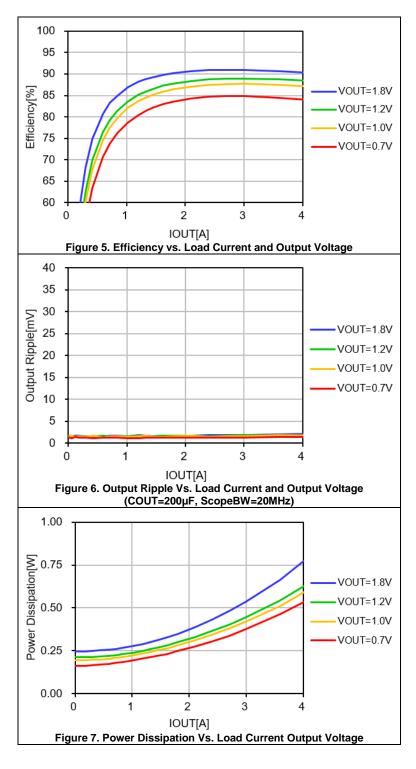


Figure 4. Functional Block Diagram

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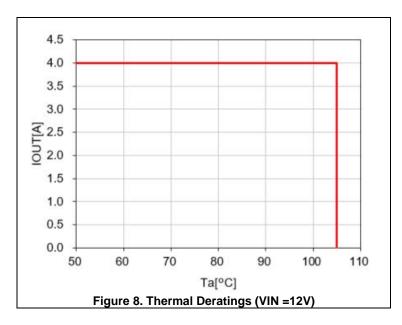
# **Typical Performance Characteristics** (VIN=12V Ta=25°C)



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## Thermal Deratings (Reference Data)

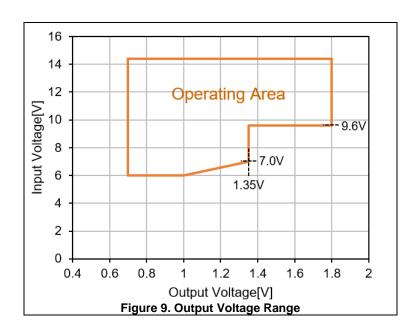


Thermal deratings are evaluated in following condition.

- The product is mounted on 114.5mm x 101.5mm x 1.6mm (Layer1, 4: 2oz Layer2, 3: 1oz copper) FR-4 board.
- · No forced air flow.

Surface temperature of the product: 118.7°C max

## **Output Voltage Range**





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## Limitation of Input Voltage Slew rate

When starting the module with ramping Input Voltage up, the slew rate of the ramping should be managed for the proper operation. If Input Voltage ramping up is too steep, it would cause charge injection to the internal nodes via parasitic. The maximum slew rate of the Input Voltage ramp up when booting the module with Input Voltage is specified on the table 4 "Electronic Characteristics".

Similarly, if the VIN slew late is too low compare with VOUT slew rate, it could prevent expected start up behavior. To avoid hitting the maximum duty cycle operation, the VIN slew rate should satisfy either equation of (eq1) – (eq.6) in the follow table that determined by SS setting. VINSR\_L is minimum of input voltage startup slew rate and SS is soft start.

As a reference, estimated value of the slew rate and start-up time for each output voltage is written in the table.

		CALCULATION EXAMPLE							
SS (V/ms)	SS VINSR EQUATION		VINSR_L (V/ms)			VIN RISE TIME (0V to 12V) (ms)			
(7/11/3/		1.0VOUT	1.0VOUT 1.35VOUT 1.8VOUT			1.35VOUT	1.8VOUT		
1.867	$VINSR \ge 11/15 \times VOUT - 0.41 \text{ (eq.1)}$	0.32	0.58	0.91	37.5	20.7	13.2		
0.934	$VINSR \ge 22/45 \times VOUT - 0.24 (eq.2)$	0.25	0.42	0.64	48	28.6	18.8		
0.467	$VINSR \ge 11/45 \times VOUT - 0.04 \text{ (eq.3)}$	0.2	0.29	0.4	60	41.4	30		
0.233	$VINSR \ge 7/45 \times VOUT - 0.04 \text{ (eq.4)}$	0.12	0.17	0.24	100	70.6	50		
0.117	$VINSR \ge 1/15 \times VOUT + 0.01 \text{ (eq.5)}$	0.08	0.1	0.13	150	120	92.3		
0.058	$VINSR \ge 2/45 \times VOUT - 0.01 \text{ (eq.6)}$	0.03	0.02	0.07	400	240	171.4		
0.029	No minimum limitation	-			-				
0.014	No minimum limitation	-				-			

Table.6 Minimum input voltage start-up slew rate and start-up time

## **Detailed Description**

The MYTNC1R84RELA2RA is a two-stage DCDC converter that is composed of a dual-phase charge pump-based DCDC converter and a dual-phase synchronous buck DCDC converter. The output voltage range supported from 0.7V to 1.8V (The output voltage range depend on the input voltage.) with load currents of up to 4A and up to 7.2W delivered to the external load. This module isn't designed for the parallel operation

## **Output Voltage Remote Sense Function**

The MYTNC1R84RELA2RA has a sense pin, +Sense, for this function. The function is capable of compensating for the voltage drop in the wiring by connecting the sense pin to the load point. The upper limit of the compensating by sense function depends on the maximum voltage allowed to the Vout pin (within range of the Output Voltage Accuracy). The sense trace should be as short as possible and shielded by the GND line or something else to reduce noise susceptibility.

The recommended sense line length is within 10cm for output voltage stability. Do NOT connect sense pin to the output of the additional LC filter that sits between the Vout pin and +Sense pin. If the remote sense is not needed, the +Sense pin should be shorted to the Vout pin.

#### Remote Enable Function

The MYTNC1R84RELA2RA has an enable input pin, ON/OFF, which is designed to be compatible with typical low voltage digital I/O levels so that it can be easily driven by an external controller. The ON/OFF pin logic is high active and connected to the VIN though internal resistors. So if external power sequencing or control is not required, the ON/OFF pin can be left open.



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#### Soft start Function

The MYTNC1R84RELA2RA has an exquisite soft start function. This function prevents too large of an input rush current and output voltage overshoot. When the function is operating, the converter is controlled in discontinuous current mode (DCM), so the output ripple voltage may be larger than steady-state behavior which is in continuous current mode (CCM). If the input voltage drops and the operating state deviates from the operation area of fig.9, you should discharge the input voltage below the VIUVL and then restart.

This soft start function is also compatible with pre-bias start-up. However the converter cannot prevent reverse current except during soft start, so the output must NOT be connected to a circuit that has a voltage higher than the output voltage setting.

### **Power Good Operation**

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA has an open-drain "power good" pin, POK. The POK pin must be pulled up externally, though a resistor to a voltage of ≦5.5V. MYTNC1R84RELA2RA will hold the POK pin low during soft start, VOUT is outside of the regulation or when the fault condition is detected and being handled. Please note that the POK function will not work when the module is inactive. Therefore, the POK pin will be high impedance when VIN is below VIUVH or the module disabled.

The power good function is activated after soft start has finished. If the VOUT becomes within +5% to -5% of the target value, internal comparators detect the power good state and the power good signal becomes high. After that, if the VOUT rises or falls to outside of +10% or -10% of the target value, the power-good signal becomes low.

Power good function is a flag that indicates the output voltage status and internal protection status. If the POK pin isn't high for a long time from startup, there are some abnormal situation occur in inside the module or external environment.

So, we recommend monitoring POK pin and reset the module and output load in abnormal.

## **Telemetry System**

An ADC-based telemetry system is provided to monitor health of the MYTNC1R84RELA2RA and report status through the I<sup>2</sup>C interface for fault management and diagnostics. The following signals can be reported using the telemetry circuits: input voltage, output voltage, output current, and MYTNC1R84RELA2RA temperature. Typical parameters for temperature measurement function are as follows:

Resolution: 0.5°C Accuracy: ±3°C

Measurement time: 4ms

The telemetry register functionality is as follows:

- ADC presents a new value, which is latched internally and overwritten as new values come in.
- The read-only registers are updated with the latched values only when the upper byte is read.
- Reading a lower byte does not update the upper-lower byte combo value.
- Reading once returns the previous value; reading again returns the current value.

See the Electrical Characteristics table for additional information regarding telemetry.

The telemetry measurement temperature isn't the module surface temperature. The telemetry temperature is the measured value of the inside the module. So the telemetry temperature includes some error from the surface temperature.



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## UltraBK<sup>™</sup> 4A DC-DC Converter Module

### **Programming**

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA can be programmed through the I<sup>2</sup>C serial bus interface to configure certain system parameters. Those programable parameters are output voltage and soft start time. See the section of "Register Map" and "Detailed Register Description" for program to resister.

#### I<sup>2</sup>C Interface Bus Overview

The I<sup>2</sup>C bus consists of a data line (SDA) and a clock line (SCL) with pull-up structures. When the bus is idle, both SDA and SCL lines are pulled high. All the I<sup>2</sup>C compatible devices connect to I<sup>2</sup>C bus through open drain I/O pins, SDA and SCL. A master device, usually a microcontroller or a digital signal processor, controls the bus. The master is responsible for generating the SCL signal and device addresses. The master also generates specific conditions that indicate the START and STOP of data transfer. An I<sup>2</sup>C slave device receives and/or transmits data on the bus under control of the master device.

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA operates as an I<sup>2</sup>C slave and supports the following data transfer modes, as defined in the I<sup>2</sup>C-Bus specification: Standard mode (100 Kbps) and fast mode (400 Kbps), and fast mode plus (1 Mbps). The interface adds flexibility to the power supply solution, enabling most functions to be programmed to new values depending on application requirements. Register contents remain intact as long as the VDD bias supply voltage remains above the under-voltage lockout threshold.

The data transfer protocol for standard and fast modes is exactly the same, therefore they are referred to as F/S-mode in this document. MYTNC1R84RELA2RA supports 7-bit addressing; 10-bit addressing and general call address are not supported. The device 7-bit address is defined as '0x30'.

### Standard-, Fast-, Fast-Mode Plus Protocol

The master initiates data transfer by generating a start condition. The start condition is when a high-to-low transition occurs on the SDA line while SCL is high, as shown in Figure 10. All I<sup>2</sup>C-compatible devices should recognize a start condition.

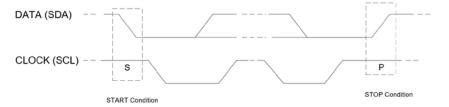


Figure 10. START and STOP Conditions

The master then generates the SCL pulses, and transmits the 7-bit address and the read/write direction bit R/W on the SDA line. During all transmissions, the master ensures that data is valid. A valid data condition requires the SDA line to be stable during the entire high period of the clock pulse (see Figure 11). All devices recognize the address sent by the master and compare it to their internal fixed addresses. Only the I<sup>2</sup>C slave device with a matching address generates an Acknowledge (see Figure 12) by pulling the SDA line low during the entire high period the ninth SCL cycle. Upon detecting this acknowledge, the master knows that communication link with an I<sup>2</sup>C slave has been established.

The master generates further SCL cycles to either transmit data to the I<sup>2</sup>C slave (R/W bit 1) or receive data from the I<sup>2</sup>C slave (R/W bit 0). In either case, the receiver needs to acknowledge the data sent by transmitter. So an acknowledge signal can either be generated by the master or by the I<sup>2</sup>C slave, depending on which one is the receiver. The 9-bit valid data sequences consisting of 8-bit data and 1-bit acknowledge can continue as long as necessary.



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## UltraBK<sup>™</sup> 4A DC-DC Converter Module

To signal the end of the data transfer, the master generates a stop condition by pulling the SDA line from low to high while the SCL line is high (see Figure 10). This releases the bus and stops the communication link with the addressed I<sup>2</sup>C slave. All I<sup>2</sup>C compatible devices must recognize the stop condition. Upon the receipt of a stop condition, all devices know that the bus is released, and they wait for a start condition followed by a matching address. Attempts to read data from register addresses not listed in this section will result in 0xFF being read out.

## I<sup>2</sup>C Update Sequence

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA requires a start condition, a valid I<sup>2</sup>C address, a register address byte, and a data byte for a single update. After the receipt of each byte, MYTNC1R84RELA2RA device acknowledges by pulling the SDA line low during the high period of a single clock pulse. A valid I<sup>2</sup>C address selects the MYTNC1R84RELA2RA, which performs an update on the falling edge of the acknowledge signal that follows the LSB.

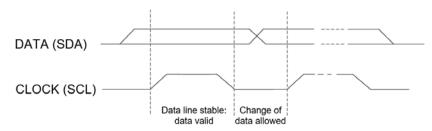


Figure 11. Bit Transfer on the Serial Interface

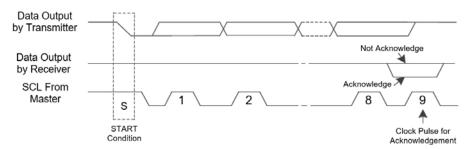


Figure 12. Acknowledge on the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus

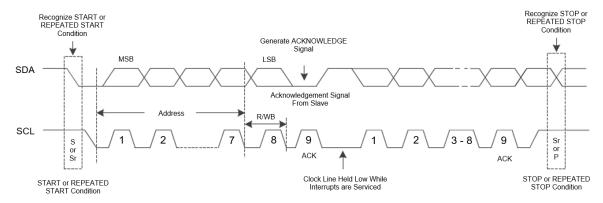


Figure 13. Bus Protocol



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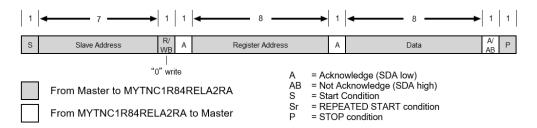


Figure 14. "Write" Data Transfer Format in Standard-, Fast, Fast-Plus Modes

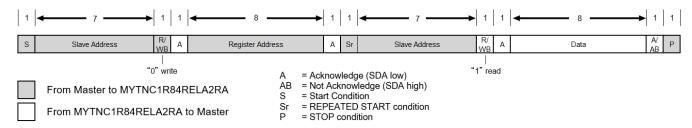


Figure 15. "Read" Data Transfer Format in Standard-, Fast, Fast-Plus Modes



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## **Register Map**

l<sup>2</sup>C Slave Address: 0110000 (0x30) (1) Register Configuration Parameters

VSET1					
DCR         0x02         0x00         DCR         Reserved(2)           CONFIG1         0x03         0x04         Reserved(2)         SS           RESERVED         0x04         0x00         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x05         0x8A         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x06         0x82         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x07         0x10         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x08         0x00         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x09         0x9F         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x0A         0x78         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x0B         0x78         Reserved(2)					
CONFIG1         0x03         0x04         Reserved(2)         SS           RESERVED         0x04         0x00         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x05         0x8A         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x06         0x82         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x07         0x10         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x08         0x00         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x09         0x9F         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x0A         0x78         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x0B         0x78         Reserved(2)					
RESERVED         0x04         0x00         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x05         0x8A         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x06         0x82         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x07         0x10         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x08         0x00         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x09         0x9F         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x0A         0x78         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x0B         0x78         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>					
RESERVED         0x05         0x8A         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x06         0x82         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x07         0x10         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x08         0x00         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x09         0x9F         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x0A         0x78         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x0B         0x78         Reserved(2)					
RESERVED         0x06         0x82         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x07         0x10         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x08         0x00         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x09         0x9F         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x0A         0x78         Reserved(2)           RESERVED         0x0B         0x78         Reserved(2)					
RESERVED         0x07         0x10         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x08         0x00         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x09         0x9F         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x0A         0x78         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x0B         0x78         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>					
RESERVED         0x08         0x00         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x09         0x9F         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x0A         0x78         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x0B         0x78         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>					
RESERVED         0x09         0x9F         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x0A         0x78         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x0B         0x78         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>					
RESERVED         0x0A         0x78         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup> RESERVED         0x0B         0x78         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>					
RESERVED 0x0B 0x78 Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>					
RESERVED 0x0C 0x61 Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>					
VOUT1_LSB         0x42         0x00         VOUT1         Reserved					
VOUT1_MSB					
VIN 0x46 0x00 VIN					
RESERVED 0x47 0x00 Reserved					
IOUTF1 0x48 0x00 IOUTF1					
IOUTP1_LSB         0x4A         0x00         IOUTP1         Reserved					
IOUTP1_MSB					
TEMP_LSB         0x4E         0x00         TEMP         Reserved					
TEMP_MSB					
MASTERFAULTS         0x54         0x00         Reserved         VOUT_ SHORT         VOUT_ OCP	OVER TEMP				
RESERVED 0x55 0x00 Reserved					
RESERVED 0x57 0x00 Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>					
RESERVED         0x58         0x00         Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>					
RESERVED 0x5A 0x00 Reserved	Reserved				
RESERVED 0x5B 0x00 Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>	Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>				
RESERVED 0x5C 0x00 Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>					
RESERVED 0x5D 0x00 Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>					
MTPWRITE 0x60 0x01 MTP_WRITE_CMD MTPWRI TEDNE Reserv					
MTPUNLOCK 0x61 0x00 MTPUNLOCK_CMD	/ed <sup>(2)</sup>				



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## UltraBK<sup>™</sup> 4A DC-DC Converter Module

#### Note:

- (1) Excluding read/write bit. 01100000 (0x60) if including read/write bit.
- (2) Do not change these reserved bits. We guarantee operation of the module only when these reserved bit is the initial value.

#### Table 7. Register map

## **Detailed Register Description**

#### **Register VSET1**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
VSET1	0x00	0x46

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VSET1[7:0]							

#### Bit Description

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
VSET1[7:0]	[7:0]	R/W	01000110	VOUT1 = 2.55/256×bin2dec(VSET1<7:0>).  Program VOUT1 Output Voltage in 10mV steps: Do not exceed the specified limits of the output voltage range restricted by input voltage or the converter's maximum power rating when applying this register.  00h: 0mV 01h: 10mV 02h: 20mV 77h: 1.19V 78h: 1.2V 79h: 1.21V

#### **Register VSET1**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
DCR	0x02	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	DCR [3:0]				Res	erved	

Field name Bits Type POR Description
--------------------------------------



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DCR[3:0]	[7:4]	R/W	0000	DCR value for calculation of IOUT. The DCR value is written in test Production.
				0000: 14.6 mΩ
				0001: 15.4 mΩ
				0010: 16.2 mΩ
				0011: 17.0 mΩ
				0100: 17.8 mΩ
				0101: 18.6 mΩ
				0110: 19.4 mΩ
				0111: 20.2 mΩ
				1000: 21.0 mΩ
				1001: 21.8 mΩ
				1010: 22.6 mΩ
				1011: 23.4 mΩ
				1100: 24.2 mΩ
				1101: 25.0 mΩ
				1110: 25.8 mΩ
				1111: 26.6 mΩ

#### **Register CONFIG1**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
CONFIG1	0x03	0x04

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Reserved				SS[2:0]	

#### Bit Description

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
SS[2:0]	[2:0]	R/W	100	Program Soft start and VOUT Slew Rate:  000: 1.867mV/ms

### Register VOUT1\_LSB

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
VOUT1_LSB	0x42	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	VOUT	1[3:0]			Res	erved	

Field name E	Bits Type	POR	Description
--------------	-----------	-----	-------------



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VOUT1[3:0]	[7:4]	R	0000	Lower 4 bit of the 12-bit VOUT1 ADC result. VOUT can be
				calculated as: 2.55V×bin2dec(VOUT[11:0 ]) / 4096.
				All 12-bit must be read to refresh the next ADC reading.

#### Register VOUT1\_MSB

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
VOUT1_MSB	0x43	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
	VOUT1[11:4]								

#### Bit Description

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
VOUT1[11:4]	[7:0]	R	0000 0000	Upper 8 bit of the 12-bit VOUT1 ADC result. VOUT can be calculated as: 2.55V×bin2dec(VOUT1[11:0]) / 4096. All 12-bit must be read to refresh the next ADC reading.

### **Register VIN**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
VIN	0x46	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
	VIN[7:0]								

#### Bit Description

Field name	Bits	Type	POR	Description
VIN[7:0]	[7:0]	R	0000 0000	8-bit VIN ADC result. VIN can be calculated as: 20.4V×bin2dec(VIN[7:0]) / 256

## **Register IOUT1F**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
IOUT1F	0x48	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
IOUT1F[7:0]								



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Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
IOUT1F[7:0]	[7:0]	R	0000 0000	IOUT1 Fast Conversion ADC result, update every 32us. IOUT1 ISNS voltage can be calculated as: V_ISNS1 = 100mV × bin2dec(IOUT1F[7:0]) / 256 IOUT can be calculated as: IOUT = V_ISNS1 / (DCR[3:0] / 2)

### Register IOUT1P\_LSB

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
IOUT1P_LSB	0x4A	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	IOUT1	P[3:0]			Res	erved	

#### Bit Description

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
IOUT1P[3:0]	[7:4]	R	0000	Lower 4 bit of the IOUT1 Precision 12-bit ADC result, update every 128us. IOUT1 ISNS voltage can be calculated as: V_ISNS1 = 100mV × bin2dec(IOUT1P[11:0]) / 4096 IOUT can be calculated as: IOUT = V_ISNS1 / (DCR[3:0] / 2) All 12-bit must be read to refresh the next ADC reading.

## Register IOUT1P\_MSB

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
IOUT1P_MSB	0x4B	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
	IOUT1P[11:4]								

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
IOUT1P[11:4]	[7:0]	R	0000 0000	Upper 8 bit of the IOUT1 Precision 12-bit ADC result, update every 128us. IOUT1 ISNS voltage can be calculated as: V_ISNS1 = 100mV × bin2dec(IOUT1P[11:0]) / 4096 IOUT can be calculated as: IOUT = V_ISNS1 / (DCR[3:0] / 2) All 12-bit must be read to refresh the next ADC reading



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#### Register TEMP\_LSB

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
IOUT1P_LSB	0x4E	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	TEMP[3:0]				Res	erved	

#### Bit Description

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
TEMP[3:0]	[7:4]	R	0000	Lower 4 bits of the 12-bit IC Temperature ADC result. IC temperature can be calculated as: TEMP (in Kelvin) = 512×bin2dec(TEMP[11:0]) / 4096 All 12-bit must be read to refresh the next ADC reading.

## Register TEMP\_MSB

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
IOUT1P_MSB	0x4F	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
TEMP[11:4]								

#### Bit Description

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
TEMP[11:4]	[7:4]	R	0000	Upper 8 bits of the 12-bit IC Temperature ADC result. IC temperature can be calculated as: TEMP (in Kelvin) = 512×bin2dec(TEMP[11:0]) / 4096 All 12-bit must be read to refresh the next ADC reading.

#### **Register MASTERFAULTS**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
MASTERFAULTS	0x54	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Reserved	VOUT_ SHORT	VOUT_OCP	OVERTEMP		

Field name



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VOUT_SHORT	[2]	R	0	VOUT(s) Shorted Fault:
				0: No Fault
				1: Fault
VOUT_OCP	[1]	R	0	VOUT(s) Over current Fault:
				0: No Fault
				1: Fault
OVERTEMP	[0]	R	0	IC(s) Over temperature Fault:
				0: No Fault
				1: Fault

### **Register MTPWRITE**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
MTPWRITE	0x60	0x01

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	MTI	PWRITE_CMD[		MTPWRITE _DNE	Res	erved	

#### Bit Description

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
MTPWRITE_CMD [4:0]	[7:3]	R/W̄	0000 0	Setting MTPWRITE_CMD to 10010 initiates a programming cycle to burn the contents of customer registers 0x00 to 0x0B into MTP memory, which sets the POR values of the registers upon the next start-up. Since the lower three bits of this register are read-only, it is recommended to just write 0's to them (0x90 for all eight bits). Before taking this step, the user must unlock the MTP user area using register 0x61.
MTPWRITE_DNE	[1]	R	0	MTP Write Cycle Status: 0: MTP Write Command in Process. When an MTPWRITE_CMD is issued, this bit clears itself, and stays low until the MTP Write cycle completes. 1: MTP Write Cycle Complete

### **Register MTPUNLOCK**

NAME	ADDRESS	POR Value
MTPWRITE	0x61	0x00

#### Bit Assignment

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	MTPUNLOCK_CMD[7:0]							

Field name	Bits	Туре	POR	Description
MTPUNLOCK_ CMD[7:0]	[7:0]	R/W̄	0000 0000	Before initiating an MTP programming cycle using register 0x60, the user needs to write the value 0x61 into this register to unlock the MTP user space.



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## UltraBK™ 4A DC-DC Converter Module

#### **Protections**

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA provides extensive and robust protection against input and output faults and over-temperature conditions, as summarized in the following table.

FAULT MODE	PROTECTION	FAULT RESPONSE	FAULT DETECTION TIME
VIN Under-Voltage	Under voltage Lock out	Power-on reset	Immediate (V <sub>IN</sub> falling)
Over Load	Over current protection	POK de-asserted; Enter hiccup mode	1ms
Output Short	Short circuit protection	POK de-asserted; Enter hiccup mode	Immediate
Over Temperature	Over temperature protection	POK de-asserted; Enter hiccup mode	160µs

**Table 8. Fault Protection Detection Time and Responses** 

The protection does not guarantee the module operation within the recommended operating conditions. Even if the protection is operating, it may be exceed the conditions, and thus may reduce the reliability of the module.

### **Over Current Protection and Short Circuit Protection**

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA provides output over current protection and short circuit protection for load fault. When the converter load current exceeds the over current threshold for the detection time, the converter output is shut down. Following the shutdown, the converter periodically tries to recover by the startup sequence. This mode is called "hiccup" mode and continues until the load current decreases to under the over current threshold. When hiccup mode releases, the converter returns to normal operation.

Short circuit protection is incorporated for times when more rapidly shutdown is needed as output short. When the converter load current exceeds the short circuit threshold, the converter shuts down immediately and operates in hiccup mode until the load current decreases to under the short circuit threshold. When the hiccup mode releases, the converter returns to normal operation.

## **Over Temperature Protection**

MYTNC1R84RELA2RA includes an integrated temperature sensor to protect the system from overheating. Once the converter detects over temperature longer than 160µsec, the output is turned off to reduce the power dissipation of the module. When the temperature drops below the hysteresis limit, the output is turned on again. If the underlying cause of the over-temperature fault is not cleared, the system enters into hiccup mode until the fault condition is removed.

## **Soldering Guidelines**

Murata recommends the specifications below when installing this converter. These specifications vary depending on the solder type. Exceeding these specifications may cause damage to the product. Your production environment may differ, therefore, thoroughly review these guidelines with your process engineers.

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### UltraBK<sup>™</sup> 4A DC-DC Converter Module

REFLOW SOLDER OPETRATIONS FOR SUR	REFLOW SOLDER OPETRATIONS FOR SURFACE MOUNT PRODUCTS					
For Sn/Ag/Cu based solders:	For Sn/Ag/Cu based solders:					
Preheat Temperature	Less than 1°C per second					
Time over Liquidus	45 to 75 seconds					
Maximum Peak Temperature	260°C					
Cooling Rate	oling Rate Less than 3°C per second					
For Sn/Pb based solder:						
Preheat Temperature	Less than 1°C per second					
Time over Liquidus 60 to 75 seconds						
Maximum Peak Temperature 235°C						
Cooling Rate	Less than 3°C per second					

Table 9. Reflow Guidelines for Sn/Ag/Cu solders and Sn/Pb solders

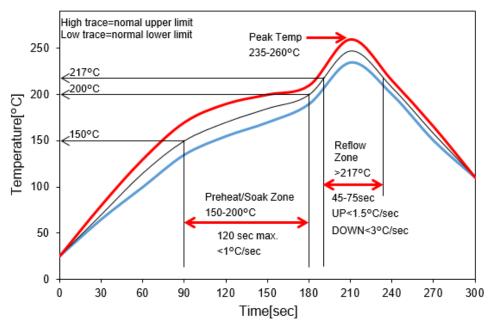


Figure 16. Reflow Profile for Sn/Ag/Cu Solder

### **Pb-free Solder Processes**

For Pb-free solder processes, the product is qualified for MSL 3 according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-020C. During reflow, the module must not exceed 260°C at any time.

## **Dry Pack Information**

Products intended for Pb-free reflow soldering processes are delivered in standard moisture barrier bags according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-033.

(Handling, Packing, Shipping and Use of Moisture, Reflow, and Process Sensitivity Devices).

Using products in high temperature Pb-free soldering processes requires dry pack storage and handling. In case the products have been stored in an uncontrolled environment and no longer can be considered dry, the products must be baked according to J-STD-033.

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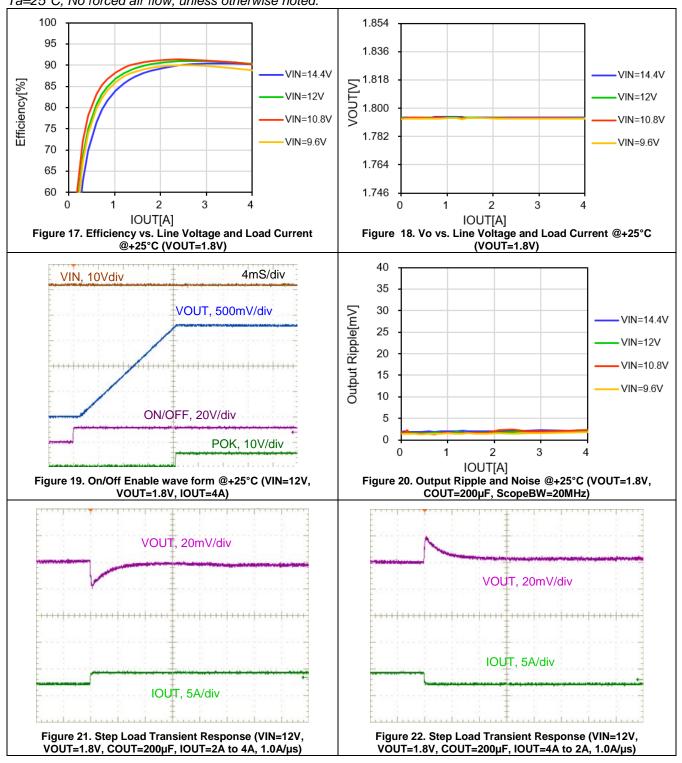
# **Preliminary**: MYTNC1R84RELA2RA

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## UltraBK™ 4A DC-DC Converter Module

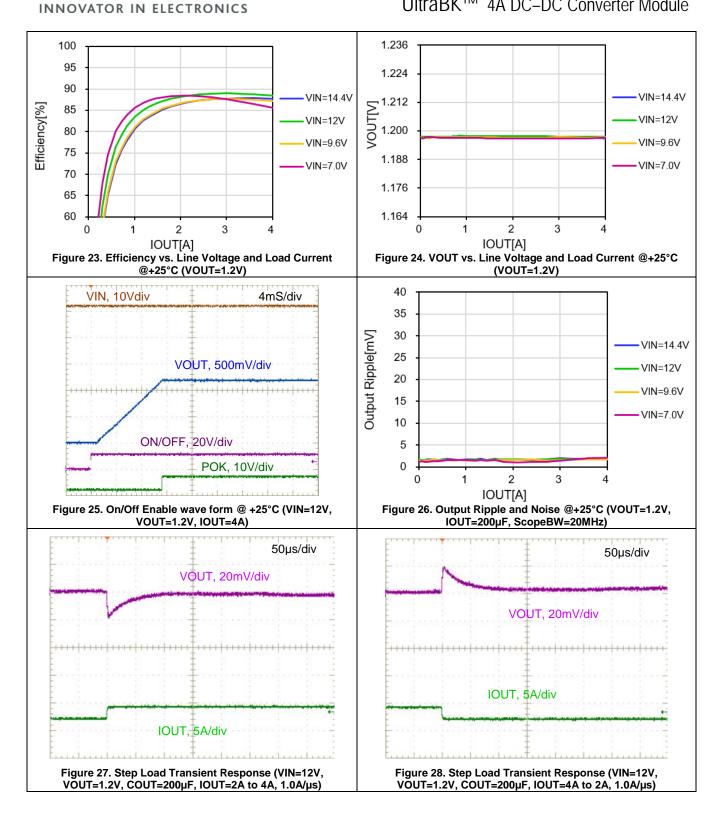
## **Application Performance**

The Application Performance data is reference and based on the Application Board in Figure 40. Ta=25°C, No forced air flow, unless otherwise noted.



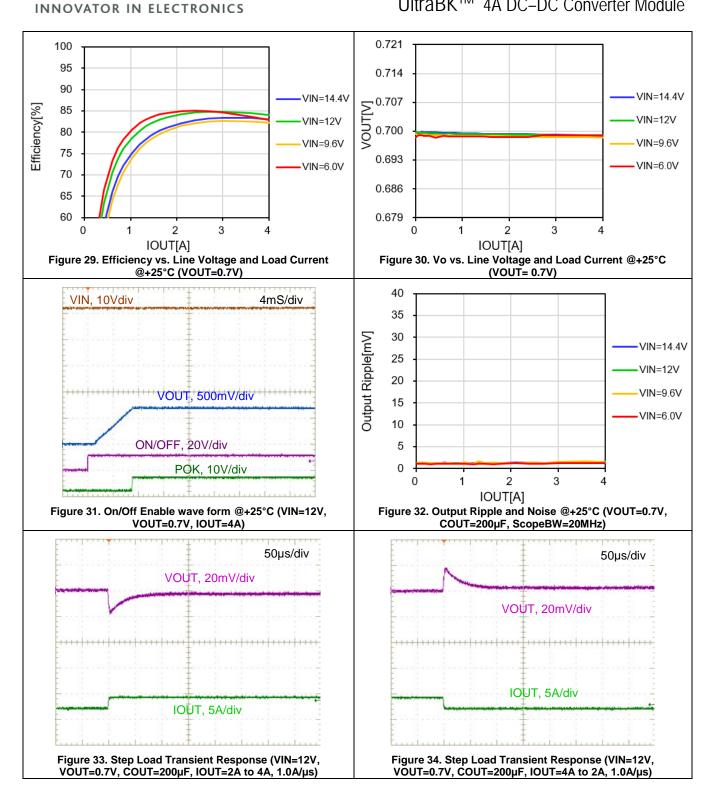
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## UltraBK™ 4A DC-DC Converter Module



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## UltraBK™ 4A DC-DC Converter Module



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## UltraBK<sup>™</sup> 4A DC-DC Converter Module

# **Transient Performance**

VOUT [V]	VIN [V]	COUT [µF]	VOLTAGE DEVIATION [mV]
VOO1 [V]	VIIV [V]	COOT [µF]	2A-4A LOAD STEP (1A/μs)
1.8			20.0
1.2	12	200	20.0
0.7			18.4

**Table 10. Transient Performance and Conditions** 

## **Test Circuit**

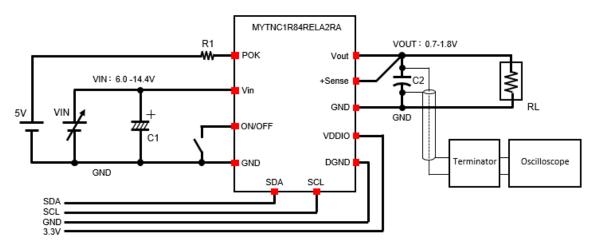


Figure 35. Test Circuit

REFERENCE	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	PART AND EQUIPMENT
C1	1000μ	Electrolysis Capacitor	-
C2	100µ x 2pcs	CAP/CER/100uF/4V/X7U/1206/20%	GRM31CE70G107MEA8 (Murata)
R1	100k	1/10W/5%	-
VIN	-	DC Power Supply	-
RL	-	Electronic Load Device	ELL-355(KeisokuGiken)
Oscilloscope	-	Digital Oscilloscope	DPO5034 or TDS5034(Tektronix)
Terminator	-	Terminator	TRC-50F2(KeisokuGiken)

**Table 11. Test Circuit Parts and Equipments List** 



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## Component Selection

Users of MYTNC1R84RELA2RA should adhere closely to the parts selected for the reference design bill of materials (BOM). Component selection is a complex process, and several parameters of importance to the design are not typically specified for passive components. Users wishing to deviate from these components are urged to contact Murata for guidance.

### Input Fuse

Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. Normally, the fuse should be inserted on the primary side input supply line. For greatest safety, we recommend a fast blow fuse installed in the ungrounded input supply line of this module too. The installer must observe all relevant safety standards and regulations.

For safety agency approvals, install the converter in compliance with the end-user safety standard.

## **Input Capacitor**

In general input environment (there are sufficient consideration about parasitic impedance and stability.), MYTNC1R84RELA2RA does not need an external input capacitor. If you want to reduce the ripple on input more, you can add the external input capacitor. The input capacitor should be placed as close to the module as possible to reduce any parasitic inductance effects. The voltage rating of the capacitor needs to be as high as the absolute maximum voltage rating for the system. The capacitor has voltage coefficient of capacitance, so you should be determine the rated value of capacitor that is taken into account the effective capacitance value at the applied VIN.

## **Output Capacitor**

We recommend a low-ESR ceramic (Murata GRM31 series) capacitor for output. The ceramic type capacitor may be tried using either single or multiple capacitors in parallel.

The converter will achieve its rated output ripple and noise with additional external capacitor. The user may install more external output capacitance to reduce the ripple even further or for improved dynamic response.

These capacitor should be placed as closely as possible to the converter, and the output ripple measured under your load conditions. Use only as much capacitance as required to achieve your ripple and noise objectives. Excessive capacitance can make step load recovery sluggish or possibly introduce instability or start-up failure. Do not exceed the maximum rated output capacitance listed in the specifications. Please be careful the maximum capacitance depends on soft start setting.

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## **Packaging Information**

This section provides packaging data including the moisture sensitivity level, package drawing, package marking and tape-and-reel information.

## Moisture Sensitivity Level

The moisture sensitivity level rating for the MYTNC1R84RELA2RA in the 10.5 x 9.0 x 2.1 mm LGA package is MSL3.

## **Package Drawing**

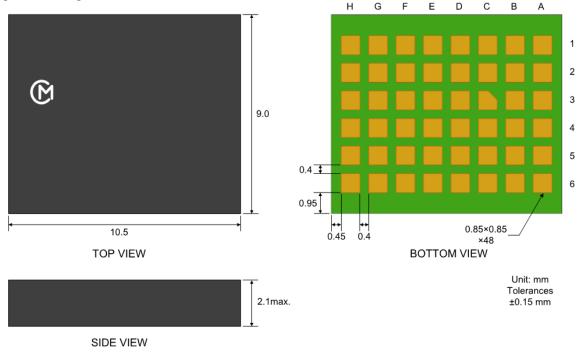


Figure 36. Package Outline Drawing

## Recommended Board Land Pattern (Top View)

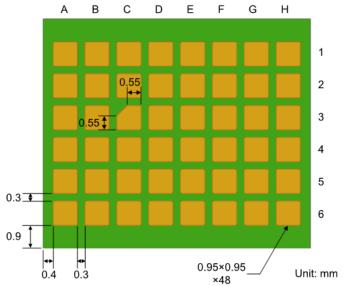
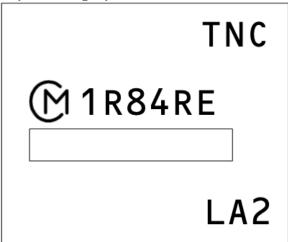


Figure 37. Recommended Board Land Pattern (Top View)

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# UltraBK™ 4A DC-DC Converter Module

## **Top Marking Specification**



CODES	DESCRIPTION
<b>(b)</b>	1 Pin Marking
TNC1R84RELA2	Product code (Please see product code table beside)
	Internal manufacturing code

PART NUMBER	PRODUCT CODE
MYTNC1R84RELA2RA	TNC1R84RELA2

Figure 38. Top Marking Specification

# **Application Circuit**

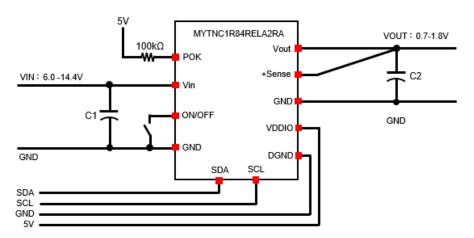


Figure 39. Application Schematic

# **Application Circuit Part List (Recommended)**

REFERENCE	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER
C1	1000u	Electrolysis Capacitor (Optional)	-
C2	100u x 2pcs	CAP/CER/100µF/4V/X7U/1206/20%	GRM31CE70G107MEA8 (Murata)
Rtrim	-	Chip resistor/1/10W/0.5%	RK73G1ETTP***D(KOA)

**Table 12. Application Circuit Part List** 

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# **Application Board Example**

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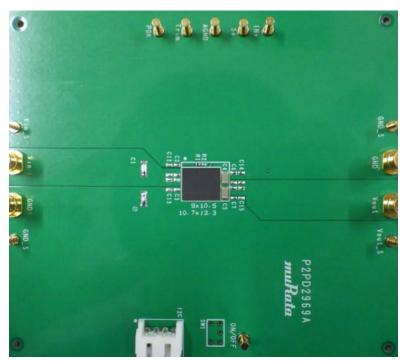


Figure 40. Applicatuin Board Example (Based on JEDEC standard)
114.5mm×101.5mm×1.6mm (4 Layer FR-4)
Outside copper(1,4) layer=2oz, Inner copper(2,3) layer=1oz

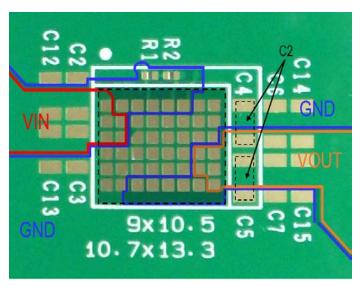


Figure 41. Land Pattern Example



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## Tape and Reel Specification Tape Dimension

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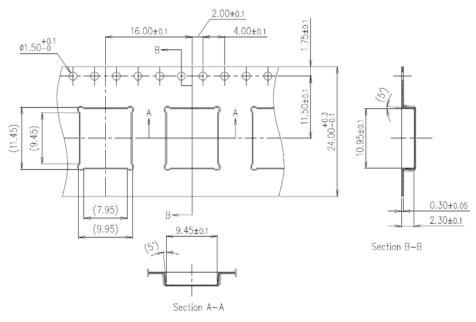


Figure 42. Tape Dimension

### **Reel Dimension**

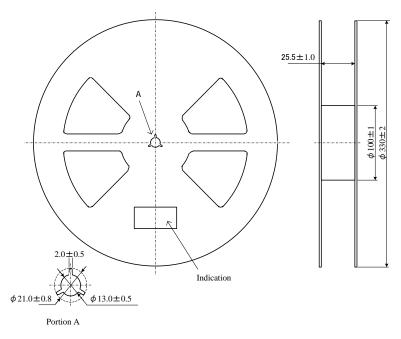


Figure 43. Reel Dimension

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## Module orientation in Tape

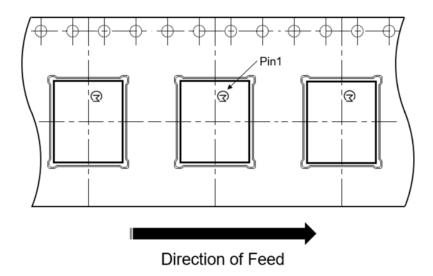


Figure 44. Module Orientation in Tape

## Taping specification

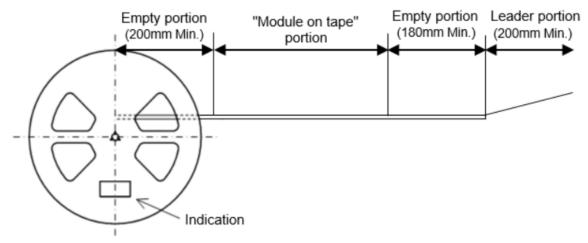


Figure 45. Taping Specification

- 1. The adhesive strength of the protective tape is within 0.1-1.3N.
- 2. Each reel contains 400 pcs or 100pcs.
- 3. Each reel set in moisture-proof packaging because of MSL 3.
- 4. No vacant pocket in "Module on tape" section.
- 5. The reel is labeled with Murata part number and quantity.
- 6. The color of reel is not specified.



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## UltraBK™ 4A DC-DC Converter Module

#### **Order Codes**

ORDER CODES	DESCRIPTION	PACKAGING	SHIPPING METHOD
MYTNC1R84RELA2RA	MYTNC1R84RELA2RA Buck Converter	10.5 x 9.0 x 2.1 mm LGA	400 units/T&R
MYTNC1R84RELA2RAD	MYTNC1R84RELA2RA Buck Converter	10.5 x 9.0 x 2.1 mm LGA	100 units/T&R

Table 13. Order Codes

### **Notices**



### CAUTION

## **Limitation of Applications**

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- Aircraft equipment
- Aerospace equipment
- Undersea equipment
- Power plant control equipment
- Medical equipment
- Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- Traffic signal equipment
- Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- Data-processing equipment
- Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above



- 1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- 2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- 3. If you have any concerns about materials other than those listed in the RoHS directive, please contact us.
- 4. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function on your product to prevent a second damage that may be caused by the abnormal function or the failure of our product.
- 5. Please don't wash this product under any conditions.



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## **Product Specification**

Product Specification in this datasheet are as of August 2020. Specifications and features may change in any manner without notice. Please check with our sales representatives or product engineers.

#### Sales contact

For additional information, contact Sales at sales@Murata.com.

#### **Disclaimers**

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#### **Patent Statement**

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