

4-20 mA – Wireless Smart Sensor Connectivity Kit

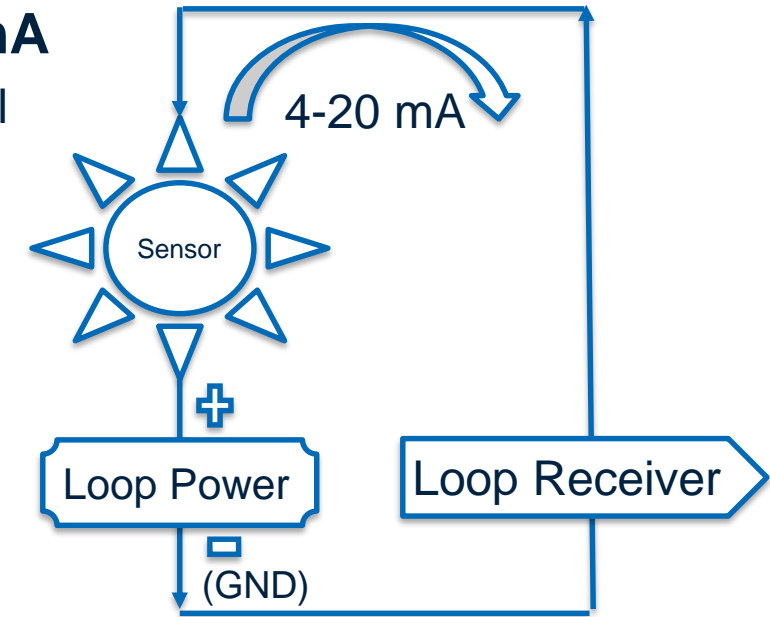
4-20 mA Process Signals

What is 4-20 mA

- A very common means to connect 'field devices' (Sensors) to control and monitoring equipment
- Devices are often referred to as **field transmitters** and include:
 - Temperature, Pressure, Strain, Ultrasonic, Level, Flow, pH and many others
- Common in **Intrinsically Safe** applications where sensor measurement is isolated from the detection system.
- The current flowing in the circuit, referred to as the *Loop Current* will vary between 4 and 20 mA, determined by the measured value
- If the current is less than 4 mA or greater than 20 mA indicates an **error condition**
- The mA signal is typically **scaled** to represent engineering units, for example, for an ultrasonic Depth measurement:
 - 4 mA == 10 feet depth
 - 20 mA == 100 feet depth

Advantages of 4-20 mA

- Less sensitive to electrical noise
- Integrated broken wire detection (0 mA)
- Long range transmission



- **Loop Power:** Provides 'excitation' voltage to the sensor, typically 12 – 24 Vdc
- **Sensor:** Controls the current that flows thru the circuit based on the measured value
- **Loop Receiver:** Converts the 4-20 mA signal and displays or transmits the measured value

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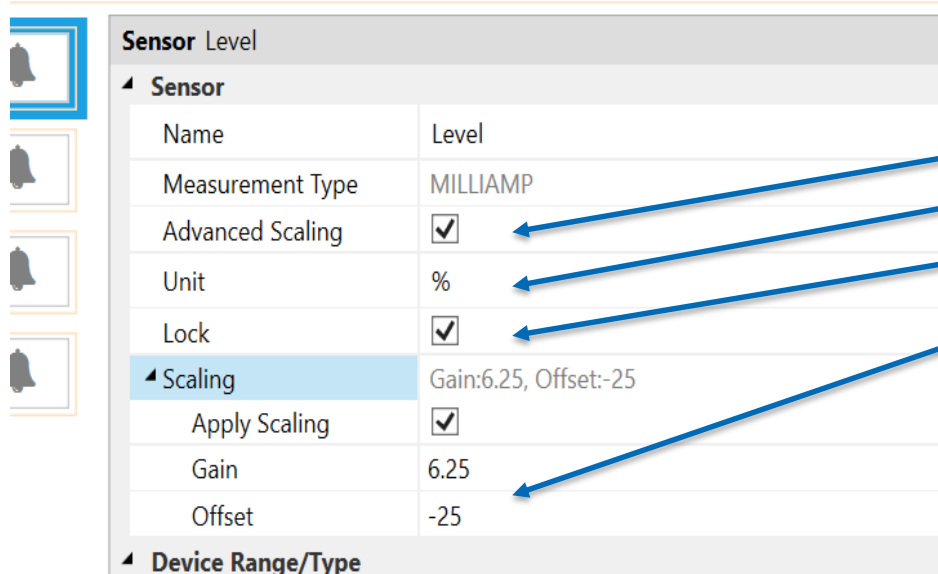


| Pin | Connection |
|-----|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | N.C. |
| 2 | 4-20 mA Process Signal 1 (Positive) |
| 3 | 4-20 mA Process Signal 0 (Positive) |
| 4 | N.C. |
| 5 | Shield |
| 6 | N.C. |
| 7 | Ground |
| 8 | 3.3 Vdc (Not Used) |

- **PSU-93** Provides Excitation current
- **M12.5-S-M-FM** provides 8 pin Screw Terminal connector
- **XW-ED** converts 4-20 mA to Smart Sensor digital interface and transmits wirelessly to **ZW-REC** receiver
- **XW-ED** supports up to 2 external 4-20 Process Signals
- **ZW-REC** supports up to 128 XW-EDA transmitters

4-20 mA Process Signals - Scaling

- External 4-20 mA signal conveys information in terms of mA, which represent some other 'unit of measure'
 - Level Sensor Example: 4 mA == 10 ft of water, 20 mA == 100 ft of water or 4 mA == 0% full, 20 mA = 100% full
- Smart Sensor allows linear **scaling** of measurement for **unit** conversion using simple $y = Mx + B$ formula, where M is the 'gain' and B is an offset.
 - Determine Gain: $(Actual_Hi - Actual_Lo)/(Reading_Hi - Reading_Lo) == (100 - 0) / (20 - 4) == 6.25$
 - Determine Offset: use calculated Gain, with 0 as Actual == $0 - 6.25 * 4 == -25$
 - Change the 'units' string to %



The screenshot shows the configuration interface for a 'Sensor Level'. The 'Sensor' section is expanded, showing the following settings:

| Sensor Level | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Sensor | |
| Name | Level |
| Measurement Type | MILLIAMP |
| Advanced Scaling | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Unit | % |
| Lock | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Scaling | Gain:6.25, Offset:-25 |
| Apply Scaling | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Gain | 6.25 |
| Offset | -25 |
| Device Range/Type | |

Advanced Scaling option opens the scaling options
Change **unit** to any string (maximum 4 characters)
Ensure **lock** option is set (retains across power reset)
Enter calculated **Gain** and **Offset** values

| Level | Input1 | Input2 | Input3 |
|--------|--------|--------|-----------------|
| 50.0 % | 0.0 mA | 0.0 mA | IO:0 IN1:0 DI |