

# Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

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SDS No.: 483345

V005.0

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE HF 212 0307AGS88.5 DK known as SAC0307HF212AGS88.5 AF5 500G JA

#### **Contains:**

Colophony

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Solder Paste

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LOCTITE HF 212 0307AGS88.5 DK known as

SAC0307HF212AGS88.5 AF5 500G JA

Henkel Belgium N.V.

Esplanade 1

1020 Brussels

Belgium

Phone: +32 (2) 421 2711 Fax-no.: +32 (2) 420 7025

ua-productsafety.uk@henkel.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification (CLP):

Skin sensitizer H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Category 1

#### 2.2. Label elements

### Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:



Signal word: Warning

**Hazard statement:** H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Precautionary statement:** P261 Avoid breathing fume. P280 Wear protective gloves.

**Precautionary statement:** P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Response

# 2.3. Other hazards

Avoid breathing fumes given out during soldering.

Flux fumes may irritate the nose, throat and lungs and may after prolonged/repeated exposure give an allergic reaction (asthma). After handling solder wash hands with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking.

Keep out of reach of children.

This product contains modified rosin.

Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

#### Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	EC Number REACH-Reg No.	content	Classification
Tin 7440-31-5	231-141-8 01-2119486474-28	50- 100 %	
Colophony 8050-09-7	232-475-7 01-2119480418-32	1-< 3 %	Skin Sens. 1 H317
Modified rosin 144413-22-9	434-230-1, 434- 230-1 01-2120117087-62	1-< 3 %	Aquatic Chronic 4 H413
Silver 7440-22-4	231-131-3	0,1-< 1 %	

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact:

Rinse with running water and soap.

Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes), seek medical attention from a specialist.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting, consult a doctor.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

SKIN: Rash, Urticaria.

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause eye irritation.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact with silver and its salts may cause a blue-gray discoloration of the skin and mucous membranes that is irreversible (Argyria).

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Carbon dioxide, foam, powder

Fine water spray

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Do not use water on fires where molten metal is present.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

High temperatures may produce heavy metal dust, fumes or vapours.

The flux medium will give rise to irritating fumes.

#### **5.3.** Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.

#### **Additional information:**

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

#### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Scrape up spilled material and place in a closed container for disposal.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid skin and eye contact.

Extraction is necessary to remove fumes evolved during reflow.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Avoid breathing fumes given out during soldering.

See advice in section 8

#### Hygiene measures:

Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Store only in the original container.

Refer to Technical Data Sheet

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Solder Paste

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Rosin 8050-09-7 [ROSIN-BASED SOLDER FLUX FUME]		0,05	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Rosin 8050-09-7 [ROSIN-BASED SOLDER FLUX FUME]		0,15	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		EH40 WEL

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Ireland

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Tin 7440-31-5 [TIN, METAL (AS SN)]		2	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative OELV	IR_OEL
Tin 7440-31-5 [TIN (INORGANIC COMPOUNDS AS SN)]		2	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Rosin 8050-09-7 [ROSIN CORE SOLDER PYROLYSIS PRODUCTS (AS AIRBORNE TOTAL RESIN ACID)]		0,05	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		IR_OEL
Rosin 8050-09-7 [ROSIN CORE SOLDER PYROLYSIS PRODUCTS (AS AIRBORNE TOTAL RESIN ACID)]		0,15	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		IR_OEL

# **Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):**

Name on list	Environmental		Value				Remarks
	Compartment	period					
			mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
Tin	aqua						
7440-31-5	(freshwater)						
Tin	aqua (marine						
7440-31-5	water)						
Tin	sewage						
7440-31-5	treatment plant						
	(STP)						
Tin	sediment						
7440-31-5	(freshwater)						
Tin	sediment						
7440-31-5	(marine water)						
Tin	Air						
7440-31-5							
Tin	soil						
7440-31-5							
Tin	Predator						
7440-31-5							
Colophony	aqua		0,002 mg/l				
8050-09-7	(freshwater)						
Colophony	aqua (marine		0,0002				
8050-09-7	water)		mg/l				
Colophony	sediment				0,007		
8050-09-7	(freshwater)				mg/kg		
Colophony	sediment				0,001		
8050-09-7	(marine water)				mg/kg		
Colophony	soil				0 mg/kg		
8050-09-7							
Colophony	sewage		1000 mg/l				
8050-09-7	treatment plant						
	(STP)						
Colophony	aqua		0,016 mg/l				
8050-09-7	(intermittent						
	releases)						

### **Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):**

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
Tin 7440-31-5	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		80 mg/kg	
Tin 7440-31-5	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		71 mg/m3	
Tin 7440-31-5	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		10 mg/kg	
Tin 7440-31-5	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		17 mg/m3	
Tin 7440-31-5	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		5 mg/kg	
Colophony 8050-09-7	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		117 mg/m3	
Colophony 8050-09-7	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		17 mg/kg	
Colophony 8050-09-7	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		35 mg/m3	
Colophony 8050-09-7	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		10 mg/kg	
Colophony 8050-09-7	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		10 mg/kg	

### **Biological Exposure Indices:**

None

#### 8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Extraction is necessary to remove fumes evolved during reflow.

Respiratory protection:

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Suitable respiratory protection:

Filter type: A (EN 14387)

#### Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

AF5 500G JA

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing.

Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance paste solid

grey

Odor mild

Odour threshold No data available / Not applicable

pH Not applicable

Melting point No data available / Not applicable Solidification temperature No data available / Not applicable Initial boiling point No data available / Not applicable

Flash point  $> 120 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (> 248 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

Evaporation rate No data available / Not applicable Flammability No data available / Not applicable Explosive limits No data available / Not applicable Vapour pressure No data available / Not applicable Relative vapour density: No data available / Not applicable

Density 4,29 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

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Bulk density No data available / Not applicable Solubility No data available / Not applicable

Solubility (qualitative) Insoluble

(Solvent: Water)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Viscosity

No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity (kinematic)

No data available / Not applicable
Explosive properties

No data available / Not applicable
Oxidising properties

No data available / Not applicable
No data available / Not applicable

9.2. Other information

Ignition temperature  $> 500 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (> 932 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Solder alloy will react with concentrated nitric acid to produce toxic fumes of nitrogen oxides.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### General toxicological information:

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause eye irritation.

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute oral toxicity:

Swallowing may cause irritation of mouth, throat and digestive tract, diarrhea and vomiting

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
Tin	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity)
7440-31-5				
Colophony	LD50	2.800 mg/kg	rat	not specified
8050-09-7				
Modified rosin	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity)
144413-22-9				•

#### Acute dermal toxicity:

Prolonged or repeated skin contact with silver and its salts may cause a blue-gray discoloration of the skin and mucous membranes that is irreversible (Argyria).

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
Tin 7440-31-5	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
Colophony 8050-09-7	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
Modified rosin 144413-22-9	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

### Acute inhalative toxicity:

Fumes evolved at soldering temperatures will irritate the nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or repeated exposure to flux fumes may result in sensitisation in sensitive workers.

No substance data available.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
		time	111	070701111 10111 1 7 17 17 17
Tin	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
7440-31-5				
Colophony	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
8050-09-7				
Modified rosin	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
144413-22-9				
Silver	slightly		rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
7440-22-4	irritating			

# Serious eye damage/irritation:

Solder pastes may be abrasive to the eyes and the fumes are irritating.

Hazardous substances	Result	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.		time		
Tin	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
7440-31-5				
Colophony	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
8050-09-7				
Modified rosin	moderately	24 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
144413-22-9	irritating			·
Silver	slightly		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
7440-22-4	irritating			

# Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Test type	Species	Method
CAS-No.				
Modified rosin	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
144413-22-9		test		

# Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Tin 7440-31-5	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Tin 7440-31-5	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Tin 7440-31-5	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Colophony 8050-09-7	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Modified rosin 144413-22-9	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Modified rosin 144413-22-9	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)

# Carcinogenicity

No data available.

# Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result / Value	Test type	Route of	Species	Method
CAS-No.			application		
Tin	NOAEL P > 1.000 mg/kg		oral: gavage	rat	OECD Guideline 421
7440-31-5					(Reproduction /
					Developmental Toxicity
					Screening Test)

# STOT-single exposure:

No data available.

# STOT-repeated exposure::

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of	Species	Method
			treatment		
Tin	NOAEL > 1.000 mg/kg	oral: gavage	28 days	rat	OECD Guideline 407
7440-31-5			daily		(Repeated Dose 28-Day
					Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Modified rosin	NOAEL 150 mg/kg	oral: gavage	28 d	rat	OECD Guideline 407
144413-22-9			daily		(Repeated Dose 28-Day
					Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

#### **Aspiration hazard:**

No data available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

### 12.1. Toxicity

#### Toxicity (Fish):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Tin	LC50		96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
7440-31-5					Acute Toxicity Test)
Colophony	LC50		96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
8050-09-7					Acute Toxicity Test)
Modified rosin	LC50		96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
144413-22-9					Acute Toxicity Test)

# Toxicity (Daphnia):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Colophony	EL50		48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202
8050-09-7					(Daphnia sp. Acute
					Immobilisation Test)
Modified rosin	EC50		48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202
144413-22-9					(Daphnia sp. Acute
					Immobilisation Test)

### Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Tin	NOEC		7 d	Ceriodaphnia dubia	other guideline:
7440-31-5					

# Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Tin	EC50		72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga,
7440-31-5					Growth Inhibition Test)
Tin	NOEC		72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga,
7440-31-5					Growth Inhibition Test)
Colophony	EL50		72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga,
8050-09-7				_	Growth Inhibition Test)
Colophony	NOELR		72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga,
8050-09-7					Growth Inhibition Test)
Modified rosin	EC50		72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga,
144413-22-9				name: Desmodesmus	Growth Inhibition Test)
				subspicatus)	
Modified rosin	NOEC		72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga,
144413-22-9				name: Desmodesmus	Growth Inhibition Test)
				subspicatus)	

### Toxicity to microorganisms

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Tin 7440-31-5	EC50		3 h	activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage	OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)
Colophony 8050-09-7	EC20		3 h	activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage	OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)
Modified rosin 144413-22-9	NOEC		3 h	activated sludge	OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product is not biodegradable.

Hazardous substances	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure	Method
CAS-No.				time	
Colophony	readily biodegradable	aerobic	71 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready
8050-09-7					Biodegradability: Closed Bottle
					Test)
Modified rosin	not readily biodegradable.	aerobic	25 %	28 day	OECD Guideline 301 B (Ready
144413-22-9					Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution
					Test)

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

No substance data available.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Cured adhesives are immobile.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	LogPow	Temperature	Method
Colophony	> 3 - 6,2		OECD Guideline 117 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), HPLC
8050-09-7			Method)
Modified rosin	> 6		EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient)
144413-22-9			

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous substances	PBT / vPvB
CAS-No.	
Tin	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
7440-31-5	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Colophony	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
8050-09-7	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Silver	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
7440-22-4	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Wherever possible unwanted solder pastes should be recycled for recovery of metal.

Otherwise dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

Dispose of as unused product.

### Waste code

06 04 05 - wastes containing other heavy metals

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.4. Packing group

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

not applicable

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC content (2010/75/EC)

<5~%

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

#### National regulations/information (Great Britain):

Remarks

The Health & Safety at Work Act 1974.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations. L5:General Approved Code of Practice to the COSHH Regulations. HS(G)97:A Step by Step Guide to the COSHH Regulations. HS(G)193:COSHH essentials: Easy steps to control chemicals.

IND (G)248L:Solder fume and you. IND(G)249L:Controlling health risks from rosin (colophony) based solder fluxes.

The Control of Lead at Work Regulations. L132:Control of Lead at Work: Approved Code of Practice and Guidance.

Employees should be under medical surveillance if the risk assessment made under the Control of Lead at Work Regulations indicates they are likely to be exposed to significant concentrations of lead, or if an Employment Medical Advisor or appointed doctor so certifies.

A woman employed on work which exposes her to lead should notify her employer as soon as possible if she becomes pregnant. The Employment Medical Advisor / Appointed Doctor should be informed of the pregnancy.

Under the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations, employers are required to assess the particular risks to health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or who are breast feeding.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

#### **Further information:**

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.