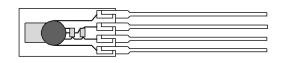


HYT 271 with globtop Digital Humidity and Temperature Module Optimal for all general purpose humidity applications

Benefits & Characteristics

- Fast response time
- High chemical resistance
- Very low drift
- Very stable at high humidity
- Excellent humidity/temperature accuracy and stability
- Wide humidity and temperature range
- I²C protocol (address 0x28 or alternative address)
- Interchangeable without adjustments

Illustration¹⁾





1) For actual size, see mechanical dimensions

Technical Data

Operating temperature range:	-40 °C to +125 °C 2)	
Operating humidity range:	0 % RH to 100 % RH	
Hysteresis:	< ±1 % RH	
Linearity error:	< ±1 % RH	
Temperature error:	0.05 % RH/K (0 °C to +60 °C)	
Operating voltage:	2.7 V to 5.5 V	
Current consumption (nominal):	$<$ 22 μ A at 1 Hz measuring rate; 850 μ A max	,
Current consumption (sleep):	< 1 µA	
Digital interface:	I ² C, address 0x28 or alternative address	
Operating voltage (limits):	-0.3 V to 6 V	
Storage conditions:	-20 °C to +50 °C	
	Humidity	Temperature
Accuracy :	±1.8 % RH at +23 °C (0 % RH to 90 % RH)	±0.2 K (0 °C to +60 °C)
Reproducibility:	±0.2 % RH	±0.1 K
Resolution:	0.03 % RH	0.015 °C
Response time t ₆₃ :	< 4 s	< 5 s
Long-term drift:	< 0.5 % RH/a (at +23 °C and 30 % RH to 70 % RH - laboratory conditions)	< 0.05 K/a
Measuring principle:	Capacitive polymer humidity sensor	PTAT (integrated)

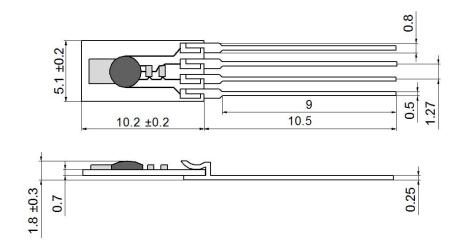
²⁾ At temperatures > +50 °C over a longer period of time, an increased long-term drift can occure. Customer-specific alternatives available.



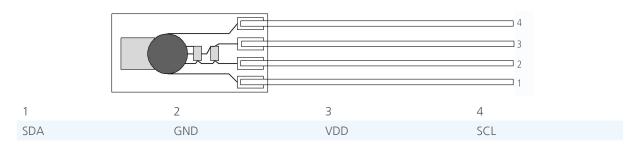
Product Photo



Mechanical Dimensions



Pin Assignment







Order Information

Description:	Item number:	Former main reference:
HYT 271 (with globtop)	103957	150.00066

Additional Electronics

Description:	Item number:	Former main reference:
HYT LabKit	150.00073	103925



Application Note Humidity Modules HYT

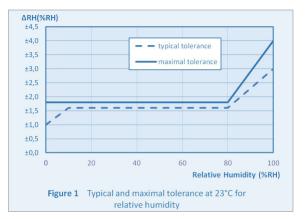
HYT271

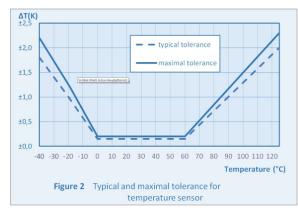
Mechanically robust, chemical resistant and dew formation resistant, the digital humidity sensor with only 10.2 mm x 5.1 mm x 1.8 mm size offers the widest application window and an optimal price performance ratio. Precisely calibrated, the HYT271 delivers an accuracy of \pm 1.8 % RH and \pm 0.2 °C - ideal for sophisticated mass applications, industrial handheld devices and precise humidity transmitters. Like all representatives of the HYT family, the sensor combines the advantages of a precise, capacitive polymer humidity sensor with the high integration density and functionality of an ASIC. The signal processing integrated in the sensor completely processes the measured data and directly delivers the physical parameters of relative humidity and temperature over the I²C compatible interface as digital values.

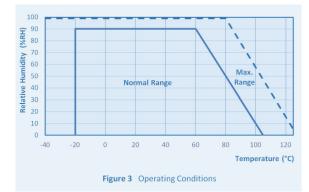
The module is precisely calibrated by the manufacturer and is therefore fully interchangeable without adjustment. Both the linearity error as well as temperature drift are corrected "on-chip" through computation resulting in an outstanding accuracy over a wide range of applications. The high chemical resistance, dew formation resistant design and an excellent long-term stability speaks for itself.

Typical Areas of Application:

- Handheld measurement instruments
- Humidity transmitters
- Industrial applications
- Measuring technology
- HVAC

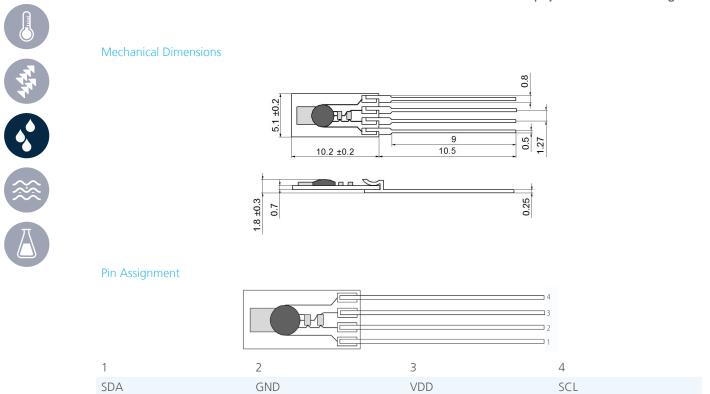






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1.1 Packaging

The digital humidity sensor HYT271 is packaged in a plastic blister. Be careful when opening the plastic blister to avoid damaging the sensor.

To avoid damages handle as follows:



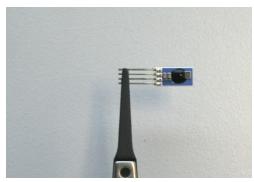
1. Digital humidity sensors delivered in plastic blister



3. Take the sensors from the blister with plastic tweezers



2. Open the plastic blister carefully



4. Use plastic tweezers only to handle the sensor





1.2 Storage Temperature

The digital humidity sensor HYT271 has to be stored in the original plastic blister only. Storage temperature (limited by the plastic tube): -20 °C to +50 °C

1.3 Active Sensor Area



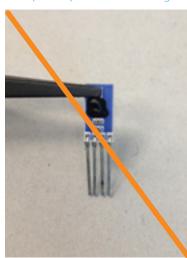
1.4 Sensor Handling

Hold the sensor with plastic tweezers or with gloves on the wires only

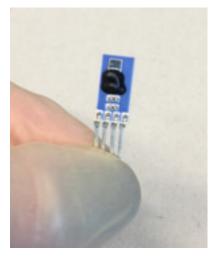


Sensor held with plastic tweezers on the wires only

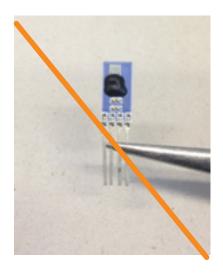
Examples of prohibited handling:



Sensor picked on the active area



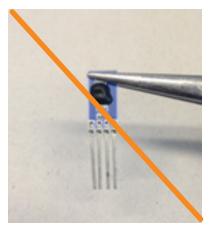
Sensor held with gloves on the wires only



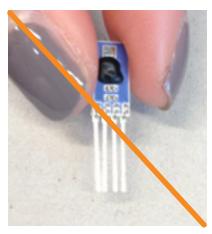
Sensor picked on the wires with metal tweezers





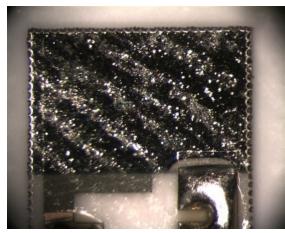


Sensor picked on the active area with metal tweezers

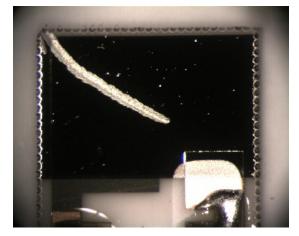


Sensor held with fingers without gloves

- Do not touch the active area of the sensor
- Do not use metal tweezers to handle the sensors
- Never handle the sensor by hand without gloves
- Avoid mechanical stress to the sensor, e.g. bending or touching the sensor with sharp objects
- Hold the sensor with plastic tweezers on the wires and side edges only
- Do not touch or scratch the active area of the sensors. Scratches and contaminations can degrade the sensor characteristic (see bad examples below)



Sensor with contaminations



Sensor with a scratch

1.5 Soldering of the Sensor

It is recommended to solder the modules by hand or to insert the modules directly without soldering. It is not recommended to expose the HYT-modules to reflow soldering. The 320 °C maximum temperature of the soldering iron may not be exceeded. Maximum heat applied to the iron or solder wave cannot exceed 10 s and only at the

very end of the connecting wires. Avoid soldering flux residues caused by the soldering process or any other contaminations inside the active area of the sensor. Soldering flux residues on the outside of the active sensor area are not critical. If the sensor is mounted with glue, baking the sensor at 60 °C for 1 h after the gluing process is recommended.

1.6 Cleaning of the Sensor

Residues can be removed with isopropanol at room temperature. Applying low ultrasonic energy could improve the cleaning process. The sensor must be dried after the cleaning process.

The sensor cannot be cleaned mechanically with cotton swabs. It is possible to clean the sensor with oil free and filtered clean air, e.g. to remove dust particles.





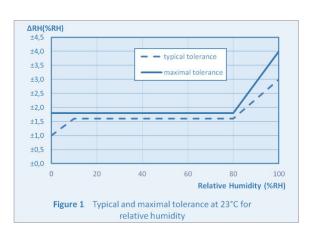
HYT221

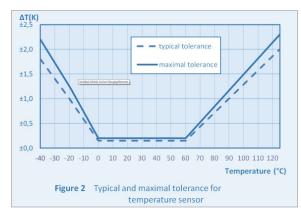
The round stainless steel casing can easily be fitted into housing openings and can be sealed against the wall with the use of an O-ring. Combined with the waterproof metal filter, it results into an assembly that is splash water proof and enables a sealed housing construction while providing a high dynamic responsiveness. Precisely calibrated, the HYT221 delivers an accuracy of ± 1.8 % RH and ± 0.2 °C. Like all representatives of the HYT family, the sensor combines the advantages of a precise, capacitive polymer humidity sensor with the high integration density and functionality of an ASIC. The signal processing integrated in the sensor completely processes the measured data and directly delivers the physical parameters of relative humidity and temperature over the I²C compatible interface as digital values. The module is precisely calibrated by the manufacturer and is therefore fully interchangeable without adjustment.

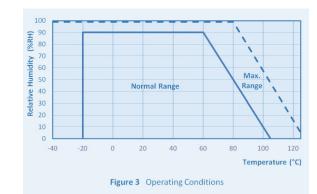
Both the linearity error as well as the temperature drift are corrected "on-chip" through computation resulting in an outstanding accuracy over a wide range of applications. Due to mechanical robustness, high chemical stability, dew formation resistance as well as excellent long term stability, the typical areas of application are humidity measurement in saunas, applications in outdoor areas or industrial applications in the field of drying systems.

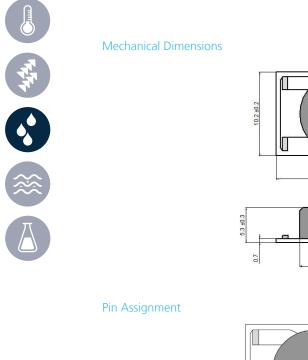
Typical Areas of Application:

- Meteorology Industrial drying systems
- Medical devices
- Agriculture



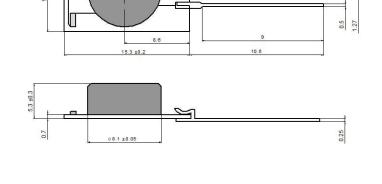


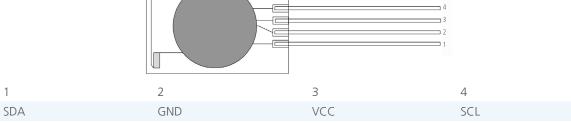




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0.8





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HYT939

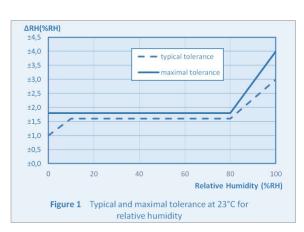
Precisely calibrated, the HYT939 delivers an accuracy of ± 1.8 % RH and ± 0.2 °C. Further features are the integrated signal processing for measuring the physical parameters of relative humidity and temperature, the I²C compatible interface, easy interchangeability without adjustment as well as mechanical robustness, chemical resistance, dew formation resistance and long-term stability.

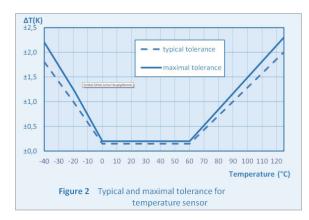
Both the linearity error and temperature drift are corrected "on-chip" through computation. Because of the special robust construction, the sensor also withstands peak loading at high temperatures. Therefore, this special model is also ideal for extremely sophisticated industrial applications in drying systems and suitable for medical systems.

For a pressure tight sensor packaging consult IST AG.

Typical Areas of Application: Medical systems

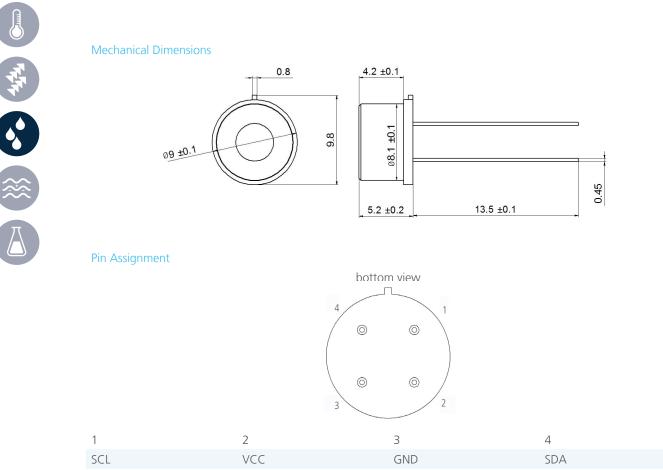
- Autoclaves
- Pressure dew point measurement (pressure tight sensor packaging required)
- Drying systems
- Laboratories











3.1 Mounting Instructions

The media compatibility of the sensor, housing and sealing materials are to be checked and kept suitable as per the application. The housing and the assembly must be so constructed that it can withstand the application pressure multiplied by the factor of safety. In case of dynamic applications in the upper pressure range, an additional extra factor is to be taken into account for the material fatigue. The assembly must be done stress free. This should remain valid for the entire temperature range, considering the different coefficients of expansion between the sensor housing and the opening. The support from top may be provided only in the boundary area. The upper mounting ring must rest upon flat.

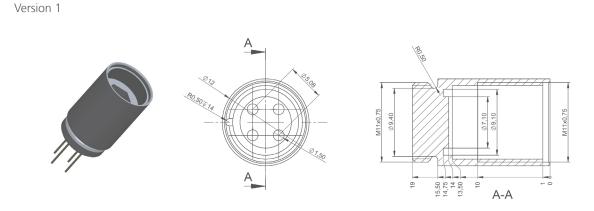
3.2 Sealing Rings

The most frequent error in case of a pressure resistant assembly is the loss of sealing. Therefore, this is the point where high attention is to be given. Standard sealing rings in the form of O-rings are available in the market, which are offered by different manufacturers. A typical dimension is, for example, 7 x 1 mm. The material is dependent on the application, hence due to qualitative reasons, high grade options of VITON or FPM are recommended, which are also resistant to ageing and temperature exposure.

3.3 Construction Recommendations

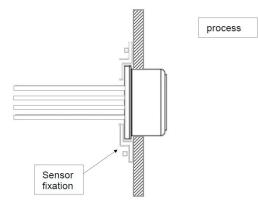
These recommendations for construction are to be understood only as assistance for your own construction. The dimensioning of the components in each case is to be decided suiting to the application and checked. Please also consider the fitment and application guidelines of the O-ring manufacturer.





Version 2

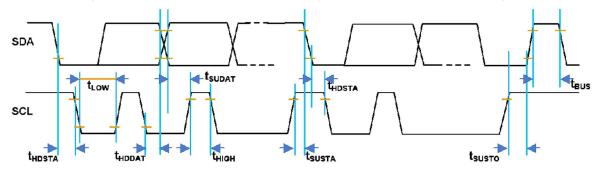
Legal Notice: The recommendations for construction are unbinding; alterations are possible in the recommendations at any time without prior notice. Any liability on our part for damages of any kind is excluded.



I²C Protocol Description

4.1 I²C Interface and Timing

For integration with a micro-controller, the humidity module has an I²C-compatible interface which supports both 100 kHz and 400 kHz bit rates. The I²C slave address is programmed by default on 0x28 and can be adjusted in the entire address range (0x00 to 0x7F). Hence, up to 126 humidity modules can be operated on a single I²C-Bus.



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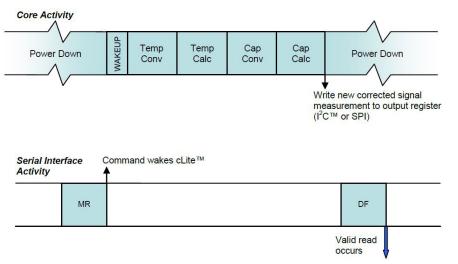
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Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
SCL clock frequency	fSCL	100	400	kHz
Start condition hold time relative to SCL edge	tHDSTA	0.1		μs
Minimum SCL clock low width 1	tLOW	0.6		μs
Minimum SCL clock high width 1	tHIGH	0.6		μs
Start condition setup time relative to SCL edge	tSUSTA	0.1		μs
Data hold time on SDA relative to SCL edge	tHDDAT	0		μs
Data setup time on SDA relative to SCL edge	tSUDAT	0.1		μs
Stop condition setup time on SCL	tSUSTO	0.1		μs
Bus free time between stop condition and start condition	tBUS	1		μs

There are two I²C commands for the user to access the humidity module:

Command	Description
,Data Fetch' (DF)	Fetch the last measured value of Humidity / Temperature
,Measuring Request' (MR)	Start a measuring cycle

In the initial condition, the humidity module is in sleep mode to minimize the current consumption. A new measurement is carried out only after the command measuring request (MR) is received. Access to the status bits and measured values is made by the data fetch (DF) command. Valid data can be fetched only when a measurement cycle (ASIC conversion) is complete. User must wait for the measurement to complete before performing the DF. The status bit of the DF can be used to tell whether the data is valid or stale, but polling for the result must not be done before the time required for conversion has elapsed. The conversion time is between 60 and 100 milliseconds.



4.2 MR (Measurement Requests)

By a measurement request command, the sleep mode is terminated and the humidity module executes a measurement cycle. The measuring cycle begins with the temperature measurement, followed by humidity measurement, digital signal processing (linearizing, temperature compensation) and finally writes the processed measured values into the output register.



SA	6 5 4 3 2 1 0	W A SP			
	Device Slave Address [6:0]				
	Master	SA	Start condition	А	Acknowledge
		W	Write bit	Ν	Not acknowledge
	Slave (HYT)	R	Read bit	SP	Stop condition

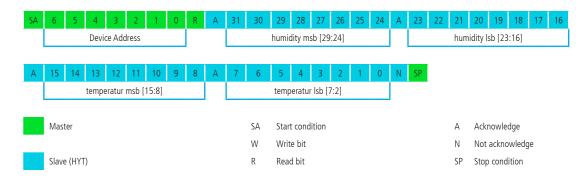
I²C MR - Measurement Request: Slave starts a measurement cycle

4.3 DF (Data Fetch)

The data fetch command serves to read the output register. The DF command is sent by the master to the humidity module (slave) and begins with the 7 Bit slave address. The 8th bit is 1 (= read). The humidity module sends back an acknowledgement in case of correct addressing. The humidity and temperature value are encoded in two bytes each the humidity and the part of the humidity and the sender the humidity and the sender the each. If only the humidity value shall be read, the master can issue a stop condition after two bytes. The illustration below PC DF - 2 Bytes: Slave returns only capacitance data to the master in 2 bytes illustrates the transfer. The first two bits contain two status bit [31:30], which must be masked for the humidity value. The last two bit [1:0] are not used and must also be masked off.

In case of a failure, the slave issues not acknowledgement.

PC DF - 2 Bytes: Slave returns only capacitance data to the master in 2 bytes



4.4 Scaling of Measurement Values

 T_{raw} and RH_{raw} are the digital 16 bit values submitted by the sensor.

Humidity signal (2 bytes):

The first top bits are status bits with following relevance:

Bit 15: CMode Bit, if 1 – element is in command mode

Bit 14: Stale bit, if 1 – no new value has been created since the last reading.



To mask the 2 top status bits in a 16 bit value, it will be linked logically with 3FFF and AND. The remaining 14 bit represents the measured value. The masked value data now have to be scaled into physical measurement units:

Humidity values will be calculated as follows:

 $RH [\%] = (100 / (2^{14} - 1)) * RH_{raw}$

0x0 complies with 0 % RH 0x3FFF complies with 100 % RH $\rm RH_{raw}=0x0000$ to 0x3FFF (Hex) or 0 to 16383 (Dec)

Temperature signal (2 bytes): The bits 15 to 2 represent the 14 bit measured value. Bit 1 and 0 are not used. The value data now have to be scaled into physical measurement units:

Temperature values will be calculated as follows:

 $T[^{\circ}C] = (165 / (2^{14} - 1)) * T_{raw} - 40$

0x0 complies with -40 °C 0x3FFF complies with +125 °C $T_{\rm raw}$ = 0x0000 to 0x3FFF (Hex) or 0 to 16383 (Dec)

C-Code examples are available upon request.

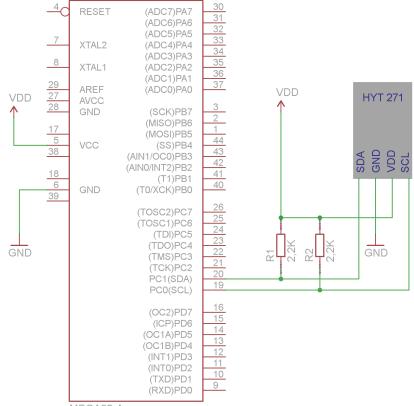
Example:

	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4
	31 dec	109 dec	96 dec	72 dec
bin	00 01.1111	0110.1101	0110.0000	0100.10 00
	Humidity 14 bit	t right-adjusted	Temperature 14	bit left-adjusted
hex	1F6D		1812	
dec	8045 x 10	0/16383 =	6162 x 165/1	6383 - 40 =
	49.1	% RH	22.0	5 °C





4.5 I²C pull up resistor



MEGA32-A

0x80

I²C Address Change

To change the I²C-address of the sensor module, the module must be switched into the Command-Mode. The switching is performed by sending the start-command-mode message over I²C-bus no later than 10 ms after Power-On reset. Each command-mode message is 4 byte long, like shown in table 1.

S	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	W	А	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	А	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	А	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	А	P
S	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	А	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	А	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	А	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	А	Р
	Sla	ive A	\ddr	ess						Co	mma	and	Byte	1					Co	mm	and	Data	a [15	5:8]				Co	mm	and	Data	a [7:	0]				
Tab	ole 1																																				
SI	ave	Ac	ldre	ess:				0x2	28		default value																										
С	omi	mai	nd-	Byt	te:			0xA	40			S	tart	CO	mn	nan	d-r	noc	de																		
								0x1	IС			re	ead	CO	nfig	gura	atic	ons	par	ram	ete	er th	nat	inc	lud	es '	the	I ² C	-ad	ldre	ess						
0x5C										read configurations parameter that includes the I ² C-address write configurations parameter that includes the I ² C-address																											

end of command-mode, start normal-mode

At writing access both command data bytes contains the data, at reading access both data bytes must be set to 0x00. The response to the command-mode message can be read out by a Data-Fetch. The response time of the command-mode messages are 100 µs.





Table 2 shows the response to the start of the command-mode.

S	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	R	А	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Ν	Ρ
S	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	А	S	S	D	D	D	D	R	R	Ν	Ρ
	Sla	ve /	Add	ress						Sta	atus	Dia	agno	ostio	CS	Resp	oonse		
Tabl	e 2																		
Sta	atus						10t)		(comm	nano	d-m	ode					
							01t)			stale								
Dia	agno	ostic	:				XXX	1b		(correc	cted	EEF	PRO	M-e	error			
							xx1	Xb		I	uncor	rect	able	e EE	PRC	DM-	error		
							x1x	Xb		l	RAM	Pari	ty e	rror					
							1xx	(Xb		(config	gura	tior	n err	or				
Re	spoi	nse:					00ł)		I	ousy								
							01t)		I	positi	ve a	ckn	owl	edg	е			
							10t)		I	negat	ive	ackı	าดพ	led	ge			

Table 3 shows the response to the read out of the I^2C -address.

S	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	R	А	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	А	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	А	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	А	Ρ
S	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	А	S	S	D	D	D	D	R	R	А	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε	А	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε	Е	Ε	Ε	А	Р
	Sla	ve Ao	ddres	S						Sta	itus	Dia	ignos	stics		Resp	onse		EEF	PRON	/I Dat	ta (1	5:8)					EEF	PRON	/I Da	ta (7	:0)					

Table 3

Status:	see table 2 on page 16
Diagnostic:	see table 2 on page 16
Response:	see table 2 on page 16
EEPROM-Data:	content of the memory

The response to the command byte 0x1C contains the I²C-address in bitposition 6:0, default value is 0101000b. The old I²C-address is valid until the module is in command-mode.

The following table shows a complete process of reading and writing back of the l²C-address.

Pov	/er – On	Reset								
S	0x50	А	0xA0	А	0x00	А	0x00	Ν	Ρ	Start Command – Mode
S	0x51	А	0x81	Ν	Р					Response (ACK)
S	0x50	А	0x1C	А	0x00	А	0x00	Ν	Ρ	Read out Data Bytes with I ² C-address
S	0x51	А	0x81	А	Highbyte	А	Lowbyte	Ν	Ρ	Response
Wri	te the ne	ew add	ress into	o the bi	ts 6:0 of the	lowb	yte.			
S	0x50	А	0x5C	А	Highbyte	А	Lowbyte	Ν	Ρ	Write back Data Bytes with I ² C-address
S	0x51	А	0x81	Ν	Р					Reponse (ACK)
S	0x50	А	0x80	А	0x00	А	0x00	Ν	Ρ	Start normaler mode

or alternatively Power - Off

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The following table shows the I²C timing.

Command Byte 8 Command Bits	Third and Fourth Bytes 16 Data Bits (Hex)	Description	Response Time §§	
00 _H to 1F _H	0000 _H	EEPROM Read of addresses 00 _H to 1F _H After this command has been sent and executed, a data fetch must be performed	100 µs	
$40_{\rm H}$ to $5F_{\rm H}$	$YYYY_{H} (Y = data)$	Write to EEPROM addresses 00 _H to 1F _H The 2 bytes of data will be written to the address specified in the 6 LSBs of the command byte	12 ms	
80 _H	0000 _H	Start_NOM Ends Command Mode and transitions to Normal Operation Mode	Length of initial conversions depends on temperature and capacitance resolution settings and the capacitance "mult" setting	
A0 _H	0000 _H	Start_CM Start Command Mode: used to enter the command interpreting mode. Start_CM is only valid during the power-on command window	100 µs	
BO _H	0000 _H	Get revision Get the revision of the part. After this command has been sent and executed, a data fetch must be performed	100 µs	

5.1 Step by Step - I²C Address Change

- 1. Power-on-reset
- Within 10 ms, send command 0XA0 (start command mode) through I²C bus. The default 7 bit I²C address is 0x28. In I²C write mode, the bit "W" shall be 0

	0x50	0xA0	0x00	0x00	Send Start-Command-Mode
--	------	------	------	------	-------------------------

0x51Response fetch, the bit "R" is 1If the response is not 0x81, then you did not enter the command mode successfully. If the sensor can be read
out correctly, but entering command mode failed, please try to reduce your clock frequency to below 100kHz,
and then repeat step 1) and 2).

3. First try to read the configuration parameters stored inside EEPROM. If entering command-mode is successful, the content can be read out successfully, otherwise start from step 1)

0x50	0X1C	0X00	0X00	Send read register 1C command. Register (1C) includes the I ² C address
0x51				Read out data bytes with I ² C address

4. If the response is not 0x81 0x00 0x28, then you did not read successfully Change I²C address by sending the following command:

```
0x50 0x5C 0x00 0x31 Change I<sup>2</sup>C address into 0x31
```

Repeat 3) to confirm whether the I^2C address is successfully changed. If successful, the response is 0x81 0x00 and 0x31

5. Power-off, if 1), 2), 3) and 4) failed



HYT Labkit

The labkit was developed as a Plug & Play tool for a fast evaluation of the HYT digital humidity sensors. The readyto-use system consists of a PC-adapter with an USB connecting wire, a connection adapter with plugs for all product variants, a connection cable and an easy to operate, user-friendly WINDOWS software CD-ROM. The recording of the measured values and the graphic presentation is carried out with the help of a PC. The provided software PCLOG enables the online visualization, records all measured values as graphics and stores the measured values and data in a file. With the PCLOG software, it is easy to test the behavior of the sensor in an application. Additionally, the integrated PCLOG hx-computer provides the calculation and display of dew point, absolute humidity, vapor pressure, saturated vapor pressure, enthalpy and many other meteorological parameters. The operating manual for the software and detailed instructions for installation is available on the data medium.

Note: The Labkit does not contain any sensors. The sensors must be ordered separately.

6.1 WINDOWS-Software RECORDER

With the help of the Windows-software RECORDER, included in the labkit, the measured values (relative humidity and temperature) can be recorded through the USB-interface and stored on the PC. The stored CSV format file is compatible with all spreadsheet programs, through which it is possible to further process, statistically evaluate or visualize the measured data. Additionally, the PC-software also calculates the dew point, absolute humidity, enthalpy and vapor pressure from the measured values. The calculated parameters can also be stored.

System requirements: WIN 98, WIN 2000, WIN XP or WIN 7, USB-Interface.

Important information: The USB should be connected to the PC only after installing the software. This simplifies the driver installation and enables the "Plug & Play" feature. Windows 7 automatically installs the required drivers.

Installation: A detailed installation instruction is provided on the CD, which automatically starts when inserting the CD (prerequisites: Internet-Explorer 5.0 or higher). Follow these instructions for installation.

Manual installation: Insert the enclosed CD into the drive and select "Run" in the start-menu. Then browse to select the file 'setup.exe' under the path LW:\software\RECORDER\Deu. Follow the instructions of the installation program.

sensor readings			calculated values		
✓ temperature	23.370	۰C	dcw-/frostpoint	1.9116	'C
✓ relative humidity	24.400	%rH	wet bulb temperature	12.302	' С
✓ pressure	101.33E+03	Pa	absolute humidity	5.1486	g/m*
pressure	101.552.05		cnthalpy	34.562	kJ/kg
			mixing ration (V)	7.0002E-03	
			🗆 mixing ratio (W)	4.3551E-03	
			🗆 vap. pressure @ Ta	701.63	Pa
			🗆 sat. yap. pressure @ Ta	2875.1	Pa
			🗏 sat. yap. pressure @ Tw	1431.4	Pa
			specific humidity	4.3362E-03	
			🗆 dry air density	1182.2	g/m*
			🗆 moist air density	1187.4	g/m*
			🗆 % by volume	695.15E-03	%
language/Sprache	english 🔹		🗆 % by weight	433.62E-03	%
recording v measure no.	11		✓ text 1	Tex	tl
✓ date	01/14/2014		✓ text 2	Tex	t2
₹ time	09:31:59		₹ text 3	Tex	t3
start	stop				

First time operation: Connect the labkit to the USB-interface. After the first software run, go to the menu option "settings" and select the device type as "HYTELOG 4800". Then select the type of interface to be used under "connections" (Note: Mention the virtual COM-port specified during driver installation). The remaining settings (Data rate, Parity, Start and Stop bit) are automatically selected and need not to be changed. If the connection is established, the data communication appears on the window. Then select "Close". The current settings will be stored.

If you are not able to establish a data link between the PC and the measuring probe, please check the USB cable connection to the PC. Further information on debugging is available under FAQ's on the CD.





Data recording: First activate the checkbox of all the measurement channels that are to be recorded. In ,Text 1' and ,Text 2', a description can be entered, which will appear on the header of the file. The data is recorded in the file, which is declared as a path under the settings. The recording begins with the ,Start' button.

EXCEL[™]: The stored file is compatible with CSVformating. In order to display the measured data, it is possible to use graphic tools, for example, diagram -assistant. However, other programs can also be used to graphically present or evaluate the measured data.

interface settings		🔽 auto	software-settings	
interface	COM3	 scan for device 	language/Sprache english -	
speed	4800	-	temperatur unit C -	
parity	Keine	connect	humidity unit	
databits	8	 disconnect 		
stopbit	1	• tx test	1	
terminal			device	
Groto100800722 v01092CA1 v020920100800722 v0212285FF v02102100800722 v02100800722 v01093DA1 v02020100800722 v0212CFFF v01093DA1 v0212CFFF v0212CFFF lime settings	1030148 1030178 1030148 1030178	=	No. device 01 Hrgro-Thermomeler 8711/8721 01 Hrgro-Thermomeler HT 51 03 Hrgro-Thermomeler HT 51 03 Hrgro-Thermomeler HT 51 04 Hrgro-Thermomeler HT 51 05 20 Ch. Thermomeler TEUP-LOG20 240 02 20 Ch. Thermomeler TEUP-LOG20 240 03 TSIC** LABit** 04 LinPicco** LABit** 05 TSIC** LABit** 04 ZMD RH 12 ZMD RH 13 ZMD T1 14 Multiplexer	
pan			corder/Data/recdata.csv	
start recording at once only one data line			eparator column , dec cording-interval 20 sec -	
Change filename at 12:00 am			C overwrite file C continue file	

6.2 Correct Hardware Installation

Plug the HYT sensors into the sensor adapter as shown in the illustration. Please ensure the correct plug direction and that the pins are correctly inserted into the socket.

6.3 Sensor Connection

Applicable for HYT271:



Applicable for HYT221:



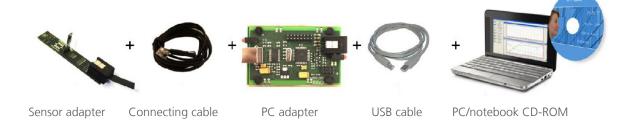




Applicable for HYT939:



Place the sensor as described into the adapter board and then connect it with the help of the connection leads provided with the PC adapter. Then connect the PC adapter through the USB cable to the PC or your notebook.



6.4 Internal Data Transfer

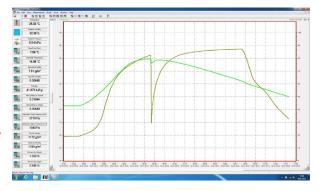
The communication between the PC and the measuring probe takes place serially by means of COM port emulation. Therefore, it is easy to link the measurement to your own software. (Programming knowledge presupposed). For the USB UART FTDI 232 used, drivers are available for Linux, MAC or PDAs. Further information is available on www. ftdichip.com.

The interface works on a data rate of 4800 Baud, 8 data bits, no parity and one stop-bit.

6.5 Software PCLOG

6.5.1 Visualization and Documentation

The most important feature of the software is the graphic visualization of all measured and recorded channels as a y/t chart (online scriber function). By means of Click & Drag, the window section can be enlarged and the time or temperature axis can be scaled as required. Multiple recording windows can be opened simultaneously. Moreover, multiple physical parameters can be presented in each window in which the axis definition, color scheme, channel description, icons and many other options can be configured. The clipboard serves as the export function for transfer of the measured data series into a spreadsheet calculation with the help of user friendly wizards. All tables and graphic presentations can be plotted or printed in color.



6.5.2 Installation of Software PCLOG

The software PCLOG is included in the labkit. Open and start the file "setup.exe" in the path ...\Software\PCLog\ deu' on the enclosed CD. Please follow the installation instruction. The software is installed automatically.

Gerät

Serial Port for measuring device

Parallel Port for Relais Card

(none COM1 COM2

COM4 COM5

LPT1 LPT2 LPT3

dit View Measurement G

Petative Incent 24.58 % Anders Freezo 1014 NPA Dealf cast Fol 1.70 °C

Ver Dub Temp Accordent Lan 5.08 gard 10000 Humany Existing 34.064 killing Maing Ratio by Vol 0.00090 0.00423 Name Ton Yapon Prace 1010 De Solucifice Vapor Please 601 PB **1**20

DyArDesty Notet An Dana 1160 g/m* 2. ۵.

Parcent by Yolkaria & 6255.56 Percenta Ve 9.427 % 5.

Start the software PCLOG and open the option <code>"Extras"</code> in the menu and click on <code>"Activation"</code>. The above dialogue box will open

Now for the "Device", select the device driver "14 Hygro-Thermometer HYTE-LOG 4800 Bd". The activation code will be registered automatically. Confirm the dialogue with 'OK'. Now open the option "Extras" in the menu and then go to the sub-menu "Interface". Put in the corresponding interface.

Cancel ок Real operating Please enter the ID Code: L6QD – 31B8 – 5RAD – CK4R Device: 14 Hygro-Thermometer HYTE-LOG 4800 Bd • C Simulator Device: 00 Hygro-Thermometer 8711/8721 $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$ Interface

+

USB Port for measuring device

USB Port for Relais Card

The user interface – if not known – can be determined in the device manager under Windows. (Control panel P	
System P Hardware P Device Manager P Connections) The PCLOG start screen appears. The measured values of th	ne
sensors are displayed on the left side.	

114 125

The measurement begins in the menu with "Measurement" P "Start recording". Confirm the window selection with OK.

Tools Window Help

Now click on the thermometer icon and the icon with the water drops in the left side panel. The corresponding measuring curves are displayed.

Start Recording	×
Interval (seconds)	OK
01 s	Cancel
	Limits



physical. chemical. biological.

X

ОK

Cancel

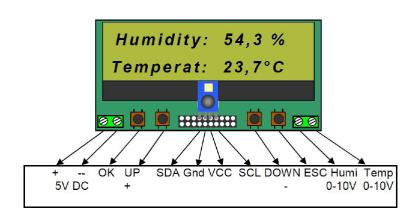
Scan

LCD Module for HYT271

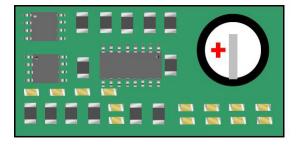
The Hygrochip LCD module is an easy to use demonstration and evaluation kit for HYT sensors. The measured values of the connected sensor can be displayed on the display. If an external power supply is used the measured values are also available on the analog outputs.

7.1 Pin Designation

Тор



Bottom







7.2 Description of Operation

After power on, the module shows the following information for 2 seconds: HYT271 – Module www.ist - ag.com After that it changes to the measurement mode and shows the values of relative humidity and temperature. Humidity 54,3 % Temperat 23,7 °C The following configuration options are available in addition to the measured values:

> 1. CONFIGURATION Address OxHH (0x00 - 0x7F)CONFIGURATION 2. Corr-Temp. 0.0K (-1,0K - 1,0K)CONFIGURATION 3 0.0% (-1,0% - 1,0%)

Corr-Humid

Switching between the standard and configuration menus is possible by use of the UP and DOWN buttons.

By pressing the OK button into a configuration menu the software goes into the input mode. This mode is shown by the cursor and blinking of the last character. In the input mode the function of UP / DOWN will be changed to +/-. The value can be changed into the limits by pressing the +/- buttons.

The new value is stored by pressing the OK button.

By pressing the ESC button the entered value is rejected and the software leaves the input mode.



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