

*This picture is for reference to DRL-24V120W series only.



Highlights & Features

- Universal AC input voltage range .
- Built-in constant current circuit for reactive loads .
- Up to 88.0% efficiency
- Full power from -10°C to +50°C operation at 230Vac . @ 5,000 meters or 16,400 feet altitude
- Built-in DC OK relay contact option available
- Compliance to SEMI F47 @ 200Vac
- Conformal coating on PCBAs to protect against common • dust and chemical pollutants

Safety Standards



CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: Unit Weight:

DRL-24V120W1A 0.54 kg (1.19 lb) Dimensions (L x W x D): 123.6 x 40 x 117.6 mm (4.87 x 1.57 x 4.63 inch)

General Description

Delta's LYTE DIN rail power supply series is designed for cost sensitive users who need to fulfill essential features needed for many general industrial applications, without compromising on quality and reliability. The convection-cooled LYTE series will operate between -20°C to +70°C, with full rated power available from -10°C to +50°C at 230Vac. The overcurrent protection is designed to operate in constant current mode, which makes the LYTE series suitable for inductive and capacitive load applications. The product is certified according to safety standards IEC/EN/UL 60950-1 & IEC/EN/UL 62368-1 for Information Technology Equipment (ITE) and UL 508 for Industrial Control Equipment (ICE). Electromagnetic radiated and conducted emissions are compliant to EN 55032, Class B; and, the product is RoHS compliant for environmental protection.

Model Information

LYTE DIN Rail Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Rated Output Voltage	Rated Output Current
DRL-24V120W1A	85-264Vac (120-375Vdc)	24Vdc	5.00A

Model Numbering

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DR	L –	24V	120W	1	Α	
DIN Rail	Product Type L – LYTE Series	Output Voltage	Output Power	Single Phase	Delta Standard	A – Without DC OK Contact S – With DC OK Relay Contact



Specifications

Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage		100-240Vac		
Input Voltage Range		85-264Vac		
Nominal Input Frequency		50-60Hz		
Input Frequency Range		47-63Hz		
DC Input Voltage Range*		120-375Vdc		
Input Current		2.2A typ. @ 115Vac, 1.2A typ. @ 230Vac		
Efficiency at 100% Load		85% typ. @ 115Vac, 88% typ. @ 230Vac		
Max Power Dissipation 0% load		0.65W @ 115Vac & 230Vac		
100% load		13.3W @ 115Vac & 230Vac		
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)		20A typ. @ 115Vac, 40A typ. @ 230Vac		
Leakage Current		< 0.25mA @ 264Vac		

*Fulfills test conditions for DC input. Safety approval for DC input can be obtained upon request.

Output Ratings / Characteristics**

Nominal Output Voltage		24Vdc		
Factory Set Point Tolerance		24Vdc ± 2%		
Output Voltage Adjustment Range		22-28Vdc		
Output Current		5.00A (120W max.)		
Output Power		120W		
Line Regulation		< 0.5% (@ 85-264Vac, 100% load)		
Load Regulation		< 1% (0-100% load)		
PARD*** (20MHz)		< 120mVpp @ > -10°C to +70°C < 240mVpp @ ≤ -10°C to -20°C		
Rise Time		30ms typ. @ nominal input (100% load)		
Start-up Time		200ms typ. @ 115Vac & 230Vac (100% load)		
Hold-up Time		20ms typ. @ 115Vac (100% load) 90ms typ. @ 230Vac (100% load)		
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)		± 10% @ 85-264Vac input, 0-100% load (Slew Rate: 0.1A/µs)		
Start-up with Capacitive Loads		8,000µF Max		
Functional DC OK Relay Conta		Rated: 30V at 1A The relay contact are normally "ON" (closed) when the output (Vout) is greater than 90% of its rated value.		

For power de-rating from -10°C to -20°C, and 40°C to 70°C @ 115Vac & 50°C to 70°C @ 230Vac, and Vin < 100Vac, see power de-rating on page 3. *PARD is measured with an AC coupling mode, 5cm wires, and in parallel with 0.1µF ceramic capacitor & 47µF electrolytic capacitor.



TECHNICAL DATASHEET

LYTE DIN Rail Power Supply 24V 120W 1 Phase / DRL-24V120W1A

Mechanical

Case Cover / Chassis		SGCC / Aluminium		
Dimensions (L x W x D)		123.6 x 40 x 117.6 mm (4.87 x 1.57 x 4.63 inch)		
Unit Weight		0.54 kg (1.19 lb)		
Indicator		Green LED (DC OK)		
Cooling System		Convection		
Terminal	Input	3 Pins (Rated 600V/35A)		
	Output	DRL-24V120W1AA: 4 Pins (Rated 300V/28A)		
	Output / Signal	DRL-24V120W1AS: 6 Pins (Rated 300V/28A)		
Wire	Input	AWG 18-8		
	Output	AWG 20-12		
	Signal	AWG 24-12		
Mounting Rail		Standard TS35 DIN Rail in accordance with EN 60715		
Noise (1 Meter from power supply)		Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 25dBA		

Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-20°C to +70°C		
	Storage	-40°C to +85°C		
Power De-rating	Temperature	-10°C to -20°C de-rate power by 2%/°C > 40°C de-rate power by 1.67% / °C @ 115Vac > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C @ 230Vac		
	Input Voltage	< 100Vac de-rate power by 1% / Vac		
Operating Humidity		5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing)		
Operating Altitude		0 to 5,000 Meters (16,400 ft.)		
Shock Test	Non-Operating	IEC 60068-2-27, 27, Half Sine Wave: 50G for duration of 11ms; 3 times per direction, 9 times in total		
	Operating	IEC 60068-2-27, 27, Half Sine Wave: 10G for duration of 11ms; 1 time in X axis		
Vibration	Non-Operating	IEC 60068-2-6, Random: 5Hz to 500Hz; 2.09G _{rms} ; 20 min per axis for all X, Y, Z directions		
	Operating	IEC 60068-2-6, Sine Wave: 10Hz to 500Hz @ 19.6m/s ² (2G peak); displacement of 0.35mm; 10 min per cycle, 60 min for X direction		
Pollution Degree		2		



Protections

Overvoltage	28.8V-35.2V, SELV Output, Latch Mode
Overload / Overcurrent	105-150% of rated load current, Continuous current
Over Temperature	Latch Mode
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)
Internal Fuse at L pin	T4A / 250V
Degree of Protection	IP20
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE* connection

*PE: Primary Earth

Reliability Data

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MTBF	Telcordia SR-332	> 700,000 hrs	I/P: 100Vac, O/P: 100% load, Ta: 25°C		
Expected Cap Life Time		10 years (115Vac & 230Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)			

Safety Standards / Directives

Safety Entry Low Voltage		SELV (EN 60950-1)		
Electrical Safety	TUV Bauart	EN 60950-1, EN 62368-1		
	UL/cUL recognized	UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E131881) UL 62368-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1 (File No. E131881)		
	CCC	GB4943.1		
	CB scheme	IEC 60950-1, IEC 62368-1		
Industrial Control Equipment UL/cUL liste		UL 508 and CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01 (File No. E338991)		
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU		
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	3.0KVac		
	Input to Ground	2.0KVac		
	Output to Ground	0.5KVac		



EMC

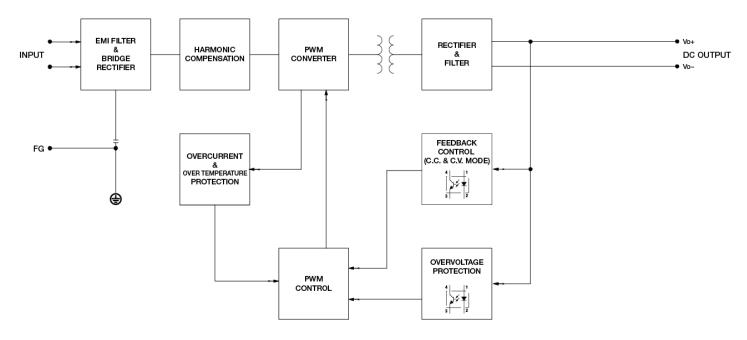
Emissions (CE & RE)	Generic Standards: EN 61000-6-3, EN 61000-6-4 CISPR 32, EN 55032, EN 55011, FCC Title 47: Class B; GB9254.1						
Component Power Supply for General Use	EN 61204-3						
Immunity	Generic Standards:	EN 61000	-6-1, EN 610	000-6-2, EN 55024			
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Level 4 Criteria A ¹⁾ Air Discharge: 15kV Contact Discharge: 8kV					
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 80MHz-1GHz, 10V/M with 1kHz tone / 80% modulation 1.4GHz-2GHz, 3V/M with 1kHz tone / 80% modulation 2GHz-2.7GHz, 1V/M with 1kHz tone / 80% modulation					
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 2kV					
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 4 Criteria A ¹⁾ Common Mode ³⁾ : 4kV Differential Mode ⁴⁾ : 2kV					
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 150kHz-80MHz, 10Vrms					
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Level 4 Criteria A ¹⁾ 30A/m					
Voltage Dips and Interruptions	IEC 61000-4-11	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 0\% \mbox{ of } 100 \mbox{Vac}, 20 \mbox{ms} & Criteria \mbox{A}^{1)} \\ 40\% \mbox{ of } 100 \mbox{Vac}, 200 \mbox{ms} & Criteria \mbox{B}^{2)} \\ 70\% \mbox{ of } 100 \mbox{Vac}, 500 \mbox{ms} & Criteria \mbox{A}^{1)} \\ 0\% \mbox{ of } 100 \mbox{Vac}, 5,000 \mbox{ms} & Criteria \mbox{B}^{2)} \\ 0\% \mbox{ of } 2400 \mbox{Vac}, 20 \mbox{ms} & Criteria \mbox{A}^{1)} \\ 40\% \mbox{ of } 240 \mbox{Vac}, 200 \mbox{ms} & Criteria \mbox{A}^{1)} \\ 70\% \mbox{ of } 240 \mbox{Vac}, 500 \mbox{ms} & Criteria \mbox{A}^{1)} \\ 0\% \mbox{ of } 240 \mbox{Vac}, 500 \mbox{ms} & Criteria \mbox{A}^{1)} \\ 0\% \mbox{ of } 240 \mbox{Vac}, 500 \mbox{ms} & Criteria \mbox{A}^{1)} \\ 0\% \mbox{ of } 240 \mbox{Vac}, 500 \mbox{ms} & Criteria \mbox{B}^{2)} \end{array}$))))			
Low Energy Pulse Test (Ring Wave)	IEC 61000-4-12	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ Common Mode ³⁾ : 2kV Differential Mode ⁴⁾ : 1kV					
Harmonic Current Emission	IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A; GB17625.1						
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker		IEC/EN 61000-3-3					
Voltage Sag Immunity SEMI F47 - 0706				80% of 200Vac 160Vac, 1,000ms Criteria A ¹⁾ 70% of 200Vac 140Vac, 500ms Criteria A ¹⁾ 50% of 200Vac 100Vac, 200ms Criteria A ¹⁾			

Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits
 Criteria B: Temporary degradation or loss of function which is self-recoverable
 Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth)
 Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)



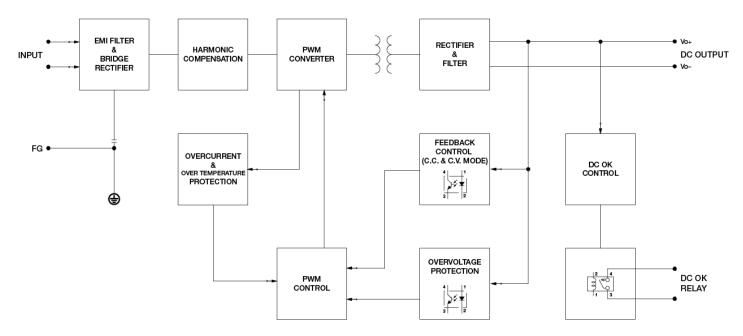
Block Diagram

DRL-24V120W1AA



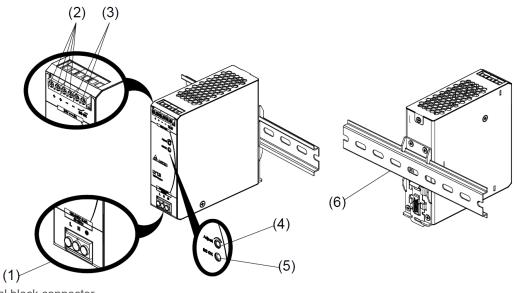
DRL-24V120W1AS

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Device Description

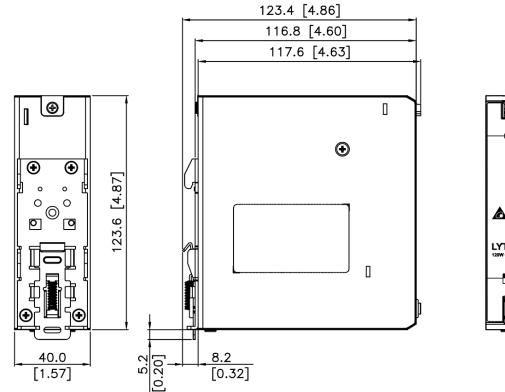


- 1) Input terminal block connector
- 2) Output terminal block connector
- 3) DC OK relay contact (for DRL-24V120W1AS only)
- 4) DC voltage adjustment potentiometer5) DC OK LED (Green)
- 5) DC OK LED (Green)
 6) Universal mounting rail system

Dimensions

L x W x D: 123.6 x 40 x 117.6 mm (4.87 x 1.57 x 4.63 inch)

DRL-24V120W1AA







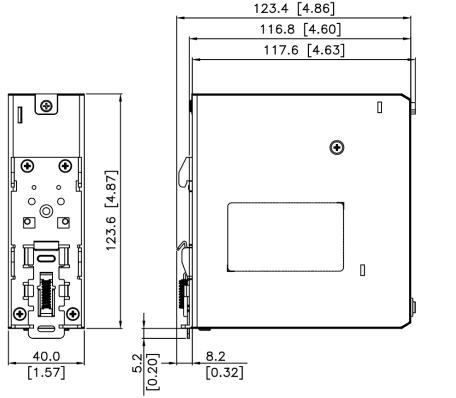
TECHNICAL DATASHEET

LYTE DIN Rail Power Supply 24V 120W 1 Phase / DRL-24V120W1A

L x W x D: 123.6 x 40 x 117.6 mm (4.87 x 1.57 x 4.63 inch)

DRL-24V120W1AS

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Engineering Data

Output Load De-rating VS Surrounding Air Temperature

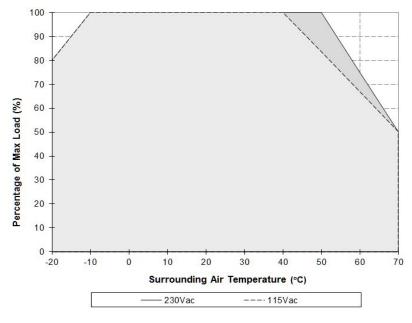
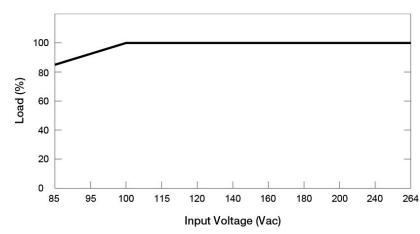


Fig. 1 **De-rating for Vertical Mounting Orientation** -10°C to -20°C de-rate power by 2%/°C > 40°C de-rate power by 1.67% / °C @ 115Vac > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C @ 230Vac

Output Load De-rating VS Input Voltage

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Note

- Power supply components may degrade, or 1. be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
- 2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature exceeds its specification as defined on Page 3 under "Environment", the device will run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
- 3. In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance as recommended in the safety instructions while the device is in operation.
- 4. Depending the surrounding on air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- 5. If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please contact info@deltapsu.com for more details.
 - No output power de-rating for the input voltage from 100Vac to 264Vac

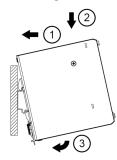


Assembly & Installation

The power supply unit (PSU) can be mounted on 35mm DIN rails in accordance with EN 60715. The device should be installed with input terminal block at the bottom.

Each device is delivered ready to install.

Mounting



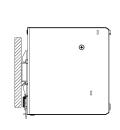


Fig. 2.1 Mounting

Snap on the DIN rail as shown in Fig. 2.1:

- 1. Tilt the unit upwards and insert it onto the DIN rail.
- 2. Push downwards until stopped.
- 3. Press against the bottom front side for locking.
- 4. Shake the unit slightly to ensure that it is secured.

Dismounting

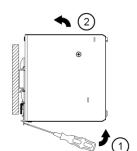




Fig. 2.2 Dismounting

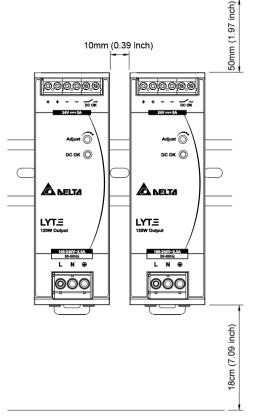
To uninstall, pull or slide down the latch with screw driver as shown in Fig. 2.2. Then slide the power supply unit (PSU) in the opposite direction, release the latch and pull out the power supply unit (PSU) from the rail.

In accordance to EN 60950 / UL 60950 and EN 62368 / UL 62368, flexible cables require ferrules. Use appropriate copper cables designed to sustain operating temperature of at least 60°C / 75°C or more to fulfill UL requirements.



Safety Instructions

Vertical Mounting

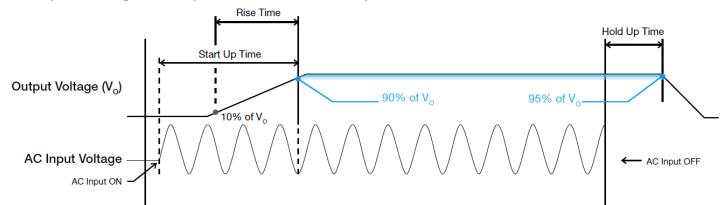


- ALWAYS switch mains of input power OFF before connecting and disconnecting the input voltage to the unit. If mains are not turned OFF, there is risk of explosion / severe damage.
- To guarantee sufficient convection cooling, keep a distance of 50mm (1.97 inch) above and 18cm (7.09 inch) below the device as well as a lateral distance of 10mm (0.39 inch) to other units.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the surrounding air temperature and load of the power supply. Risk of burns!
- The main power must be turned off before connecting or disconnecting wires to the terminals.
- DO NOT insert any objects into the unit.
- Hazardous voltages may be present for up to 5 minutes after the input mains voltage is disconnected. Do not touch the unit during this time.
- The power supplies are built in units and must be installed in a cabinet or room (condensation free environment and indoor location) that is relatively free of conductive contaminants.



Functions

Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its final steady state set value, after the input voltage is applied.

Rise Time

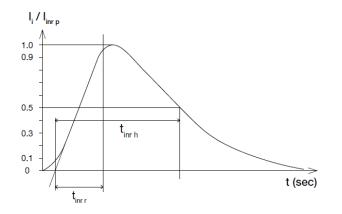
The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its final steady state set value.

Hold-up Time

Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.

Inrush Current

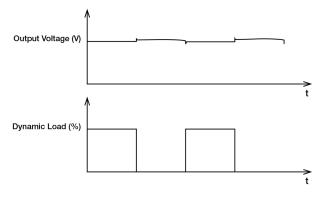
Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remains within $\pm 10\%$ of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0% to 100% of its rated current.

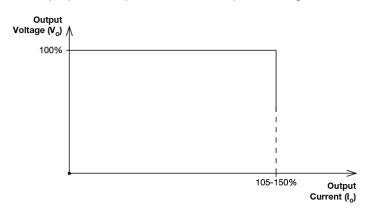
■ 50% duty cycle / 5Hz to 100Hz





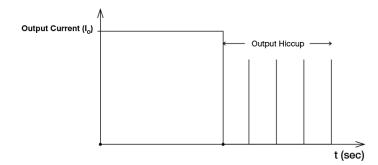
Overload & Overcurrent Protections (Continuous Current)

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current is $105\sim150\%$ of I₀ (Max load). Upon such an occurrence, the V₀ (output voltage) will start to droop. Once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection will be activated; and, the power supply will operate in continuous current. The power supply will recover once the cause of OLP or OCP is removed, and I₀ (output current) is back within the specified range.



Short Circuit Protection (Auto-Recovery)

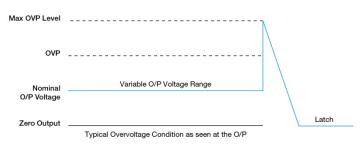
The power supply's output Short Circuit Protection function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode". The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.



Overvoltage Protection (Latch Mode)

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications as described in "Protections" section. Power supply will latch off, and require removal/re-application of input AC voltage in order to restart.

The power supply should be latch.



Over Temperature Protection (Latch Mode)

As described in load de-rating section, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load; or, when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph, the OTP circuit will be activated. When activated, power supply will latch off, until the surrounding air temperature drops to its normal operating temperature or the load is reduced as recommended in the de-rating graph. Removal/re-application of input AC voltage will then be required in order to restart.



Operating Mode

Redundant Operation

In order to ensure proper redundant operation for the power supply units (PSUs), the output voltage difference between the two units must be kept at 0.45~0.50V for these 24V supplies. Follow simple steps given below to set them up for the redundant operation:

Step 1.

Measure output voltage of PSU 1 and PSU 2. If PSU 1 is the master unit, then V_0 of PSU 1 must be higher than PSU 2.

Step 2.

Connect the power supply units PSU 1 and PSU 2 to V_{in} 1 & V_{in} 2, respectively, of the DRR-20N (or 20A) module shown on the right of above diagram.

Step 3.

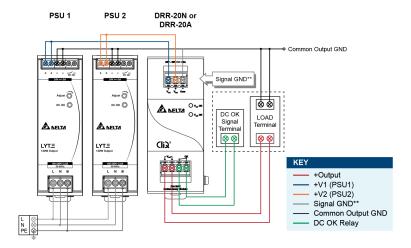
Connect the system load to V_{out} . Please note that output voltage V_{out} from DRR module will be = V_O (output voltage of power supply) – V_{drop}^* (in DRR module).

 $^{*}\text{Vdrop}$ will vary from 0.60V to 0.90V (Typical 0.65V) depending on the load current and surrounding air temperature.

Parallel Operation

The power supply units (PSUs) can also be used for parallel operation in order to increase the output power. The difference in output voltage between the two units must be kept to within 25mV of each other. This difference must be verified with the same output load connected independently to each unit.

Parameters such as EMI, inrush current, leakage current, PARD, start up time will be different from those on the datasheet, when two units are connected in parallel. The user will need to verify that any differences will still allow the two power supplies connected in parallel will work properly in their product/application.



**The Signal GND in the DRR module is for the built-in LED and DC OK signals. The Output GND terminals from the two PSU's do not need to be connected to the Signal GND terminal.

Fig. 3 Redundant Operation Connection Diagram

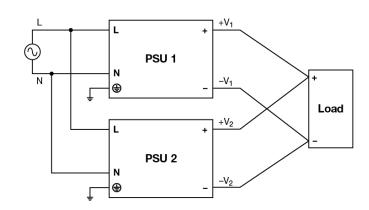


Fig. 4 Parallel Operation Connection Diagram



Others

Conformal Coating



The Protective Coating Technology

Delta Electronics Group has designed the perfect dipping technique which penetrates everywhere including under device, and prevents leakage. The conformal coating dipping can be applied to PCBAs or circuit board. The coating preserves the performance of precision electronic primarily by preventing ionizable contaminants such as salt from reaching circuit nodes, where the material slumps around sharp edges. This can be a problem especially in highly conversing atmosphere.

PFC - Norm EN 61000-3-2

Line Current Harmonic content



Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.

Attention

Delta provides all information in the datasheets on an "AS IS" basis and does not offer any kind of warranty through the information for using the product. In the event of any discrepancy between the information in the catalog and datasheets, the datasheets shall prevail (please refer to **www.DeltaPSU.com** for the latest datasheets information). Delta shall have no liability of indemnification for any claim or action arising from any error for the provided information in the datasheets. Customer shall take its responsibility for evaluation of using the product before placing an order with Delta.

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