Solder Bar





Raw Materials:

Grosvenor pure alloy bar solder is manufactured exclusively from high grade materials.

We are aware that re-cycled material can be used, but in our opinion reclaimed scrap metal leaves too many impurities to satisfy the quality demands of today's electronics industry.

Specifications:

The most common purchasing specification used in the UK is BS 219 (1977/1984).

We illustrate below a typical independent analysis of Grosvenor Solder when compared with BS 219.

The comparison clearly shows that grosvenor solder contains a far lower level of impurities than allowed in the British or other national standards. (We believe most national standards have to give excessively high impurity levels to allow for the re-cycling of scrap metal).

Typical Batch Analysis: High Purity Virgin Tin

| Sn | Sb | Pb | Cu | Zn | Fe | As | Ag | Bi | In |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| 99.95 | 0.009 | 0.002 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0003 |

Typical Batch Analysis: High Purity Virgin Lead

| Sn | Sb | Pb | Cu | Zn | Fe | As | Ag | Bi | In |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|
| 0.001 | 0.002 | 99.99 | 0.003 | 0.0001 | 0.002 | 0.0005 | 0.002 | 0.005 | 0.0003 |

Typical Batch Analysis: Grosvenor Pure Alloy 63/37 (BS 219)

| Sn | Sb | Pb | Cu | Zn | Fe | As | Ag | Bi | In |
|------|--------|-----|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| 63.5 | 0.0095 | REM | 0.0007 | 0.0002 | 0.002 | 0.001 | 0.0005 | 0.0003 | 0.0003 |

BS 219. 63/37 AP

| Sn% | Sb% | Pb% | Cu% | Zn% | Fe% | As% | Ag% | Bi% | ln% |
|----------|-----|-----|------|-------|------|------|-----|-----|--------|
| 63 to 64 | 0.2 | REM | 0.08 | 0.003 | 0.02 | 0.03 | - | 0.1 | 0.0005 |

Analytical service:

A regular check on bath composition and impurity levels is advisable.

A full analytical report enables problems to be solved quickly which means a more constant through-put of flow solder production.

A 3 month check is normally found sufficient, but this depends on workload.

Dross service:

Agitation of solder by wave soldering or dipping will cause oxidisation (know as dross).

Dross must be regularly removed and placed carefully into the free of charge containers supplied on request, for return to grosvenor.

http://www.farnell.com http://www.newark.com http://www.cpc.co.uk



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Specifications

| BS 219 | Tin | Lead | Melting Range |
|-----------|------------------|------|---------------|
| - | AP 63 to 64% | | 183 to 185°C |
| - | KP 59 to 60% | REM | 183 to 188°C |
| QQ-S-571E | SN 62.5 to 63.5% | | 183°C |

| lı | mpurity Levels (Ma | ximum) as Specified | KP and AP (Maximum) Typical | | | |
|----------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | BS219 | QQ-S-571E | BS219 | | QQ-S-571E | |
| | AP | Sn63 | | AP/KP | Sn63 | |
| Sb Cd | 0.2% 0.005% | 0.2% to 0.5% 0.001% | Sb Cd | <0.02% <0.001% | <0.2 to 0.5% <0.001% | |
| Bi | 0.1% | 0.25% | Bi | <0.005% | <0.005% | |
| As | 0.03% | 0.03% | As | <0.001% | <0.001% | |
| Fe | 0.02% | 0.02% | Fe | <0.001% | <0.001% | |
| Cu | 0.08% | 0.08% | Cu | <0.001% | <0.001% | |
| Zn | 0.003% | 0.005% | Zn | <0.001% | <0.001% | |
| AI 0 | 0.001% | 0.005% | Al | <0.0001% | <0.0001% | |
| Others | s 0.08% | 0.08% | Ag | <0.0005% | <0.0005% | |

Technical Information:

All soldering operations will introduce contaminates to the solder bath.

Unfortunately different materials and operations will introduce differing levels of contaminants.

Listed are typical contaminants found.

Aluminium* : As little as 0.005% may increase dross rate without affecting joint formation. 0.001% may result in a sluggish or

gritty solder.

: Certain of the specification require the intentional additional of antinomy. Ostensibly this to retard the **Antimony**

transformation of tin into its grey state, sometimes known as 'tin pest', however this argument no longer appears

to have validity in a eutectic or near eutectic alloy.

Arsenic : 0.03% can cause dewetting but arsenic is not usually a contaminant in electronic applications.

Bismuth : 0.5% has been observed to cause discoloration and oxidation of solder, but appreciable grade alloys or finishes. Cadmium*

: At levels of 0.002% joint formulation will be noticeably affected. At 0.005% there will be a high incidence of

bridging and icicling, together with a deterioration in joint strength.

Copper** : Generally, at levels of 0.25% copper or even less, joint formulation will deteriorate.

Gold** : At levels of 0.1% and quite often even less, the solder becomes sluggish and dull joints are formed.

Iron : 0.02% of iron can make joint formulation gritty.

: As little as 0.001% may inhibit wetting and may produce grittiness. Sulphur

7inc : The presence of zinc can cause dulling and increase bridging and icicling

0.005% can cause lack of adhesion and grittiness.

Notes:

** When copper and gold in combination add to 0.2% joint formulation will usually have deteriorated.

* The effects of aluminium, cadmium and zinc are cumulative. If more than one element is present the following lower maxima are suggested 0.005%, 0.002% and 0.001%.





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Solder alloys:

Solder used in electronic process contains principally tin and lead. Special solders may contain silver, antimony or copper. A potential health risk from solder is associated with its lead content, the other components are not usually regarded as hazardous in this context

The metal can give rise to lead fumes at temperatures above 500°C, but this level is rarely met with in electronic soldering. Oxide can be transferred to the hands while using these products and we recommended that eating, drinking and smoking should not be permitted at work stations. Hands should be washed with soap and warm water before eating.

Oxide evolved as dross on a wave soldering machine should be handle with care to avoid raising dust. Dross should be stored in a metal container with a sealed lid and returned to grosvenor for disposal. Bar solder should be kept dry to avoid the risk of violent splashing that can occur if wet solder is added to a hot molten solder bath. Grosvenor recommend that gloves should be used for handling wire and bar and suitable eye protection should be worn when adding solder to the machine, bath and when hand soldering.

Health and safety at work act 1974:

Product : Bar solder, ingot, solid wire, tinmans, blowpipe and pellets.

Nature of hazards : Contains lead-absorption can arise from the oxide which forms on the surface of molten alloys.

Physical data : Lustrous metal.
Fire and explosion data : Flash point-none
Non-flammable

Store in a dry place.

Health hazard : Molten metals can cause burns.

Emergency first aid : Treat all burns

Get medical help.

Spillage : Allow to cool, collect and return to supplier.

Reactivity : Do not place wet or damp metal into a molten bath-could cause explosion. Special protection info : Personal hygiene is important, wash hands after contact and before meals.

Special information : Further details are given in the lead code of practice for health precautions, issued by the department of

employment.

C.O.S.H.H. limits : Lead : A cumulative poison, moderate to high toxicity

Possible systemic and long term effects.

: **Maximum exposure limit** : 0.15mg per cubic metre (T.W.A 8 hours).

: **Antimony:** : Moderate toxicity, a severe irritant

Possible systemic and long term effects.

: Maximum exposure limit : 0.5mg per cubic metre (T.W.A 8 hours)
: Cadmium : High toxicity irritant to pasal passages carcinogenic a

Cadmium : High toxicity, irritant to nasal passages, carcinogenic and

possible systemic effects.

: **Maximum exposure limit** : 0.05mg per cubic metre (T.W.A 8 hours).

: **Copper** : High toxicity, possible systemic and long term effects.

: **Maximum exposure limit:** : 1.0mg per cubic metre (T.W.A 8 hours).

Part Number Table

| Description | Part Number | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Solder Bar, Extrusol, 1kg | MS249 | | | |

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