



SMT current sense transformers

E 5 core

L_{\min} 80 ... 3000 μ H, sensed current 20 A

Series/Type: B78302A*A003

Date: December 2007

Application

- Switching power supplies
- Feedback control
- Overload sensing
- Load drop/shut down detection

Features

- Very low DC resistance
- Different turn ratios
- Small package
- RoHS-compatible

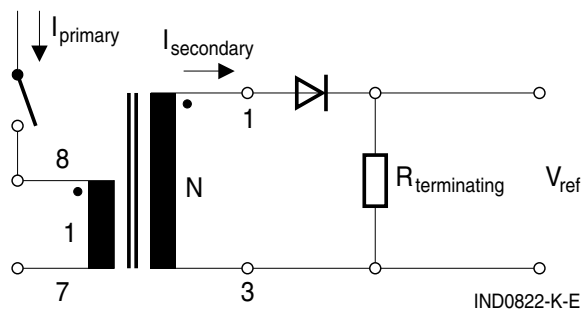
Marking

Middle block of ordering code

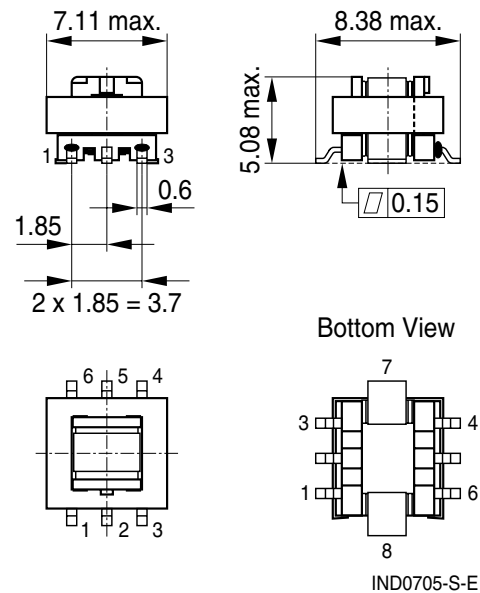
Delivery mode and packing units

- 16-mm blister tape, Ø 330-mm reel
- Carton packaging
- Packing units: 900 pcs./reel;
7200 pcs./carton

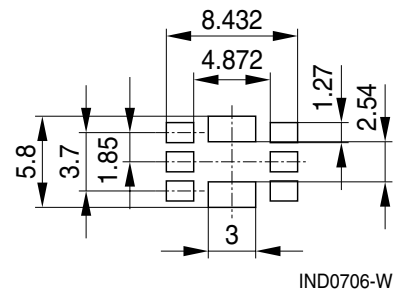
Application circuit and pinning



Dimensional drawing



Layout recommendation



Technical data and measuring conditions

Main inductance L (7-8)	100 kHz, 1.0 V, 25 °C
DC resistance R_{max}	Measured at 25 °C
Sensed current	The max. primary current of 20 A cause approx. 40 °C temperature rise
Operating temperature range	-40 ... +125 °C
Weight	Approx. 0.35 g

Characteristics and ordering codes

L_{min} μH	Turn ratio $N_p : N_s$	DC resistance R_{max} (m Ω)		Sensed current A	V_{test} V AC	Ordering code
		primary	secondary			
80	1 : 20	0.8	400	20	500	B78302A8009A003
180	1 : 30	0.8	870	20	500	B78302A8010A003
320	1 : 40	0.8	1140	20	500	B78302A8011A003
500	1 : 50	0.8	1500	20	500	B78302A8012A003
720	1 : 60	0.8	1980	20	500	B78302A8013A003
980	1 : 70	0.8	4750	20	500	B78302A8014A003
2000	1 : 100	0.8	5500	20	500	B78302A7760A003
3000	1 : 125	0.8	6500	20	500	B78302A8015A003

Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our data book “Chokes and Inductors” (latest edition).
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether any washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact.
This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

Important notes

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1. Some parts of this publication contain **statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application**. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out **that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application**.

As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.

2. We also point out that **in individual cases, a malfunction of passive electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified**. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of a passive electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of a passive electronic component.
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