# PXIe-5113 Specifications



# Contents

# PXIe-5113 Specifications

These specifications apply to the PXIe-5113 with 64 MB and 512 MB of memory.

#### **Definitions**

**Warranted** specifications describe the performance of a model under stated operating conditions and are covered by the model warranty. Warranted specifications account for measurement uncertainties, temperature drift, and aging. Warranted specifications are ensured by design or verified during production and calibration.

**Characteristics** describe values that are relevant to the use of the model under stated operating conditions but are not covered by the model warranty.

- Typical specifications describe the performance met by a majority of models.
- Nominal specifications describe an attribute that is based on design, conformance testing, or supplemental testing.
- **Measured** specifications describe the measured performance of a representative model.

Specifications are **Nominal** unless otherwise noted.

#### Conditions

Specifications are valid under the following conditions unless otherwise noted.

- All vertical ranges, bandwidths, and bandwidth limiting filters
- Sample rate set to 1.5 GS/s or 3.0 GS/s
- Onboard sample clock locked to PXI\_Clk100 reference clock
- 15-minute warm-up time at ambient temperature
- Chassis configured: [1]

- PXI Express chassis fan speed set to HIGH
- Foam fan filters removed if present
- Empty slots contain PXI chassis slot blockers and filler panels

**Warranted** specifications are valid under the following conditions unless otherwise noted.

- Ambient temperature range of 0 °C to 55 °C
- Altitude ≤2,000 m
- Calibration cycle maintained
- Self-calibration run after:
  - Warm-up time has elapsed
  - Module has been power cycled
  - PC or controller has been restarted or wakes from sleep or hibernation modes
- External calibration performed at 23 °C ±3 °C

**Typical** specifications are valid under the following conditions unless otherwise noted.

- Ambient temperature range of 0 °C to 55 °C
- Altitude ≤2,000 m

#### Vertical

## **Analog Input**

Number of channels	Two (simultaneously sampled)
Input type	Referenced single-ended
Connectors	BNC, ground referenced

## Impedance and Coupling

Input impedance	50 Ω ±1.5%, typical
	1 MΩ ±1.0%, typical
Input capacitance (1 MΩ)	15.4 pF
Input coupling	AC
	DC

# Voltage Levels

Input Range (V <sub>pk-pk</sub> )	Vertical Offset Range	
	50 Ω	1 ΜΩ
0.04 V	±5 V	
0.1 V	±5 V	
0.2 V	±5 V	
0.4 V	±5 V	
1 V	±5 V	±20 V
2 V	±5 V	±20 V
4 V	±5 V	±20 V
10 V	±2 V	±100 V
20 V	_	±100 V
40 V	_	±100 V

Table 1. Full-Scale (FS) Input Range and Vertical Offset Range

Maximum input overload	
50 Ω	Peaks  ≤7 V

1 MΩ[2]	Peaks  ≤250 V DC
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**Notice** Signals exceeding the maximum input overload may cause damage to the device.

## Accuracy

Resolution	8 bits
DC accuracy[3]	
50 Ω	
	$\pm [(2\% \times   \text{Reading - Vertical Offset} ) + (0.4\% \times   \text{Vertical Offset} ) + (1\% \text{ of FS}) + 0.2 \text{ mV}], typical}$
· •	$\pm[(2\% \times   \text{Reading - Vertical Offset} ) + (0.4\% \times   \text{Vertical Offset} ) + (1\% \text{ of FS}) + 0.2 \text{ mV}], warranted$
	$\pm[(2\% \times   \text{Reading - Vertical Offset} ) + (1.1\% \times   \text{Vertical Offset} ) + (1\% \text{ of FS}) + 0.2 \text{ mV}], warranted$
1 ΜΩ	
Input range: 0.04 V	$\pm[(2\% \times   \text{Reading - Vertical Offset} ) + (0.4\% \times   \text{Vertical Offset} ) + (1\% \text{ of FS}) + 0.2 \text{ mV}], typical}$
Input range: 0.1 V to 20 V	$/ \pm [(2\% \times   \text{Reading - Vertical Offset} ) + (0.4\% \times   \text{Vertical Offset} ) + (1\% \text{ of FS}) + 0.2 \text{ mV}], \text{ warranted}$
	$\pm [(2\% \times   \text{Reading - Vertical Offset} ) + (1.1\% \times   \text{Vertical Offset} )$

DC drift[4]	$\pm[(0.2\% \times   \text{Reading - Vertical Offset} ) + (0.004\% \times   \text{Vertical Offset} ) + (0.013\% \text{ of FS})] \text{ per °C}$
AC amplitude accuracy[3]	±0.25 dB at 50 kHz
AC amplitude drift <sup>[4]</sup>	±0.0026 dB per °C at 50 kHz

## Crosstalk

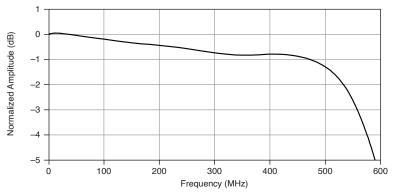
Crosstalk <sup>[5]</sup>	
Input frequency: ≤200 MHz	<-60 dB
Input frequency: 200 MHz to 400 MHz	<-50 dB

# Bandwidth and Transient Response

Bandwidth (-3 dB) <sup>[6]</sup>		
50 Ω [7]		
Full bandwidth	475 MHz, warranted	
	500 MHz, typical	
350 MHz filter	325 MHz, warranted	
	350 MHz, typical	
1 MΩ <sup>[8]</sup>		
Full bandwidth	500 MHz, typical	

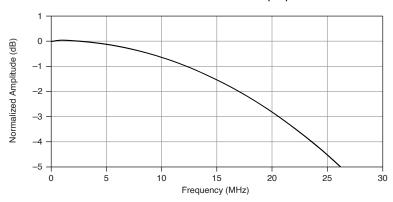
350 MHz filter 350 MHz, typical

Figure 1. 50  $\Omega$  Full Bandwidth Frequency Response, 3 GS/s, 1  $V_{pk-pk}$ , Measured  $\underline{^{[6]}}$ 



Bandwidth-limiting filter 20 MHz noise filter

Figure 2. 50  $\Omega$  20 MHz Filter Frequency Response, 3 GS/s, 1  $V_{pk-pk}$ , Measured  $\underline{^{[6]}}$ 

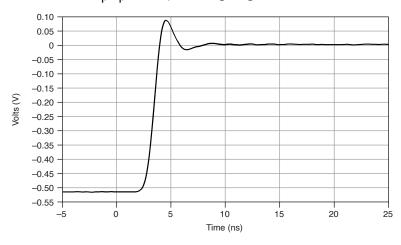


AC-coupling cutoff (-3 dB) 10 Hz

0.05 0 -0.05 -0.10 -0.15 -0.20 -0.25 -0.30 -0.35 -0.40 -0.45 -0.50 -0.55 10 15 20 25 Time (ns)

Figure 3. Step Response, 50  $\Omega$ , 1  $V_{pk-pk}$ , 500 ps Rising Edge, Measured

Figure 4. Step Response, 1  $\mbox{M}\Omega,$  1  $\mbox{V}_{\mbox{pk-pk}},$  500 ps Rising Edge, Measured



# Spectral Characteristics [9]

Spurious-free dynamic range (SFDR) $^{[10]}$	-45 dBc

Input Range (V <sub>pk-pk</sub> )	Filters		
	20 MHz filter enabled	Full bandwidth (Input Frequency <100 MHz)	
0.1 V to 4 V	7.3	6.2	
0.04 V	6.7	5.8	

Table 2. Effective Number of Bits  $(ENOB)^{[11]}$ 

Total harmonic distortion (THD)[10]	-45 dBc

## Noise

RMS noise <sup>[12]</sup>	
0.04 V <sub>pk-pk</sub>	0.50% of FS
All other ranges	0.33% of FS

## Horizontal

## Sample Clock

Source	Onboard clock (internal oscillator)
Sample rate range, real time[13]	22.89 kS/s to 1.5 GS/s
Sample rate, time-interleaved sampling (TIS) $mode^{[14]}$	3.0 GS/s
Timebase frequency	1.5 GHz
Timebase accuracy[15]	±50 ppm
Sample clock jitter[16]	1.1 ps RMS

# Phase-Locked Loop (PLL) Reference Clock

Sources	
Internal	Onboard clock (internal oscillator)

External	PXI_Clk100 (backplane connector)	
Duty cycle tolerand	ce	45% to 55%, typical

## Triggers

Supported triggers	Reference (Stop) Trigger
	Reference (Arm) Trigger
	Start Trigger (Acquisition Arm)
	Advance Trigger
Trigger types	Edge
	Glitch
	Hysteresis
	Runt
	Width
	Window
	Digital
	Immediate
	Software
Trigger sources	CH 0
	CH 1

	PFI <03>	
	PXI_Trig <07>	
Minimum dead time		
Interpolator enabled	400 ns	
Interpolator disabled	400 ns	
Trigger delay	0 to 7.51 × $10^{14}$ ns [( $2^{51}$ - 1) * <b>Sample Clock Period</b> ]	
Holdoff	Dead time to 6.15 × 10 <sup>18</sup> ns [(2 <sup>64</sup> - 1) * <b>Sample Clock Period</b> ]	

# **Analog Trigger**

Sources	CH 0
	CH 1

Interpolator Status	Time Resolution	
	TIS Enabled	TIS Disabled
Enabled	0.326 ps	0.651 ps
Disabled	0.333 ns	0.667 ns

Table 3. Analog Trigger Time Resolution

Trigger filters Low frequency (LF) reject	100 kHz
High frequency (HF) reject	100 kHz
Minimum threshold duration[17]	Sample clock period

# Digital Trigger

Sources	PFI <03> (front panel HD-BNC connectors)  PXI_Trig <07> (backplane connector)	
Time resolutio	on 1.333 ns	
PXI_Trig	5.333 ns	

# Programmable Function Interface (PFI)

Connectors	PFI <03> (front panel HD-BNC connectors)	
Direction	Bidirectional per channel	
As an input (trigger)		
Destinations	Start Trigger (Acquisition Arm)	
	Reference (Stop) Trigger	
	Reference (Arm) Trigger	
	Advance Trigger	
Input impedance	49.9 kΩ	
V <sub>IH</sub>	2 V, typical	
V <sub>IL</sub>	0.8 V, typical	

Recommended input range 0 V to 3.3 V

Maximum input overload +5 V tolerant

Minimum pulse width 10 ns

As an output (event)

Sources Ready for Start

Start Trigger (Acquisiton Arm)

Ready for Reference

Reference (Stop) Trigger

**End of Record** 

Ready for Advance

Advance Trigger

Done (End of Acquisition)

Output impedance  $50 \Omega$ 

Logic type 3.3 V CMOS

Maximum current drive 12 mA

Maximum frequency 50 MHz

Minimum pulse width 10 ns

## **Probe Compensation**

Connectors	Probe compensation terminal
	Ground terminal
Output voltage <sup>[18]</sup>	0 V to 5 V
Maximum overload voltage	25 V DC

#### CableSense

CableSense pulse voltage[19]	0.4 V
CableSense pulse rise time[20]	1.3 ns

Driver support for CableSense on the PXIe-5113 was first available in NI-SCOPE18.7.

#### Related information

• For more information about CableSense technology, refer to ni.com/ <u>cablesense.</u>

## **Waveform Memory**

Available onboard memory	sizes[21]	64 MB
		512 MB
Minimum record length		1 sample
Number of samples		
Pretrigger	0 up to ( <b>Record Length</b> - 1)	

Postt	trigger 0 up to <b>Record Le</b>	ngth	
Maxin	num number of records in onboard memo	ry <sup>[22]</sup>	100,000

Channels	Bytes per Sample	Maximum Records per Channel	Record Length	Allocated Onboard Memory per Record
1	1	100,000	1	192
1	1	100,000	1,000	1,200
1	1	52,758	10,000	10,176
1	1	1	536,870,784	536,870,976
2	1	100,000	1	192
2	1	100,000	1,000	2,208
2	1	26,630	10,000	20,160
2	1	1	268,435,392	536,870,976

Table 4. Examples of Allocated Onboard Memory per Record, 512 MB Option

#### Calibration

#### **External Calibration**

External calibration corrects the onboard references for gain and offset errors used in self-calibration and adjusts the compensation attenuator. All calibration constants are stored in nonvolatile memory.

#### **Self-Calibration**

Self-calibration is done on software command. The calibration corrects for gain, offset, interleaving spurs, and intermodule synchronization errors. Run self-calibration after the specified warm-up time has elapsed and any time the module is power cycled or the PC or controller is restarted or wakes from sleep or hibernation modes. Refer to the **NI High-Speed Digitizers Help** at <a href="mailto:ni.com/manuals">ni.com/manuals</a> for more information on when to self-calibrate the device.

## **Calibration Specifications**

Interval for external calibration	2 years
Warm-up time <sup>[23]</sup>	15 minutes

#### Software

#### **Driver Software**

Driver support for this device was first available in NI-SCOPE18.6.

NI-SCOPE is an IVI-compliant driver that allows you to configure, control, and calibrate the PXIe-5113. NI-SCOPE provides application programming interfaces for many development environments.

## **Application Software**

NI-SCOPE provides programming interfaces, documentation, and examples for the following application development environments:

- LabVIEW
- LabWindows<sup>™</sup>/CVI<sup>™</sup>
- Measurement Studio
- Microsoft Visual C/C++
- .NET (C# and VB.NET)

## Interactive Soft Front Panel and Configuration

When you install NI-SCOPE on a 64-bit system, you can use InstrumentStudio to monitor, control, and record measurements from the PXIe-5113.

InstrumentStudio is an application that allows you to perform interactive measurements on several different NI device types in a single application. Interactive control of the PXIe-5113 was first available via InstrumentStudio in NI-SCOPE18.6. InstrumentStudio is included on the NI-SCOPE media.

NI Measurement & Automation Explorer (MAX) also provides interactive configuration and test tools for the PXIe-5113. MAX is included on the driver media.

### Synchronization

Channel-to-channel skew, between the channels of a PXIe-5113		
50 Ω	<60 ps	
1 ΜΩ	<60 ps	

# Synchronization with the NI-TClk API [24]

NI-TClk is an API that enables system synchronization of supported PXI modules in one or more PXI chassis, which you can use with the PXIe-5113 and NI-SCOPE.

NI-TClk uses a shared Reference Clock and triggers to align the Sample Clocks of PXI modules and synchronize the distribution and reception of triggers. These signals are routed through the PXI chassis backplane without external cable connections between PXI modules in the same chassis.

Module-to-module skew, between PXIe-5113 modules using NI-TClk $\underline{^{[25]}}$		
NI-TClk synchronization without manual	adjustment [26]	
Skew, peak-to-peak [27]	200 ps	
Jitter, peak-to-peak <sup>[28]</sup>	120 ps	
NI-TClk synchronization with manual adju	ıstment <sup>[26]</sup>	

Skew, average [27]	10 ps
Jitter, peak-to-peak [28]	8 ps
Sample Clock delay/adjustment resolution	<1 ps

## Power

Current draw		
+3.3 V DC	1.82 A	
+12 V DC	1.16 A	
Power draw		
+3.3 V DC	6 W	
+12 V DC	14 W	
Total	20 W	
Total maximum power allowed		30 W

## Physical

Dimensions	3U, one-slot, PXI Express/CompactPCI Express module
	2.0 cm × 13.0 cm × 21.6 cm
	(0.8 in × 5.1 in × 8.5 in)

Weight	380 g (13.4 oz)

## **Bus Interface**

Form factor	Gen 1 x4 module
Slot compatibility	PXI Express or hybrid

## **Environmental Characteristics**

Temperature	
Operating	0 °C to 55 °C
Storage	-40 °C to 71 °C
Humidity	
Operating	10% to 90%, noncondensing
Storage	5% to 95%, noncondensing
Pollution Degree	2
Maximum altitude	4,600 m (at 25 °C ambient temperature)
Shock and Vibration	<del>- '</del>
Operating vibration	5 Hz to 500 Hz, 0.3 g RMS
Non-operating vibration	5 Hz to 500 Hz, 2.4 g RMS

Operating shock

30 g, half-sine, 11 ms pulse

#### **Product Certifications and Declarations**

Refer to the product Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for additional regulatory compliance information. To obtain product certifications and the DoC for NI products, visit ni.com/product-certifications, search by model number, and click the appropriate link.

- <sup>1</sup> For more information about cooling, refer to the **Maintain Forced-Air Cooling** Note to Users available at ni.com/manuals.
- <sup>2</sup> Derate above 250 kHz at 20 dB/dec until 2.5 MHz, then derate at 5 dB/dec.
- <sup>3</sup> Within ±5 °C of self-calibration temperature.
- <sup>4</sup> Used to calculate errors when the onboard temperature changes more than ±5 °C from the self-calibration temperature.
- $\frac{5}{2}$  Measured on one channel with test signal applied to another channel and the same range setting on both channels. For 1 M $\Omega$  path, specifications are valid for input ranges ≤10 V (V<sub>pk-pk</sub>).
- <sup>6</sup> Normalized to 50 kHz.
- $\frac{7}{2}$  For input ranges ≤4 V (V<sub>pk-pk</sub>) and temperature 0 °C to 30 °C.
- <sup>8</sup> When used with the NI SP500X passive probe.
- <sup>9</sup> Excludes ADC interleaving spurs.
- 10 Input frequencies <100 MHz, input range ≤4 V<sub>pk-pk</sub>. -1 dBFS input signal. Includes second through fifth harmonics.
- <sup>11</sup> Input frequencies <100 MHz. -1 dBFS input signal corrected to FS. 1 kHz resolution bandwidth.

- $\frac{12}{2}$  Applies to all filter settings and input modes. Verified using a 50  $\Omega$  terminator connected to input.
- $\frac{13}{10}$  Divide by **n** decimation from 1.5 GS/s. For more information on the sample clock and decimation, refer to the **NI High-Speed Digitizers Help**.
- $\frac{14}{}$  Single channel only.
- $\frac{15}{2}$  Phase-locked to onboard clock. The default clock is PXI\_Clk100. Refer to your chassis specifications for the timebase accuracy of PXI\_Clk100.
- $\frac{16}{10}$  Integrated from 100 Hz to 10 MHz. Includes the effects of converter aperture uncertainty and the clock circuitry jitter. Excludes trigger jitter.
- $\frac{17}{2}$  Data must exceed each corresponding trigger threshold for at least this minimum duration to ensure analog triggering.
- $\frac{18}{1}$  1 kHz, 50% duty cycle square wave.
- <sup>19</sup> When measured with a high-impedance device.
- $\frac{20}{2}$  When sourcing into a 50  $\Omega$  cable or load.
- $\frac{21}{2}$  Onboard memory is shared among all enabled channels.
- 22 For 512 MB option. You can exceed this value if you fetch records while acquiring data. For more information, refer to the Enable Records > Memory property in the **NI High-Speed Digitizers Help** at ni.com/manuals.
- $\frac{23}{2}$  Warm-up time begins after the chassis and either the controller or PC is powered and NI-SCOPE is loaded.
- <sup>24</sup> NI-TClk installs with NI-SCOPE.
- <sup>25</sup> Although you can use NI-TClk to synchronize non-identical modules, these specifications apply only to synchronizing identical modules. Specifications are valid under the following conditions:

- All modules installed in the same PXI Express chassis
- NI-TClk used to align the sample clocks of each module
- All parameters set to identical values for each module
- Self-calibration completed
- Ambient temperature within ±1 °C of self-calibration

For other configurations, including multi-chassis systems, contact NI Technical Support at ni.com/support.

- <sup>26</sup> Manual adjustment is the process of minimizing synchronization jitter and skew by adjusting Trigger Clock (TClk) signals using the instrument driver.
- <sup>27</sup> **Skew** is the misalignment between module timing across slots of a chassis and is caused by clock and analog path delay differences.
- $\frac{28}{2}$  **Jitter** is the variation in module alignment that can be expected with each call to NI-TClkSynchronize.