

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name or designation of the mixture	PUR 300
Registration number	-
Synonyms	None.
Product code	UDS000477BU
Issue date	18-November-2022
Version number	1.0
Revision date	18-November-2022

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	Release Agents
Uses advised against	None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name	CRC Industries UK Ltd.
Address	Wylds Road Castlefield Industrial Estate TA6 4DD Bridgwater Somerset United Kingdom
Telephone	+44 1278 727200
Fax	+44 1278 425644
E-mail	hse.uk@crcind.com
Website	www.crcind.com

Company name	CRC Industries Europe bv
Address	Touwslagerstraat 1 9240 Zele Belgium
Telephone	+32(0)52/45.60.11
Fax	+32(0)52/45.00.34
E-mail	hse@crcind.com
Website	www.crcind.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number Tel.:(+44)(0)1278 72 7200 (office hours: 9-17h GMT)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids	Category 2	H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
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Health hazards

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2	H315 - Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects	H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aspiration hazard	Category 1	H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Environmental hazards

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term aquatic hazard	Category 2	H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
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2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Contains: 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL; MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER, Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Supplemental label information None.

2.3. Other hazards

This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII. The product does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic	60 - 100	- 927-510-4	01-2119475515-33	649-328-00-1	
Classification: Flam. Liq. 2;H225, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, STOT SE 3;H336, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL; MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER	1 - 5	107-98-2 203-539-1	01-2119457435-35	603-064-00-3	#
Classification: Flam. Liq. 3;H226, STOT SE 3;H336					

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

#: This substance has been assigned Union workplace exposure limit(s).
ATE: Acute toxicity estimate.
M: M-factor
PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.
vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.
All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison centre or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Special fire fighting procedures In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

For emergency responders Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
Storage class (TRGS 510): 3 (Flammable liquids)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)

Components	Type	Value
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ; MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER (CAS 107-98-2)	STEL	560 mg/m3
		150 ppm
	TWA	375 mg/m3 100 ppm

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Derived no effect levels (DNELs)

General population

Components	Value	Assessment factor	Notes
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL; MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER (CAS 107-98-2)			
Long-term, Systemic, Dermal	78 mg/kg bw/day	16.8	Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, Inhalation	43.9 mg/m3		Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, Oral	33 mg/kg bw/day	28	Repeated dose toxicity

Workers

Components	Value	Assessment factor	Notes
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL; MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER (CAS 107-98-2)			
Long-term, Systemic, Dermal	183 mg/kg bw/day	10.08	Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, Inhalation	369 mg/m3		Repeated dose toxicity
Short-term, Local, Inhalation	553.5 mg/m3		Neurotoxicity
Short-term, Systemic, Inhalation	553.5 mg/m3		Neurotoxicity

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)

Components	Value	Assessment factor	Notes
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL; MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER (CAS 107-98-2)			
Freshwater	10 mg/l	100	
Sediment (freshwater)	52.3 mg/kg		
Soil	4.59 mg/kg		
STP	100 mg/l	10	

Exposure guidelines

UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL; MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER (CAS 107-98-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information	Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Use eye protection conforming to EN 166.
Skin protection	
- Hand protection	When handling the product wear chemical-resistant gloves (standard EN 374). The breakthrough time of the glove should be longer than the total duration of product use. If work lasts longer than the breakthrough time, gloves should be changed part-way through. Nitrile gloves are recommended. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
- Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
Respiratory protection	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge and full facepiece. (Filter type A)
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
Hygiene measures	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Colour	Milky.
Odour	Solvent.
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	94 °C (201.2 °F)
Flash point	-4.0 °C (24.8 °F) Closed cup
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Explosive limit - lower (%)	1.1 %
Explosive limit – upper (%)	11.5 %
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	0.72 g/cm ³ 20 °C
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	> 200 °C (> 392 °F)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Aerosol spray enclosed space

Deflagration density	Not available.
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Aerosol spray ignition distance Not available.

Heat of combustion Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components	Species	Test Results
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1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL; MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER (CAS 107-98-2)

Acute

Dermal

LD50	Rabbit	13 g/kg
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Inhalation

LC50	Rat	54.6 mg/l, 4 Hours
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Oral

LD50	Rat	5.71 g/kg
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Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic

Acute

Dermal

LD50	Rat	2920 mg/kg
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Inhalation

LC50	Rat	23.3 mg/l
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Oral

LD50	Rat	5840 mg/kg
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Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Mixture versus substance information Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
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1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL; MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER (CAS 107-98-2)

Aquatic

Acute

Algae	EC50	Algae	> 1000 mg/l, 72 h
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	> 1000 mg/l, 48 h
Fish	LC50	Oncorhynchus mykiss	> 1000 mg/l, 96 h

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	3 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	> 13.4 mg/l, 96 hours

Chronic

Crustacea	NOEC	Daphnia	0.17 mg/l, 21 days
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12.2. Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient

n-octanol/water (log Kow)

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL; MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER -0.49

Bioconcentration factor (BCF) Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

12.6. Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

EU waste code The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Disposal methods/information Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Special precautions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. UN number UN1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (heptanes, 1-methoxy-2-propanol)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk -

Hazard No. (ADR) Not assigned.

Tunnel restriction code D/E

ADR/RID - Classification code: F1

14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards Yes

14.6. Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

RID

14.1. UN number UN1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (heptanes, 1-methoxy-2-propanol)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk -

Label(s) 3

14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards Yes

14.6. Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

ADN

14.1. UN number UN1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (heptanes, 1-methoxy-2-propanol)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk -

Label(s) 3

14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards Yes

14.6. Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (heptanes, 1-methoxy-2-propanol)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk -

14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards Yes

14.6. Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

14.1. UN number UN1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (heptanes, 1-methoxy-2-propanol), MARINE POLLUTANT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk -

14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

EmS F-E,S-E

14.6. Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

ADN; ADR; IATA; IMDG; RID



Marine pollutant



General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Retained direct EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA

Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended

Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended

Not listed.

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL; MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER (CAS 107-98-2)

Other regulations

Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents in accordance with Directive 98/24/EC, as amended.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

ADR: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
AGW: Occupational threshold limit value (Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert – Germany).
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate according to REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP).
CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.
Ceiling: Short Term Exposure Limit Ceiling value.
CEN: European Committee for Standardization.
CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures.
GWP: Global Warming Potential.
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk.
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
MAC: Maximum Allowed Concentration.
MAK: Threshold limit values Germany (Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentration - DFG).
MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic.
REACH: Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning Registration, Evaluation Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals).
RID: Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail (Règlement International concernant le transport de marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer).
RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short term exposure limit.
TLV: Threshold Limit Value.
TWA: Time Weighted Average.
VLE: Exposure Limit Value.
VME: Exposure Average Value.
VOC: Volatile organic compounds.
vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.
STEL: Short-term Exposure Limit.

References

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available.

Full text of any statements, which are not written out in full under sections 2 to 15

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision information

None.

Training information

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

Disclaimer

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