

# **MP6604B** 4.5V to 45V, 2.5A, Simple Dual H-Bridge Driver (PHASE/EN)

### DESCRIPTION

The MP6604B is a dual H-bridge motor driver IC designed to drive stepper motors, brushed DC motors, and other loads.

The MP6604B operates across a 4.5V to 45V input voltage  $(V_{IN})$  range. It can deliver an output current up to 2.5A per phase, depending on the ambient temperature  $(T_A)$  and PCB layout.

Internal safety and diagnostic features include over-current protection (OCP), input overvoltage protection (OVP), input under-voltage lockout (UVLO), and thermal shutdown.

The MP6604B has PHASE, ENBL, BRAKE, and BMOD input signals for each H-bridge.

The MP6604B is available in QFN-28 (4mmx5mm) and TSSOP-28EP packages.

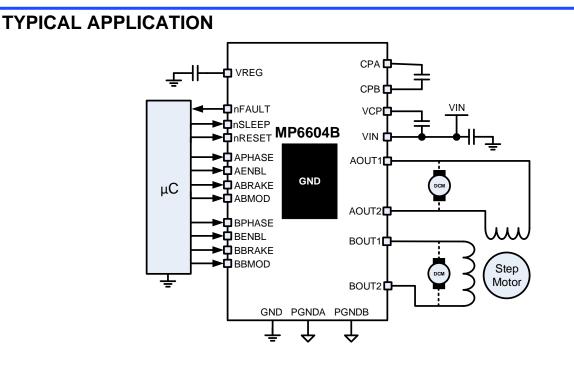
### FEATURES

- 4.5V to 45V Operating Input Voltage (V<sub>IN</sub>) Range
- 2.5A Maximum Output Current (I<sub>OUT</sub>)
- Dual, Full H-Bridge Driver
- 150mΩ Low On Resistance per MOSFET
- Protection Functions Include:
  - Over-Current Protection (OCP)
  - Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)
  - Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)
  - Thermal Shutdown
  - Fault Indication Output
- Available in QFN-28 (4mmx5mm) and TSSOP-28EP Packages

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Bipolar Stepper Motors
- Stage Lighting
- 3D Printers
- Laser Printers and Copiers
- Textile Machines

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#### MP6604B Rev. 1.1 5/12/2023 M



| Part Number* | Package          | Top Marking | MSL Rating |
|--------------|------------------|-------------|------------|
| MP6604BGV    | QFN-28 (4mmx5mm) | See Below   | 2          |
| MP6604BGF    | TSSOP-28EP       | See Below   | 2a         |

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

\* For Tape & Reel, add suffix -Z (e.g. MP6604BGV-Z).

\* For Tape & Reel, add suffix -Z (e.g. MP6604BGF-Z).

### **TOP MARKING (MP6604BGV)**

# MPSYWW M6604B LLLLLL

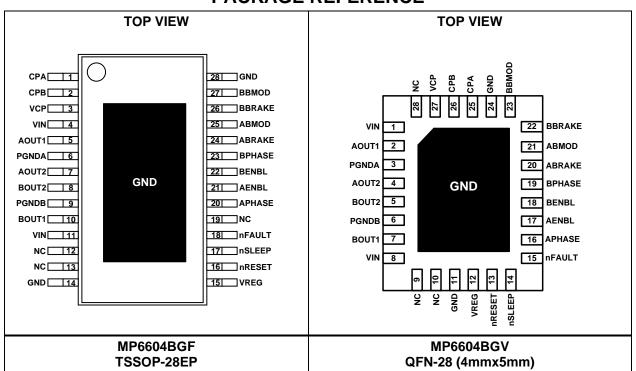
MPS: MPS prefix Y: Year code WW: Week code M6604B: part number LLLLL: Lot number

### TOP MARKING (MP6604BGF)

# MPSYYWW MP6604B LLLLLLLL

MPS: MPS prefix YY: Year code WW: Week code MP6604B: part number LLLLLLL: Lot number





#### **PACKAGE REFERENCE**

### **PIN FUNCTIONS**

| Pin #<br>(QFN-28) | Pin #<br>(TSSOP-28EP) | Name   | Description   |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--------|---|
| 1, 8              | 4, 11                 | VIN    | <b>Input supply voltage.</b> Decouple the VIN pin to ground using a minimum 100nF ceramic capacitor. Additional bulk capacitance may be required.                     |
| 2                 | 5                     | AOUT1  | Bridge A output terminal 1.   |
| 3                 | 6                     | PGNDA  | Power ground for the H-bridge A outputs.  |
| 4                 | 7                     | AOUT2  | Bridge A output terminal 2.   |
| 5                 | 8                     | BOUT2  | Bridge B output terminal 2.   |
| 6                 | 9                     | PGNDB  | Power ground for the H-bridge B outputs.  |
| 7                 | 10                    | BOUT1  | Bridge B output terminal 1.   |
| 11, 24            | 14, 28                | GND    | Signal ground.  |
| 12                | 15                    | VREG   | <b>Internal regulator.</b> Connect a $1\mu$ F, 16V ceramic capacitor (X7R) from the VREG pin to ground.   |
| 13                | 16                    | nRESET | <b>Reset input.</b> Pull the nRESET pin active low to reset the protection circuits and disable the outputs. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor.             |
| 14                | 17                    | nSLEEP | <b>Sleep mode input.</b> Pull the nSLEEP pin logic low to enter low-power sleep mode. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor.                                    |
| 15                | 18                    | nFAULT | <b>Fault indication.</b> The nFAULT pin is an open-drain output. nFAULT requires an external pull-up resistor if it is used. If a fault occurs, nFAULT is pulled low. |
| 16                | 20                    | APHASE | H-bridge A's direction setting. The APHASE pin is internally pulled down.   |
| 17                | 21                    | AENBL  | <b>Enable H-bridge A.</b> Pull the AENBL pin to logic high to enable H-bridge A. The AENBL pin is internally pulled down.   |
| 18                | 22                    | BENBL  | <b>Enable H-bridge B.</b> Pull the BENBL pin to logic high to enable H-bridge A. The BENBL pin is internally pulled down.   |
| 19                | 23                    | BPHASE | H-bridge B's direction setting. The BPHASE pin is internally pulled down.   |
| 20                | 24                    | ABRAKE | <b>Enable H-bridge A braking.</b> Pull the ABRAKE pin to logic high to enable braking on H-bride A. The ABRAKE pin is pulled down internally.                         |
| 21                | 25                    | ABMOD  | <b>Logic level for bridge A braking setting.</b> The ABMOD pin is pulled down internally.   |
| 22                | 26                    | BBRAKE | <b>Enable H-bridge B braking.</b> Pull the BBRAKE pin to logic high to enable braking on H-bride B. The BBRAKE pin is internally pulled down.                         |
| 23                | 27                    | BBMOD  | <b>Logic level for bridge B braking setting.</b> The ABMOD pin is pulled down internally.   |
| 25                | 1                     | CPA    | Charge pump capacitor. Connect a 100nF ceramic capacitor rated for  |
| 26                | 2                     | CPB    | the VIN voltage between the CPA and CPB terminals.  |
| 27                | 3                     | VCP    | <b>Charge pump output.</b> Connect the VCP pin to VIN using a $1\mu$ F, 16V ceramic capacitor.  |

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

| Supply voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )<br>xOUTx voltage (V <sub>AOUT1</sub> , V <sub>AOUT2</sub> , |                                       |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| -   | 0.7V to +48V                          |
| VCP, CPB  | $V_{IN}$ to $V_{IN}$ + 6.5V           |
| PGNDx to GND  | 0.3V to +0.3V                         |
| All other pins to GND   | 0.3V to +6.5V                         |
| Continuous power dissipation (7   | ( <sub>A</sub> = 25°C) <sup>(2)</sup> |
| QFN-28  | 3.125W                                |
| TSSOP-28EP  | 3.9W                                  |
| Storage temperature   | -55°C to +150°C                       |
| Junction temperature  | 150°C                                 |
| Lead temperature (solder)   | 260°C                                 |

#### ESD Ratings

| Human body model (HE   | 3M)   | ±2kV         |
|------------------------|-------|--------------|
| Charged device model ( | (CDM) | <b>±</b> 2kV |

#### **Recommended Operating Conditions** <sup>(3)</sup>

| Supply Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )         | 4.5V to 45V    |
|---|----------------|
| PGNDx to GND                              | 0.2V to +0.2V  |
| Operating junction temp (T <sub>J</sub> ) | 40°C to +125°C |

### Thermal Resistance $^{(4)}$ $\theta_{JA}$ $\theta_{JC}$

| QFN-28 (4mmx5mm) | 40 | 9 | °C/W |
|------------------|----|---|------|
| TSSOP-28EP       |    |   |      |

#### Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature, T<sub>J</sub> (MAX), the junction-toambient thermal resistance,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and the ambient temperature, T<sub>A</sub>. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P<sub>D</sub> (MAX) = (T<sub>J</sub> (MAX) - T<sub>A</sub>) /  $\theta_{JA}$ . Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation can produce excessive die temperature, and the regulator may go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### $V_{IN}$ = 24V, $T_A$ = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

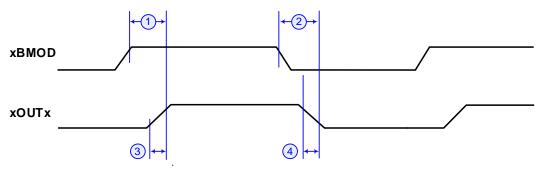
| Parameter   | Symbol                 | Condition                                    | Min  | Тур | Max  | Units |
|---|------------------------|--|------|-----|------|-------|
| Power Supply  |                        |  |      |     |      |       |
| Input supply voltage  | VIN                    |  | 4.5  |     | 45   | V     |
| Quieseent ourrent   | I <sub>INQ</sub>       | nSLEEP = 1, with no load                     |      | 2.8 |      | mA    |
| Quiescent current   | I <sub>INSLEEP</sub>   | nSLEEP = 0                                   |      | 0.9 | 10   | μA    |
| Internal MOSFETs  |                        |  |      |     |      |       |
|   | RDS(ON)_HS             | I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1A, T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C |      | 135 | 170  | mΩ    |
| Output on resistance  | R <sub>DS(ON)_LS</sub> | $I_{OUT} = 1A, T_J = 25^{\circ}C$            |      | 150 | 185  | mΩ    |
| Body diode forward voltage                                    | VF                     | I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1A                        |      |     | 1.1  | V     |
| Control Logic Inputs  |                        |  |      |     |      |       |
| Input logic low threshold                                     | VIL                    |  |      |     | 0.8  | V     |
| Input logic high threshold                                    | VIH                    |  | 2    |     |      | V     |
| Logic input current   | I <sub>IN_H</sub>      | $V_{IN} = 5V$                                | -100 |     | +100 | μA    |
| Legie input current   | I <sub>IN_L</sub>      | $V_{IN} = 0V$                                | -20  |     | +20  | μA    |
| Internal pull-down resistance                                 | R <sub>PD</sub>        | To GND                                       |      | 100 |      | kΩ    |
| nFAULT Output (Open-Drain                                     | Output)                |  |      |     |      |       |
| Output low voltage  | Vol                    | lout = 5mA                                   |      |     | 0.5  | V     |
| Output high leakage current                                   | Іон                    | $V_{OUT} = 5V$                               |      |     | 1    | μA    |
| Protection Circuits   |                        |  |      |     |      |       |
| V <sub>IN</sub> under-voltage lockout (UVLO) rising threshold | Vuvlo                  |  |      |     | 4.5  | V     |
| VIN UVLO hysteresis   | $\Delta V_{UVLO}$      |  |      | 300 |      | mV    |
| V <sub>IN</sub> over-voltage protection<br>(OVP) threshold    | Vovp                   |  | 45   |     | 48   | V     |
| Over-current (OC) trip level                                  | IOCP1                  | Sinking                                      | 3    | 4.5 |      | Α     |
|   | IOCP2                  | Sourcing                                     | 3    | 4.5 |      | Α     |
| Over-current deglitch time                                    | tocp                   |  |      | 1   |      | μs    |
| Thermal shutdown temp.  | TTSD                   |  |      | 165 |      | °C    |
| Thermal shutdown hysteresis                                   | $\Delta T_{TSD}$       |  |      | 15  |      | С°    |



# **TYPICAL TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**

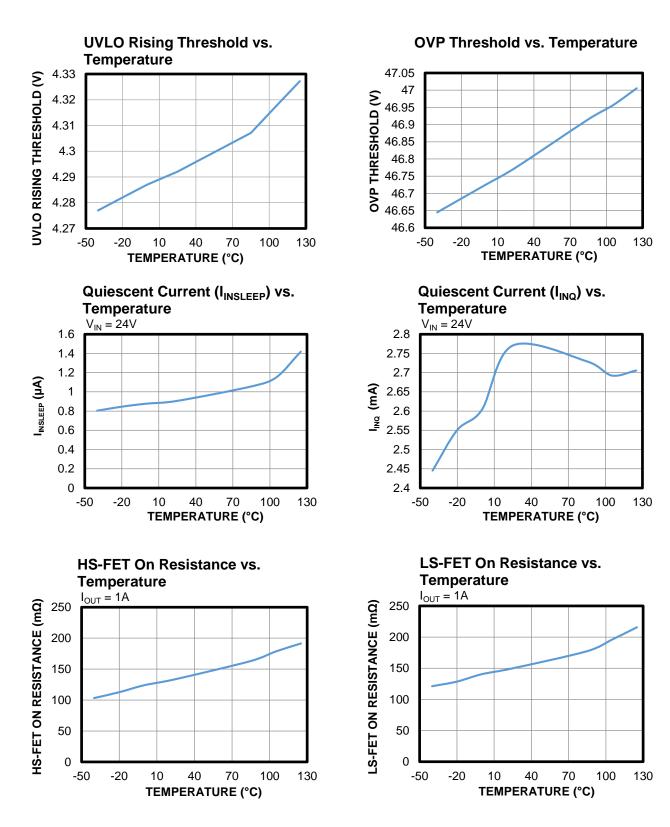
 $V_{IN}$  = 24V,  $T_A$  = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

| Parameter                                   | Symbol | Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|---|--------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Delay time from xBMOD<br>high to xOUTx high | t1     |           | 40  |     | 360 | ns    |
| Delay time from xBMOD<br>low to xOUTx low   | t2     |           | 40  |     | 360 | ns    |
| Output rising time                          | t3     |           | 1   |     | 55  | ns    |
| Output falling time                         | t4     |           | 1   |     | 165 | ns    |
| Dead time                                   |        |           |     |     | 80  | ns    |

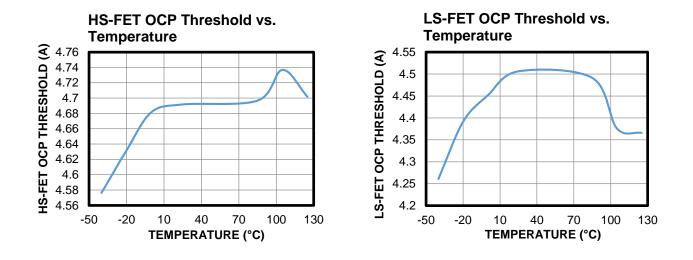




### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

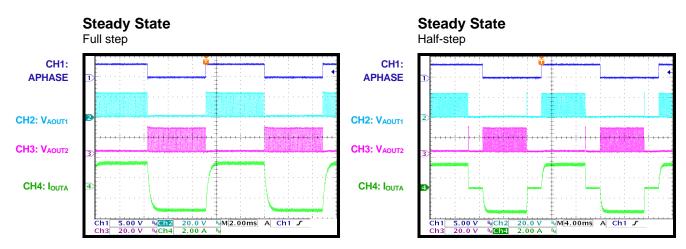


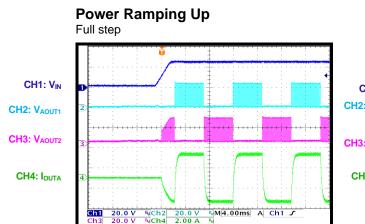
### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)



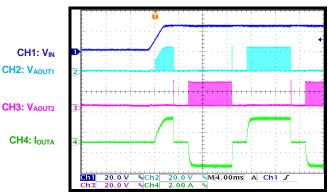
# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

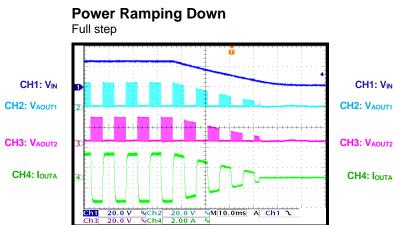
 $V_{IN}$  = 24V,  $f_{SWITCH}$  = 20kHz, duty = 50%, slow decay (two LS-FETs on),  $T_A$  = 25°C, resistor + inductor load:  $6\Omega$  + 1.5mH, unless otherwise noted.

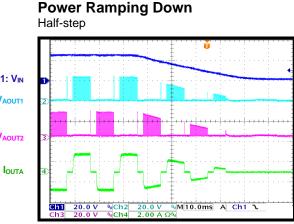




#### Power Ramping Up Half-step

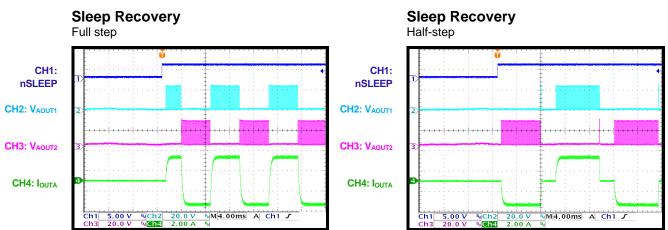


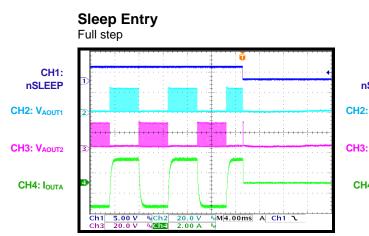




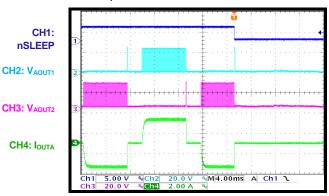
### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

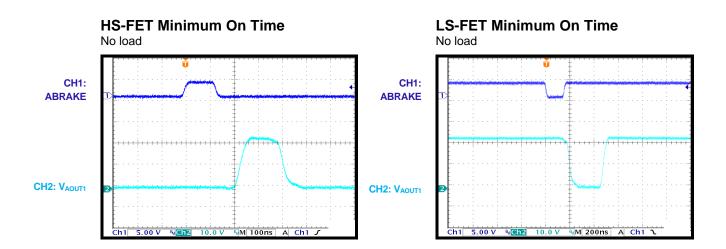
 $V_{IN}$  = 24V, f<sub>SWITCH</sub> = 20kHz, duty = 50%, slow decay (two LS-FETs on), T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, resistor + inductor load: 6 $\Omega$  + 1.5mH, unless otherwise noted.













# FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

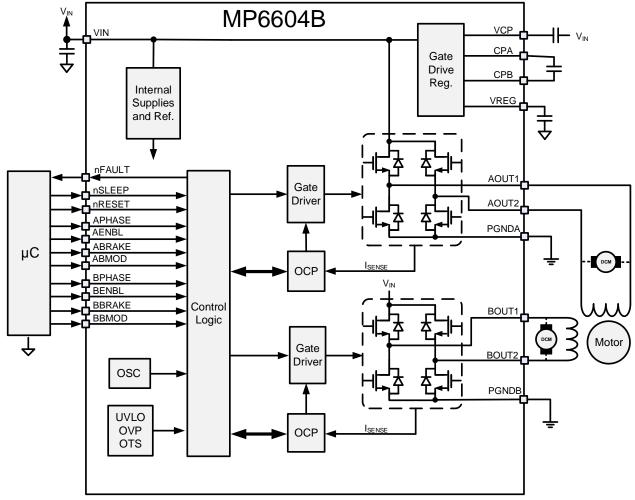


Figure 2: Functional Block Diagram



### OPERATION

The MP6604B is a general-purpose dual Hbridge motor driver designed to drive bipolar stepper motors, brushed DC motors, solenoids, and other loads. It integrates eight N-channel power MOSFETs connected as two full Hbridges, with a 2.5A current capability. The device operates across a wide 4.5V to 45V supply input voltage (V<sub>IN</sub>) range.

#### nSLEEP and nRESET Operation

Drive nSLEEP low to put the device into a low power sleep state. In this state, the gate driver charge pump is stopped; all the internal circuits and H-bridge outputs are disabled. All inputs are ignored when nSLEEP is active low.

There is a delay time (600µs) between when the part exits sleep mode and when the part begins driving the motor to allow the internal circuitry to stabilize. The nSLEEP pin has an internal pull-down resistor.

Drive the nRESET pin low to reset the latched protection features, including over-current protection (OCP) and over-voltage protection (OVP), as well as to disable the outputs to a high-impedance state.

#### **Input Interface**

The device contains two full H-bridges that operate independently.

The MP6604B has a PHASE/ENBL interface. This interface uses a set of pins to control both halves of the H-bridge (typically, to drive a DC motor). Table 1 describes the input logic.

| xENBL | xPHASE | xBRAKE | xBMODE | xOUT1 | xOUT2 |
|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|
| Low   | -      | -      | -      | Hi-Z  | Hi-Z  |
| High  | -      | High   | Low    | GND   | GND   |
| High  | -      | High   | High   | VIN   | VIN   |
| High  | Low    | Low    | -      | GND   | VIN   |
| High  | High   | Low    | -      | VIN   | GND   |

| Table 1: Pin Input Logic | put Logio | Inp | Pin | 1: | le | Tab |  |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|----|----|-----|--|
|--------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|----|----|-----|--|

Note that all logic inputs have weak, internal pull-down resistors.

#### **Automatic Synchronous Rectification**

If both output MOSFETs are off while driving current through an inductive load, the recirculation current must continue to flow. Generally, this current passes through the MOSFET body diodes. To prevent excess power dissipation in the body diodes, the MP6604B implements an automatic synchronous rectification feature.

If both the high-side MOSFETs (HS-FETs) HS and low-side MOSFETs (LS-FETs) are turned off, and the voltage on an xOUTx ( $V_{xOUTx}$ ) output pin is driven below ground, then the LS-FET turns on until the current flowing through it approaches zero, or until the HS-FET is commanded to turn on. Similarly, if  $V_{xOUTx}$ exceeds  $V_{IN}$ , the HS-FET turns on until the current approaches zero, or until the LS-FET turns on.

#### Internal Supplies (VREG and VCP)

The internal regulators generate a 5V supply ( $V_{REG}$ ) for the LS gate drive, and a supply exceeding  $V_{IN}$  by 5V ( $V_{CP}$ ) for the HS gate drive. These supplies require external capacitors.

The VREG pin requires a  $1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor connected to ground. Meanwhile, the VCP pin requires a  $1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor connected to VIN. Both capacitors should be X7R ceramic capacitors, and rated for a voltage of at least 16V.

Connect the charge pump flying capacitor between the CPA and CPB pins using a 100nF ceramic capacitor (X7R) that is rated for at least the maximum  $V_{IN}$ .

#### nFAULT Pin

The MP6604B provides a nFAULT pin to report to the system if a fault condition such as OCP, OVP, or thermal shutdown occur. nFAULT is an open-drain output, and is pulled low during fault conditions. If used, nFAULT should be pulled high via an external pull-up resistor.

#### **Over-Current Protection (OCP)**

OCP circuitry limits the current through the HS-FET and LS-FET by disabling the gate driver. If the OC limit threshold is reached and lasts for longer than the OC deglitch time, then all the MOSFETs in the H-bridge are disabled and nFAULT is pulled low. The driver remains disabled until the device is reset by pulling nRESET low, or by removing and reapplying the power supply. OC conditions on the HS and LS devices (e.g. an OC condition to ground, supply, or across a motor winding) all result in an OC shutdown.

#### **Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)**

If  $V_{IN}$  exceeds the OVP threshold, then the Hbridge output is disabled and nFAULT is pulled low. The driver remains disabled until the device is reset by pulling nRESET low, or by removing and reapplying the power supply.

# Input Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO) Protection

If  $V_{IN}$  falls below the under-voltage lockout (UVLO) threshold, then all of circuitry in the device is disabled and the internal logic resets. Normal operation resumes once  $V_{IN}$  exceeds its UVLO threshold.

#### **Thermal Shutdown**

If the die temperature exceeds safe limits, all the MOSFETs in the H-bridge are disabled and nFAULT is pulled low. Normal operation resumes once the die temperature returns to a safe level.

### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

#### Selecting the External Components

Bypass the two VIN pins to GND using a minimum 100nF ceramic capacitor with X7R dielectrics, placed as close to the IC as possible. Place an additional  $1\mu$ F to  $10\mu$ F ceramic capacitor close to the 100nF capacitor. Depending on the supply impedance and distance to other large capacitors, an electrolytic bulk capacitor may also be required to stabilize VIN.

Connect a 100nF ceramic capacitor rated for the VIN voltage between the CPA and CPB pins. Connect a  $1\mu$ F, 16V ceramic capacitor between the VIN and VCP pins.

Connect a  $1\mu$ F, 16V ceramic capacitor with X7R dielectrics from the VREG pin to GND.

#### **PCB Layout Guidelines**

The PCB layout is critical for stable operation. For the best results, refer to Figure 2 and Figure 3, and follow the guidelines below:

- 1. Place the supply bypass and charge pump capacitors as close as possible to the IC (ideally, place them adjacent to the IC pins on the same PCB layer).
- 2. Each VIN pin must have a bypass capacitor.
- 3. Place as much copper as possible on the long pads.
- 4. Place large copper areas on the pads, and on the same outer copper layer as the device.
- 5. The thermal pad should be soldered directly to copper on the PCB.
- 6. Add thermal vias to transfer heat to the other layers of the PCB.

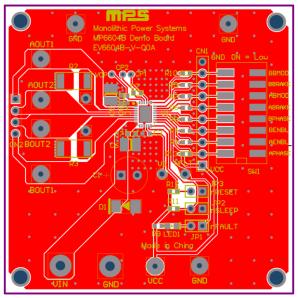


Figure 2: Recommended PCB Layout for the MP6604BGV

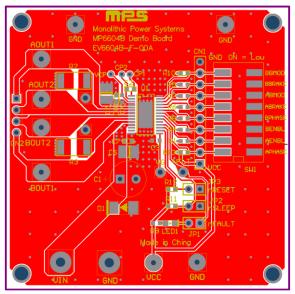
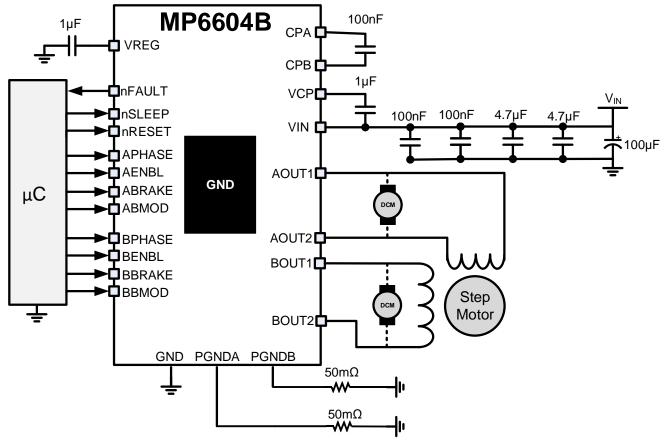


Figure 3: Recommended PCB Layout for the MP6604BGF



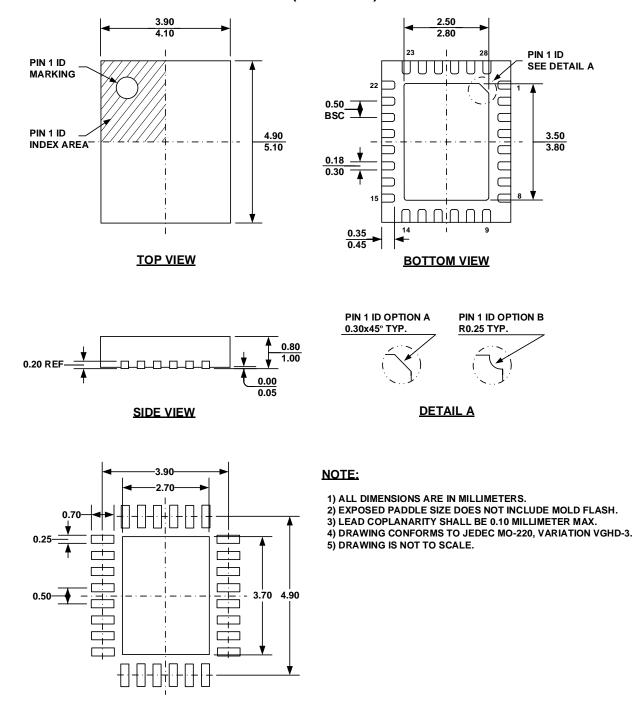
### **TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT**



**Figure 3: Typical Application Circuit** 



### **PACKAGE INFORMATION**

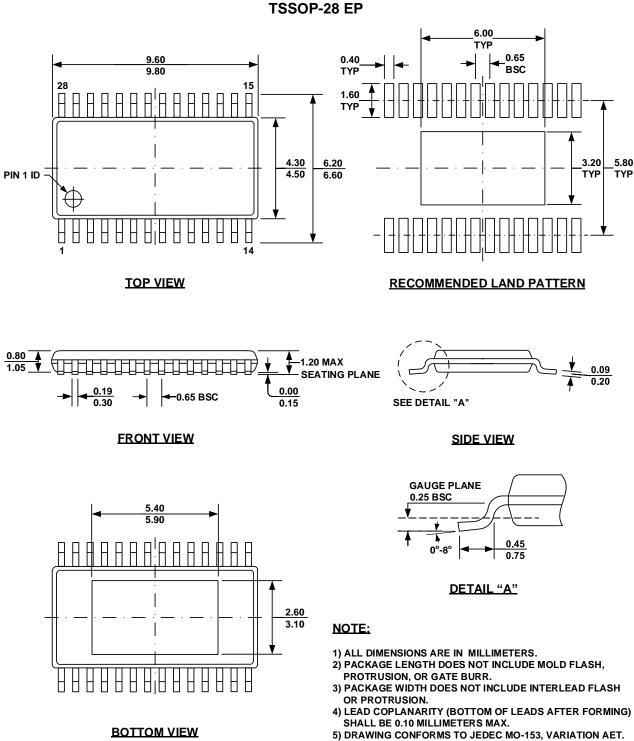


RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

QFN-28 (4mmx5mm)

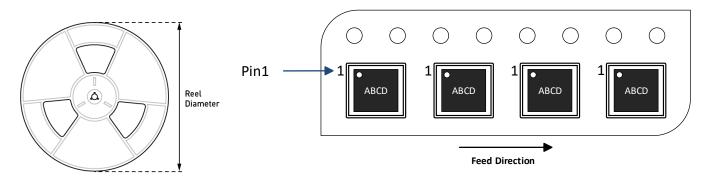


### PACKAGE INFORMATION (continued)

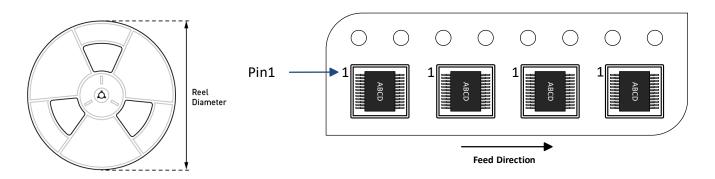




# **CARRIER INFORMATION**



| Part Number | Package<br>Description | Quantity/<br>Reel | Quantity/<br>Tube | Quantity/<br>Tray | Reel<br>Diameter | Carrier<br>Tape<br>Width | Carrier<br>Tape<br>Pitch |
|-------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| MP6604BGV-Z | QFN-28<br>(4mmx5mm)    | 5000              | N/A               | N/A               | 13in             | 12mm                     | 8mm                      |



| Part Number | Package<br>Description | Quantity/<br>Reel | Quantity/<br>Tube | Quantity/<br>Tray | Reel<br>Diameter | Carrier<br>Tape<br>Width | Carrier<br>Tape<br>Pitch |
|-------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| MP6604BGF-Z | TSSOP-28EP             | 2500              | 50                | N/A               | 13in             | 16mm                     | 8mm                      |



### **REVISION HISTORY**

| Revision # | <b>Revision Date</b> | Description   | Pages Updated |
|------------|----------------------|---|---------------|
| 1.0        | 10/21/2022           | Initial Release   | -             |
| 1.1        | 5/12/2023            | Updated the MSL rating for the MP6604BGV to "2" in the Ordering Information section | 2             |

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