

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

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## **SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

**PRODUCT NAME:**SCOTCHCAL BRAND EDGE SEALER 3950**MANUFACTURER:**3M**DIVISION:**Commercial Graphics

ADDRESS: 3M Center St. Paul, MN 55144-1000

#### EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

Issue Date: 08/16/2006 Supercedes Date: 08/14/2006

Document Group: 10-0286-4

#### **Product Use:**

Specific Use:

EDGE SEALER FOR SCREEN PRINTING INKS

## **SECTION 2: INGREDIENTS**

<b>Ingredient</b>		
XYLENE		
MODIFIED ACRYLIC R	ESIN	
ETHYLBENZENE		
TOLUENE		

<u>C.A.S. No.</u> 1330-20-7 Unknown 100-41-4 108-88-3 <u>% by Wt</u> 40 - 50 40 - 50 5 - 15 0.1 - 1

## **SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 3.1 EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Odor, Color, Grade: Clear, solvent odor General Physical Form: Liquid

**Immediate health, physical, and environmental hazards:** Flammable liquid and vapor. Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back. Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer. May cause target organ effects. Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## **3.2 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS**

#### **Eye Contact:**

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Moderate Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

May be absorbed through skin and cause target organ effects.

#### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May be absorbed following inhalation and cause target organ effects.

#### **Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May be absorbed following ingestion and cause target organ effects.

### **Target Organ Effects:**

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause:

Liver Effects: Signs/symptoms may include loss of appetite, weight loss, fatigue, weakness, abdominal tenderness and jaundice.

Kidney/Bladder Effects: Signs/symptoms may include changes in urine production, abdominal or lower back pain, increased protein in urine, increased blood urea nitrogen (BUN), blood in urine, and painful urination.

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient ETHYLBENZENE <u>C.A.S. No.</u> 100-41-4 Class Description Group 2B

<u>Regulation</u> International Agency for Research on Cancer

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1 FIRST AID PROCEDURES

The following first aid recommendations are based on an assumption that appropriate personal and industrial hygiene practices are followed.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water. Get medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing and clean shoes before reuse.

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

**If Swallowed:** Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by medical personnel. Give victim two glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

## **SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1 FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

Autoignition temperature Flash Point Flammable Limits - LEL Flammable Limits - UEL OSHA Flammability Classification: >=810 °F 77.0 °F [*Test Method:* Tagliabue Closed Cup] 1.00 % 7.00 % Class IB Flammable Liquid

## 5.2 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use fire extinguishers with class B extinguishing agents (e.g., dry chemical, carbon dioxide).

## **5.3 PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS**

**Special Fire Fighting Procedures:** Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Flammable liquid and vapor. Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back.

Note: See STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (SECTION 10) for hazardous combustion and thermal decomposition information.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Accidental Release Measures: Refer to other sections of this MSDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. Call 3M-HELPS line (1-800-364-3577) for more information on handling and managing the spill. Evacuate unprotected and untrained personnel from hazard area. The spill should be cleaned up by qualified personnel. Remove all ignition sources such as flames, smoking materials, and electrical spark sources. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Contain spill. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a toxic, corrosivity or flammability hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and MSDS. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

In the event of a release of this material, the user should determine if the release qualifies as reportable according to

local, state, and federal regulations.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1 HANDLING

Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray. Avoid skin contact. Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below Occupational Exposure Limits. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Do not ingest. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, pilot lights and other sources of ignition. Ground containers securely when transferring contents. Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Avoid static discharge. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.

## 7.2 STORAGE

Store away from acids. Store away from heat. Store out of direct sunlight. Keep container in well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from oxidizing agents.

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## 8.1 ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below Occupational Exposure Limits and/or control mist, vapor, or spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Provide local exhaust ventilation at transfer points. Provide appropriate local exhaust ventilation on open containers.

## 8.2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

### 8.2.1 Eye/Face Protection

Avoid eye contact. The following eye protection(s) are recommended: Indirect Vented Goggles.

### 8.2.2 Skin Protection

Avoid skin contact.

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible materials. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Fluoroelastomer (Viton), Polyvinyl Alcohol (PVA), Polyethylene/Ethylene Vinyl Alcohol.

### 8.2.3 Respiratory Protection

Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray.

Select one of the following NIOSH approved respirators based on airborne concentration of contaminants and in accordance with OSHA regulations: Half facepiece or fullface air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges. Consult the current 3M Respiratory Selection Guide for additional information or call 1-800-243-4630 for 3M technical assistance.

#### 8.2.4 Prevention of Swallowing

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water.

## 8.3 EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>Authority</u>	Type	<u>Limit</u>	Additional Information
ETHYLBENZENE	ACGIH	TWA	100 ppm	Table A3
ETHYLBENZENE	ACGIH	STEL	125 ppm	Table A3

ETHYLBENZENE ETHYLBENZENE TOLUENE TOLUENE TOLUENE TOLUENE TOLUENE XYLENE XYLENE	OSHA OSHA ACGIH CMRG OSHA OSHA OSHA ACGIH ACGIH	TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA, Vacated STEL, Vacated TWA CEIL TWA STEL	100 ppm 125 ppm 50 ppm 75 ppm 100 ppm 150 ppm 200 ppm 300 ppm 100 ppm 150 ppm	Table Z-1A Table Z-1A Skin Notation*; Table A4 Skin Notation* Table Z-2 Table Z-2 Table Z-2 Table A4 Table A4
XYLENE XYLENE	ACGIH OSHA	STEL TWA	150 ppm 100 ppm	Table A4 Table Z-1A
XYLENE	OSHA	STEL	150 ppm	Table Z-1A

\* Substance(s) refer to the potential contribution to the overall exposure by the cutaneous route including mucous membrane and eye, either by airborne or, more particularly, by direct contact with the substance. Vehicles can alter skin absorption.

VAC Vacated PEL:Vacated Permissible Exposure Limits [PEL] are enforced as the OSHA PEL in some states. Check with your local regulatory agency.

SOURCE OF EXPOSURE LIMIT DATA:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer Recommended Guideline

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL)

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Odor, Color, Grade:	Clear, solvent odor
General Physical Form:	Liquid
Autoignition temperature	>=810 °F
Flash Point	77.0 °F [Test Method: Tagliabue Closed Cup]
Flammable Limits - LEL	1.00 %
Flammable Limits - UEL	7.00 %
Boiling point	>=277 °F
Density	0.97 g/ml
Vapor Density	>=1.00 [ <i>Ref Std:</i> AIR=1]
Vapor Pressure	<=7.1 mmHg [@ 20 °C]
vapor r ressure	
Specific Gravity	0.970 [Test Method: ASTM METHOD] [Ref Std: WATER=1]
pH	Not Applicable
Melting point	Not Applicable
Solubility in Water	Negligible
Evaporation rate	<=1.00 [ <i>Ref Std:</i> BUOAC=1]
Volatile Organic Compounds	<=525 g/l
Percent volatile	50.00 - 60.00 % weight
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	<=525 g/l

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability: Stable.

Viscosity

300.0 - 500.0 centipoise [Test Method: ASTM METHOD]

Materials and Conditions to Avoid: Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u> Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide Condition Not Specified Not Specified

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Please contact the address listed on the first page of the MSDS for Toxicological Information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not determined.

## **CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION**

Not determined.

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Waste Disposal Method:** Incinerate in a permitted hazardous waste incinerator. As a disposal alternative, dispose of waste product in a permitted hazardous waste facility.

### EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

Since regulations vary, consult applicable regulations or authorities before disposal.

# **SECTION 14:TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## **ID** Number(s):

75-3455-7162-6, 75-3469-0258-0, 75-5239-5001-4

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the MSDS for Transportation Information for this material.

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## **US FEDERAL REGULATIONS**

Contact 3M for more information.

### 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

Ingredient	<b>C.A.S.</b> No	% by Wt
XYLENE	1330-20-7	40 - 50
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	5 - 15

## STATE REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

### **CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**

<u>Ingredient</u>	C.A.S. No.	<b>Classification</b>
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	**Carcinogen
TOLUENE	108-88-3	*Developmental Toxin

\* WARNING: contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. \*\* WARNING: contains a chemical which can cause cancer.

## **CHEMICAL INVENTORIES**

Contact 3M for more information.

## **INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS**

Contact 3M for more information.

This MSDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

### NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

#### **HMIS Hazard Classification**

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Protection: X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS(r)) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS(r) ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS(r) program. HMIS(r) is a registered mark of the National Paint and Coatings Association (NPCA).

Revision Changes: Section 15: Ingredient comment heading was deleted. Section 15: Inventories comment was deleted.

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### 3M MSDSs are available at www.3M.com

#### 3M TRANSPORTATION CLASSIFICATION REPORT

DATE: 03/21/07 3M ID NUMBER: 75-5239-5001-4 PRODUCT DESC: 3950 EDGE SEALER 80Z DAUBER CAN PROTECTIVE SERVICE DURING TRANSIT: PROTECTIVE SERVICE NOT REQUIRED NMFC DESCRIPTION: RESIN COMPOUNDS NMFC ITEM NUMBER: 046030 SUB: 00 CLASS: 55.0

AGENCY: DOTG - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - GROUND (UNITED STATES) UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, III, LIMITED QUANTITY

AGENCY: DOTW - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - VESSEL (UNITED STATES) UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, III, LIMITED QUANTITY, +025C

AGENCY: IATA - INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION (UNITED NATIONS) UN1856, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, III GENERAL CONTRACTOR CONTACTOR

AGENCY: IMC - INTERNATIONAL MARITIME ORGANIZATION (UNITED NATIONS) UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, III, LIMITED QUANTITY, +025C

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