



### OPTICALLY COUPLED BILATERAL SWITCH NON-ZERO CROSSING TRIAC

#### APPROVALS

- UL recognised, File No. E91231  
Package Code " KK "

#### DESCRIPTION

The IS607, IS608 series are optically coupled isolators consisting of a Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diode coupled with a light activated silicon bilateral switch performing the functions of a triac mounted in a standard 6 pin dual-in-line package.

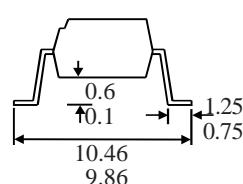
#### FEATURE

- Options :-  
10mm lead spread - add G after part no.  
Surface mount - add SM after part no.  
Tape&reel - add SMT&R after part no.
- High Isolation Voltage (5.3kV<sub>RMS</sub>, 7.5kV<sub>PK</sub>)
- 450V Peak Blocking Voltage
- All electrical parameters 100% tested
- Custom electrical selections available

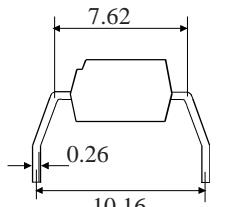
#### APPLICATIONS

- CRTs
- Power Triac Driver
- Motors
- Consumer appliances
- Printers

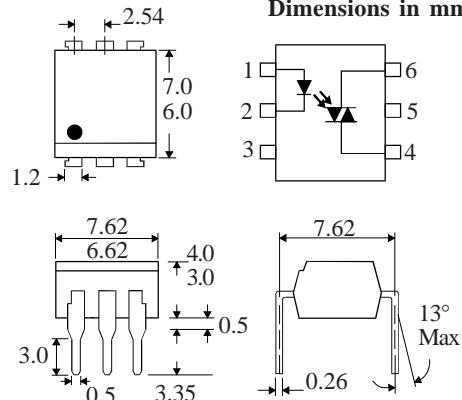
#### OPTION SM SURFACE MOUNT



#### OPTION G



#### Dimensions in mm



#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(25°C unless otherwise noted)

Storage Temperature	-55°C - +150°C
Operating Temperature	-40°C - +100°C
Lead Soldering Temperature	260°C (1.6mm from case for 10 seconds)

#### INPUT DIODE

Forward Current	50mA
Reverse Voltage	6V
Power Dissipation	70mW (derate linearly 0.93mW/°C above 25°C)

#### OUTPUT PHOTOTRIAC

Off-State Output Terminal Voltage	450V
Forward Current (Peak)	1A
Power Dissipation	300mW (derate linearly 4.0mW/°C above 25°C)

#### POWER DISSIPATION

Total Power Dissipation	330mW (derate linearly 4.4mW/°C above 25°C)
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#### ISOCOM COMPONENTS 2004 LTD

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**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  Unless otherwise noted )**

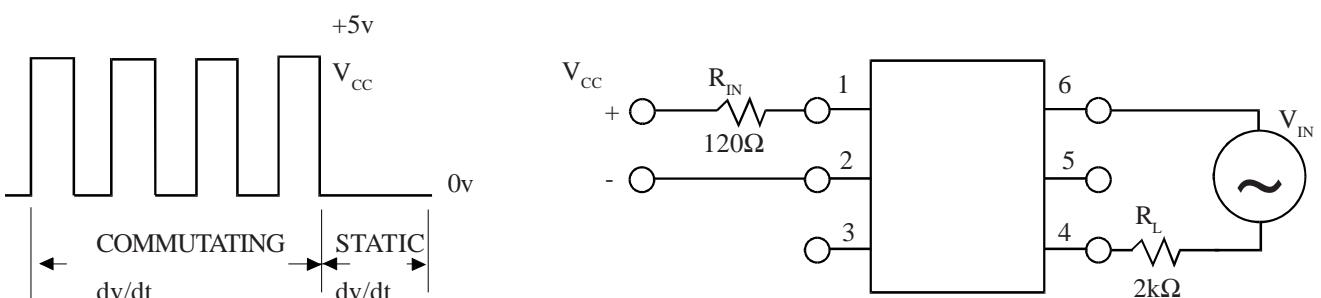
PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITION
Input	Forward Voltage ( $V_F$ ) Reverse Current ( $I_R$ )		1.2 100	1.5 $\mu\text{A}$	V $\mu\text{A}$	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ $V_R = 6\text{V}$
Output	Peak Off-state Current ( $I_{DRM}$ ) Peak Blocking Voltage ( $V_{DRM}$ ) On-state Voltage ( $V_{TM}$ ) Critical rate of rise of off-state Voltage ( dv/dt ) ( note 1 ) Critical rate of rise of commutating Voltage ( dv/dt ) ( note 1 )	450	1.5 0.1	100 3.0 10 0.2	nA V V V/ $\mu\text{s}$ V/ $\mu\text{s}$	$V_{DRM} = 450\text{V}$ ( note 1 ) $I_{DRM} = 100\text{nA}$ $I_{TM} = 100\text{mA}$ ( peak )  $I_{load} = 15\text{mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 30\text{V}$ ( fig 1. )
Coupled	Input Current to Trigger ( $I_{FT}$ )(note 2 ) IS607 IS608  Holding Current , either direction ( $I_H$ )  Input to Output Isolation Voltage $V_{ISO}$			10 7 100 5300 7500	mA mA $\mu\text{A}$ $V_{RMS}$ $V_{PK}$	$V_D = 3\text{V}$ ( note 2 )  See note 3 See note 3

Note 1. Test voltage must be applied within dv/dt rating.

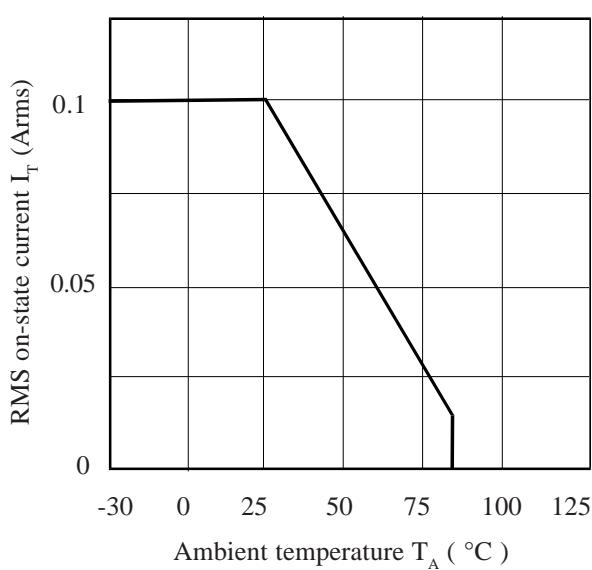
Note 2. Guaranteed to trigger at an  $I_F$  value less than or equal to max.  $I_{FT}$ , recommended  $I_F$  lies between Rated  $I_{FT}$  and absolute max.  $I_{FT}$ .

Note 3. Measured with input leads shorted together and output leads shorted together.

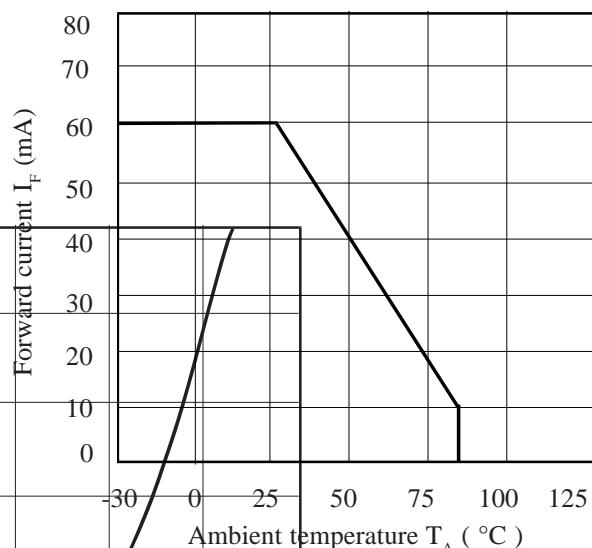
**FIGURE 1**



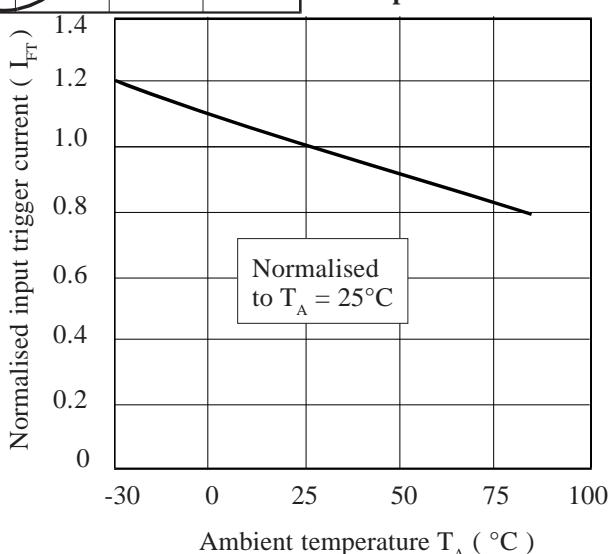
**RMS On-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



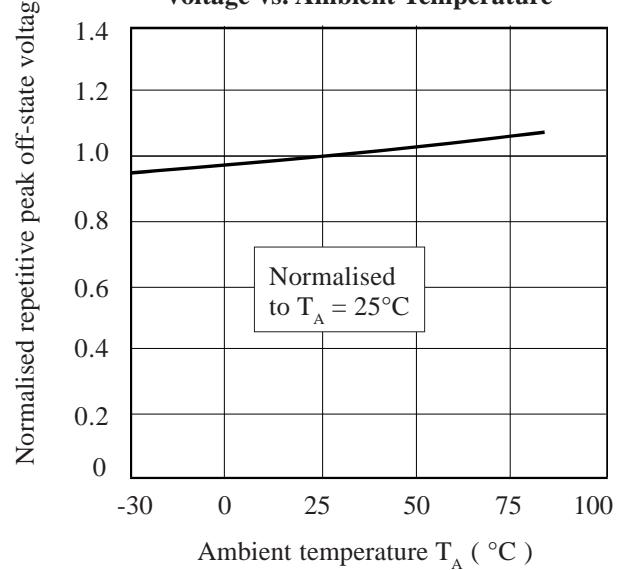
**Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



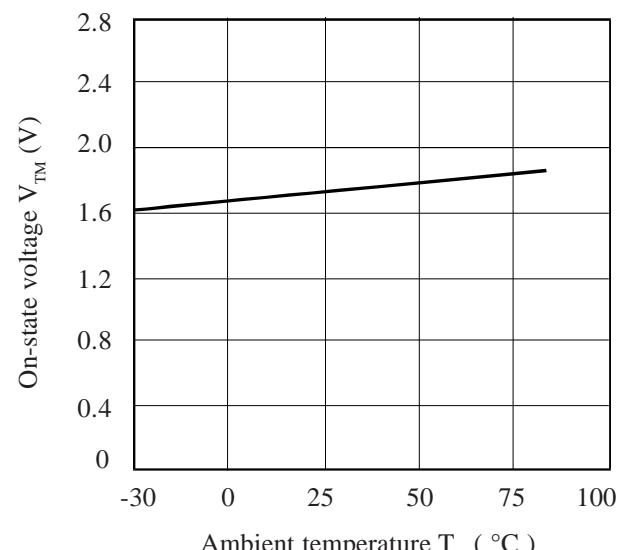
**Normalised Input Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Normalised Repetitive Peak Off-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**



**On-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**



**On-state Current vs. On-state Voltage**

