# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



# Bakers No.3 (box = 10LT)

# 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

Product name : Bakers No.3 (box = 10LT)

Code : 61136

Head Office : Cookson Electronics

Forsyth Road Sheerwater Woking Surrey England GU21 5RZ

Tel: +44(0)1483 758400 Fax: +44(0)1483 728837 Manufacturer : Cookson Electronics Assembly

Materials Group

Ashford Manufacturing Site Henwood Industrial Estate

Hythe Road Ashford Kent

Kent England TN24 8DH

Tel: +44 (0) 1233 610110 Fax: +44 (0) 1233 664323

Material uses : SOLDERING AGENTS

## Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/preparation : Preparation

| Chemical name*                                                   | CAS no.    | <b>%</b> | <b>EC Number</b> | Classification                  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Europe                                                           |            |          |                  |                                 |
| Zinc chloride                                                    | 7646-85-7  | 20 - 30  | 231-592-0        | C; R34                          |
| Ammonium chloride                                                | 12125-02-9 | 1 - 5    | 235-186-4        | N; R50/53<br>Xn; R22<br>Xi; R36 |
| See section 16 for the full text of the R Phrases declared above |            |          |                  |                                 |

<sup>\*</sup> Occupational Exposure Limit(s), if available, are listed in Section 8

### 3. Hazards identification

The preparation is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : C; R34

N; R51/53

**Effects and symptoms** 

Inhalation : Inhalation of the spray mist may produce severe irritation of respiratory tract, characterised by

coughing, choking or shortness of breath. Overexposure by inhalation may cause respiratory

irritation.

IngestionMay be fatal if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Skin contact : Hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive).

Eye Contact : Hazardous in case of eye contact (corrosive).

Toxicity data : Not available.

### 4. First aid measures

#### **First-Aid measures**

**General** 

: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation

: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical attention immediately.

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<sup>\*</sup> The classifications listed, indecate the potential hazards of the ingredients

**Ingestion** 

: Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Obtain medical attention immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin Contact** 

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin copiously with water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Obtain medical attention immediately.

**Eye Contact** 

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with a copious amount of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Obtain medical attention immediately.

## Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media** 

: Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray. Not to be used : waterjet.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: These products are nitrogen oxides (NO, NO<sub>2</sub>...), halogenated compounds, hydrogen chloride. Some metallic oxides.

**Special fire-fighting procedures** 

: Fire-fighters should wear self-contained positive pressure breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

Protection of fire-fighters Recommendations

: Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to sewers or waterways.

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal Precautions** 

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (Section 8).

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**Environmental precautions and clean-up methods** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with dry earth, sand or other noncombustible material. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray curtain to divert vapour drift. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all ignition sources. Call for assistance on disposal. Neutralise the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate.

Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

**Handling** 

: Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Never add water to this product. Wear suitable protective clothing. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.

Storage

: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

Packaging materials

**Recommended**: Use original container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Engineering measures** 

: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours below their respective occupational exposure limits. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.

**Ingredient name** 

Occupational exposure limits

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Europe

Zinc chloride ACGIH TLV (United States, 9/2004).

STEL: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). Form: Fume TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Fume

ACGIH TLV (United States, 9/2004). Ammonium chloride

STEL: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). Form: Fume TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Fume

Sweden

Zinc chloride AFS (Sweden, 3/2000).

NGV: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction

**Denmark** 

Zinc chloride Arbejdstilsynet (Denmark, 10/2002).

> GV: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: All forms GV: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Fume Arbejdstilsynet (Denmark, 10/2002). GV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Fume

Ammonium chloride

Ammonium chloride

Ammonium chloride

Norway

Zinc chloride Arbeidstilsynet (Norway, 12/2003).

> AN: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: All forms Arbeidstilsynet (Norway, 12/2003).

AN: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: All forms

France

Zinc chloride INRS (France, 12/1999).

VME: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Fume

INRS (France, 12/1999).

VME: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Fume

**Netherlands** 

Zinc chloride Nationale MAC-lijst (Netherlands, 1/2004). Notes:

TGG: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Fume

Ammonium chloride Nationale MAC-lijst (Netherlands, 1/2004). Notes:

TGG: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Fume

Germany

**Finland** 

Zinc chloride Työterveyslaitos (Finland, 12/2002).

TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Fume

**United Kingdom (UK)** 

Ammonium chloride

Zinc chloride EH40-OES (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2003).

STEL: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). Form: Fume TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Fume EH40-OES (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2003). STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Fume TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Fume

Where a MEL has been assigned, exposure should be reduced as low as is reasonably praticable and should not exceed the MEL.

Austria

Switzerland

Ammonium chloride

Zinc chloride SUVA (Switzerland, 12/2003).

MAK: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2003).

MAK: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction

**Belgium** 

Zinc chloride Lijst Grenswaarden / Valeurs Limites (Belgium, 10/2003).

STEL: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s), Form: Fume TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Fume

Ammonium chloride Lijst Grenswaarden / Valeurs Limites (Belgium, 10/2003).

STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Fume TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Fume

**Czech Republic** 

Zinc chloride 178/2001 (Czech Republic, 1/2001).

STEL: 2 mg/m³ 10 minute(s). Form: All forms TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: All forms

Ammonium chloride 178/2001 (Czech Republic, 1/2001).

STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 minute(s). Form: All forms TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: All forms

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**Ireland** 

Zinc chloride NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2002).

OELV: 2 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Fume OELV: 1 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Fume

Ammonium chloride NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2002

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2002).

OELV: 20 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Fume
OELV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Fume

**Spain** 

Zinc chloride INSHT (Spain, 10/2004).

VLA-EC: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). Form: All forms VLA-ED: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: All forms

INSHT (Spain, 10/2004).

VLA-EC: 20 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: All forms VLA-ED: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: All forms

**Estonia** 

Ammonium chloride

Ammonium chloride

Ammonium chloride

Zinc chloride Sotsiaalminister (Estonia, 9/2001).

TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Inhalable fraction

**Turkey** 

Zinc chloride NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2001).

STEL: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). Form: Fume TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). Form: Fume **NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2001).** STEL: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). Form: Fume

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). Form: Fume

Lithuania

Zinc chloride Del Lietuvos Higienos Normos (Lithuania, 12/2001).

TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction **Del Lietuvos Higienos Normos (Lithuania, 12/2001).** 

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: All forms

**Poland** 

Zinc chloride Ministra Pracy I Polityki Spolecznej (Poland, 11/2002).

STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Smoke TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Smoke

Ammonium chloride Ministra Pracy I Polityki Spolecznej (Poland, 11/2002).

STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Vapor and smoke TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Vapor and smoke

Personal protective equipment

**tespiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved

standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be

based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the

safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Recommended: inorganic gases/vapors filter (Type B)FFB2P3 EN405:2002

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves or gauntlets complying with an approved

standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary.

4-8 hour(s) (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

**Eye protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or

dusts.

Recommended: face shield EN 166 3 9 -B

**Skin protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

Body: Recommended:overall

**Additional Information**: Not available.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**General information** 

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Colourless.
Odour : Characteristic.

Important health, safety and environmental information

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: <2 (Conc. (% w/w): 100) [Acidic.]

**Boiling point** : 100°C (212°F)

**Melting point** May start to solidify at 0°C (32°F) based on data for: water. Weighted average:

-0.08°C (31.9°F)

**Relative density** : 1.225 (20°C / 68°F)

: Easily soluble in cold water, hot water. **Solubility** 

**Viscosity** : Kinematic: 2 cSt

**Evaporation rate (butyl** 

acetate = 1)

: 0.36 (water) compared to (n-BUTYL ACETATE=1)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Stability** 

: The product is stable.

**Hazardous decomposition** products

These products are nitrogen oxides (NO, NO2...), halogenated compounds, hydrogen chloride. Some metallic oxides.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### **Acute toxicity**

| Ingredient name   | <u>Test</u> | Result     | <b>Route</b> | Species Species   |
|-------------------|-------------|------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Zinc chloride     | LD50        | 350 mg/kg  | Oral         | Rat               |
|                   | LD50        | 200 mg/kg  | Oral         | Guinea pig        |
|                   | LD50        | 329 mg/kg  | Oral         | Mouse             |
| Ammonium chloride | LD50        | 1650 mg/kg | Oral         | Rat               |
|                   | LD50        | 1300 mg/kg | Oral         | Mouse             |
|                   | LDLo        | 600 mg/kg  | Oral         | Dog               |
|                   | LDLo        | 1500 mg/kg | Oral         | Domestic Animals. |

**Local effects** 

**Skin irritation** : Hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive). : Hazardous in case of eye contact (corrosive). **Eye irritation** 

**Toxicity data** : Not available.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Target organs** 

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: lungs, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

# 12. Ecological information

### **Ecotoxicity data**

| Ingredient name   | <u>Species</u>             | <b>Period</b> | Result       |
|-------------------|----------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Zinc chloride     | Daphnia magna (EC50)       | 48 hour(s)    | 2.8 mg/l     |
|                   | Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50) | 96 hour(s)    | 0.066 mg/l   |
|                   | Daphnia magna (LC50)       | 96 hour(s)    | 0.06791 mg/l |
| Ammonium chloride | Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50) | 96 hour(s)    | 0.08 mg/l    |
|                   | Pimephales promelas (LC50) | 96 hour(s)    | 0.25 mg/l    |

Other adverse effects Toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

# 13. Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal; Waste of residues; Contaminated packaging

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Waste classification : Not applicable. : 16 03 03\*

European waste catalogue

(EWC)

Hazardous waste : Yes.

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# 14. Transport information

#### **International transport regulations**

| Regulatory<br>Information | UN number | Proper shipping name                        | Class | Packing group | Label | Additional Information                                               |
|---------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------|-------|---------------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ADR/RID Class             | 1760      | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Zinc chloride)    | 8     | III           |       | Hazard identification<br>number<br>80<br>CEFIC Tremcard<br>80GC9-III |
| IMDG Class                | 1760      | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s.<br>(Zinc chloride) | 8     | Ш             |       | Emergency schedules<br>(EmS)<br>F-A, S-B                             |
| IATA-DGR Class            | 1760      | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Zinc chloride)    | 8     | Ш             |       | Quantity limitation -<br>Passenger Aircraft<br>5 L                   |
|                           |           |                                             |       |               |       | Quantity limitation -<br>Cargo Aircraft<br>60 L                      |

# 15. Regulatory information

#### **EU Regulations**

Hazard symbol(s)

Corrosive, Dangerous for the environment.

**Risk Phrases** R34- Causes burns.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. **Safety Phrases** 

S36/37/39- Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label

Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age, see the National Working Environment

where possible).

S57- Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety data sheets.

**Contains** Zinc chloride

**Product use** Classification and labelling have been performed according to EU directives 67/548/EEC,

1999/45/EC, including amendments and the intended use.

Authorities Executive Order on young peoples dangerous work.

- Industrial applications.

**EC Statistical classification** (Tariff Code)

: 32089091

#### **National regulations**

**Additional warning phrases** : Not applicable. **Denmark - Cancer risks** : Not available.

**MAL-code** 

**Denmark - Restrictions on** 

Statutory order 517 on aerosols

: Not applicable.

**Netherlands** 

: K5 K-Klasse **CPR** : i

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**SHHR** : 6FZ

#### **Germany**

**Employment restrictions in** : Yes.

accordance with § 15b of the

**Hazardous Substance** 

**Ordinance** 

**Other Regulations** : Not available.

Hazardous incident

ordinance

: Class: Omitted Ordinance on combustible

liquids

Hazard class for water

### 16. Other information

Full text of R phrases referred to : R22- Harmful if swallowed.

in sections 2 and 3 - Europe

R34- Causes burns.

R36- Irritating to eyes.

R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment. C - Corrosive

**Full text of classifications** referred to in sections 2 and 3 -

**Europe** 

Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant

N - Dangerous for the environment.

**History** 

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Date of previous issue : No Previous Validation.

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: Simon Hosken Prepared by

**Environmental, Health and Safety Manager** 

### **References**

The Health and Safety At Work Act 1974, section 6.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (CoSHH) Regulations 2002 and its amendments.

Preparation contains soley TSCA and EINECS listed substances.

This safety data sheet has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002 which implement EC Directives 1999/45/EC and 2001/58/EC and their amendments.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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|         |   |           |