

Size  $7.3 \times 7.3 \times 4.5$  (mm)

Series/Type: B82472P6

Date: March 2008

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B82472P6

#### Size $7.3 \times 7.3 \times 4.5$ (mm)

#### <u>SMD</u>

## Rated inductance 1 $\mu$ H to 1000 $\mu$ H Rated current 0.2 A to 3.6 A

#### Construction

- Ferrite core
- Magnetically shielded
- Winding: enamel copper wire
- Winding soldered to terminals
- Injection molded base

#### **Features**

- High mechanical stability
- Temperature range up to 150 °C
- High rated current
- Low DC resistance
- Suitable for lead-free reflow soldering as referenced in JEDEC J-STD 020C
- Qualified to AEC-Q200
- RoHS-compatible

#### **Applications**

- Filtering of supply voltages
- Coupling, decoupling
- DC/DC converters
- Automotive electronics

#### **Terminals**

- Base material CuSn6P
- Layer composition Ni, Sn (lead-free)
- Electro-plated

#### Marking

- Marking on component:
  L value (μH, coded),
  manufacturing date (YWWD)
- Minimum data on reel: Manufacturer, ordering code, L value, quantity, date of packing

#### Delivery mode and packing unit

- 16-mm blister tape, wound on 330-mm Ø reel
- Packing unit: 1000 pcs./reel



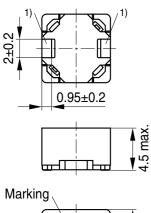


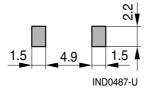
B82472P6

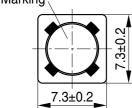
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#### **SMD**

#### Dimensional drawing and layout recommendation





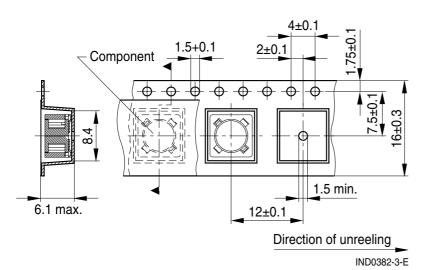


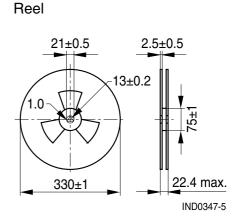
1) Soldering area IND0835-W-E

Dimensions in mm

#### Taping and packing

Blister tape





Dimensions in mm



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#### **SMD**

#### Technical data and measuring conditions

| Rated inductance L <sub>R</sub>     | Measured with LCR meter Agilent 4284A at frequency $f_L$ , 0.1 V, 20 $^{\circ}$ C  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Rated temperature T <sub>R</sub>    | 85 °C  |  |  |  |
| Rated current I <sub>R</sub>        | Max. permissible DC with temperature increase of $\leq$ 40 K at rated temperature  |  |  |  |
| Saturation current I <sub>sat</sub> | Max. permissible DC with inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$ of approx. 10%   |  |  |  |
| DC resistance R <sub>max</sub>      | Measured at 20 °C  |  |  |  |
| Solderability (lead-free)           | Dip and look method Sn95.5Ag3.8Cu0.7: (245 $\pm$ 5) °C, (5 $\pm$ 0.3) s Wetting of soldering area $\geq$ 90% (based on IEC 60068-2-58) |  |  |  |
| Resistance to soldering heat        | 260 °C, 40 s (as referenced in JEDEC J-STD 020C)   |  |  |  |
| Climatic category                   | 55/150/56 (to IEC 60068-1)   |  |  |  |
| Storage conditions                  | Mounted: -55 °C +150 °C<br>Packaged: -25 °C +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH   |  |  |  |
| Weight                              | Approx. 1.5 g  |  |  |  |

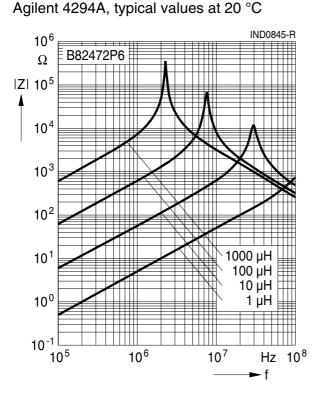
#### **Characteristics and ordering codes**

| L <sub>R</sub> | Tolerance | $f_{L}$ | I <sub>R</sub> | I <sub>sat</sub> | R <sub>max</sub> | Ordering code   |
|----------------|-----------|---------|----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| μΗ             |           | MHz     | Α              | Α                | Ω                |                 |
| 1.0            | ±20% ≙ M  | 0.1     | 3.60           | 3.30             | 0.017            | B82472P6102M000 |
| 1.5            |           | 0.1     | 3.40           | 3.00             | 0.019            | B82472P6152M000 |
| 2.2            |           | 0.1     | 3.00           | 2.80             | 0.022            | B82472P6222M000 |
| 3.3            |           | 0.1     | 2.85           | 2.50             | 0.025            | B82472P6332M000 |
| 4.7            |           | 0.1     | 2.50           | 2.00             | 0.033            | B82472P6472M000 |
| 6.8            |           | 0.1     | 2.15           | 1.70             | 0.042            | B82472P6682M000 |
| 10             |           | 0.1     | 1.90           | 1.40             | 0.055            | B82472P6103M000 |
| 15             |           | 0.1     | 1.53           | 1.35             | 0.080            | B82472P6153M000 |
| 22             |           | 0.1     | 1.45           | 1.30             | 0.091            | B82472P6223M000 |
| 33             |           | 0.1     | 1.15           | 1.05             | 0.15             | B82472P6333M000 |
| 47             |           | 0.1     | 1.00           | 0.90             | 0.20             | B82472P6473M000 |
| 68             |           | 0.1     | 0.82           | 0.68             | 0.26             | B82472P6683M000 |
| 100            |           | 0.1     | 0.67           | 0.55             | 0.39             | B82472P6104M000 |
| 150            |           | 0.1     | 0.53           | 0.43             | 0.58             | B82472P6154M000 |
| 220            |           | 0.1     | 0.43           | 0.36             | 0.88             | B82472P6224M000 |
| 330            |           | 0.1     | 0.33           | 0.30             | 1.70             | B82472P6334M000 |
| 470            |           | 0.1     | 0.29           | 0.25             | 2.00             | B82472P6474M000 |
| 680            |           | 0.1     | 0.25           | 0.20             | 2.75             | B82472P6684M000 |
| 1000           |           | 0.1     | 0.20           | 0.15             | 3.85             | B82472P6105M000 |

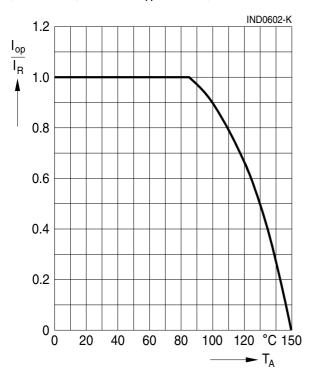


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## Impedance IZI versus frequency f measured with impedance analyzer

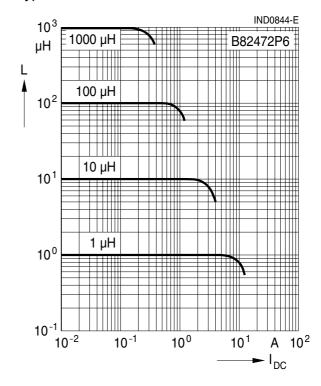


#### Current derating $I_{op}/I_R$ versus ambient temperature $T_A$ (rated temperature $T_R = 85$ °C)



#### **SMD**

# Inductance L versus DC load current I<sub>DC</sub> measured with LCR meter Agilent 4275A, typical values at 20 °C





#### **Cautions and warnings**

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
  - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
  - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
  - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
  - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
  - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.



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